

# Technical Appendices

Reevaluation

State Route (SR) 436

Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, Log Mile (LM) 0.68

Carroll County

PIN 128113.01



PIN 128113.01

Appendix A

State Transportation Improvement Program

Fiscal Years 2017-2020

STIP Project List

STIP # 1799001 TDOT PIN #  LENGTH IN MILES  LEAD AGENCY TDOT

COUNTY STATEWIDE - RURAL TOTAL PROJECT COST \$426,000,000

ROUTE

TERMINI SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM (STBGP) - GROUPING

PROJECT DESCRIPTION SEE APPENDIX STATE GROUPING DESCRIPTION FOR A COMPREHENSIVE LISTING OF ACTIVITIES INCLUDED BUT NOT LIMITED FOR ELIGIBILITY

REMARKS



COUNTY MAP

FY	PHASE	FUNDING	TOTAL FUNDS	FED FUNDS	STATE FUNDS	LOCAL FUNDS
2017	PE, ROW, CONST	STBG	106,500,000	85,200,000	21,300,000	
2018	PE, ROW, CONST	STBG	106,500,000	85,200,000	21,300,000	
2019	PE, ROW, CONST	STBG	106,500,000	85,200,000	21,300,000	
2020	PE, ROW, CONST	STBG	106,500,000	85,200,000	21,300,000	



VICINITY MAP

ALL SCHEDULES SUBJECT TO AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

Grouping Category	Function of Grouping Activities	Allowable Work Types
<p>Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG) Grouping</p> <p>STIP# 1799001</p>	<p>Projects and programs for the preservation and improvement of the conditions and performance of Federal-aid highways and public roads, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rehabilitation, resurfacing, restoration, preservation, and operational improvements on Federal-aid highways and designated routes of the Appalachian Development Highway System (ADHS) and local access roads under 40 USC 14501,</li> <li>• Traffic operations on Federal-aid highways,</li> <li>• Bridge and tunnel improvements on public roads,</li> <li>• Safety improvements on public roads,</li> <li>• Environmental mitigation</li> <li>• Scenic and historic highway programs,</li> <li>• Landscaping and scenic beautification,</li> </ul>	<p>Activities previously authorized under the Surface Transportation Program (STP):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minor rehabilitation, pavement resurfacing, preventative maintenance, restoration, and pavement preservation treatments to extend the service life of highway infrastructure, including pavement markings and improvements to roadside hardware or sight distance</li> <li>• Highway improvement work including slide repair, rock fall mitigation, drainage repairs, or other preventative work necessary to maintain or extend the service life of the existing infrastructure in a good operational condition</li> <li>• Minor operational and safety improvements to intersections and interchanges such as adding turn lanes, addressing existing geometric deficiencies, and extending on/off ramps</li> <li>• Capital and operating costs for intelligent transportation systems (ITS) and traffic monitoring, management, and control facilities and programs:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Infrastructure-based intelligent transportation systems (ITS) capital improvements</li> <li>○ Traffic Management Center (TMC) operations and utilities</li> <li>○ Freeway service patrols</li> <li>○ Traveler information</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Bridge and tunnel construction (no additional travel lanes), replacement, rehabilitation, preservation, protection, inspection, evaluation, and inspector training and inspection and evaluation of other infrastructure assets, such as signs, walls, and drainage structures</li> <li>• Development and implementation of a State Asset Management Plan including data collection, maintenance and integration, software costs, and equipment costs that support the development of performance-based management systems for infrastructure</li> <li>• Rail-highway grade crossing improvements</li> <li>• Highway safety improvements:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Installation of new or improvement of existing guardrail</li> <li>○ Installation of traffic signs and signals/lights</li> <li>○ Spot safety improvements</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Sidewalk improvements</li> <li>• Pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities</li> <li>• Traffic calming and traffic diversion improvements</li> <li>• Transportation Alternatives as defined by 23 USC 213(B), 23 USC, 101(A)(29), and Section 1122 of MAP-21</li> <li>• Noise walls</li> <li>• Wetland and/or stream mitigation</li> <li>• Environmental restoration and pollution abatement</li> <li>• Control of noxious weeds and establishment of native species</li> </ul> <p>Activities previously authorized under the Transportation Enhancement Program:</p>

## Appendices

<p>Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG) Grouping</p> <p>(continued)</p> <p>STIP# 1799001</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Historic preservation,</li> <li>● On- and off-road pedestrian and bicycle facilities,</li> <li>● Infrastructure projects for improving non-driver access to public transportation and enhanced mobility,</li> <li>● Community improvement activities,</li> <li>● Recreational Trail Program projects,</li> <li>● Safe Routes to School (SRTS) projects,</li> <li>● Transportation Enhancement projects,</li> <li>● Transportation Alternatives projects,</li> <li>● Projects for the creation, rehabilitation, and maintenance of multi-use recreational trails.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Pedestrian and bicycle facilities, safety, and educational activities</li> <li>○ Acquisition of scenic easements and scenic or historic sites</li> <li>○ Scenic or historic highway programs</li> <li>○ Landscaping and other scenic beautification activities</li> <li>○ Historic preservation</li> <li>○ Rehabilitation and operation of historic transportation buildings, structures, or facilities</li> <li>○ Preservation of abandoned railway corridors</li> <li>○ Inventory, control, and removal of outdoor advertising</li> <li>○ Archaeological planning and research</li> <li>○ Environmental mitigation to address water pollution due to highway runoff or reduce vehicle-caused wildlife mortality while maintaining habitat connectivity</li> <li>○ Establishment of transportation museums</li> <li>○ Activities under the Tennessee Roadscapes grant program, including landscaping, irrigation, benches, trash cans, paths and signage</li> </ul> <p>Activities previously authorized under the Safe Routes to School Program (SRTS):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sidewalk improvements</li> <li>● Traffic calming and speed reduction improvements</li> <li>● Pedestrian and bicycle crossing improvements</li> <li>● On-street bicycle facilities</li> <li>● Off-street bicycle and pedestrian facilities</li> <li>● Secure bicycle parking facilities</li> <li>● Traffic diversion improvements approximately within 2 miles of a school location</li> <li>● Non-infrastructure related activities:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Public awareness campaigns and outreach to press and community leaders</li> <li>○ Traffic education and enforcement in the vicinity of schools                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Student sessions on bicycle and pedestrian safety, health, and environment</li> <li>▪ Funding for training, volunteers, and managers of safe routes to school program</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Activities previously authorized under the Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Construction, planning, and design of on-road and off-road trail facilities for pedestrians, bicyclists, and other non-motorized forms of transportation, including:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Sidewalk improvements</li> <li>○ Bicycle infrastructure</li> <li>○ Pedestrian and bicycle signals</li> <li>○ Traffic calming techniques</li> <li>○ Lighting and other safety-related infrastructure</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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## Appendices

<p><b>Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG) Grouping</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>STIP# 1799001</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Projects for the planning, design or construction of boulevards and other roadways largely in the right-of-way of former Interstate System routes or other divided highways.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Transportation projects to achieve compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990</li> <li>● Construction, planning, and design of infrastructure-related projects and systems that will provide safe routes for non-drivers, including children, older adults, and individuals with disabilities to access daily needs</li> <li>● Conversion and use of abandoned railroad corridors for trails for pedestrians, bicyclists, or other non-motorized transportation users</li> <li>● Construction of turnouts, overlooks, and viewing areas</li> <li>● Community improvement activities, which include but are not limited to:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Inventory, control, or removal of outdoor advertising</li> <li>○ Historic preservation and rehabilitation of historic transportation facilities</li> <li>○ Vegetation management in transportation rights-of-way to improve roadwaysafety, prevent invasive species, and provide erosion control</li> <li>○ Archaeological activities relating to impacts from implementation of atransportation project eligible under Title 23 of the USC</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Any environmental mitigation activity, including pollution prevention and pollution abatement activities and mitigation to:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Address stormwater management, control, and water pollution prevention or abatement related to highway construction or due to highway runoff</li> <li>○ Reduce vehicle-caused wildlife mortality or to restore and maintain connectivity among terrestrial or aquatic habitats</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Recreational Trails Program activities under 23 USC 206</li> <li>● SRTS Program infrastructure-related projects, non-infrastructure-related activities (such as pedestrian and bicycle safety and educational activities advanced under the SRTS program), and SRTS Coordinator positions.</li> <li>● Planning, designing, or constructing boulevards and other roadways largely in the right-of-way of former Interstate System routes or other divided highways</li> </ul> <p><b>Activities previously authorized under the Recreational Trails Program (RTP):</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Maintenance and restoration of existing recreational trails</li> <li>● Development and rehabilitation of trailside and trailhead facilities and trail linkages for recreational trails</li> <li>● Purchase and lease of recreational trail construction and maintenance equipment</li> <li>● Construction of new recreational trails</li> <li>● Acquisition of easements and fee simple title to property for recreational trails or recreational trail corridors</li> <li>● Assessment of trail conditions for accessibility and maintenance</li> <li>● Development and dissemination of publications and operation of educational programs to promote safety and environmental protection</li> <li>● Payment of costs to the State incurred in administering the program</li> </ul>
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PIN 128113.01

Appendix B  
Previous Environmental Documentation

# Programmatic Categorical Exclusion

State Route (SR) 436

Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68

Unincorporated (northeast of McLemoresville)

Carroll County

PIN 128113.01

Submitted Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, 42 U.S.C. 4332(2)



# Environmental Commitments

Owner	Commitment
<b>Ecology</b> <b>EDEC</b>	TDOT has committed to seasonal tree removal on the project. The USFWS has given TDOT a finding of "Not Likely to Adversely Affect" for the Indiana bat and Northern long-eared bat, provided that tree cutting on this project is done between October 15 and March 31.
<b>Ecology</b> <b>EDEC001</b>	In accordance with the MOA Between USFWS, FHWA, and TDOT Addressing Cliff Swallow and Barn Swallow Nesting Sites, 9/30/2015, cliff swallow and barn swallow nests, eggs, or birds (young and adults) will not be disturbed between April 15 and July 31. From August 1 to April 14, nests can be removed or destroyed, and measures implemented to prevent future nest building at the site (e.g., closing off area using netting).

# Project Information

## General Information

**Route:** State Route (SR) 436  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**Municipality:** Unincorporated (northeast of McLemoresville)  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 128113.01  
**Plans:** Transportation Investment Report (TIR)  
**Date of Plans:** 03/22/2018

## Project Funding

**Planning Area:** Northwest Tennessee Rural Planning Organization (RPO)  
**STIP/TIP:** 1799001 - Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBGP) Grouping

Funding Source	Preliminary Engineering	Right-of-Way	Construction
Federal	BR-STP-436(5)	BR-STP-436(5)	BR-STP-436(5)
State	09035-0220-94	09035-2220-94	09035-3220-94

# Project Location

## Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek at LM 0.68 Carroll County, Tennessee PIN 128113.01



# Project Overview

## Introduction

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The Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT), in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), proposes to replace the SR-436 bridge crossing Reedy Creek in Carroll County, Tennessee.

## Background

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Every two years, TDOT performs a comprehensive inspection and subsequent evaluation of all public bridges across the state in order to determine the status of their working condition and operating limits to ensure that they are in accordance with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS). These inspections are recorded and published in the National Bridge Inventory (NBI) Tennessee Inventory and Appraisal Report. One of the components of this evaluation is the designation of a sufficiency rating. A sufficiency rating is calculated for each individual bridge that is used to carry vehicular traffic. Ratings are measured on a scale of 0 to 100. A rating of 100 corresponds to a bridge that qualifies as an "entirely sufficient bridge," while a rating of 0 denotes a bridge that is "entirely deficient." Bridges that receive a sufficiency rating of less than 80.0 are eligible for rehabilitation; bridges that earn a rating below 50.0 are eligible for replacement. Another component of the NBI are the condition ratings. Condition ratings are used to describe the existing, in-place bridge as compared to the as-built condition. The physical condition of the deck, superstructure, and substructure components of a bridge are evaluated for a condition rating. Condition ratings are assigned codes ranging from 0-9, with 0 being failed condition and 9 being excellent condition.

According to the NBI, Bridge Inspection Report dated 10/02/2017 (located in the Technical Appendices), the SR-436 bridge over Reedy Creek at LM 0.68 received a sufficiency rating of 47.1, which qualifies the bridge for replacement. The deck and substructure received a condition rating of five or "fair condition," denoting that all the primary structural elements are sound but may have minor section loss, cracking, spalling, or scour. The substructure received a condition rating of four or "poor condition," denoting that this element has advanced section loss, deterioration, spalling or scour. The stream channel and channel protection elements received a condition rating of six or "satisfactory condition," denoting that all the structural elements show some minor deterioration.

This project was initiated and developed under project identification number (PIN) 124139.00. Since then, the PIN has changed to 128113.01. The environmental documentation and technical studies reflect the initial project number 124139.00. Correspondence addressing this change is located in the Technical Appendices.

This project requires 1.13 acres of right-of-way (ROW) acquisition which exceeds the thresholds listed in Section IV(A)(1)(b)(i) of the 2018 Programmatic Agreement between FHWA and TDOT, prompting FHWA coordination/ approval. However, following consultation with FHWA, it was determined that due to the limited amount of ROW required and nature of the project, this project could be documented as a Programmatic Categorical Exclusion (PCE). Correspondence with FHWA is located in the Technical Appendices.

# Project Development

## Need

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The proposed project is needed to address insufficient structural elements of the SR-436 bridge over Reedy Creek as indicated by the assigned condition ratings and overall sufficiency rating of 47.1.

## Purpose

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The purpose of the proposed project is to improve the structural integrity of the SR-436 bridge over Reedy Creek by replacing the existing structure.

## Range of Alternatives

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Other than the selected design, were any alternative build designs developed for this project? **No**

### No-Build

In the development of design solutions that address the needs outlined above and achieve the purpose of the project, TDOT evaluated the potential consequences should the project not be implemented. This option, known as the No-Build alternative, assumed the continuation of current conditions and set the baseline from which the impacts of the selected design were compared.

The No-Build Alternative was not selected as it does not meet the purpose and need of the project.

## Public Involvement

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Has there been any public involvement for the project? **No**

# Project Design

## Existing Conditions and Layout

Based on the TIR dated 03/22/2018 located in the Technical Appendices, the existing four-span concrete bridge crossing Reedy Creek was constructed in 1960. The structure has an out-to-out width of 22 feet and an overall length of just under 90 feet with 9.33 feet of vertical clearance. This section of SR-436 is classified as a Rural Major Collector and the bridge carries two nine-foot travel lanes (one in each direction).

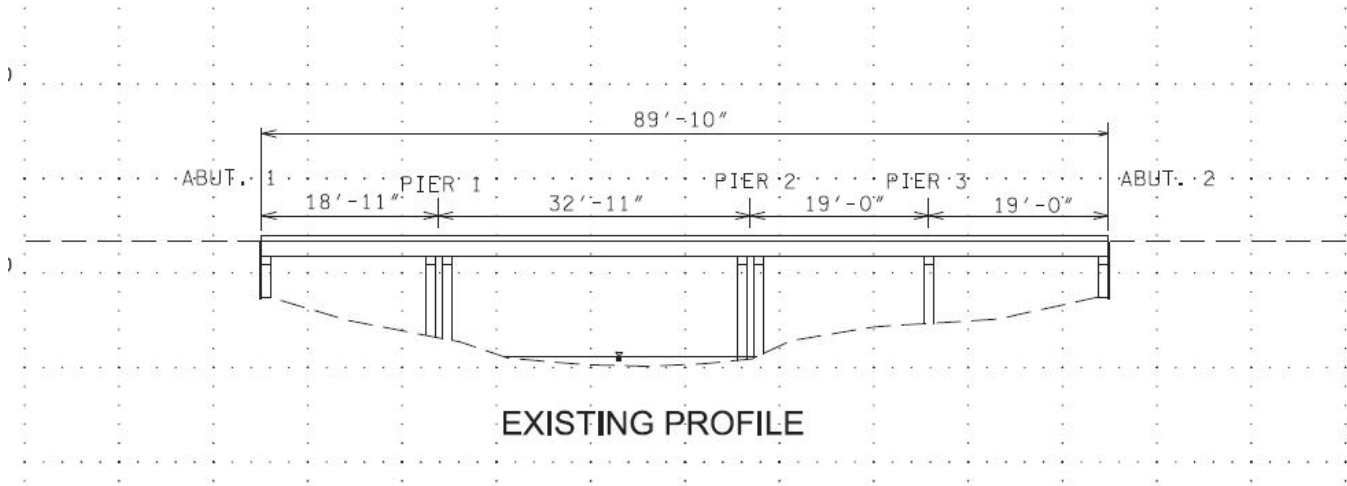


Figure 1. Existing Profile (TIR dated 03/22/2018).

## Proposed Project Description

According to the TIR, the proposed alignment for the replacement structure will shift approximately ten feet to the west and the grade will be raised approximately 2.5 feet to maintain the existing vertical clearance. The proposed structure will maintain a 90 degree skew with the river channel and will be a single span, pre-stressed concrete box beam structure with a total vertical clearance of 9.33 feet and a length of 90 feet. The new structure will consist of two, 11-foot travel lanes and an out-to-out width of 29.5 feet. The project limits will extend 500 feet to the north and south of the structure to accommodate the alignment shift and raise the grade.

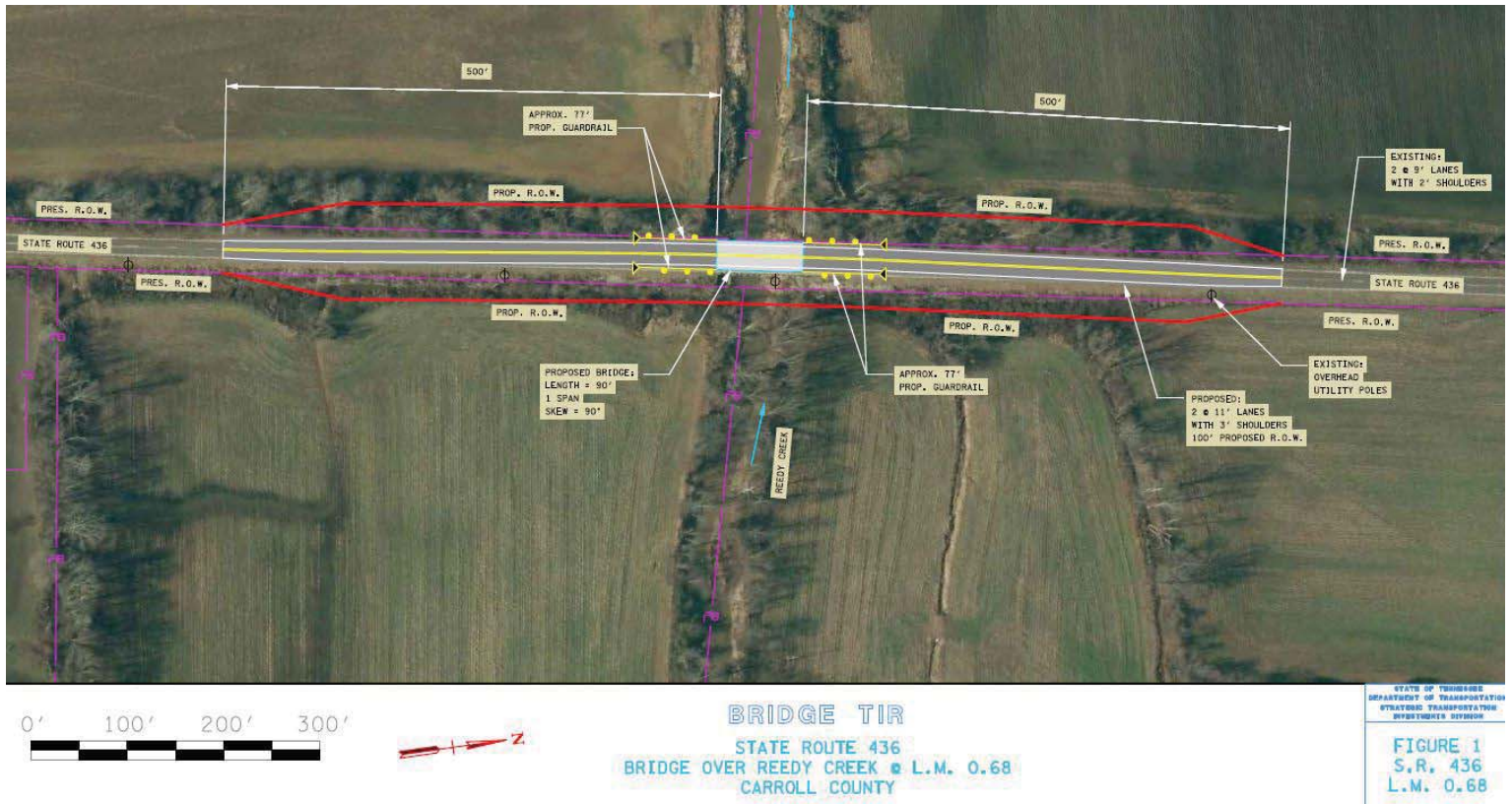


Figure 2. Aerial View of the Proposed Project Area (TIR dated 03/22/2018).

## Proposed Typical Section

This section of SR-436 is classified as a Rural Major Collector; in accordance with TDOT design standards,

Rural Major Collector roads require a minimum roadway width of 22 feet with shoulder widths of three feet. Therefore, the typical section of the proposed structure will consist of two, 11- foot travel lanes with shoulder widths of three feet and concrete parapets.

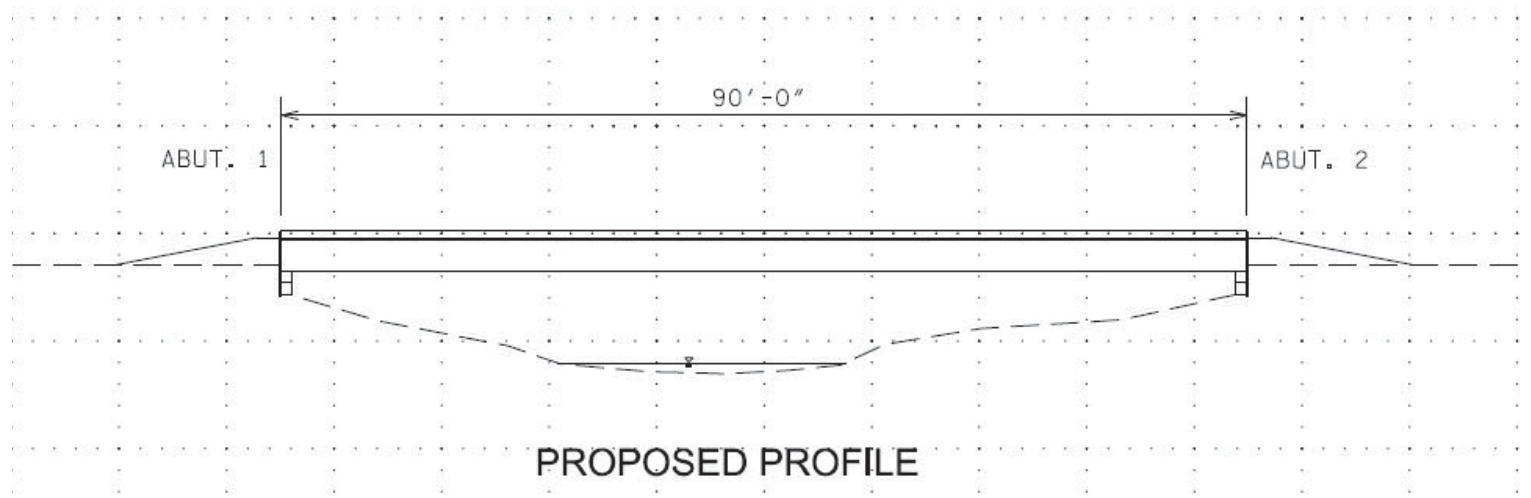


Figure 3. Proposed Profile (TIR dated 03/22/2018).

## Right-of-Way

Does this project require the acquisition of right-of-way or easements?

Yes

Right-of-Way Acquisition Table					
Permanent Acquisition			Temporary Acquisition		
R.O.W Acquisition	Drainage Easements	Total	Slope Easements	Construction Easements	Total
1.13	0	1.13	0	0	0

\*Measured in acres

The TIR dated 03/22/2018 states, "It is estimated that four tracts of land will be affected resulting in 1.13 acres of estimated ROW. It is also estimated that overhead utilities will need to be relocated."

## Displacements and Relocations

Will this project result in residential, business or non-profit displacements and relocations?

No

## Changes in Access Control

Will changes in access control impact the functional utility of any adjacent parcels?

No

## Traffic and Access Disruption

At this time, are traffic control measures and temporary access information available?

Yes



**Will this project involve traffic control measures that may result in major traffic disruptions?**

**No**

Traffic Control along the project corridor will take place in two phases utilizing advanced signing, temporary signalization, and a temporary attenuator. During Phase I, construction will take place in the existing southbound lane and to the left of the existing structure. During this phase, all traffic will be diverted to the existing northbound lane utilizing a temporary signal and attenuator. During Phase II, construction will take place in the existing northbound shoulder and lane and in a portion of the southbound lane. All traffic will be diverted to the left shoulder and the newly constructed section of the southbound lane utilizing a temporary signal and attenuator.

# Environmental Studies

## Water Resources

Are there any water resources, wetlands or natural habitat located within the project area?

Yes

Labels	Type *	Function	Quality	Impacts **		
				Permanent	Temporary	Total
Wetlands						
						0.0 ac.
						0.0 ac.
						0.0 ac.
						0.0 ac.
						0.0 ac.
Total						0.0 ac.

Labels	Type *	Function	Quality	Impacts **		
				Permanent	Temporary	Total
Streams						
STR-1	Perennial		Unassessed	0 ft		0 ft
STR-2	Intermittent		Unassessed	0 ft		0 ft
WWC-1	WWC		Unassessed	0 ft		0 ft
WWC-2	WWC		Unassessed	0 ft		0 ft
						0 ft
Total						0 ft

\* Identification of features has not been reviewed by regulatory agencies and determinations of stream type could possibly be changed.

\*\* Estimated impacts are considered "Preliminary" and will not be completely accurate until the time of Permit Application

Mitigation of impacts to streams or any other fluvial systems will be accomplished through the avoidance and minimization of potential impacts during the design process. Permanent stream alterations such as relocations, impoundments or channel modification will be mitigated on-site to the extent possible in order to return the channel to its most probable natural state. Impacts that cannot be mitigated on-site will be subject to a compensatory mitigation plan that may include restoration of a comparable resource or application of an in-lieu fee program.

## Protected Species

Are the Grouped Programmatic No Effect Activities (GPNEA) Consultation between TDOT, USFWS, and FWHA (2017) and TDEC-DNA (2015) MOA applicable to this project?

No

### Rare Species Dataviewer:

The TDEC Rare Species Dataviewer was reviewed on 08/23/2016.

Rare Species List			
Species Name	Status	Species Potential within Right-of-Way	Accommodations
<i>Ceratophyllum echinatum</i>	State	Low Potential: Not observed during visit	BMPs

According to the Environmental Boundaries Report (EBR) dated 09/16/2016, "Cliff swallow and barn swallow nests, eggs, or birds (young and adults) will not be disturbed between April 15 and July 31. From August 1 to April 14, nests can be removed or destroyed, and measures implemented to prevent future nest building at the site (e.g., closing off area using netting). A review of the TDEC Natural Heritage Database on 08/23/2016 indicate records of Prickly Hornwort (*Ceratophyllum echinatum*) within a four mile radius of the bridge project. During the site visit, this species was not observed in the study area."

### U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS):

Coordination with the USFWS was completed on 10/04/2016.

Correspondence from the USFWS dated 10/04/2016 states, "Transportation-related activities not anticipated to result in adverse effects to the federally endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) or the threatened northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*) include all wintertime forested clearing within 100 feet of roadway surface or railroad ballast that does not remove known roosts or documented foraging/travel corridors and is no closer than one-half mile from the entrance of a documented hibernaculum. Because TDOT commits to implement appropriate avoidance and minimization measures, the project is eligible to be placed under the consultation herein referenced with determinations of 'not likely to adversely affect' for the Indiana bat and NLEB.

We are unaware of any federally listed or proposed species that would be impacted by this project. Therefore, based on the best information available at this time, we believe that the requirements of section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended, are fulfilled for all species that currently receive protection under the Act. Obligations under the Act must be reconsidered if (1) new information reveals impacts of the proposed action that may affect listed species or critical habitat in a manner not previously considered, (2) the proposed action is subsequently modified to include activities which were no considered during this consultation, or (3) new species are listed or critical habitat designated that might be affected by the proposed action."

### Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency (TWRA):

Coordination with TWRA was completed on 08/25/2016.

Correspondence from the TWRA dated 08/25/2016 states, "The Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency has reviewed your request regarding the SR-436 Bridge Repair over Reedy Creek Project in Carroll County, Tennessee. Your letter to the Agency requested comments regarding potential impacts to endangered species, wetlands, and other areas of concern we may think pertinent to this proposed project.

It is our understanding from what was sent that this project is not expected to impact any state- listed species that are Deemed-in-Need-of-Management, Threatened, or Endangered.

Based upon these understandings, the TWRA does request that all applicable TDEC and US EPA approved Erosion Prevention/Silt Control measures, Best Management Practices, and in-stream work be scheduled, implemented, monitored, and maintained. The TWRA requests that any major changes to the plans, construction methodology, or

right-of-way will immediately void this comment and require another review to the changes. The TWRA requests that this comment is put on the construction plans for all to review. "

## Floodplain Management

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**Flood Zone:** Zone A - No Base Flood Elevations Determined

Portions of this project are located in or near a FEMA defined floodplain however there is no detailed study. The project is located on Flood Insurance Rate Maps in Carroll County, Panel 150 of 475, Map # 47017C0150C. The design of the roadway system will be consistent with the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between FHWA and FEMA and with the floodplain management criteria set forth in the National Flood Insurance Regulations of Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It will be consistent with the requirements of floodplain management guidelines for implementing Executive Order 11988 and FHWA guidelines 23 CFR 650A. A portion of the FEMA FIRM is included in attachments.

## Air Quality

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### Transportation Conformity:

Correspondence from the TDOT Air and Noise Section dated 04/05/2018 states, "This project is in Carroll County which is in attainment for all regulated criteria pollutants. Therefore, conformity does not apply to this project."

### Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT):

In the same 04/05/2018 response it was determined that, "This project qualifies as a categorical exclusion under 23 CFR [U.S. Code of Federal Regulations] 771.117 and does not require an MSATs evaluation per FHWA's 'Interim Guidance Update on Air Toxic Analysis in NEPA [National Environmental Policy Act] Documents' dated October 2016."

## Noise

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In accordance with FHWA requirements and TDOT's Noise Policy this project is determined to be **Type III**

No significant noise impacts are anticipated for this project and a noise study is not needed.

## Farmland

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Is this project exempt from the provisions of the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA)? **Yes**

**FPPA Exemption:** Small Acreage (3 acres or less for an existing bridge or interchange).

## Section 4(f)

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Does this project involve the use of property protected by Section 4(f) (49 USC 303)? **No**

## Section 6(f)

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Does this project involve the use of property assisted by the L&WCF?

No

## Cultural Resources

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Does the Interstate Highway exemption or MOU between TDOT and the SHPO (2015) apply?

No

Are NRHP listed or eligible cultural resources within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE)?

No

### Historic/Architectural Concurrence:

Concurrence from the TN State Historic Preservation Office (TN-SHPO) was received on 06/12/2018.

Correspondence from the TN-SHPO dated 06/12/2018 states, "Considering the information provided, we concur that no architectural resources eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places will be affected by this undertaking. If project plans are changed or archaeological remains are discovered during project construction, please contact this office to determine what further action, if any, will be necessary to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act."

### Archaeology Concurrence:

Concurrence from the TN State Historic Preservation Office (TN-SHPO) was received on 07/20/2018.

Correspondence from the TN-SHPO dated 07/20/2018 states, "Considering the information provided, we find that no archaeological resources eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places will be affected by this undertaking. If project plans are changed or archaeological remains are discovered during project construction, please contact this office to determine what further action, if any, will be necessary to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act."

## Native American Consultation

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Does this project require Native American consultation?

Yes

Native American Consultation was requested on 04/19/2018.

Native American Consultation					
Sent	Response		Sent	Response	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Absentee Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Muscogee (Creek) Nation
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cherokee Nation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Poarch Band of Creek Indians
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chickasaw Nation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Quapaw Tribe of Oklahoma
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Shawnee Tribe
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Thlopthlocco Tribal Town
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Kialegee Tribal Town	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other

### Chickasaw Nation:

The response was received on 08/31/2018.

Correspondence from the Chickasaw Nation's Department of Culture and Humanities dated 08/31/2018 states, "The Chickasaw Nation supports the proposed undertakings and is presently unaware of any specific historic properties, including those of traditional religious and cultural significance, in the project area."

Correspondence from the TDOT Native American Coordination Section dated 09/28/2018 states, "NAC was sent to all federally recognized, interested tribes on April 19, 2018 and August 21, 2018. The Chickasaw Nation requested to be a consulting party. A final report was sent to the tribe. No other tribes have responded."

## Environmental Justice

**Are there any disproportionately high or adverse effects on low-income or minority populations?**

**No**

The proposed project does not have the potential to cause disproportionately high or adverse effects on low-income or minority populations.

## Hazardous Materials

**Does the project involve any asbestos containing materials?**

**No**

**Does the project involve any other hazardous material sites?**

**No**

Correspondence from the TDOT Hazardous Materials Section dated 04/05/2018 states, "Based on the Transportation Investment Report dated 23 March 2018, no known hazardous materials sites appear to affect this project as it is currently planned and no additional hazardous material studies are recommended at this time. The asbestos survey on bridge number 09S82330001 has been completed under PIN 043917.01 and no asbestos was detected; the project commitment was submitted to PPRM but is not shown in this TIR.

Reedy Creek has not been assessed by TDEC DWR.

In the event hazardous substances/wastes are encountered within the right-of-way, their disposition shall be subject to all applicable regulations, including the applicable sections of the Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended; and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended; and the Tennessee Hazardous Waste Management Act of 1983, as amended. Databases reviewed include: Google Earth imagery, EPA National Priorities List, EPA EnviroMapper, TDEC Registered UST database, TDEC Division of Water Resources Public Data Viewer, TDOT IBIS, and others as necessary.

An Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) survey was conducted on Bridge No. 09S82330001, SR-436 over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68 (09-SR436-00.68). No ACM was detected. No special accommodations for demolition and waste disposal are anticipated for these structures and the material can be deposited in a C&D landfill. Prior to the demolition or rehabilitation of any structure (bridge or building), the contractor is required to submit the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants standard 10-day notice of demolition to the TDEC Division of Air Pollution Control (per TDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (January 1, 2015) Sections 107.08 D and 202.03)."

## Bicycle and Pedestrian

---

Does this project include accommodations for bicycles and pedestrians?

No

**Policy Exception:**Other factors where there is a demonstrated absence of need or prudence.

Correspondence from the TDOT Multimodal Transportation Resources Division dated 04/10/2018, "This project does not accommodate bicyclists or pedestrians but is exempt from multi-modal accommodations. As a bridge replacement project in a rural area on a facility with no existing accommodations, there is a demonstrated absence of prudence."

## Environmental Commitments

---

Does this project involve any environmental commitments?

Yes

## Additional Environmental Issues

---

Are there any additional environmental concerns involved with this project?

No

# Conclusion

## Review Determination

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**Determination:** Programmatic Categorical Exclusion

This federal-aid highway project qualifies for a Categorical Exclusion under 23 C.F.R 771.117(d) and does not exceed the thresholds listed in Section IV(A)(1)(b) of the 2016 Programmatic Agreement between the Federal Highway Administration, Tennessee Division and the Tennessee Department of Transportation. The Department has determined that the specific conditions and criteria for these CEs are satisfied and that significant environmental impacts will not result from this action. This project is therefore designated as a Programmatic Categorical Exclusion and does not require Administration approval.

## Reference Material

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All source material used in support of the information and conclusions presented in this document are included in the attachments and technical appendices. The attachments are located at the end of the environmental document and include information on funding, agency concurrence, applicable agency agreements, and special commitment support. The technical appendices are compiled as a separate document and include the project plans, technical reviews, reports and any other additional information.

## Preparer Certification

---

By signing below, you certify that this document has been prepared in compliance with all applicable environmental laws, regulations and procedures. You can attest to the document's quality, accuracy, and completeness, and that all source material has been compiled and included in the attachments and technical appendices.

**Brittany  
Hyder**

Digitally signed by Brittany  
Hyder  
Date: 2018.10.08 11:26:35  
-05'00'

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**Document Preparer**

## Document Approval

---

By signing below, you officially concur that this document is in compliance with all applicable environmental laws, regulations and procedures. You have reviewed and verified the document's quality, accuracy, and completeness and that all source material has been compiled and included in the attachments and technical appendices.

**Brittany  
Hyder**

Digitally signed by Brittany  
Hyder  
Date: 2018.10.08 11:26:56  
-05'00'

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**Tennessee Department of Transportation**



# Attachments

## Acronyms

<b>AADT</b>	Annual Average Daily Traffic	<b>NRCS</b>	Natural Resources Conservation Service
<b>ADA</b>	Americans with Disabilities Act	<b>NRHP</b>	National Register of Historic Places
<b>APE</b>	Area of Potential Effect	<b>PCE</b>	Programmatic Categorical Exclusion
<b>BMP</b>	Best Management Practice	<b>PIN</b>	Project Identification Number
<b>CAA</b>	Clean Air Act	<b>PM</b>	Particulate Matter
<b>CE</b>	Categorical Exclusion	<b>PND</b>	Pond
<b>CEQ</b>	Council on Environmental Quality	<b>RCRA</b>	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
<b>CFR</b>	Code of Federal Regulations	<b>ROW</b>	Right-of-Way
<b>CMAQ</b>	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality	<b>ROD</b>	Record of Decision
<b>DEIS</b>	Draft Environmental Impact Statement	<b>RPO</b>	Rural Planning Organization
<b>FEMA</b>	Federal Emergency Management Agency	<b>SIP</b>	State Implementation Plan
<b>FONSI</b>	Finding of No Significant Impact	<b>SNK</b>	Sinkhole
<b>EA</b>	Environmental Assessment	<b>SR</b>	State Route
<b>EIS</b>	Environmental Impact Statement	<b>STIP</b>	State Transportation Improvement Program
<b>EJ</b>	Environmental Justice	<b>STR</b>	Stream
<b>EPA</b>	Environmental Protection Agency	<b>TDEC</b>	TN Department of Environment and Conservation
<b>EPH</b>	Ephemeral Stream	<b>TDOT</b>	Tennessee Department of Transportation
<b>FHWA</b>	Federal Highway Administration	<b>TIP</b>	Transportation Improvement Program
<b>FIRM</b>	Flood Insurance Rate Map	<b>SHPO</b>	State Historic Preservation Office
<b>FPPA</b>	Farmland Protection Policy Act	<b>TPO</b>	Transportation Planning Organization
<b>GHG</b>	Greenhouse Gas	<b>TVA</b>	Tennessee Valley Authority
<b>GIS</b>	Geographic Information System	<b>TWRA</b>	Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency
<b>IAC</b>	Interagency Consultation	<b>USDOT</b>	U.S. Department of Transportation
<b>LWCF</b>	Land and Water Conservation Fund	<b>USACE</b>	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
<b>LOS</b>	Level of Service	<b>USFWS</b>	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
<b>MOA</b>	Memorandum of Agreement	<b>UST</b>	Underground Storage Tank
<b>MOU</b>	Memorandum of Understanding	<b>VMT</b>	Vehicle Miles Traveled
<b>MPO</b>	Metropolitan Planning Organization	<b>VPD</b>	Vehicles Per Day
<b>MSAT</b>	Mobile Source Air Toxics	<b>WWC</b>	Wet Weather Conveyance
<b>NEPA</b>	National Environmental Policy Act		

# State Transportation Improvement Program

## STIP Project List

**STIP #** 
**TDOT PIN #** 
**LENGTH IN MILES** 
**LEAD AGENCY**

**COUNTY** 
**TOTAL PROJECT COST**

**ROUTE**

**TERMINI**

**PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

**REMARKS**



COUNTY MAP

FY	PHASE	FUNDING	TOTAL FUNDS	FED FUNDS	STATE FUNDS	LOCAL FUNDS
2017	PE, ROW, CONST	STBG	106,500,000	85,200,000	21,300,000	
2018	PE, ROW, CONST	STBG	106,500,000	85,200,000	21,300,000	
2019	PE, ROW, CONST	STBG	106,500,000	85,200,000	21,300,000	
2020	PE, ROW, CONST	STBG	106,500,000	85,200,000	21,300,000	



VICINITY MAP

ALL SCHEDULES SUBJECT TO AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

Grouping Category	Function of Grouping Activities	Allowable Work Types
<p>Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG) Grouping</p> <p>STIP# 1799001</p>	<p>Projects and programs for the preservation and improvement of the conditions and performance of Federal-aid highways and public roads, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rehabilitation, resurfacing, restoration, preservation, and operational improvements on Federal-aid highways and designated routes of the Appalachian Development Highway System (ADHS) and local access roads under 40 USC 14501,</li> <li>• Traffic operations on Federal-aid highways,</li> <li>• Bridge and tunnel improvements on public roads,</li> <li>• Safety improvements on public roads,</li> <li>• Environmental mitigation</li> <li>• Scenic and historic highway programs,</li> <li>• Landscaping and scenic beautification,</li> </ul>	<p>Activities previously authorized under the Surface Transportation Program (STP):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minor rehabilitation, pavement resurfacing, preventative maintenance, restoration, and pavement preservation treatments to extend the service life of highway infrastructure, including pavement markings and improvements to roadside hardware or sight distance</li> <li>• Highway improvement work including slide repair, rock fall mitigation, drainage repairs, or other preventative work necessary to maintain or extend the service life of the existing infrastructure in a good operational condition</li> <li>• Minor operational and safety improvements to intersections and interchanges such as adding turn lanes, addressing existing geometric deficiencies, and extending on/off ramps</li> <li>• Capital and operating costs for intelligent transportation systems (ITS) and traffic monitoring, management, and control facilities and programs:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Infrastructure-based intelligent transportation systems (ITS) capital improvements</li> <li>○ Traffic Management Center (TMC) operations and utilities</li> <li>○ Freeway service patrols</li> <li>○ Traveler information</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Bridge and tunnel construction (no additional travel lanes), replacement, rehabilitation, preservation, protection, inspection, evaluation, and inspector training and inspection and evaluation of other infrastructure assets, such as signs, walls, and drainage structures</li> <li>• Development and implementation of a State Asset Management Plan including data collection, maintenance and integration, software costs, and equipment costs that support the development of performance-based management systems for infrastructure</li> <li>• Rail-highway grade crossing improvements</li> <li>• Highway safety improvements:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Installation of new or improvement of existing guardrail</li> <li>○ Installation of traffic signs and signals/lights</li> <li>○ Spot safety improvements</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Sidewalk improvements</li> <li>• Pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities</li> <li>• Traffic calming and traffic diversion improvements</li> <li>• Transportation Alternatives as defined by 23 USC 213(B), 23 USC, 101(A)(29), and Section 1122 of MAP-21</li> <li>• Noise walls</li> <li>• Wetland and/or stream mitigation</li> <li>• Environmental restoration and pollution abatement</li> <li>• Control of noxious weeds and establishment of native species</li> </ul> <p>Activities previously authorized under the Transportation Enhancement Program:</p>

## Appendices

<p>Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG) Grouping</p> <p>(continued)</p> <p>STIP# 1799001</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Historic preservation,</li> <li>● On- and off-road pedestrian and bicycle facilities,</li> <li>● Infrastructure projects for improving non-driver access to public transportation and enhanced mobility,</li> <li>● Community improvement activities,</li> <li>● Recreational Trail Program projects,</li> <li>● Safe Routes to School (SRTS) projects,</li> <li>● Transportation Enhancement projects,</li> <li>● Transportation Alternatives projects,</li> <li>● Projects for the creation, rehabilitation, and maintenance of multi-use recreational trails.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Pedestrian and bicycle facilities, safety, and educational activities</li> <li>○ Acquisition of scenic easements and scenic or historic sites</li> <li>○ Scenic or historic highway programs</li> <li>○ Landscaping and other scenic beautification activities</li> <li>○ Historic preservation</li> <li>○ Rehabilitation and operation of historic transportation buildings, structures, or facilities</li> <li>○ Preservation of abandoned railway corridors</li> <li>○ Inventory, control, and removal of outdoor advertising</li> <li>○ Archaeological planning and research</li> <li>○ Environmental mitigation to address water pollution due to highway runoff or reduce vehicle-caused wildlife mortality while maintaining habitat connectivity</li> <li>○ Establishment of transportation museums</li> <li>○ Activities under the Tennessee Roadscapes grant program, including landscaping, irrigation, benches, trash cans, paths and signage</li> </ul> <p>Activities previously authorized under the Safe Routes to School Program (SRTS):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sidewalk improvements</li> <li>● Traffic calming and speed reduction improvements</li> <li>● Pedestrian and bicycle crossing improvements</li> <li>● On-street bicycle facilities</li> <li>● Off-street bicycle and pedestrian facilities</li> <li>● Secure bicycle parking facilities</li> <li>● Traffic diversion improvements approximately within 2 miles of a school location</li> <li>● Non-infrastructure related activities:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Public awareness campaigns and outreach to press and community leaders</li> <li>○ Traffic education and enforcement in the vicinity of schools                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Student sessions on bicycle and pedestrian safety, health, and environment</li> <li>▪ Funding for training, volunteers, and managers of safe routes to school program</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Activities previously authorized under the Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Construction, planning, and design of on-road and off-road trail facilities for pedestrians, bicyclists, and other non-motorized forms of transportation, including:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Sidewalk improvements</li> <li>○ Bicycle infrastructure</li> <li>○ Pedestrian and bicycle signals</li> <li>○ Traffic calming techniques</li> <li>○ Lighting and other safety-related infrastructure</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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## Appendices

<p><b>Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG) Grouping</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>STIP# 1799001</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Projects for the planning, design or construction of boulevards and other roadways largely in the right-of-way of former Interstate System routes or other divided highways.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Transportation projects to achieve compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990</li> <li>● Construction, planning, and design of infrastructure-related projects and systems that will provide safe routes for non-drivers, including children, older adults, and individuals with disabilities to access daily needs</li> <li>● Conversion and use of abandoned railroad corridors for trails for pedestrians, bicyclists, or other non-motorized transportation users</li> <li>● Construction of turnouts, overlooks, and viewing areas</li> <li>● Community improvement activities, which include but are not limited to:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Inventory, control, or removal of outdoor advertising</li> <li>○ Historic preservation and rehabilitation of historic transportation facilities</li> <li>○ Vegetation management in transportation rights-of-way to improve roadwaysafety, prevent invasive species, and provide erosion control</li> <li>○ Archaeological activities relating to impacts from implementation of atransportation project eligible under Title 23 of the USC</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Any environmental mitigation activity, including pollution prevention and pollution abatement activities and mitigation to:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Address stormwater management, control, and water pollution prevention or abatement related to highway construction or due to highway runoff</li> <li>○ Reduce vehicle-caused wildlife mortality or to restore and maintain connectivity among terrestrial or aquatic habitats</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Recreational Trails Program activities under 23 USC 206</li> <li>● SRTS Program infrastructure-related projects, non-infrastructure-related activities (such as pedestrian and bicycle safety and educational activities advanced under the SRTS program), and SRTS Coordinator positions.</li> <li>● Planning, designing, or constructing boulevards and other roadways largely in the right-of-way of former Interstate System routes or other divided highways</li> </ul> <p><b>Activities previously authorized under the Recreational Trails Program (RTP):</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Maintenance and restoration of existing recreational trails</li> <li>● Development and rehabilitation of trailside and trailhead facilities and trail linkages for recreational trails</li> <li>● Purchase and lease of recreational trail construction and maintenance equipment</li> <li>● Construction of new recreational trails</li> <li>● Acquisition of easements and fee simple title to property for recreational trails or recreational trail corridors</li> <li>● Assessment of trail conditions for accessibility and maintenance</li> <li>● Development and dissemination of publications and operation of educational programs to promote safety and environmental protection</li> <li>● Payment of costs to the State incurred in administering the program</li> </ul>
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## United States Department of the Interior

### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Tennessee ES Office  
446 Neal Street  
Cookeville, Tennessee 38501



October 4, 2016

Mr. Greg Harris  
Tennessee Department of Transportation  
Environmental Planning and Permits  
James K. Polk Building, Suite 900  
505 Deaderick Street  
Nashville, Tennessee 37243-0334

Subject: FWS# 16-I-0876. Proposed State Route 436 Bridge repair over Reedy Creek; PIN# 124139.00, P.E. 09035-3220-94, Carroll County, Tennessee.

Dear Mr. Harris:

Thank you for your email correspondence dated September 16, 2016, regarding repair the State Route 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek in Carroll County, Tennessee. The Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) has determined that the project is eligible to be placed under the Range-wide Programmatic Informal Consultation between the Federal Highway Administration, Federal Railroad Administration, Federal Transit Administration, and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), and has provided the required Project Submittal Form. Personnel of the Service have reviewed the subject proposal and offer the following comments.

Transportation-related activities not anticipated to result in adverse effects to the federally endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) or the threatened northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*) include all wintertime forested clearing within 100 feet of roadway surface or railroad ballast that does not remove known roosts or documented foraging/travel corridors and is no closer than one-half mile from the entrance of a documented hibernaculum. Because TDOT commits to implement appropriate avoidance and minimization measures, the project is eligible to be placed under the consultation herein referenced with determinations of "not likely to adversely affect" for the Indiana bat and NLEB.

We are unaware of any federally listed or proposed species that would be impacted by this project. Therefore, based on the best information available at this time, we believe that the requirements of section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended, are fulfilled for all species that currently receive protection under the Act. Obligations under the Act must be reconsidered if (1) new information reveals impacts of the proposed action that may affect listed species or critical habitat in a manner not previously considered, (2) the proposed action is

subsequently modified to include activities which were not considered during this consultation, or (3) new species are listed or critical habitat designated that might be affected by the proposed action.

If you have any questions regarding our comments, please contact John Griffith of my staff at 931/525-4995 or by email at [john\\_griffith@fws.gov](mailto:john_griffith@fws.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Mary E. Jennings". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Mary E. Jennings  
Field Supervisor



## TENNESSEE WILDLIFE RESOURCES AGENCY

ELLINGTON AGRICULTURAL CENTER  
P. O. BOX 40747  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37204

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August 25, 2016

Greg Harris  
Tennessee Department of Transportation  
Environmental Division  
Suite 900, James K. Polk Building  
505 Deaderick Street  
Nashville, TN 37243-1402

Subject: Carroll County; SR-436 Bridge Repair Project over Reedy Creek; P.E. 09035-3220-94,  
PIN 124139.00

Dear Mr. Harris:

The Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency has reviewed your request regarding the SR-436 Bridge Repair over Reedy Creek Project in Carroll County, Tennessee. Your letter to the Agency requested comments regarding potential impacts to endangered species, wetlands, and other areas of concern we may think pertinent to this proposed project.

It is our understanding from what was sent that this project is not expected to impact any state-listed species that are Deemed-in-Need-of-Management, Threatened, or Endangered.

Based upon these understandings, the TWRA does request that all applicable TDEC and US EPA approved Erosion Prevention/Silt Control measures, Best Management Practices, and in-stream work be scheduled, implemented, monitored, and maintained. The TWRA requests that any major changes to the plans, construction methodology, or right-of-way will immediately void this comment and require another review to the changes. The TWRA requests that this comment is put on the construction plans for all to review.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on this proposed project. If you have any further questions, please contact me at 731-293-9776 or [Ed.Harsson@tn.gov](mailto:Ed.Harsson@tn.gov).

**The State of Tennessee**

IS AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY, EQUAL ACCESS, AFFIRMATIVE ACTION EMPLOYER.



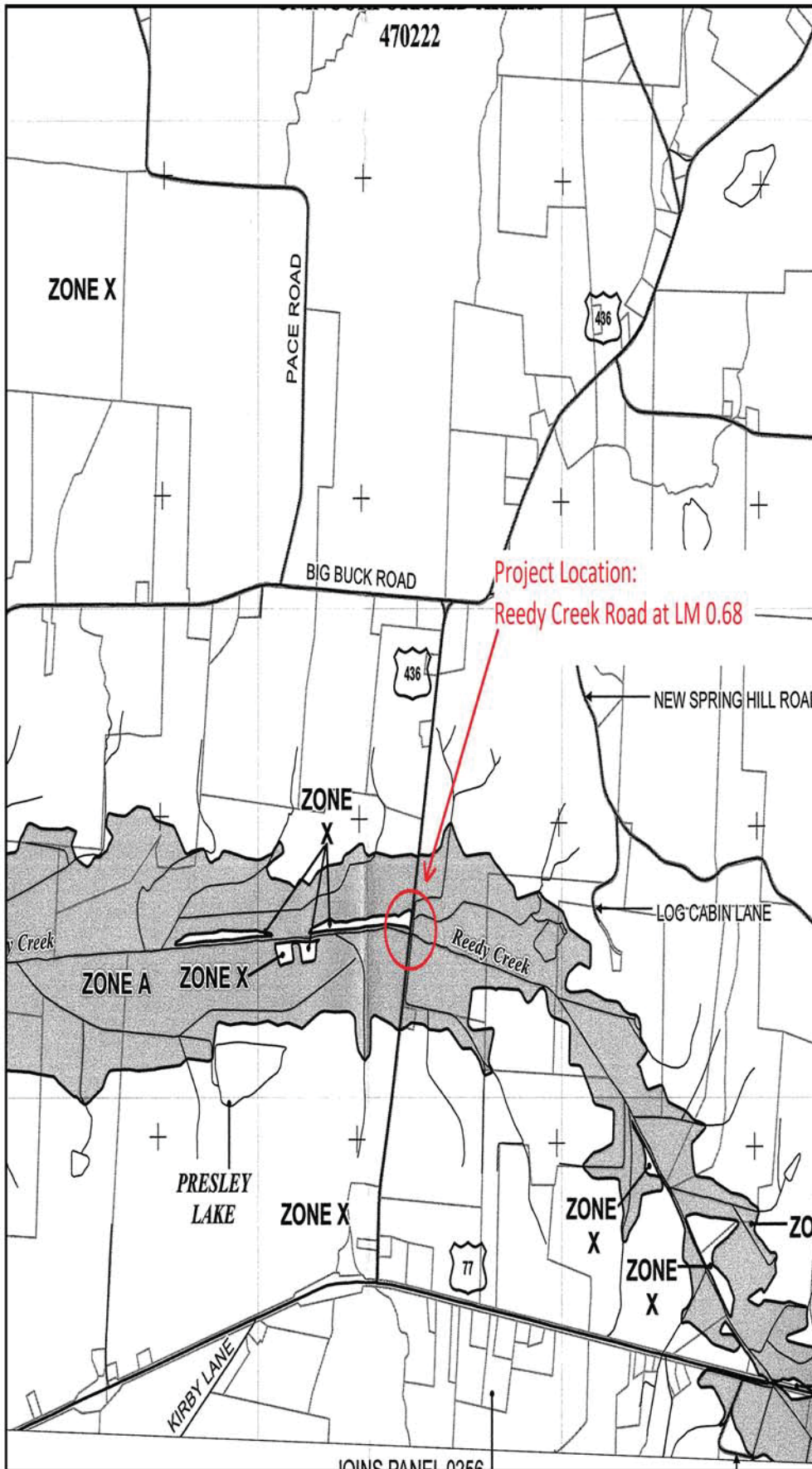
Best regards,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Ed Harsson". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized "E" and "H".


Ed Harsson  
Wildlife Biologist  
Federal Highway Admin. and TN DOT Liaison  
731-293-9776  
[Ed.Harsson@tn.gov](mailto:Ed.Harsson@tn.gov)

CC: Rob Todd, TWRA NEPA Coordinator  
Alan Peterson, TWRA Region 1 Manager  
Allen Pyburn, TWRA Region 1 Habitat Biologist  
John Griffith, USFWS  
Stephanie Ann Williams, TDEC

# Floodplain Map



Insurance Program at 1-800-650-0020.



**MAP SCALE 1" = 2000'**

**NFP**

**PANEL 0150C**

**FIRM**  
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP


**CARROLL COUNTY**  
**TENNESSEE**  
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

**PANEL 150 OF 475**  
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

**CONTAINS:**

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
CARROLL COUNTY	470222	0150	C
MCKENZIE, CITY OF	470223	0150	C
MCLEMMORESVILLE, TOWN OF	470427	0150	C
TREZEVAULT, TOWN OF	470243	0150	C

Notice to User: The **Map Number** shown below should be used when placing map orders; the **Community Number** shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.



**MAP NUMBER**  
**47017C0150C**  
**EFFECTIVE DATE**  
**MARCH 18, 2008**

Federal Emergency Management Agency

This is an official copy of a portion of the above referenced flood map. It was extracted using F-MIT On-Line. This map does not reflect changes or amendments which may have been made subsequent to the date on the title block. For the latest product information about National Flood Insurance Program flood maps check the FEMA Flood Map Store at [www.msc.fema.gov](http://www.msc.fema.gov)



**TENNESSEE HISTORICAL COMMISSION**  
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE  
2941 LEBANON PIKE  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0442  
OFFICE: (615) 532-1550  
[www.tnhistoricalcommission.org](http://www.tnhistoricalcommission.org)

June 12, 2018

Ms. Katherine Looney  
Tennessee Department of Transportation  
505 Deaderick St  
Suite 900  
Nashville, TN 37243-1402

RE: FHWA / Federal Highway Administration, Replacement of the SR 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek, Log Mile 0.68/ PIN 124139.00, , Carroll County, TN

Dear Ms. Looney:

In response to your request, we have reviewed the architectural survey report and accompanying documentation submitted by you regarding the above-referenced undertaking. Our review of and comment on your proposed undertaking are among the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. This Act requires federal agencies or applicants for federal assistance to consult with the appropriate State Historic Preservation Office before they carry out their proposed undertakings. The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation has codified procedures for carrying out Section 106 review in 36 CFR 800 (Federal Register, December 12, 2000, 77698-77739).

Considering the information provided, we concur that no architectural resources eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places will be affected by this undertaking. If project plans are changed or archaeological remains are discovered during project construction, please contact this office to determine what further action, if any, will be necessary to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Questions or comments may be directed to Casey Lee (615 253-3163).

Your cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "E. Patrick McIntyre, Jr.".

E. Patrick McIntyre  
Executive Director and  
State Historic Preservation Officer

EPM/cjl

# State Historic Preservation Office Coordination- Archaeology

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**TENNESSEE HISTORICAL COMMISSION**  
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE  
2941 LEBANON PIKE  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0442  
OFFICE: (615) 532-1550  
[www.tnhistoricalcommission.org](http://www.tnhistoricalcommission.org)

July 20, 2018

Mr. Phillip R. Hodge  
Tennessee Department of Transportation  
Suite 900, James K. Polk Building  
505 Deaderick Street  
Nashville, TN 37243-1402

RE: FHWA / Federal Highway Administration, Bridge Replacement, SR-436 over Reedy Creek, Carroll County, TN

Dear Mr. Hodge:

In response to your request, we have reviewed the archaeological report of investigations and accompanying documentation submitted by you regarding the above-referenced undertaking. Our review of and comment on your proposed undertaking are among the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. This Act requires federal agencies or applicants for federal assistance to consult with the appropriate State Historic Preservation Office before they carry out their proposed undertakings. The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation has codified procedures for carrying out Section 106 review in 36 CFR 800 (Federal Register, December 12, 2000, 77698-77739).

Considering the information provided, we find that no archaeological resources eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places will be affected by this undertaking. If project plans are changed or archaeological remains are discovered during project construction, please contact this office to determine what further action, if any, will be necessary to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Complete and/or updated Tennessee Site Survey Forms should be submitted to the Tennessee Division of Archaeology for all sites recorded and/or revisited during the current investigation. Questions or comments may be directed to Jennifer Barnett (615) 687-4780.

Your cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "E. Patrick McIntyre, Jr.".

E. Patrick McIntyre, Jr.  
Executive Director and  
State Historic Preservation Officer

EPM/jmb

## Project Commitments



**Counties:**  **Route:**  **PIN:**   
**Termini:**   
**POA:**  **Public Involvement Level:**  **Turn In Date:**

### Filter Criteria

**Division Section:**  **Search:**

Commitment ID	Commitment Type	Source Division (Section)	Commitment Description
EDHZ001	Environment	Environmental Division, Hazardous Materials	Asbestos survey
EDEC001	Environment	Environmental Division, Ecology	In accordance with MOA

**Message from webpage** [X]

In accordance with the MOA Between USFWS, FHWA, and TDOT Addressing Cliff Swallow and Barn Swallow Nesting Sites, 9/30/2015, cliff swallow and barn swallow nests, eggs, or birds (young and adults) will not be disturbed between April 15 and July 31. From August 1 to April 14, nests can be removed or destroyed, and measures implemented to prevent future nest building at the site (e.g., closing off area using netting)./In accordance with the MOA Between USFWS, FHWA, and TDOT Addressing Cliff Swallow and Barn Swallow Nesting Sites, 9/30/2015, cliff swallow and barn swallow nests, eggs, or birds (young and adults) will not be disturbed between April 15 and July 31. From August 1 to April 14, nests can be removed or destroyed, and measures implemented to prevent future nest building at the site (e.g., closing off area using netting).

### Commitment Details

**Commitment Description:**

**Commitment History Remark:**   
**Station/Location:**   
**GPS:**  **Commitment To:**  **Long Term Maintenance Commitment:**   
**Consideration Made On:**  **Commitment Created By:**  **Commitment Created On:**   
**Commitment Made Active:**  **Commitment Completed:**

## Project Commitments



**Counties:**  **Route:**  **PIN:**

**Termini:**

**POA:**  **Public Involvement Level:**

**Filter Criteria**  
  **Division Section:**  **Search:**

Commitment ID	Commitment Type	Source Division (Section)	Comments
EDHZ001	Environment	Environmental Division, Hazardous Materials	Asbest
EDEC001	Environment	Environmental Division, Ecology	In acco
EDEC002	Environment	Environmental Division, Ecology	TDOT h

Message from webpage

TDOT has committed to seasonal tree removal on this project. The USFWS has given TDOT a finding of "Not Likely to Adversely Affect" for the Indiana bat and Northern long-eared bat, provided that tree cutting on this project is done between October 15 and March 31./TDOT has committed to seasonal tree removal on this project. The USFWS has given TDOT a finding of "Not Likely to Adversely Affect" for the Indiana bat and Northern long-eared bat, provided that tree cutting on this project is done between October 15 and March 31.

**Commitment Details**

**Commitment Description:**

**Commitment History Remark:**

**Station/Location:**

**GPS:**  **Commitment To:**  **Long Term Maintenance Commitment:**

**Consideration Made On:**  **Commitment Created By:**  **Commitment Created On:**

**Commitment Made Active:**  **Commitment Completed:**

# Technical Appendices

Programmatic Categorical Exclusion

State Route (SR) 436

Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68

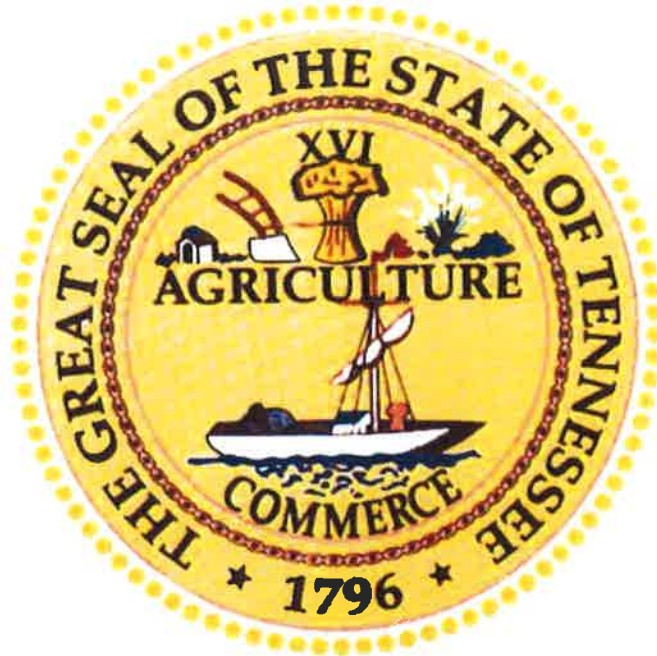
Carroll County

PIN 124139.00

# Project Development



**TENNESSEE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**



**TRANSPORTATION INVESTMENT REPORT**

**IMPROVE Act**

**State Route 436**  
**Bridge over Reedy Creek, Log Mile 0.68**  
**Carroll County**  
**PIN 124139.00**

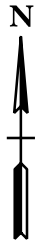
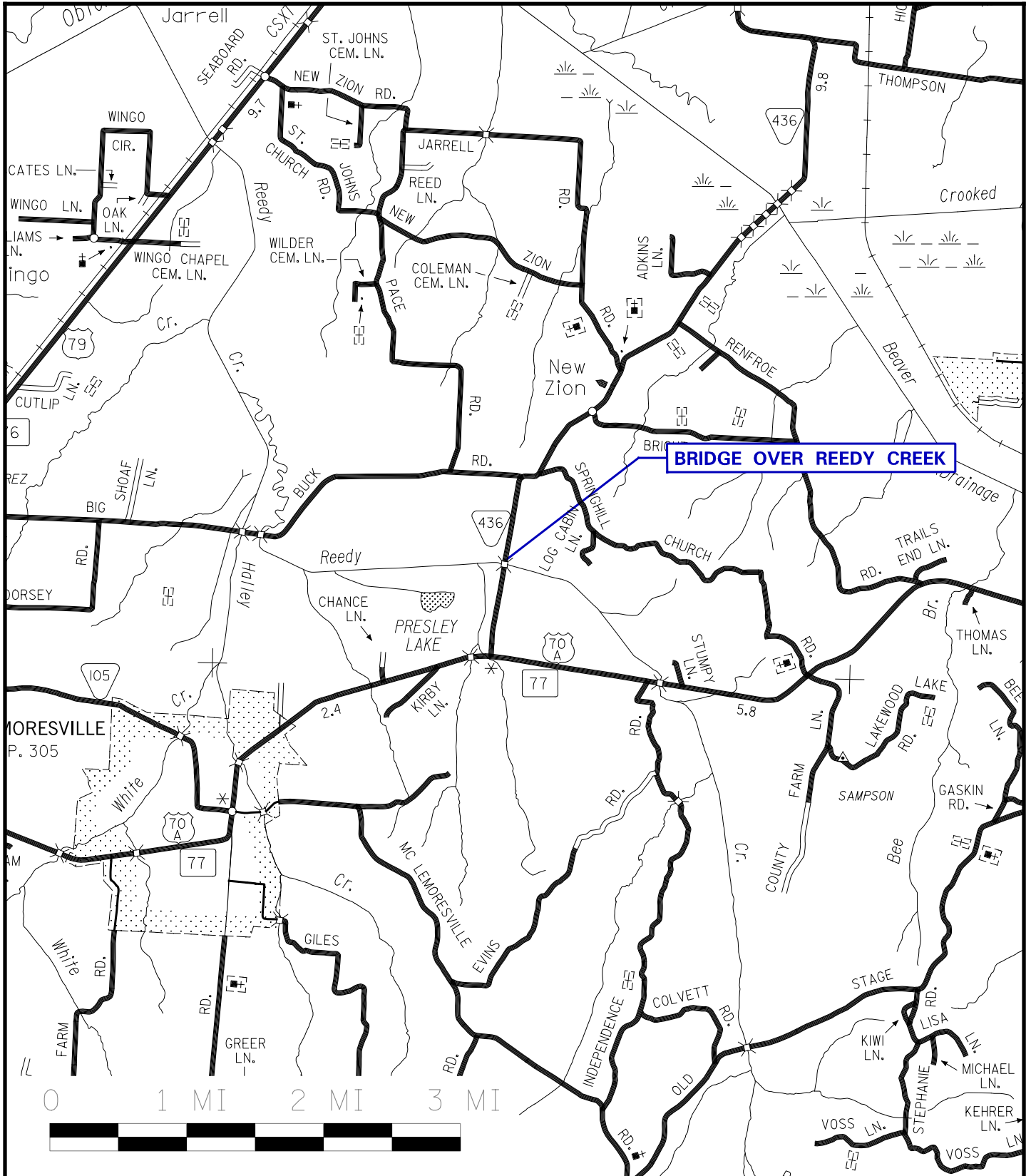
**PREPARED BY ALFRED BENESCH & COMPANY**  
for the  
*Strategic Transportation Investments Division*

Approved by Tobias [Signature] Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Chief of Environment and Planning

Approved by Paul D. Dege [Signature] Date 3/23/18  
Deputy Commissioner and Chief Engineer

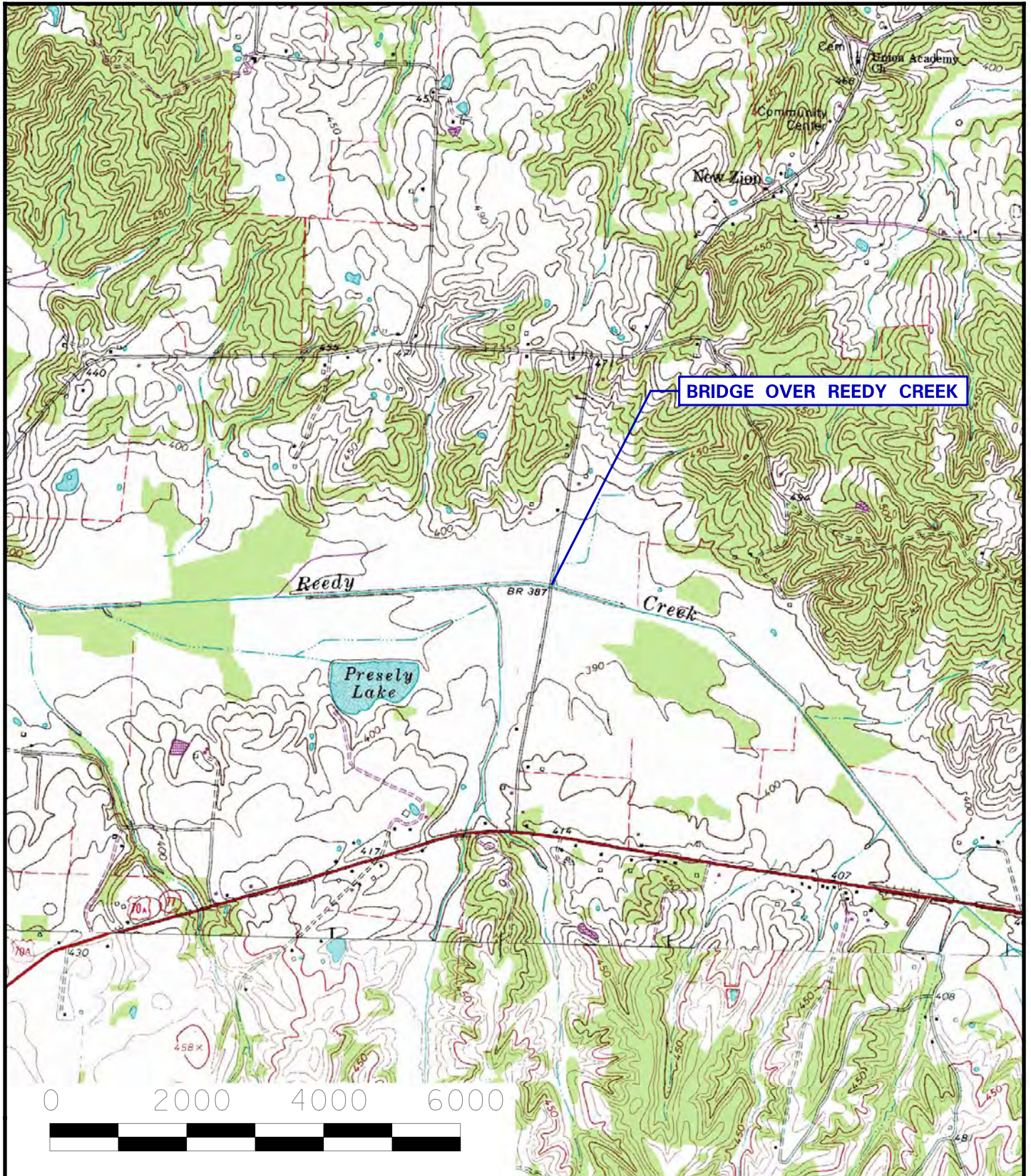
Approved by:	Signature	DATE
TRANSPORTATION DIRECTOR STRATEGIC TRANSPORTATION INVESTMENTS DIVISION	[Signature]	3-13-18
ENGINEERING DIRECTOR DESIGN DIVISION	Jartha J. Cavaness	3/22/18
ENGINEERING DIRECTOR STRUCTURES DIVISION	[Signature]	3/21/18

*This document is covered by 23 USC § 409 and its production pursuant to fulfilling public planning requirements does not waive the provisions of § 409.*



AREA MAP  
 BRIDGE TIR  
 STATE ROUTE 436 (REEDY CREEK ROAD)  
 BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK (LM 0.68)  
 CARROLL COUNTY



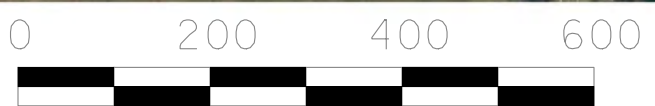


TOPOGRAPHIC MAP  
 BRIDGE TIR  
 STATE ROUTE 436 (REEDY CREEK ROAD)  
 BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK (LM 0.68)  
 CARROLL COUNTY





BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK



LOCATION MAP  
BRIDGE TIR  
STATE ROUTE 436 (REEDY CREEK ROAD)  
BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK (LM 0.68)  
CARROLL COUNTY





**STATE OF TENNESSEE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
**STRATEGIC TRANSPORTATION INVESTMENTS DIVISION**  
SUITE 1000, JAMES K. POLK BUILDING  
505 DEADERICK STREET  
NASHVILLE, TN 37243  
(615) 741-2208

**JOHN C. SCHROER**  
COMMISSIONER

**BILL HASLAM**  
GOVERNOR

**MEMORANDUM**

**TO:** Steve Allen, Transportation Director  
Strategic Transportation Investments Division

**FROM:** Zane Pannell, Transportation Project Specialist  
Strategic Transportation Investments Division

**DATE:** March 21, 2018

**SUBJECT:** TIR Field Review (IMPROVE Act  
State Route 436, Bridge over Reedy Creek  
Bridge ID: 09S82330001  
Log Mile 0.68  
Carroll County  
PIN: 124139.00

A field review was held for the above-mentioned project on January 24, 2018

The existing structure, built in 1960, is a four span concrete bridge crossing Reedy Creek. The structure has an out-to-out width of 22 feet. The overall structure length is 90 feet with approximately 9.33 feet of vertical clearance. The sufficiency rating for this structure is 47.1 based on the Bridge Inspection Report from October 2, 2017.

The discharges for the drainage basin were determined using StreamStats Version 3.0. which used a drainage area of 26.1 square miles. The 10-year discharge rate (Q10) was 4,480 cubic feet per second (cfs), Q50 was 6,300 cfs, and Q100 was 7,050 cfs.

The proposed alignment for the replacement structure will shift approximately ten (10) feet to the west and the grade will be raised approximately 2.5 feet to maintain the existing vertical clearance. The proposed structure will maintain the 90-degree skew with the river channel. There is a 45 mph posted speed limit on State Route 436 so the design speed will be 50 MPH. The proposed structure will be a single span pre-stressed concrete box beam structure with a total vertical clearance of 9.33 feet and a length of 90 feet. It is estimated that four (4) tracts of land

will be affected resulting in 1.13 acres of estimated ROW. It is also estimated that overhead utilities will need to be relocated.

The route has a base year 2022 AADT of 380 and a design year 2042 AADT of 450. The existing structure and roadway approaches have 2 travel lanes 9 feet wide each. The route is classified as a Rural Major Collector and Standard Drawing RD01-TS-2 was used for design considerations. Table I, used for Rural Collectors, gave a minimum roadway width of 22 feet with shoulder widths of 3 feet. Therefore, the typical section on the proposed structure will consist of 2 travel lanes 11 feet wide with shoulder widths of 3 feet and concrete parapets for a total out-to-out width of 29.25 feet on the structure. The project will extend 500 feet from the structure to the north and to the south in order to accommodate the alignment shift, raise the grade and for the proposed one lane signal to maintain traffic during construction.

Per TDOT Headquarters Construction Division, this bridge is recommended as a Design-Build project.

The cost for the estimated required approach work, estimated replacement, and estimated preliminary engineering for this bridge replacement is approximately \$2,016,000.

ZP

cc: File

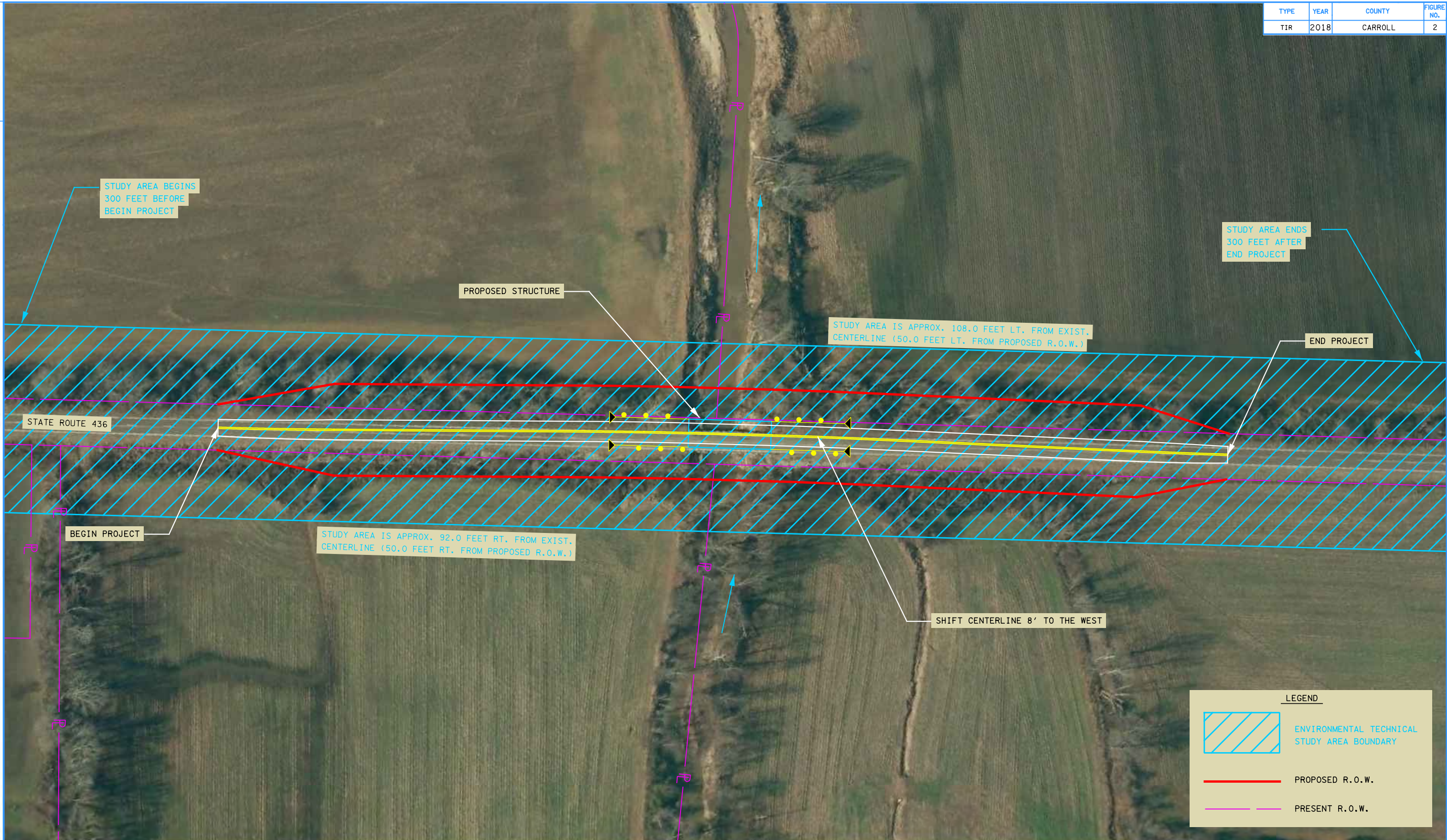
TYPE	YEAR	COUNTY	FIGURE NO.
TIR	2018	CARROLL	1






3/13/2018 2:02:18 PM Y:\nashville\16070005\1607023.00\1607023.96\Doc\1607023.96\_Proposed Layout.sht



**BRIDGE TIR**  
**STATE ROUTE 436**  
**BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK @ L.M. 0.68**  
**CARROLL COUNTY**



**LEGEND**

-  ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNICAL STUDY AREA BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED R.O.W.
-  PRESENT R.O.W.

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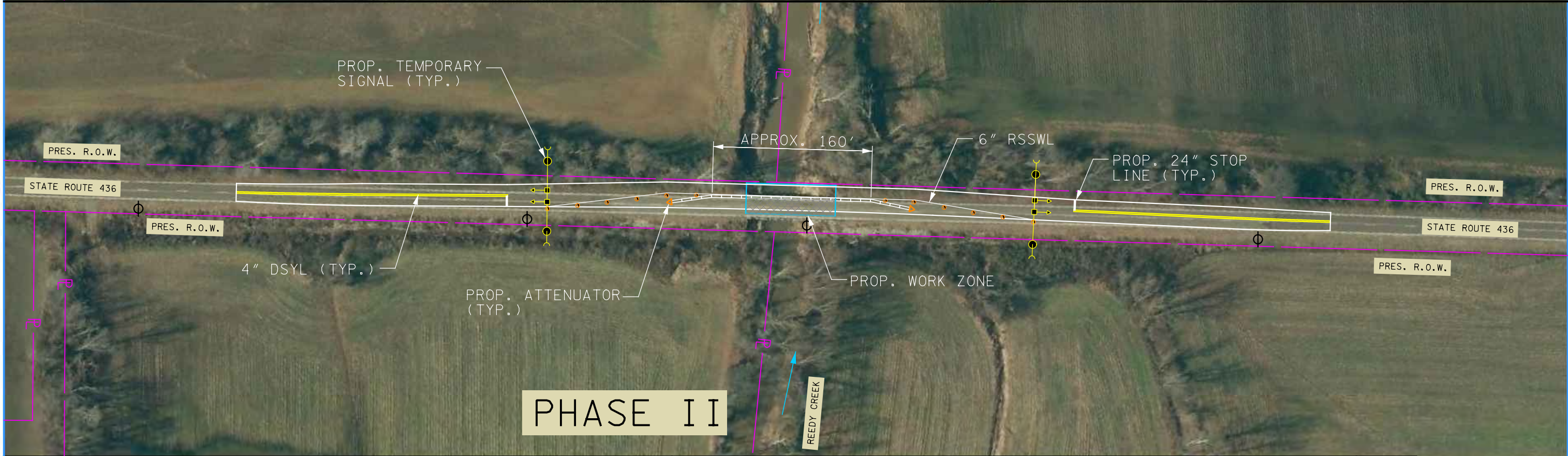


ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNICAL STUDY AREA  
 STATE ROUTE 436  
 BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK @ L.M. 0.68  
 CARROLL COUNTY

STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 STRATEGIC TRANSPORTATION  
 INVESTMENTS DIVISION

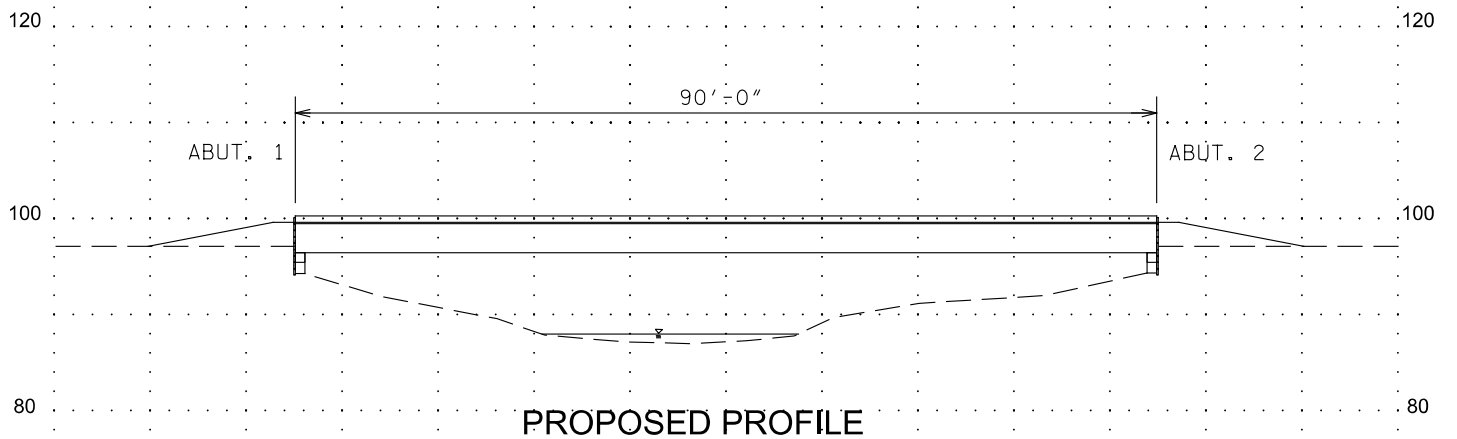
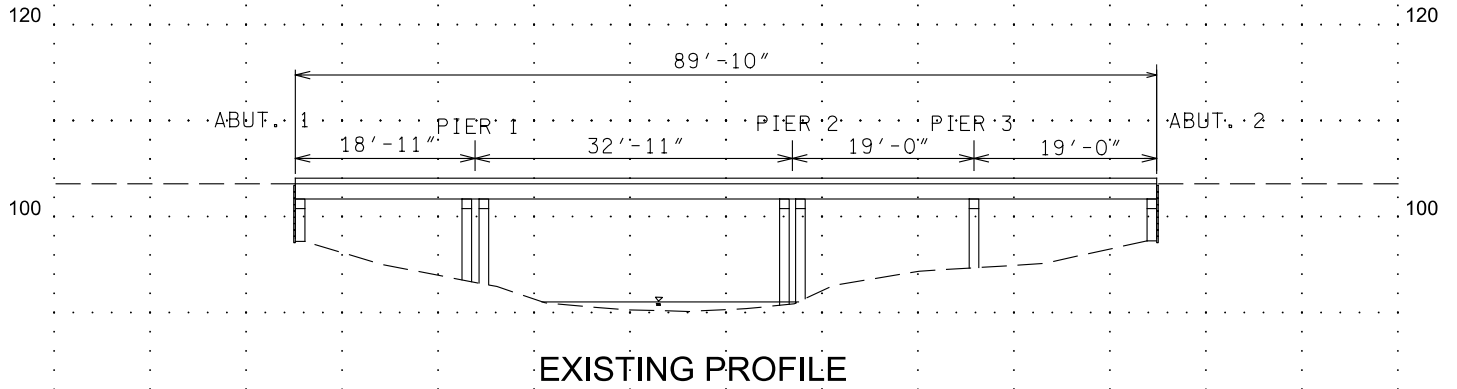
**FIGURE 2**  
 S.R. 436  
 L.M. 0.68





**BRIDGE TIR**  
**STATE ROUTE 436**  
**BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK @ L.M. 0.68**  
**CARROLL COUNTY**

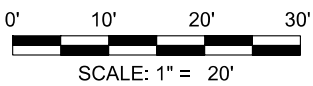
SEE STANDARD DRAWING T-WZ-32  
 FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.



RAISE PROPOSED GRADE  
APPROXIMATELY 2.50'

-60 -40 -20 0 20 40 60

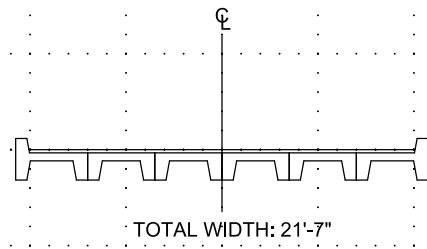
ELEVATIONS: ASSUMED



**PROPOSED PROFILE**  
**STATE ROUTE 436 CARROLL COUNTY**  
**BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK L.M. 0.70**  
**BRIDGE ID: 09S8233001**

110 110

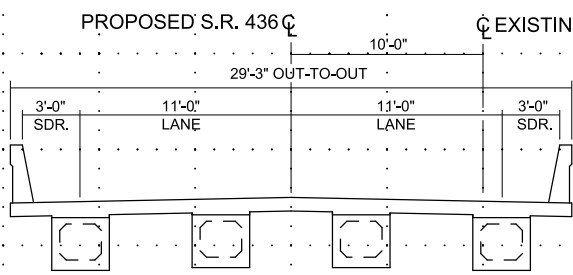
### EXISTING STRUCTURE



100 100

90 90

### PROPOSED STRUCTURE



110 110

100 100

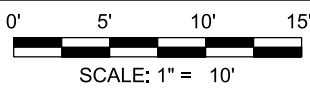
90 90

TRAFFIC WILL BE MAINTAINED  
WITH 10'-0" SHIFT AND  
1-LANE SIGNAL.

PROPOSED GRADE TO  
BE RAISED APPROXIMATELY  
2.50'

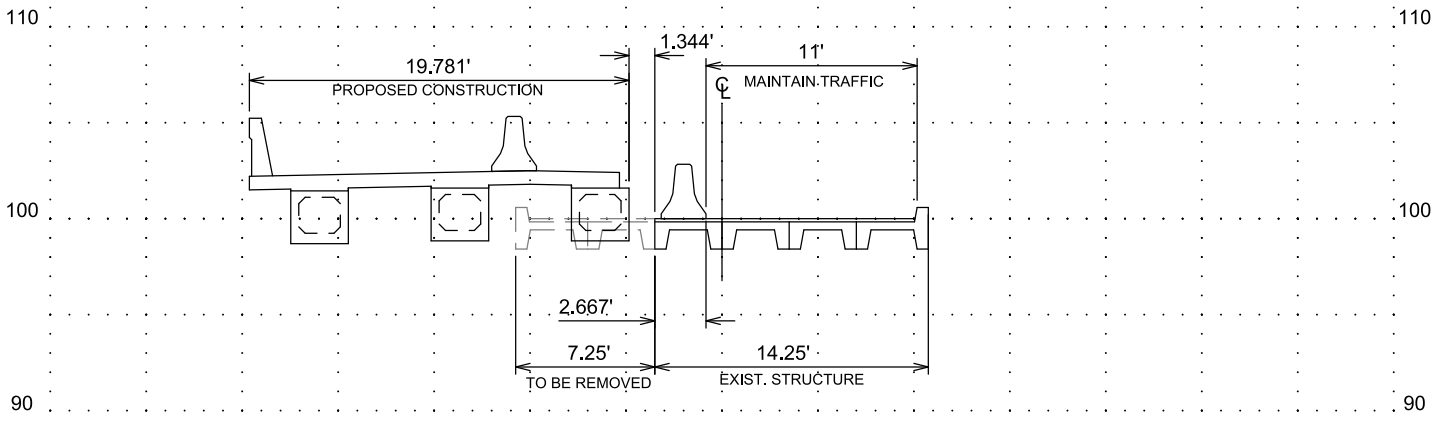
-30      -20      -10      0      10      20      30

ELEVATIONS: ASSUMED

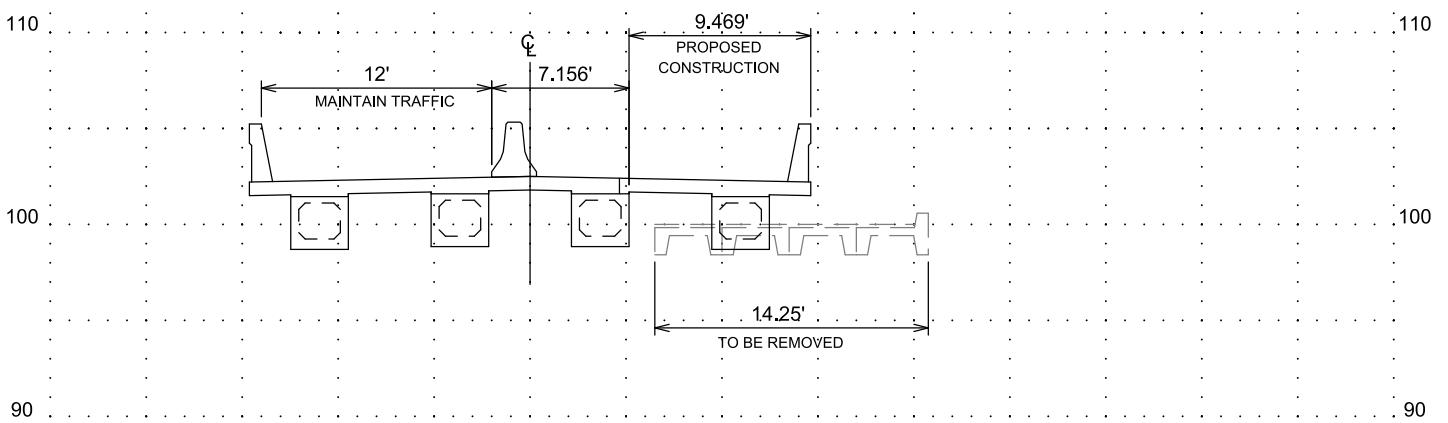


**PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION**  
**STATE ROUTE 436 CARROLL COUNTY**  
**BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK L.M. 0.70**  
**BRIDGE ID: 09S8233001**

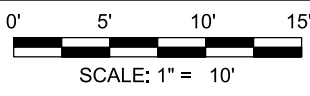
### PHASE ONE



### PHASE TWO



ELEVATIONS: ASSUMED



**STAGE CONSTRUCTION DETAIL**  
**STATE ROUTE 436 CARROLL COUNTY**  
**BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK L.M. 0.70**  
**BRIDGE ID: 09S8233001**

# COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY

**Route:** State Route 436  
**Description:** Bridge over Reedy Creek  
**County:** L.M. 0.68  
**Length:** Carroll  
**Date:** 0.21 Miles  
 March 9, 2018



DESCRIPTION	LOCAL	STATE	FEDERAL	TOTAL
	0%	0%	0%	
<b>Construction Items</b>				
Pavement Removal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Asphalt Paving	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$223,100
Concrete Pavement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$29,400
Appurtenances	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Structures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$368,000
Fencing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Signalization	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,000
Railroad Crossing or Separation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Earthwork	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$428,200
Clearing and Grubbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Seeding & Sodding	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,500
Rip-Rap or Slope Protection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$27,400
Guardrail	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$53,500
Signing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,200
Pavement Markings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,600
Maintenance of Traffic	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$71,000
Mobilization (5%)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$61,900
Other Items = 10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$130,000
Const. Contingency = 15%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$159,300
<b>Construction Estimate</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$1,589,100</b>
<b>Interchanges &amp; Unique Intersections</b>				
Roundabouts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Interchanges	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>Right-of-Way &amp; Utilities</b>				
	LOCAL	STATE	FEDERAL	TOTAL
	0%	0%	0%	
Right-of-Way	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,500
Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$78,800
<b>Preliminary &amp; Construction Engineering and Inspection</b>				
Prelim. Eng. 10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$168,000
Const. Eng. & Inspec. 10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$168,000
<b>Total Project Cost</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$ 2,016,000</b>

# PAY ITEM SUMMARY

TDOT PAY ITEM	TDOT DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOOL QUANTITIES	ADDITIONAL QUANTITIES	TOOL QUANTITIES + ADDITIONAL QUANTITIES	Statewide UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
<b>Pavement Removal</b>							
PAVEMENT REMOVAL TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	-
<b>Asphalt Roads</b>							
303-01	Mineral Aggregate, Type A Base, Grading D	TON	3158		3158	\$ 31.77	\$ 100,323.92
307-02.01	Asphalt Concrete Mix (PG70-22) (BPMB-HM) Grading A	TON	383		383	\$ 100.78	\$ 38,593.78
307-02.02	Asphalt Cement (PG70-22)(BPMB-HM) Grading A-S	TON	9		9	\$ 727.09	\$ 6,537.07
307-02.03	Aggregate (BPMB-HM) Grading A-S Mix	TON	291		291	\$ 73.98	\$ 21,507.05
307-02.08	Asphalt Concrete Mix (PG70-22) (BPMB-HM) Grading B-M2	TON	251		251	\$ 113.28	\$ 28,416.12
402-01	Bituminous Material For Prime Coat (PC)	TON	4		4	\$ 711.17	\$ 2,783.48
402-02	Aggregate For Cover Material (PC)	TON	14		14	\$ 65.60	\$ 926.74
403-01	Bituminous Material For Tack Coat (TC)	TON	2		2	\$ 780.21	\$ 1,574.56
411-01.07	ACS (PG64-22) GR "E"	TON	49		49	\$ 112.41	\$ 5,487.19
411-02.10	ACS Mix(PG70-22) Grading D	TON	147		147	\$ 115.13	\$ 16,932.29
PAVING TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	223,100
<b>Concrete Roads</b>							
CONCRETE RAMPS AND ROADWAYS TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	-
<b>Drainage</b>							
607-05.02	24" Concrete Pipe Culvert (Class III)	LF	130		130	\$ 85.20	\$ 11,057.75
611-07.01	Class A Concrete (Pipe Endwalls)	CY	7		7	\$ 1,047.48	\$ 6,948.15
611-07.02	Steel Bar Reinforcement (Pipe Endwalls)	LB	630	3000	3630	\$ 2.30	\$ 1,450.90
710.02	Aggregate Underdrains (with pipe)	LF	1816		1816	\$ 5.46	\$ 9,917.11
DRAINAGE TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	29,400
<b>Appurtenances</b>							
ROADWAY AND PAVEMENT APPURTENANCES TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	-
<b>Earthwork &amp; Mineral</b>							
105-01	Construction Stakes, Lines, and Grades	LS	1		1	\$ 112,407.96	\$ 112,407.96
203-01	Road & Drainage Excavation (Unclassified)	CY	9028		9028	\$ 16.73	\$ 151,024.12
203-02.02	Borrow Excavation (Graded Solid Rock)	CY	3000	3000	6000	\$ 32.25	\$ 96,764.91
203-03	Borrow Excavation (Unclassified)	CY	7523	-3000	4523	\$ 15.02	\$ 67,941.35
EARTHWORK & MINERAL TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	428,200
<b>Structures</b>							
N/A	Removal of Bridge	SF	1942		1942	\$ 20.00	\$ 38,844.00
N/A	New Bridge (Concrete Girder)	SF	2633		2633	\$ 125.00	\$ 329,062.50
STRUCTURES TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	368,000
<b>Interchanges and Unique Intersections</b>							
INTERCHANGES AND UNIQUE INTERSECTIONS TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	-
<b>Lighting &amp; Signalization</b>							
730-40	Temporary Traffic Signal System	EA	1		1	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
LIGHTING & SIGNALIZATION TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	20,000
<b>Guardrail</b>							
705-01.01	Guardrail at Bridge Ends	LF	100		100	\$ 73.64	\$ 7,364.49
705-02.02	Single Guardrail (Type 2)	LF	598		598.224	\$ 18.77	\$ 11,225.71
705-04.07	Tan Energy Absg Term (NCHRP, 350, TL3)	EA	5	-1	4	\$ 2,352.59	\$ 9,410.38
705-04.09	Earth Pad for Type 38 GR End Treatment	EA	5	-1	4	\$ 1,294.80	\$ 5,179.21
705-08.51	Portable Impact Attenuator NCHRP 350, TL3	EA	4		4	\$ 5,076.58	\$ 20,306.31
GUARDRAIL TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	53,500
<b>Seeding and Sodding</b>							
801-01	Seeding (With Mulch)	UNIT	95		95	\$ 76.61	\$ 7,290.76
801-01.07	Temporary Seeding (With Mulch)	UNIT	71		71	\$ 29.79	\$ 2,126.59
801-02	Seeding (Without Mulch)	UNIT	71		71	\$ 28.15	\$ 2,009.20
SODDING TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	11,500
<b>Maintenance of Traffic</b>							
N/A	Traffic Control	LS	1		1		\$ 46,676.00
712-02.02	Interconnected Portable Barrier Rail	LF	54	450	504	\$ 31.95	\$ 16,112.73
712-04.01	Flexible Drums (Channelizing)	EA	24		24	\$ 25.83	\$ 619.99
712-06	Signs (Construction)	SF	250		250	\$ 7.55	\$ 1,887.83
712-09.01	Removable Pavement Marking Line	LF	2500		2500	\$ 2.09	\$ 5,233.48
712-09.04	Removable Pavement Marking (Stop Line)	LF	24		24	\$ 18.67	\$ 448.17
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	71,000
<b>Signs</b>							
Not Listed	Signs (Construction)	LS	1		1	\$ -	\$ 1,200
SIGNING TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	1,200
<b>Pavement Markings</b>							
716-13.06	Spray Thermo P.M. (40 mil 4")	LM	1.6		1.6	\$ 2,881.01	\$ 4,510.50
PAVEMENT MARKINGS TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	4,600
<b>Fencing</b>							
FENCE TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	-
<b>Rip-Rap</b>							
709-05.05	Machined Rip-Rap (Class A-3)	TON		500	500	\$ 34.74	\$ 17,369.37
709-05.08	Machined Rip-Rap (Class B)	TON		200	200	\$ 33.70	\$ 6,739.51
709-05.09	Machined Rip-Rap (Class C)	TON		100	100	\$ 32.78	\$ 3,277.72
RIP-RAP & SLOPE PROTECTION TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	27,400.00
<b>Clearing and Grubbing</b>							
CLEAR AND GRUBBING TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	-
<b>Railroad At-Grade Crossing</b>							
RAILROAD CROSSING OR SEPARATION TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	-
<b>Utilities</b>							
N/A	Overhead Distribution	LM	0.21		0.21	\$ 375,000	\$ 78,750
UTILITIES TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	78,800.00
<b>Right-of-Way</b>							
N/A	Right-of-Way	LS	1		1	\$ 12,484.85	\$ 12,484.85
RIGHT-OF-WAY TOTAL (ROUNDED)						\$	12,500.00

# BRIDGE TIR

Carroll County  
State Route 436

LOCATION			
Bridge #:	09S82330001	Feature Crossed:	Reedy Creek
Road Name:	State Route 436	Log mile:	0.68
Route ID:	SR436	System:	05-STP Rural, State
City:		Functional Class:	Rural Major Collector
County:	Carroll	State Project Number	09035-0220-94
PIN:	124139.00		

ROADWAY		
	Existing	Proposed (Preliminary Design Estimate)
Design Standard		RD01-TS-2 / 2011 Green Book
<b>Route Characteristics</b>		
AADT:	380	450
AADT Year:	2022	2042
Terrain:	Rolling	Rolling
No. Lanes:	2	2
Speed(Posted):	45	45
Speed (Design):		50
<b>Approach Character.</b>		
Lane Width (ft):	9	11
Shoulder Width (ft):	2	3
ROW Width (ft):	50	As Required
ROW Tracts Affected		4
ROW Required (acre)		1.13
Cross Section Width (ft):	18 / 22 / 50	22 / 28 / As Req'd
Approach Length (ft):		500
Alignment:	Tangent	Tangent
Grade:		Raise Grade approximately 2.5'
Surface Material:	Asphalt/Concrete	Asphalt
Sidewalks (R/L):	No	No
App. Lower Than Structure	No	Yes
Utilities (list)	<b>OH:</b> Power, Telephone	
Utilities to be Relocated		3 Power Poles
Comments	<p>TDOT Environmental indicated that there is at least one other stream running along SR-436.</p>	<p>Potential stream relocation of roadside stream.</p>

**BRIDGE TIR**

Carroll County  
State Route 436

<b>STRUCTURE</b>		
	<b>Existing</b>	<b>Proposed (Preliminary Design Estimate)</b>
<b>Bridge Characteristics</b>		
Year Built	1960	
Load Limit	40 tons	
Sufficiency Rating	47.1	
Skew	90	90
Structure Type	Box Beam	Concrete Box Beam
Structures in Channel	No	No
Length (ft)	90	90
No. Spans (App./Main)	3   1	0   1
Width (curb to curb) (ft)	20	28
Width (o to o) (ft)	22	29.25
Sidewalks on Structure	No	No
Vert. Clearance (ft)	11.8	11.8
Superstructure Depth (in)	19	45
Girder Depth (in)	12	33
Finish Grade-Low Girder (in)	7	12
High Water Marks	5'-6' Above Pool	
Bridge Rail Type	Concrete	Concrete Parapet (STD-1-1SS)
Bridge Rail Height (ft)	GR-28"	3
Indication Overtopping	No	
Local Scour	Around Piers Repaired	
Obstructions	Around Piers Repaired	
Other Structures	N/A	N/A
Comments	Rehab work was completed in October 2017 on some of the timber piles of the existing structure.	Raise grade approximately 2.5'



**FLOW RATES (from USGS StreamStats Program Version 3)**

Drainage Area (sq. miles)	26.1 sq. miles
10 Year Discharge Rate (Q10) cfs	4480 cfs
50 Year Discharge Rate (Q50) cfs	6300 cfs
100 Year Discharge Rate (Q100) cfs	7050 cfs

**CHANNEL**

Depth (ft)	6
Width of Normal Flow (ft)	27
Depth of Normal Flow (ft)	1
Skew of Channel with Roadway	90
Type of Material in Stream Bed	Silt, Large Rocks
Type of Vegetation on Banks	Brush, Small Trees
Are Channel Banks Stable	Yes
Signs of Stream Aggradation	Yes, Silt/Sand Deposits
Signs of Stream Degradation	No
Drift or Drift Potential	No
Comments	

**FLOODPLAIN**

Skew Same as Channel	Yes
Symmetrical About Channel	Yes
Approx. Floor Elevations	N/A
Type of Vegetation in Floodplain	Farmland, Cult. Field
Any Buildings in Floodplain	No
Flood Information From Locals	N/A
Comments	Large Ditches/Channels in all four quadrants.

**MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC**

Method of Maintaining Traffic	stage construct
Description	Stage Construct with One Lane Signal & Shift alignment approximately 8' to the west
Comments	

**TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
STRATEGIC TRANSPORTATION INVESTMENTS DIVISION**

PROJECT NO.: 09035-0220-94 ROUTE: S.R. 436  
 COUNTY: CARROLL CITY: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PROJECT PIN NUMBER: 124139.00  
 PROJECT DESCRIPTION: BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK (L.M. 0.68)  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_


**DIVISION REQUESTING:**

MAINTENANCE  PAVEMENT DESIGN   
 S.T.I.D.  STRUCTURES   
 PROG. DEVELOPMENT & ADM.  SURVEY & ROADWAY DESIGN   
 PUBLIC TRANS. & AERO.  TRAFFIC SIGNAL DESIGN   
 OTHER \_\_\_\_\_   
 YEAR PROJECT PROGRAMMED FOR CONSTRUCTION: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PROJECTED LETTING DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

**TRAFFIC ASSIGNMENT:**

BASE YEAR		DESIGN YEAR					DESIGN ROADWAY % TRUCKS		DESIGN AVERAGE DAILY LOADS	
AADT	YEAR	AADT	DHV	%	YEAR	DIR.DIST.	DHV	AADT	FLEX	RIGID
380	2022	450	68	15	2042	65-35	3	5	13	18

REQUESTED BY: NAME MICHAEL GILBERT DATE 2/28/18  
 DIVISION S.T.I.D.  
 ADDRESS 505 DEADERICK STREET  
NASHVILLE, TN. 37243

REVIEWED BY: TONY ARMSTRONG  DATE 2.28.18  
 TRANSPORTATION MANAGER I  
 SUITE 1000, JAMES K. POLK BUILDING

APPROVED BY: JIM WATERS  DATE 3/1/18  
 ASSISTANT DIRECTOR  
 SUITE 1000, JAMES K. POLK BUILDING

**COMMENTS:**

THIS TRAFFIC IS BASED ON 2017 CYCLE COUNTS. THE DESIGN YEAR TRAFFIC IS BASED ON GROWTH RATE FROM THE ADAM COMPUTER PROGRAM.

**DHV'S ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR SIDE ROADS LESS THAN 1000 AADT.**

NOTE: FOR BRIDGE REPLACEMENT PROJECTS, ADLs ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR ADTs OF 1000 OR LESS AND PERCENTAGE OF TRUCKS OF 7% OR LESS  
 SEE ATTACHMENTS FOR TURNING MOVEMENTS AND/OR OTHER DETAILS

**TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
STRATEGIC TRANSPORTATION INVESTMENTS DIVISION**

PROJECT NO.: 09035-0220-94 ROUTE NO.: S.R. 436  
 COUNTY: CARROLL CITY:  
 PROJECT DESCRIPTION: BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK @ (L.M. 0.68)

**FAP Rural**

Pavement Structural Design

Calculation of Equivalent Daily 18 Kip Single Axle Loads

Type Vehicle	ADT (No. Counted)	Flexible		Rigid	
		18-kip Factor	ADL	18-kip Factor	ADL
Pass. cars and motorcycles (1-2)	277	0.001	0	0.001	0
Pick-up, Panel, Van (3)	117	0.005	1	0.004	0
Buses (4)	0	0.300	0	0.300	0
Sing. Unit	2-axle, 6-tire (5)	0.240	1	0.310	2
	3-axle or more (6-7)	1.700	14	2.300	18
Comb.	4-axle (8)	1.110	4	1.500	6
	5-axle or more (9-13)	1.320	5	2.200	9
<b>Totals (2032 AADT)</b>	<b>415</b>		<b>25</b>		<b>35</b>

Suggested Percentages of Trucks in Design Lane

5,000 or less ADT 95%  
 5,000 - 10,000 ADT 90%  
 10,000 - 15,000 ADT 85%  
 15,000 - 20,000 ADT 80%  
 20,000 - 30,000 ADT 75%  
 30,000 - 40,000 ADT 70%  
 40,000 Plus 60%

No. of Lanes: 2

% Trucks in Design Lane: 100%

ADL in Design Lane:

FLEX: 0.5 X 1.00 X 25.4 = 13

RIGID: 0.5 X 1.00 X 35.5 = 18

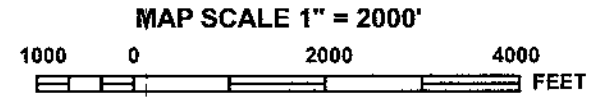
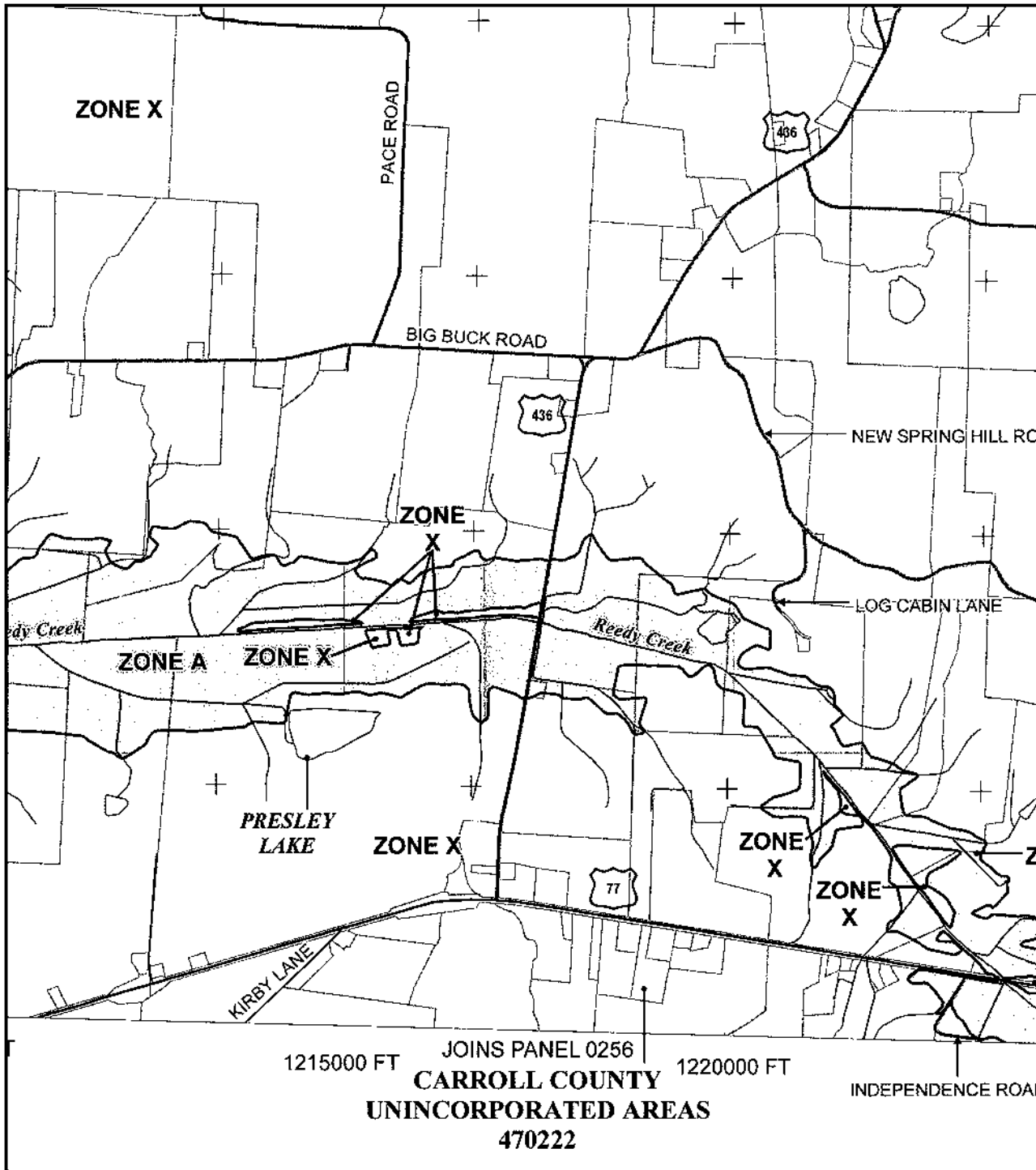
ADL Calculations By: RANDY BOGUSKIE  
 Reviewed By: Tony Armstrong  
 [REV. 7/1/14]

Date: 2/28/2018

Date: 2.28.18



CARROLL COUNTY  
S.R. 436 @ L.M. 0.68



NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0150C

**FIRM**  
**FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP**  
**CARROLL COUNTY**  
**TENNESSEE**  
**AND INCORPORATED AREAS**

**PANEL 150 OF 475**  
 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

**CONTAINS:**

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
CARROLL COUNTY	470222	0150	C
MCKENZIE, CITY OF	470023	0150	C
MCLEMORESVILLE, TOWN OF	470427	0150	C
TREZEVANT, TOWN OF	470243	0150	C

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.



**MAP NUMBER**  
**47017C0150C**  
**EFFECTIVE DATE**  
**MARCH 18, 2008**

Federal Emergency Management Agency

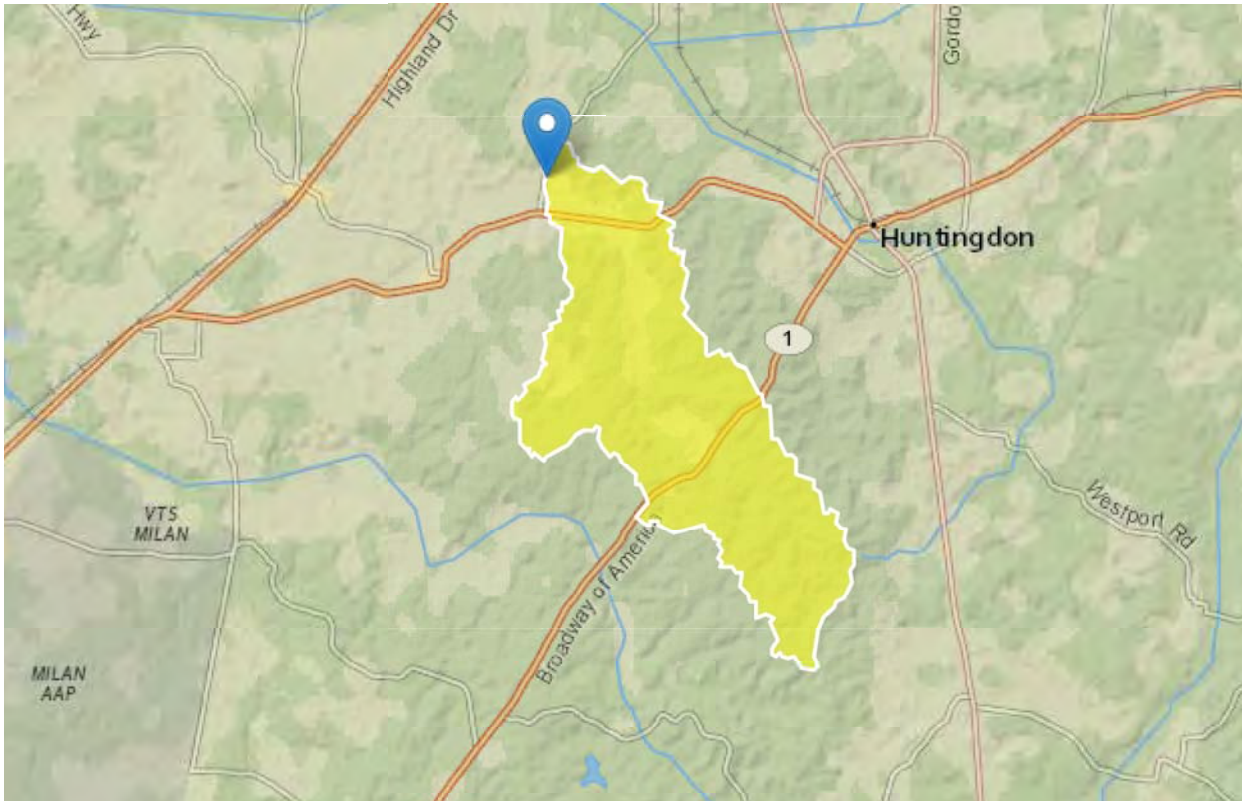
1215000 FT JOINS PANEL 0256 1220000 FT  
**CARROLL COUNTY**  
**UNINCORPORATED AREAS**  
**470222**  
 INDEPENDENCE ROAD

This is an official copy of a portion of the above referenced flood map. It was extracted using F-MIT On-Line. This map does not reflect changes or amendments which may have been made subsequent to the date on the title block. For the latest product information about National Flood Insurance Program flood maps check the FEMA Flood Map Store at [www.msc.fema.gov](http://www.msc.fema.gov)



# SR 436 Over Reedy

**Region ID:** TN  
**Workspace ID:** TN20180102201441459000  
**Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude):** 36.01436, -88.53959  
**Time:** 2018-01-02 14:14:55 -0600



Bridge 09S82330001

## Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
CONTA	Area that contributes flow to a point on a stream	26.1	square miles
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	26.14	square miles
RECESS	Number of days required for streamflow to recede one order of magnitude when hydrograph is plotted on logarithmic scale	350	days per log cycle
PERMGTE2IN	Percent of area underlain by soils with permeability greater than or equal to 2 inches per hour	81.736	percent
CLIMFAC2YR	Two-year climate factor from Lichy and Karlinger (1990)	2.362	dimensionless
SOILPERM	Average Soil Permeability	2.06	inches per hour

## Peak-Flow Statistics Parameters [DAOnly Area 4]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
CONTDA	Contributing Drainage Area	26.1	square miles	0.76	2308

## Peak-Flow Statistics Flow Report [DAOnly Area 4]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	PII	PIu	SE	SEp	Equiv. Yrs.
2 Year Peak Flood	2430	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	1310	4520	38.7	38.7	1.8
5 Year Peak Flood	3660	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	2010	6660	37.2	37.2	2.4
10 Year Peak Flood	4480	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	2440	8230	38	38	3.1
25 Year Peak Flood	5530	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	2910	10500	40.1	40.1	3.8
50 Year Peak Flood	6300	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	3220	12300	42.2	42.2	4.2
100 Year Peak Flood	7050	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	3470	14300	44.7	44.7	4.4
500 Year Peak Flood	8860	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	3980	19700	51.1	51.1	4.7

*Peak-Flow Statistics Citations*

Law, G.S., and Tasker G.D., 2003, Flood-Frequency Prediction Methods for Unregulated Streams of Tennessee, 2000: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 03-4176, 79p. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/wri/wri034176/>)

## Low-Flow Statistics Parameters [Low Flow West Region 2009 5159]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	26.14	square miles	2	2405
RECESS	Recession Index	350	days per log cycle	32	350
PERMGTE2IN	Percent permeability gte 2 in per hr	81.736	percent	2	98

## Low-Flow Statistics Flow Report [Low Flow West Region 2009 5159]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SEp
7 Day 10 Year Low Flow	6.01	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	123
30 Day 5 Year Low Flow	7.08	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	93.5



*Low-Flow Statistics Citations*

Law, G.S., Tasker, G.D., and Ladd, D.E., 2009, Streamflow-characteristic estimation methods for unregulated streams of Tennessee: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2009-5159, 212 p., 1 pl. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2009/5159/>)

## Annual Flow Statistics Parameters [Low Flow West Region 2009 5159]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	26.14	square miles	2	2405
RECESS	Recession Index	350	days per log cycle	32	350
CLIMFAC2YR	Tennessee Climate Factor 2 Year	2.362	dimensionless	2.307	2.455
PERMGTE2IN	Percent permeability gte 2 in per hr	81.736	percent	2	98

## Annual Flow Statistics Flow Report [Low Flow West Region 2009 5159]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SEp
Mean Annual Flow	38.1	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	13.1

*Annual Flow Statistics Citations*

Law, G.S., Tasker, G.D., and Ladd, D.E., 2009, Streamflow-characteristic estimation methods for unregulated streams of Tennessee: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2009-5159, 212 p., 1 pl. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2009/5159/>)

## Seasonal Flow Statistics Parameters [Low Flow West Region 2009 5159]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	26.14	square miles	2	2405
RECESS	Recession Index	350	days per log cycle	32	350
PERMGTE2IN	Percent permeability gte 2 in per hr	81.736	percent	2	98

## Seasonal Flow Statistics Flow Report [Low Flow West Region 2009 5159]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SEp
Summer Mean Flow	18.9	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	38.3

*Seasonal Flow Statistics Citations*

Law, G.S., Tasker, G.D., and Ladd, D.E.,2009, Streamflow-characteristic estimation methods for unregulated streams of Tennessee: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2009-5159, 212 p., 1 pl. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2009/5159/>)

## Flow-Duration Statistics Parameters [Low Flow West Region 2009 5159]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	26.14	square miles	2	2405
RECESS	Recession Index	350	days per log cycle	32	350
PERMGTE2IN	Percent permeability gte 2 in per hr	81.736	percent	2	98
CLIMFAC2YR	Tennessee Climate Factor 2 Year	2.362	dimensionless	2.307	2.455
SOILPERM	Average Soil Permeability	2.06	inches per hour	0.97	2.44

## Flow-Duration Statistics Flow Report [Low Flow West Region 2009 5159]

PIl: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SEp
99.5 Percent Duration	5.55	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	122
99 Percent Duration	5.91	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	105
98 Percent Duration	6.29	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	96.4
95 Percent Duration	7.31	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	90.5
90 Percent Duration	8.25	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	85.8
80 Percent Duration	10.1	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	79.6
70 Percent Duration	12.1	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	75
60 Percent Duration	12.1	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	69.2
50 Percent Duration	16.8	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	57
40 Percent Duration	19	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	46.9
30 Percent Duration	27.8	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	36.6
20 Percent Duration	41.7	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	27.4
10 Percent Duration	84.6	ft <sup>3</sup> /s	17.7

*Flow-Duration Statistics Citations*

Law, G.S., Tasker, G.D., and Ladd, D.E.,2009, Streamflow-characteristic estimation methods for unregulated streams of Tennessee: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2009-5159, 212 p., 1 pl. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2009/5159/>)

**BRIDGE TIR**Carroll County  
State Route 436

<b>SITE VISIT ATTENDEES</b>			DATE: 3/17/2016
Name	Organization	Phone	Email
Brian Gaffney	Benesch	615-370-6079	<a href="mailto:bgaffney@benesch.com">bgaffney@benesch.com</a>
Bob Baird	Benesch	615-370-6079	<a href="mailto:rbaird@benesch.com">rbaird@benesch.com</a>
Zane Pannell	TDOT STID	865-806-4319	<a href="mailto:zane.pannell@tn.gov">zane.pannell@tn.gov</a>
Konner Spradlin	TDOT STID	615-253-2432	<a href="mailto:konner.spradlin@tn.gov">konner.spradlin@tn.gov</a>
Amy Rauch	TDOT STID	615-253-2432	<a href="mailto:amy.rauch@tn.gov">amy.rauch@tn.gov</a>
Gina Golightly	TDOT Reg 4 Design	731-935-0324	<a href="mailto:gina.golightly@tn.gov">gina.golightly@tn.gov</a>
Larry Brasher	TDOT Reg 4 Design	731-935-0144	<a href="mailto:larry.brasher@tn.gov">larry.brasher@tn.gov</a>
Dustin Tucker	TDOT Reg 4 Ecol	731-935-0101	<a href="mailto:dustin.tucker@tn.gov">dustin.tucker@tn.gov</a>
Shawna Smith	TDOT Reg 4 Const	731-352-5327	<a href="mailto:shawna.b.smith@tn.gov">shawna.b.smith@tn.gov</a>
James Boyd	TDOT Reg 4 Survey	731-935-0138	<a href="mailto:james.boyd@tn.gov">james.boyd@tn.gov</a>
Robert Hope	TDOT Reg 4 Survey	731-935-0241	<a href="mailto:robert.hope@tn.gov">robert.hope@tn.gov</a>
Steven Collins	TDOT Reg 4 Util	731-935-0112	<a href="mailto:steven.a.collins@tn.gov">steven.a.collins@tn.gov</a>

## CHECK LIST OF DETERMINANTS FOR LOCATION STUDY

If any of the following facilities or ESE categories are located within the project area or corridor, place an "x" in the blank opposite the item. Where more than one alternate is to be considered, place its letter designation in the blank.

1. Agricultural land usage		<b>X</b>
2. Airport (existing or proposed)		
3. Commercial area, shopping center		
4. Floodplains		<b>X</b>
5. Forested land		
6. Historical, cultural, or natural landmark		
7. Industrial park, factory		
8. Institutional usages		
a. School or other educational institution		
b. Church or other religious institution (Cemetery)		
c. Hospital or other medical facility		
d. Public building, e.g., fire station		
e. Defense installation		
9. Recreation usages		
a. Park or recreational area		
b. Game preserve or wildlife area		
10. Residential establishment		<b>X</b>
11. Urban area, town, city, or community		<b>X</b>
12. Waterway, lake, pond, river, stream, spring		<b>X</b>
Permit required:	Coast Guard	
	Section 404	<b>X</b>
	TVA Section 26a review	
	NPDES	<b>X</b>
	Aquatic Resource Alteration	<b>X</b>
13. Other		
14. Location coordinated with local officials		
15. Railroad crossings		
16. Hazardous materials site		

Transportation Investment Report for Bridge ID: 09S82330001  
Carroll County  
State Route 436, Reedy Creek



Photo 1: Bridge Number



Photo 2: Bridge Load Rating



**Photo 3: Southbound Bridge Approach**



**Photo 4: Northbound Bridge Approach**

Transportation Investment Report for Bridge ID: 09S82330001  
Carroll County  
State Route 436, Reedy Creek



**Photo 5: View Looking North From Bridge**



**Photo 6: View Looking South From Bridge**



**Photo 7: View Looking Upstream**



**Photo 8: View Looking Downstream**





**Photo 9: Upstream Profile View Of Bridge**



**Photo 10: North Abutment Of Bridge**

CARROLL COUNTY

09-SR436-0068

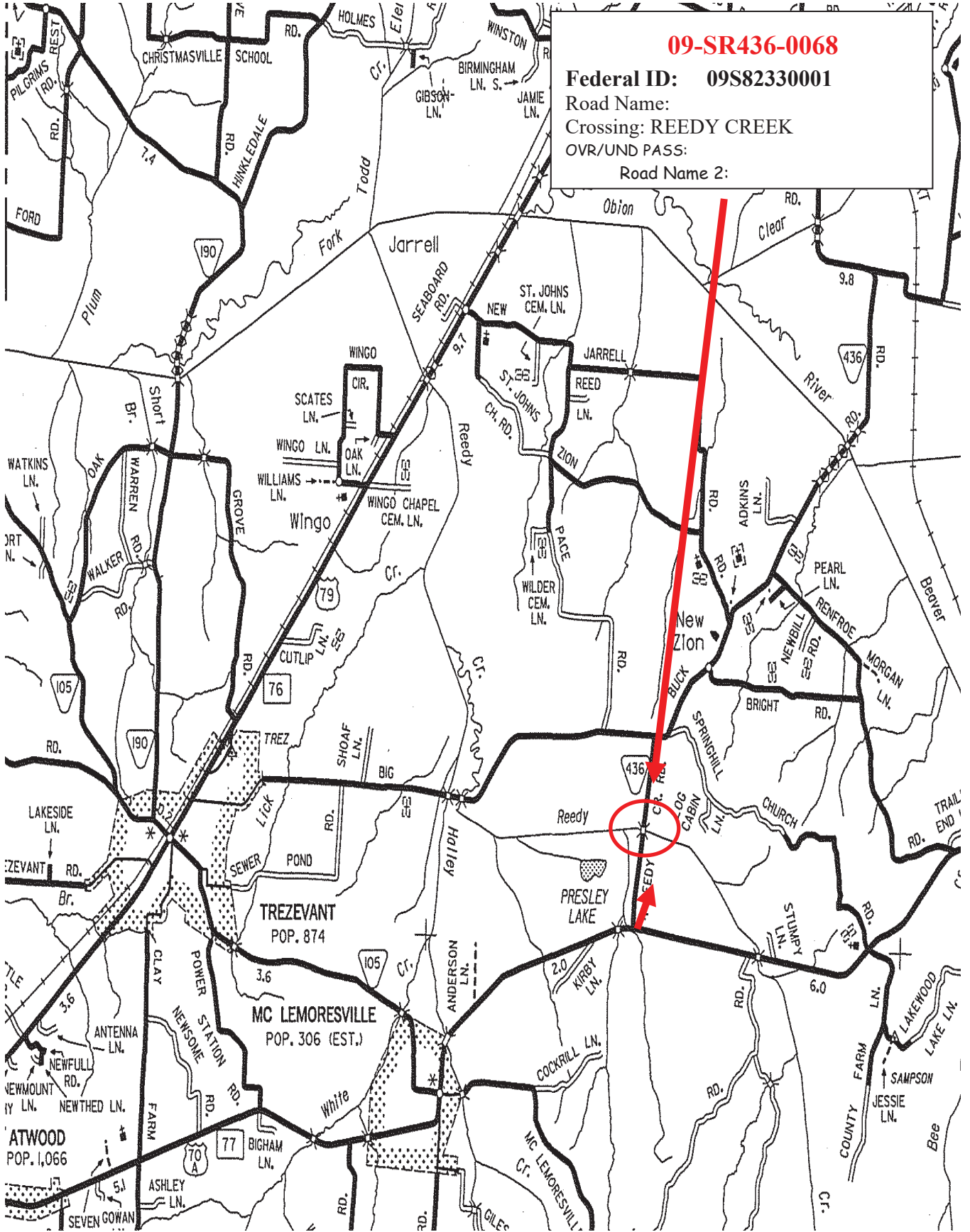
Federal ID: 09S82330001

Road Name:

Crossing: REEDY CREEK

OVR/UND PASS:

Road Name 2:



**BRIDGE MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS**

10-02-17



Tennessee Department of Transportation

COUNTY: CARROLL  
 LOCATION: 9-SR436-00.68-  
 CO. SEQ.: 1 SPEC. CASE: 0

CROSSING: REEDY CREEK  
 FED. BRIDGE NO.: 09S82330001  
 MAINT. DIST.: 9

REPAIR LIST NO.: 3  
 DATE ADDED: 03/12/2012  
 REVISED: 10/02/2017

FACILITY CARRIED:	FAS 436	NUMBER OF MAIN SPANS:	1
HIGHWAY SYSTEM:	05-STP RURAL, STATE	NUMBER OF APPROACH SPANS:	3
BRIDGE WIDTH (CURB TO CURB):	20 FT 4 IN	BRIDGE LENGTH (FT):	90
BRIDGE WIDTH (OUT TO OUT):	21 FT 7 IN	MAXIMUM SPAN LENGTH (FT):	33
APPROACH ROADWAY (W/SHOULDERS):	27 FT 10 IN	SKEW ANGLE (DEGREES):	90
MAINTAINED BY: STATE HIGHWAY AGENCY			
MAIN SPAN MATERIAL: PRESTRESSED CONCRETE			
MAIN SPAN DESIGN TYPE: BOX BEAM OR GIRDERS - MULTIPLE			
APPROACH SPAN MATERIAL: CONCRETE			
APPROACH SPAN DESIGN TYPE: SLAB			
INSPECTION DATE:	10/02/2017	GENERAL CONDITION:	POOR
EVALUATION DATE:	12/03/2015	STRUCTURALLY DEFICIENT:	YES
PPRM PIN NUMBER:		SUFFICIENCY RATING:	47.1
H TRUCK RATING @ INV.:	15 TONS		

No.	RECOMMENDATIONS	REPAIR DATE	REPAIRED BY
1.	REPAIR OR REPLACE PILE "C" AT BENT NO.1A		

SUGGESTED ROUTINE MAINTENANCE AND COMMENTS
REPAIR OR REPLACE PRECAST CONCRETE CHANNEL SLAB "F" IN SPAN NO.1
REPAIR BREASTWALL AT ABUTMENT NO.2
CUT AND REMOVE VEGETATION FROM CHANNEL
APPROACH GUARDRAILS ARE NON-EXISTENT
BRIDGERAILS ARE SUBSTANDARD

**GENERAL COMMENTS:**



STATE OF TENNESSEE  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# Bridge Condition Coding Form

10-02-17  
Revised 10/03/2017

Bridge Number:   
(Includes Item 5A)

Feature Intersected:

Evaluation Status:

County:

Route:

Special Case:

County Sequence:

Log Mile:

**CODE ONLY THOSE VALUES WHICH HAVE CHANGED**

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	VALUE	CONDITION CODING GUIDELINES (Values for Coding Items 58, 59, 60 and 62)
90	LAST INSPECTION DATE	<input type="text" value="10/02/2017"/>	N NOT APPLICABLE 9 EXCELLENT CONDITION 8 VERY GOOD CONDITION - NO PROBLEMS NOTED. 7 GOOD CONDITION - SOME MINOR PROBLEMS. 6 SATISFACTORY CONDITION - MINOR DETERIORATION OF STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS. 5 FAIR CONDITION - ALL PRIMARY STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS ARE SOUND BUT MAY HAVE MINOR SECTION LOSS, CRACKING, SPALLING OR SCOUR. 4 POOR CONDITION - ADVANCED SECTION LOSS, DETERIORATION, SPALLING OR SCOUR. 3 SERIOUS CONDITION - LOSS OF SECTION, DETERIORATION, SPALLING OR SCOUR HAVE SERIOUSLY AFFECTED PRIMARY STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS. LOCAL FAILURES ARE POSSIBLE. FATIGUE CRACKS IN STEEL OR SHEAR CRACKS IN CONCRETE MAY BE PRESENT. 2 CRITICAL CONDITION - ADVANCED DETERIORATION OF PRIMARY STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS. FATIGUE CRACKS IN STEEL OR SHEAR CRACKS IN CONCRETE MAY BE PRESENT OR SCOUR MAY HAVE REMOVED SUBSTRUCTURE SUPPORT. UNLESS CLOSELY MONITORED IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO CLOSE THE BRIDGE UNTIL CORRECTIVE ACTION IS TAKEN. 1 "IMMINENT" FAILURE CONDITION - MAJOR DETERIORATION OR SECTION LOSS PRESENT IN CRITICAL STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OR OBVIOUS VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT AFFECTING STRUCTURAL STABILITY. BRIDGE IS CLOSED TO TRAFFIC BUT CORRECTIVE ACTION MAY PUT IT BACK IN LIGHT SERVICE. 0 FAILED CONDITION - OUT OF SERVICE AND BEYOND CORRECTIVE ACTION.
	EARLIEST DATE OF NEXT REGULAR INSPECTION	<input type="text" value="08/03/2019"/>	
		<input type="text" value="/ /"/>	
10	MINIMUM V.C. OVER DECK (ROADWAY + SHOULDERS)	99 FT. 99 IN.	
520	MINIMUM V.C. OVER DECK (EXCLUDES SHOULDERS)	99 FT. 99 IN.	
36	TRAFFIC SAFETY FEATURES		
	Br. Rail	0	
	Trans.	0	
	Appr. Rail	0	
	Terminal	0	
	SPEED LIMIT	45	
41	STRC OPEN/CLOSED/POSTED	P	
	A K P		
58	DECK	5	
59	SUPERSTRUCTURE	5	
60	SUBSTRUCTURE	4	
61	CHANL/CHANL PROTECTION	6	
62	CULVERT AND RETAIN WALL	N	
71	WATERWAY ADEQUACY	6	
72	APPROACH RDWY ALIGNMENT	8	
521	OVERALL CONDITION	<input type="text" value="POOR"/>	
16	LATITUDE	N 36° .8600'	
17	LONGITUDE	W 88° 32.4583'	
		<input type="text" value="/ /"/>	
	TEAM LEADER SIGNATURE		
	REVIEW DATE		

Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17



**BRIDGE NUMBER**



**LOOKING AHEAD ON ROUTE**

**Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17**



**UP STREAM**



**VIEW ACROSS TOP OF DECK**

**Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17**



**DOWN STREAM**



**LOOKING BACK ON ROUTE**

Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17



**ABUTMENT 2**



**BENT 1 REAR SIDE**



Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17



**BENT 2 FRONT SIDE**



**RIGHT SIDE ELEVATION**

Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17



**SPAN 2 BOTTOM DECK**



**LEFT SIDE ELEVATION**

Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17



**ABUTMENT 2 BREAST WALL**



**BOTTOM DECK REST OF SPANS**

Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17



**SPAN 1 SLAB "F"**



**ABUTMENT 1**

Bridge Loc. No: 09-SR436-00.68      Date: 10-02-17



**BENT 1 A PILE "C"**



**BENT 1 A PILE "C"**



APPROACH 1 WEIGHT LIMIT



APPROACH 2 WEIGHT LIMIT

10-02-17

**BRIDGE INSPECTION REPORT**

Form BIR 3.0  
(Rev. 9-22-98)  
DT-0069

Field Report No.: 24 Date: 10/2/17  
Previous Report No.: 23 Date: 11/23/15  
Co. Seq 01 Plans: YES (X) NO ( )

Bridge No. 09S82330001 Bridge Location No. 09 - SR436 - 0068  
Eleven-Digit No. Co. Route Log Mile OVER/UNDER PASS

REEDY CREEK  
Road Name Feature Intersected CITY  
Year Constructed 1960 County Carroll Maint. Dist: 47 Maint. Resp: 02  
Year Widened \_\_\_\_\_ Year Rehabilitated \_\_\_\_\_

Structure Name (If Named) \_\_\_\_\_  
**FEATURES**  
Wearing Surface Concrete ( ) Timber ( ) Asphalt (X) Depth 1 1/2" (in.)  
Flared Width Yes ( ) No (X) Median Width Open ( ) None (X) Closed ( )  
Navigational Control Yes ( ) No (X) Bridge Skew 90 ° LT ( ) RT ( )  
Structure Type (Main Span) CONCRETE BOX BEAM & P. C. C. S.  
Structure Type (Appr. Spans) \_\_\_\_\_  
No. Main Spans 4 No. Approach Spans \_\_\_\_\_  
Maximum Span Length 33.0 (\*\*. \* ft.)  
Total Length 91.0 (\*\*. \* ft.)

**INSPECTORS**  
1. Jones TL  
2. Aiken, norton  
3. Conway  
4. Thomas  
5. B Jones  
6. HAYNES  
7. \_\_\_\_\_  
8. \_\_\_\_\_

**WIDTHS** (\*. \* ft.)  
Deck Out-to-Out 22.0  
Roadway Curb/Curb 21.0  
Roadway Rail/Rail \_\_\_\_\_  
Sidewalk Rt. \_\_\_\_\_ Lt. \_\_\_\_\_  
\*Approach Roadway 18.0  
\*(Does Not Include Shoulders)  
Approach Shoulder Rt. 3.0  
Lt. 3.0

**CLEARANCES**  
Min. Vertical Clearance over Deck \_\_\_\_\_ (ft.-in.)  
Min. Vertical Under Clearance \_\_\_\_\_ (ft.-in.)  
Min. Lateral Under Clearance Rt. \_\_\_\_\_ (\*. \* ft.)  
Min. Lateral Under Clearance Lt. \_\_\_\_\_ (\*. \* ft.)  
**FRACTURE CRITICAL:** \_\_\_\_\_  
(If Yes, Include BIR 3.9)  
NBIS Bridge Length (<25 ft.) \_\_\_\_\_ (ft.-in.)

**UNDERWATER INSPECTION**

To Be Performed By: \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
DOT FIELD TEAM ( ) CONTRACT DIVERS ( ) NONE REQUIRED (X)

Change in Structural Condition: Yes ( ) No (X) Major Repairs Made: Yes ( ) No (X)

**COMMENTS:**

Leonard Jones

Digitally signed by Leonard Jones  
DN: cn=Leonard Jones, o=TDOT,  
ou=Bridge Inspection,  
email=leonard.jones@tn.gov, c=US  
Date: 2017.10.03 12:08:43 -05'00'

LATITUDE: N36 ° 0.8600 '  
LONGITUDE: W88 ° 32.4583 '  
G.P.S. Location

BRIDGE RATING: ( ) ( ) (X) ( )  
GOOD FAIR POOR CRITICAL

Supervising Bridge Inspector: L Jones

Form BIR 3.1  
(Rev. 9-22-98)  
DT-0080

Bridge Location No. 09 - SR436 - 0068  
Co. Route Log Mile

Date 10/2/17

**PERFORMANCE EVALUATION**

Time of Day Inspected 9:15 AM Weather Conditions Partly cloudy 64°  
Vehicles Observed NO RAMP TRAFFIC

**LIVE LOAD BEHAVIOR**

Substructure	YES	NO	Comments
Horiz./ Vert. Defl.	( )	(X)	
Vibration	( )	(X)	
Superstructure			
Horiz./ Vert. Defl.	( )	(X)	
Vibration	( )	(X)	

**APPROACH**

	Rating	Comments
Alignment	G <u>(G)</u> F P C	
Slab	G F P C	N/A
Joints	G F P C	N/A
Pavement	G <u>(F)</u> P C	Fine to 1/8" cracks & light softening in minor spalling
Embankment	G <u>(F)</u> P C	
Drains	G F P C	N/A

**TRAFFIC SAFETY FEATURES**

	Rating	STANDARD/ SUB-STANDARD	Comments
Bridgerailing	G <u>(F)</u> P C	( ) (X)	
Transitions	G F P C	( ) ( )	N/A
Guardrail	G F P C	( ) ( )	
Guardrail Terminal	G F P C	( ) ( )	

**SIGNING**

	YES	NO	NEEDED	Weight Limit Posted
Paddleboards	(X)	( )	( )	YES (X) NO ( )
Vertical Clearance (<14'-6")	( )	(X)	( )	Gross..... <u>40</u> Tons
NARROW ( )	( )	(X)	( )	2 Axle..... <u>40</u> Tons
ONE LANE BRIDGE ( )	( )	(X)	( )	3 or more Axles.. _____ Tons

Other Signs or Plaques: \_\_\_\_\_

Comments Regarding any Problems with Signing: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



**DECK**

	Rating	Comments
Wearing Surface	G <u>F</u> P C	
Deck - Structural Condition	G F <u>P</u> C	See slabs
Curbs	<u>G</u> F P C	
Median	G F P C	
Sidewalks	G F P C	
Parapet	G <u>F</u> P C	
Railing	G F P C	
Paint	G F P C	
Drains	<u>G</u> F P C	
Lighting Standards	G F P C	
Utilities	G F P C	
Joint Leakage	G F P C	
Expansion Joints	G F P C	

**SUPERSTRUCTURE**

Bearing Devices	G F P C	
Beams <i>CBB</i>	<u>G</u> F P C	
Girders	G F P C	
PCCS	G F <u>P</u> C	SPAN # 1 "F" Spall TO Steel (24D)
BOLTS (PCCS)	<u>G</u> F P C	
Floor Beams	G F P C	
Stringers	G F P C	
Diaphragms	G F P C	
Bracing	G F P C	
Trusses - General	G F P C	
Portals	G F P C	
Bracing	G F P C	
Paint	G F P C	
Alignment of Members	<u>G</u> F P C	

**TEXTURE COAT**

Condition Rating	G F P C	Fading	G F P C
Overall Appearance	G <u>F</u> P C	Needs Spot Painting	YES ( ) / NO ( )
Staining Rating	G F P C	Needs Repainting	YES <u>( )</u> / NO ( )
Comments	Scaling Rating G F P C		
RECOMMENDATIONS:	CLEAN SEAL JOINTS ( )		
	CLEAN DRAINS ( )		

**SUBSTRUCTURE**

PILES TO BE  
REPLACED

**ABUTMENTS**

	Rating	Comments	PILE(S)	ABUTMENT
Caps	G <u>F</u> P C			
Breastwall	G F <u>P</u> C	<u>Abut # 2</u>		<u>(167)</u>
Wings	G <u>F</u> P C			
Backwall	G F P C			
Plumb	<u>G</u> F P C			
Footing	G F P C			
Piles	G <u>F</u> P C			
Embankment	<u>G</u> F P C			
Bearing <u>veg</u>	G F <u>P</u> C	<u>Heavy in General</u>		<u>(204)</u>
Slope Paving	G F P C			
Rip Rap	<u>G</u> F P C			
Earthquake Devices	G F P C			

**PIERS**

	Rating	Comments	PILE(S)	PIER
Caps	G F P C			
Columns	G F P C			
Plumb	G F P C	<u>X/A</u>		
Footings	G F P C			
Piles	G F P C			
Bearing	G F P C			
Web	G F P C			
Earthquake Devices	G F P C			

**BENTS**

	Rating	Comments	PILE(S)	BENT
Caps	G <u>F</u> P C			
Columns	G F P C			
Plumb	<u>G</u> F P C			
Footings <u>conc casing</u>	<u>G</u> F P C			
Piles	G F <u>P</u> C	<u>Pile "C" Bent # 1A</u>		<u>(141)</u> <sup>1</sup>
Bearing	G F P C			
Bracing	G <u>F</u> P C			
Earthquake Devices	G F P C			

Piles Need Replacement: NO ( ) YES (X)

(141) <sup>1</sup>

CUT VEGETATION NO ( ) YES (X)

(204)

CLEAR DRIFT NO (X) YES ( )

RECOMMENDATIONS:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**STREAM CHANNEL DATA AND CONDITIONS**

Stream Crossing: REEDY CREEK

- I. 1. Type of bed material? CLAY, SILT & SAND
- 2. Has channel shifted? YES ( ) NO (X) NOT APPARENT ( )
- 3. Condition of rip-rap? G (F) P C Est. % failed \_\_\_\_\_ % N/A ( )
- 4. Overall condition of channel? G (F) P C
- 5. Item 61 - Code values 0 thru 9 according to the recording and coding guide currently in effect: 6
- 6. Underwater diver inspection recommended? YES ( ) NO (X)  
If yes, why? \_\_\_\_\_

II. Channel and bank stability conditions: (check if applicable)

- 1. Steep bank conditions: - Failures upstream ( ) Failures downstream ( )
- 2. Moderate bank erosion (X)
- 3. Bank vegetation: a. low growth (X) b. large timber (X) c. clear banks ( )  
d. dead trees upstream (X) e. dead trees downstream (X)
- 4. Sediment or gravel accumulation: YES ( ) NO (X) UNKNOWN ( )
- 5. Channel altered or straightened: YES ( ) NO (X) UNKNOWN ( )
- 6. Stable conditions: a. live growth (X) b. bedrock ( )  
c. boulders ( ) d. flat slopes (<=2:1) ( )

III. Waterway adequacy and debris characteristics: (check if applicable)

- 1. Bridge deck elevations:
  - a. level with approach roadway. .... (X)
  - b. higher than approach roadway. .... ( )
  - c. roadway approach >= 2 ft. above natural ground line. . (X)
- 2. Abutment encroaches into channel. .... ( )
- 3. Large scour (blowhole) under bridge. .... ( )
- 4. Indications that flood waters overtop bridge:  
NO (X) YES ( ) OCCASIONALLY ( ) FREQUENTLY ( ) UNKNOWN ( )
- 5. Debris characteristics:
  - a. debris/drift present. YES ( ) NO (X)
  - b. debris/drift likely to accumulate YES (X) NO ( )
  - c. dead trees upstream (X) dead trees downstream (X)

IV. Comments: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**SPECIAL INSPECTION DATA - FOR REASONS OTHER THAN FC OR SCOUR**

- I. Does this bridge need a special inspection? YES ( ) NO (X)
- II. Reason for special inspection: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Inspection Team's Summary  
Bridge Location No. 09 - SR436 - 00.68  
Inspection Date 10 - 02 - 17  
Bridge Rating POOR

THIS IS A 4 SPAN P.C.C.S. & CONCRETE BOX BEAM BRIDGE  
SUBSTRUCTURE IS TIMBER  
SAFETY FEATURES ARE METAL GUARD RAILS, PADDLE BOARDS &  
WEIGHT LIMIT SIGNS  
APPROACH ASPHALT HAS FINE TO 1/8" CRACKS, LIGHT SETTLING &  
SPALLING  
P.C.C.S. HAS HAIRLINE TO 1/8" CRACKING & SPALL TO STEEL  
SPAN # 1 SLAB "F" HAS SPALL TO STEEL  
BOX BEAMS HAVE NO PROBLEMS  
SUBSTRUCTURE HAS LIGHT TO MEDIUM WEATHERING & SCATTERED  
DECAY  
BENT # 1 A PILE "C" HAS HEAVY DECAY  
ABUTMENT # 2 BREAST WALL HAS HEAVY DECAY  
APPROACH # 1 WEIGHT LIMIT SIGNS ARE 40 TON

VEGETATION IS HEAVY WITH TREE GROWTH

NO ISSUES WITH SCOUR

SHAYNE HAYES

INSPECTOR

CROSS SECTION: YES (X) NO () BRM: YES () NO (X)

N/C

*S Jones*  
*10/21/17*  
*11/c*

10-02-17

**GROUND ELEVATIONS**

FEDERAL NUMBER ----- 09S82330001  
BRIDGE NO. ----- 9-436-0.68      DATE : 9/13/2000  
CROSSING ----- REEDY CREEK      N/C 6/19/08  
NUMBER OF PIERS ----- 3  
LOCATION OF PIERS ----- 19, 52, 71  
BENCH MARK ELEV. ---- 105.93  
BENCH MARK LOC. --- TOP CAP RT. SIDE A-1  
WATER ELEVATION -----

**INSPECTORS**  
~~SCOTT'S CREW~~  
*Blanken Ship Crew*

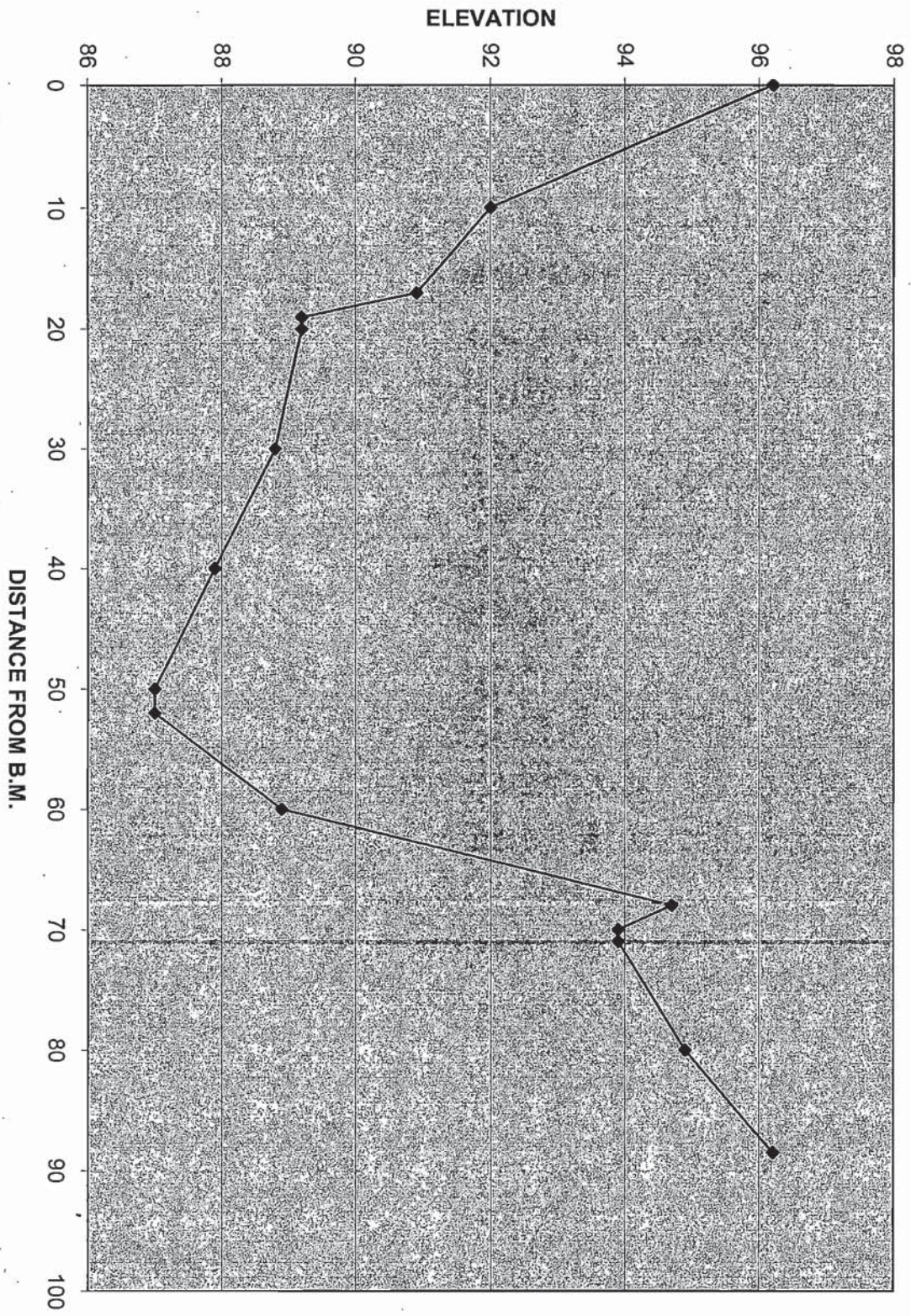
DISTANCE OF 0.00 = TOP OF BANK APPROACH 1 SIDE

DISTANCE AND ELEVATIONS ARE IN STANDARD MEASUREMENT

**UPSTREAM GROUND ELEVATION @ EDGE OF BRIDGE**

9/13/2000	
Distance from B.M.	Elevation
0	96.2
10	92
17	90.9
19	89.2
20	89.2
30	88.8
40	87.9
50	87
52	87
60	88.9
68	94.7
70	93.9
71	93.9
80	94.9
88.5	96.2

10-02-17



09S82330001 UPSTREAM D.L.

—◆— 9/13/2000

N/C 6/19/08

10-02-17

BRIDGE NO. -----

9-436-0.68

DATE :

9/13/2000

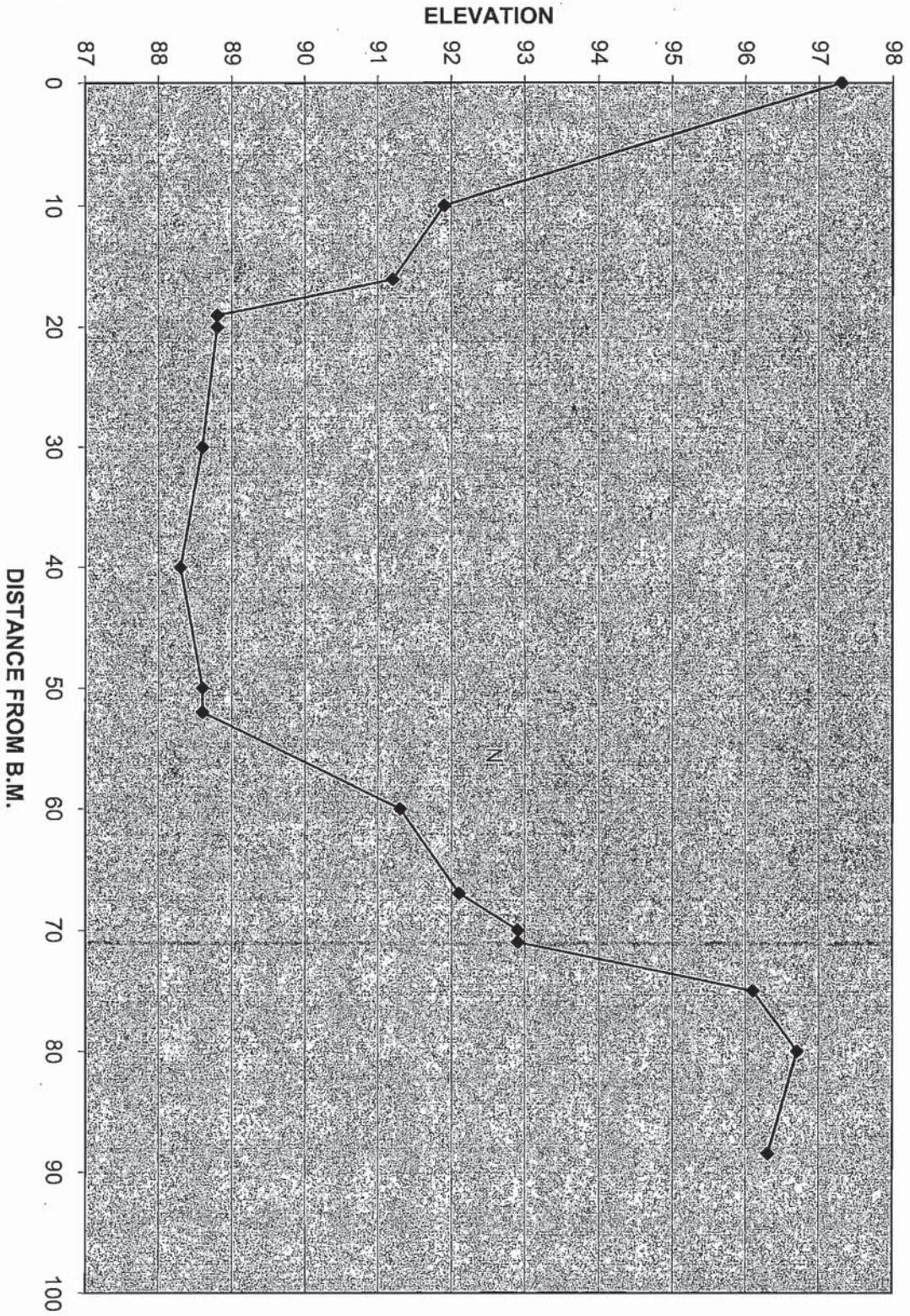
**DOWNSTREAM GROUND ELEVATION @ EDGE OF BRIDGE**

9/13/2000

Distance from B.M.	Elevation
0	97.3
10	91.9
16	91.2
19	88.8
20	88.8
30	88.6
40	88.3
50	88.6
52	88.6
60	91.3
67	92.1
70	92.9
71	92.9
75	96.1
80	96.7
88.5	96.3

10-02-17

09S82330001 DOWNSTREAM D.L.



9/13/2000

N/C 6/19/08



10-02-17

BRIDGE NO. -----

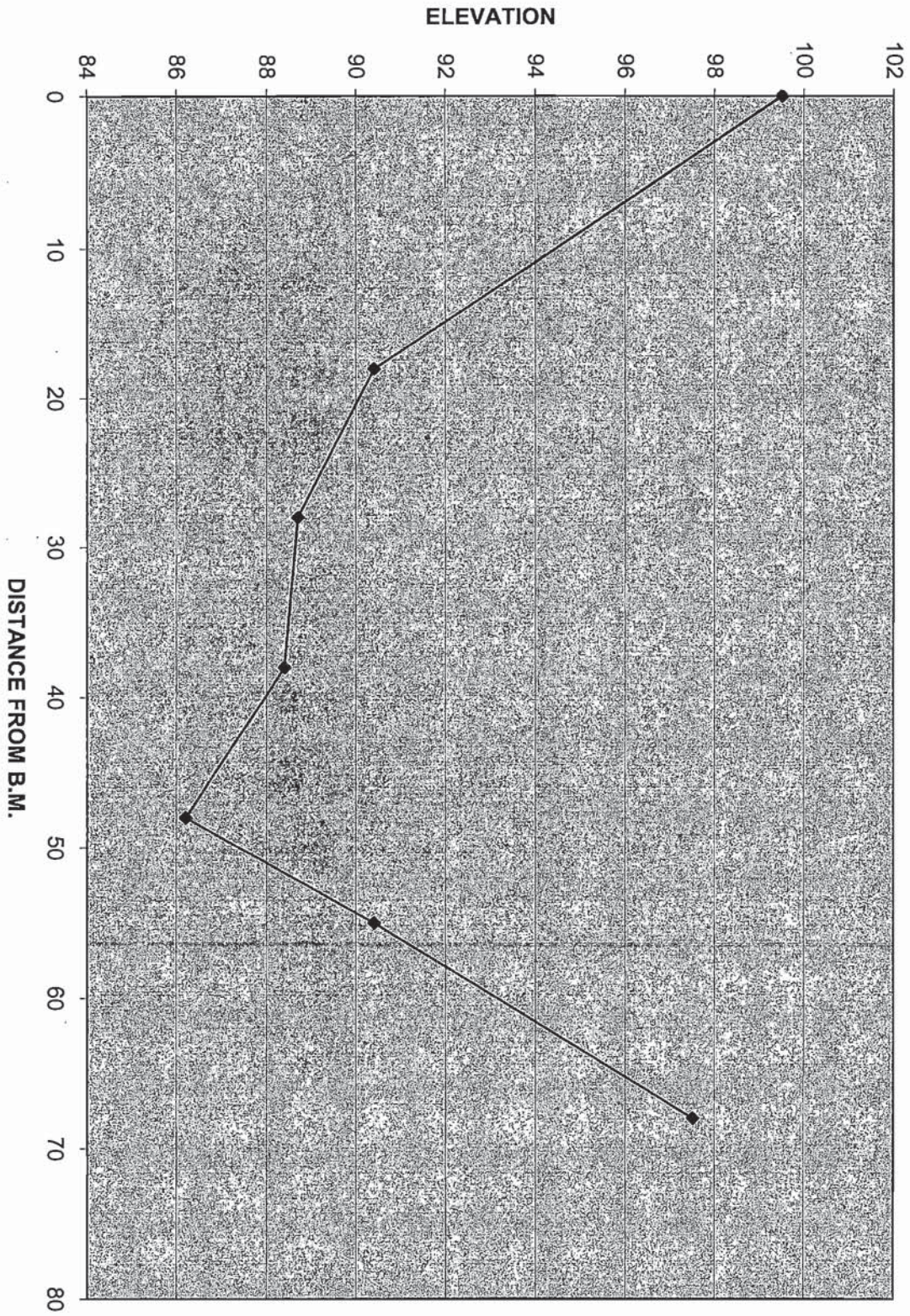
9-436-0.68

DATE :

9/13/2000

**100' UPSTREAM, STREAMBED ELEVATIONS BANK TO BANK**

9/13/2000	
Distance from B.M.	Elevation
0	99.5
18	90.4
28	88.7
38	88.4
48	86.2
55	90.4
68	97.5



09S82330001 UPSTREAM 100'

—◆— 9/13/2000

n/c06/19/08

10-02-17

BRIDGE NO. -----

9-436-0.68

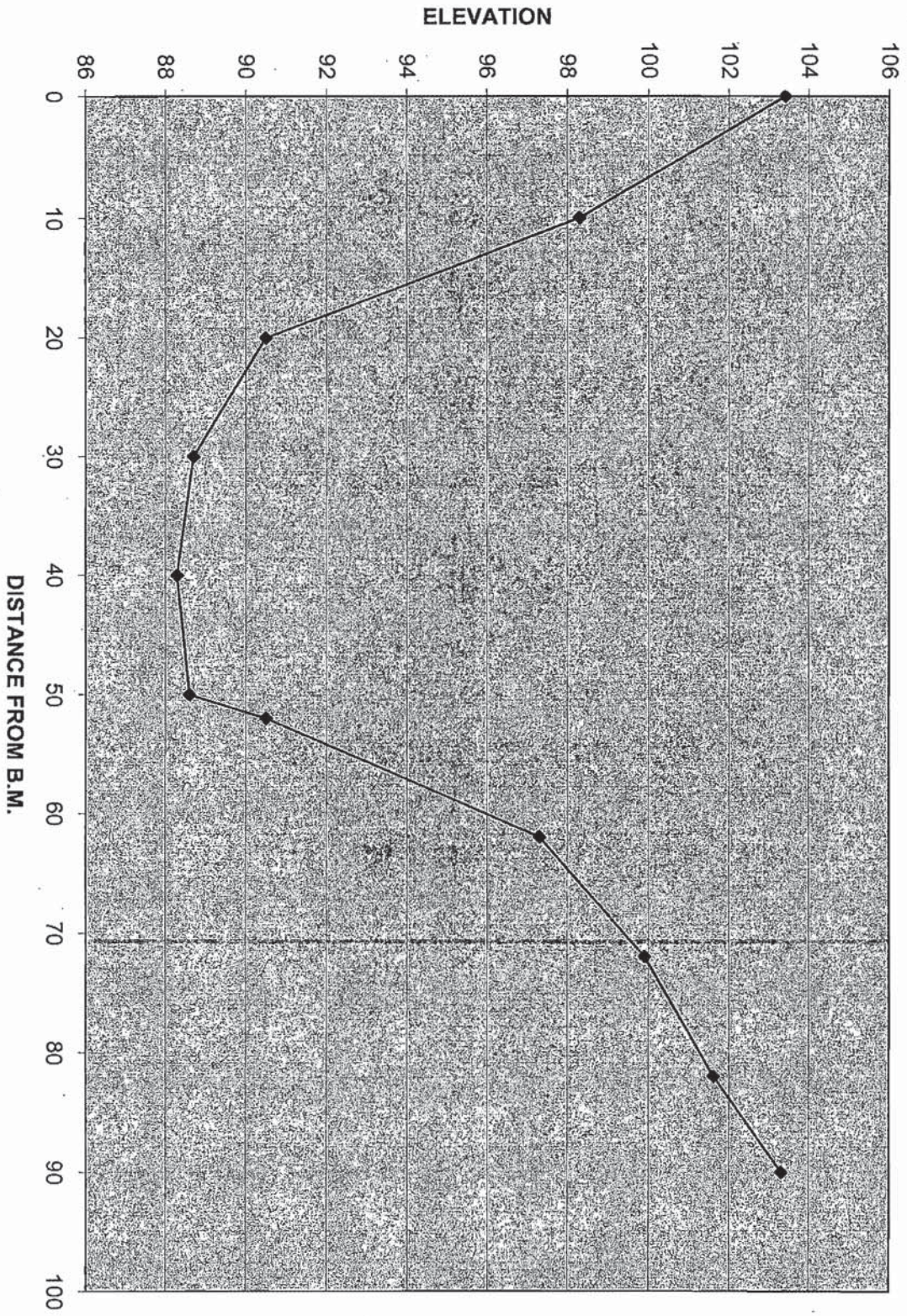
DATE :

9/13/2000

**100' DOWNSTREAM, STREAMBED ELEVATIONS BANK TO BANK**

9/13/2000	
Distance from B.M.	Elevation
0	103.4
10	98.3
20	90.5
30	88.7
40	88.3
50	88.6
52	90.5
62	97.3
72	99.9
82	101.6
90	103.3

10-02-17



09S82330001 DOWNSTREAM 100'

9/13/2000

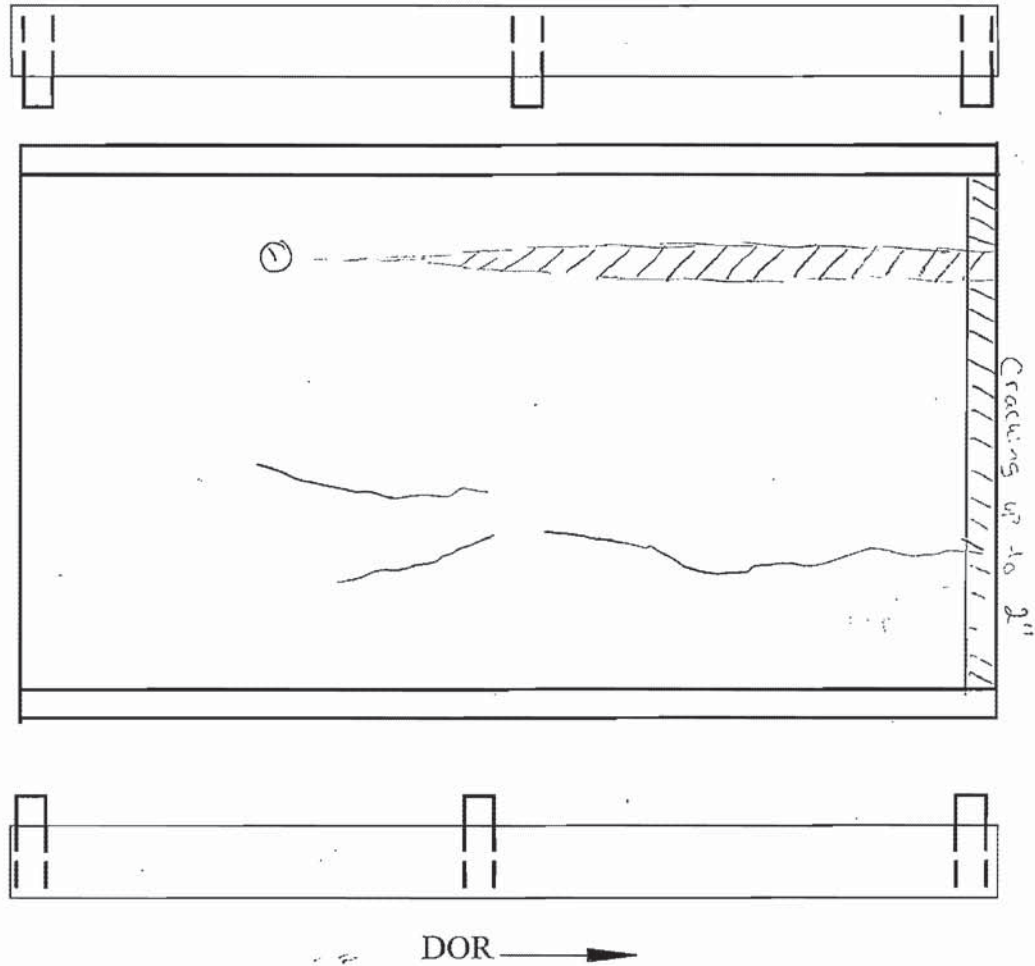
n/c06/19/08

10-02-17

Bridge No. 09 SR436 0.68

Skew 90 RT.

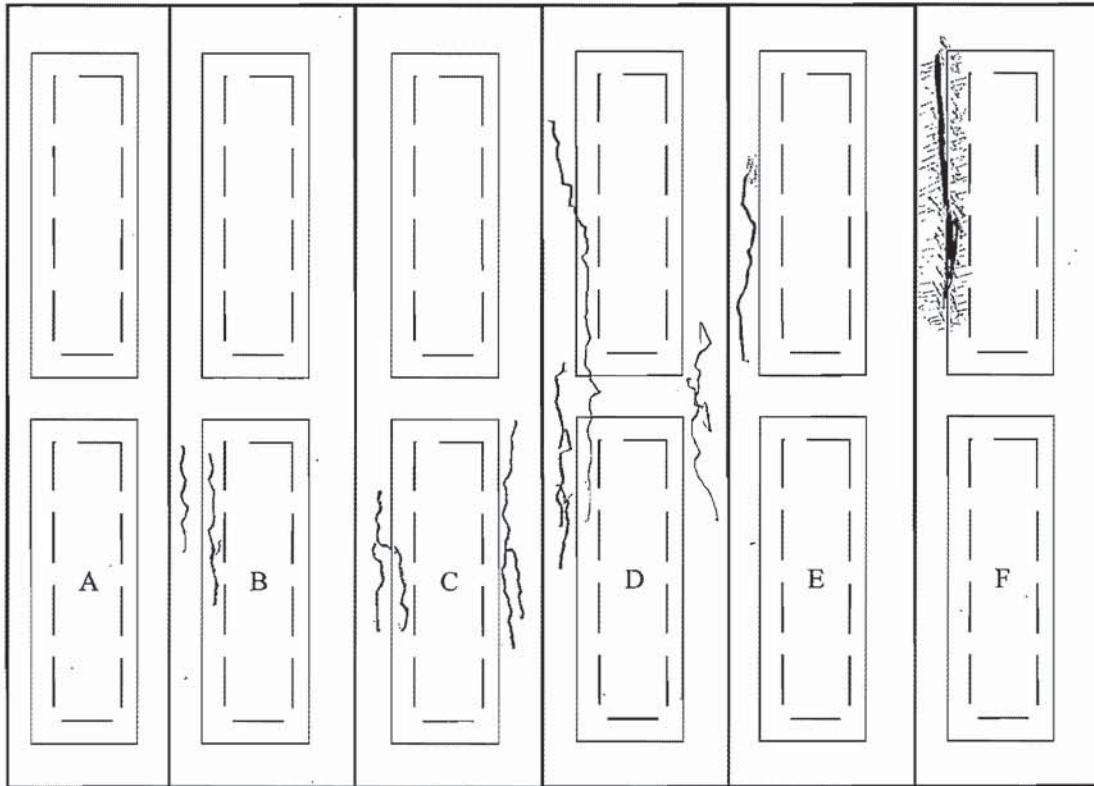
SPAN. NO. 1



ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
TOP DECK	G $\hat{F}$ P C	Spalling between slabs ① 10' L X 4" W X 6" Depth 1/6" cracks - 1/2" / ②
CURBS	G F P C	
RAIL & POST	G F P C	
<del>PAINT</del>	G F P C	
DRAINS	G F P C	
JOINT	G F P C	N/A
	G F P C	

09 SR436 0.68 90  
 Bridge No. Co. Route Log Mile R/L Skew

SPAN. NO. \_\_\_ / \_\_\_



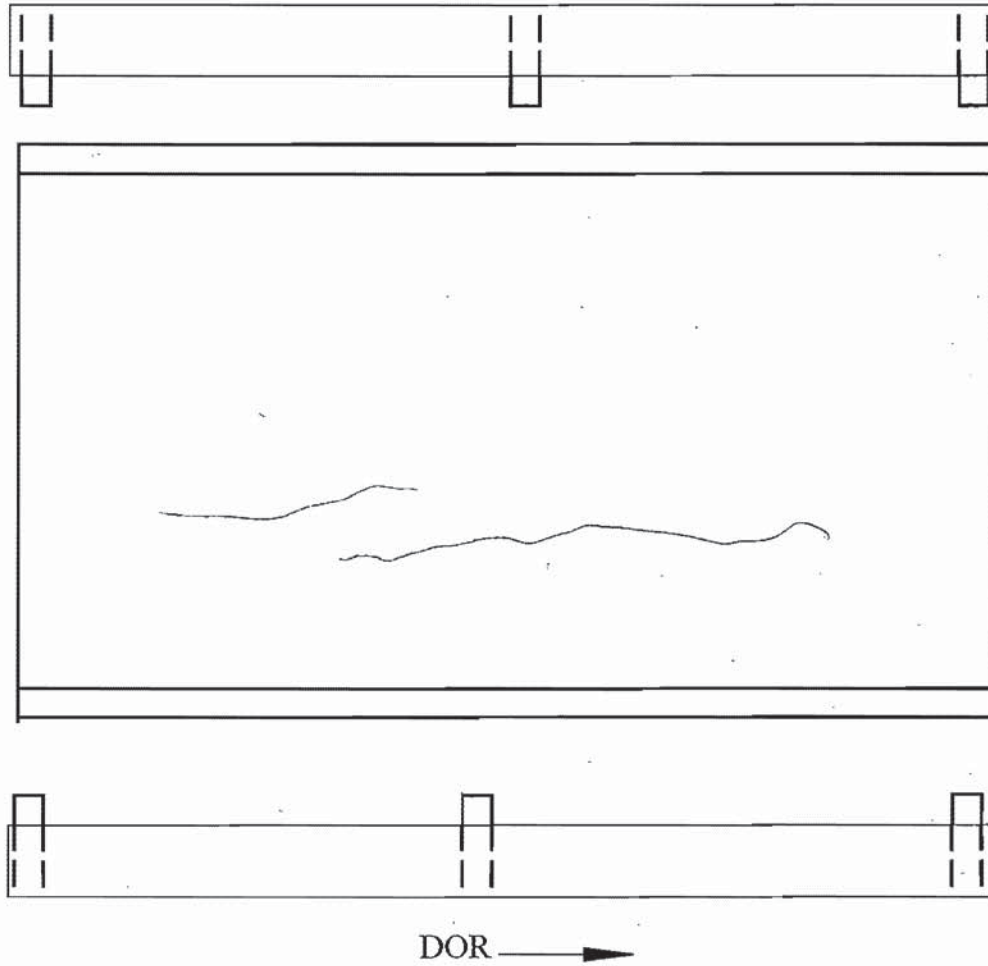
ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
SLABS A	G F P C	
B	G F P C	Hairline crack
C	G F P C	1/16" cracking
D	G F P C	1/8" cracking
E	G F P C	1/8" cracking
F	G F P C	Spill to steel
	G F P C	
	G F P C	
BOLTS	G F P C	
	G F P C	

10-02-17

Bridge No. 09 SR436 0.68

Skew 90 RT.

SPAN. NO. 2



ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
TOP DECK	G <sup>(F)</sup> P C	Cracks up to 1/16"
CURBS	G F P C	
RAIL & POST	G F P C	
<del>PAINT</del>	G F P C	
DRAINS	G F P C	None
JOINT	G F P C	N/V
	G F P C	

10-02-17

48 436 D.68

Bridge No. Co. Route Log Mile R/L Skew

SPAN. NO. 2

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
---	---	---	---	---	---	---



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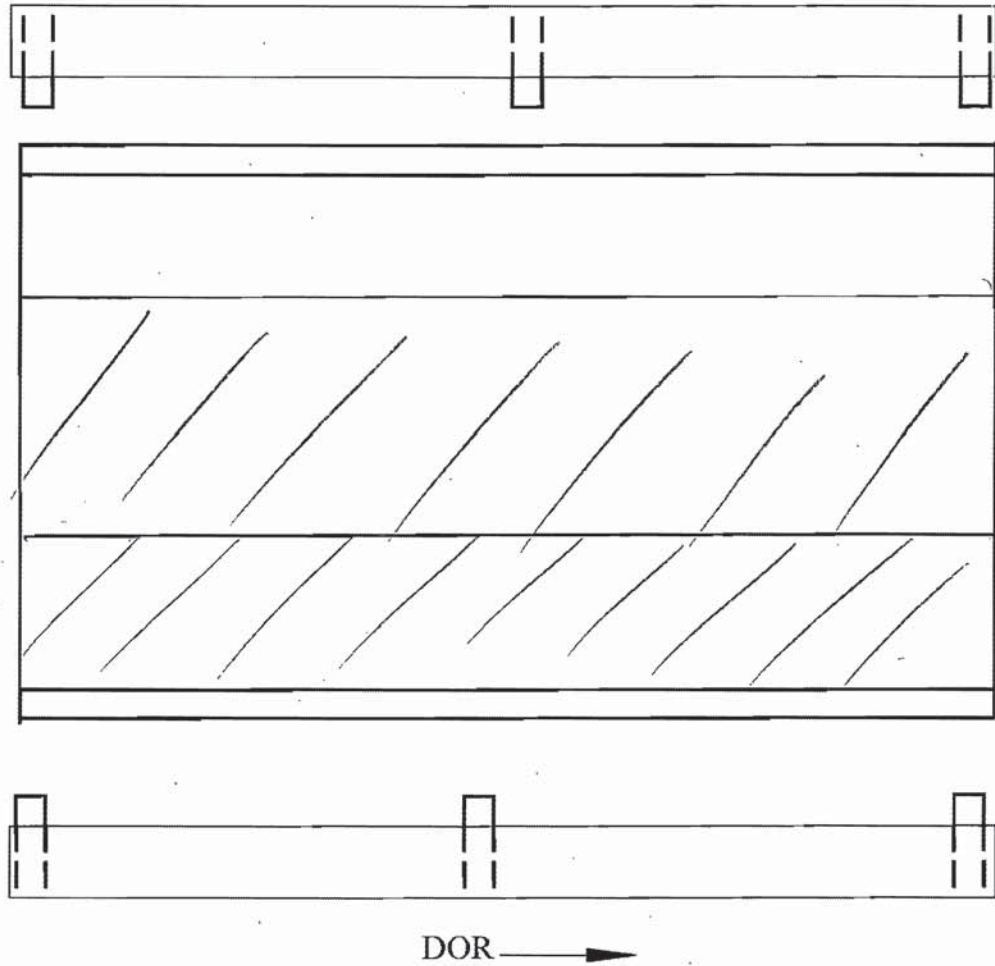
ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
BOX BEAM A	G F P C	
B	G F P C	
C	G F P C	
D	G F P C	
E	G F P C	
F	G F P C	
G	G F P C	
	G F P C	
	G F P C	
	G F P C	



10-02-17

Bridge No. 09 SR436 0.68 Skew 90 RT.

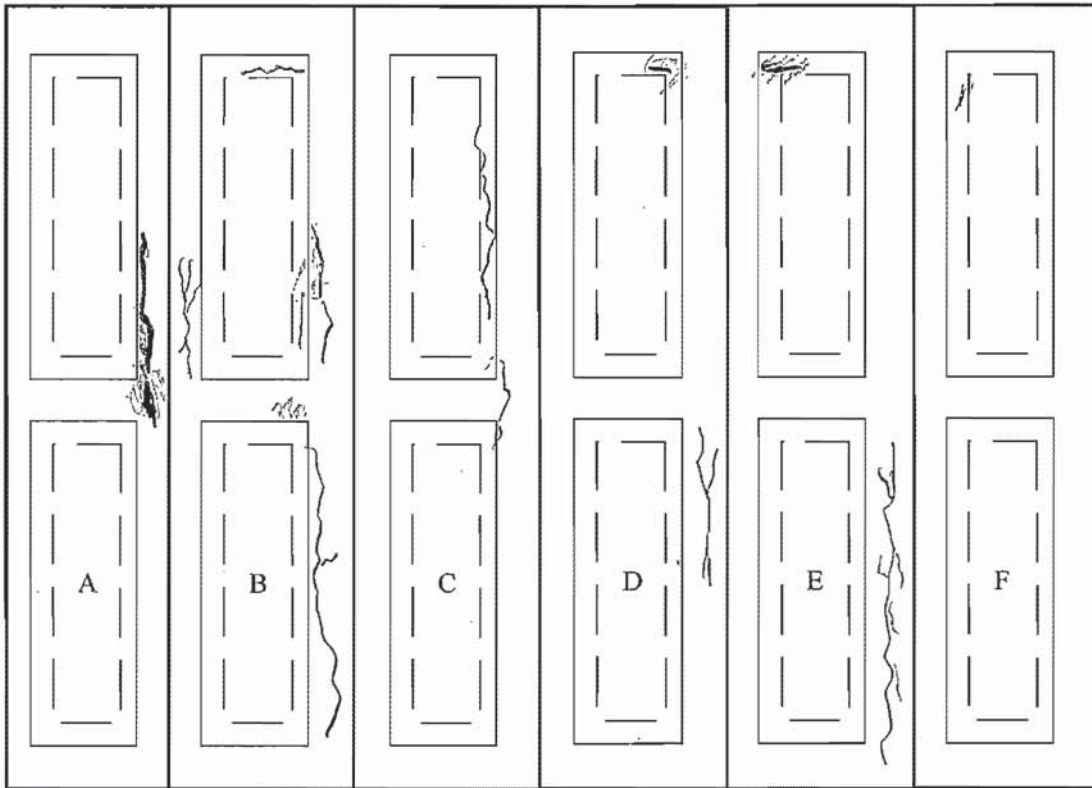
SPAN. NO. 3



ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
TOP DECK	G (F) P C	Uneven patch work
CURBS	(G) F P C	
RAIL & POST	G (F) P C	Bent Post on Right side
<del>PAINT</del>	G F P C	
DRAINS	(G) F P C	
JOINT	G F P C	N/V
	G F P C	

09 SR436 0.68 90  
 Bridge No. Co. Route Log Mile R/L Skew

SPAN. NO. 3

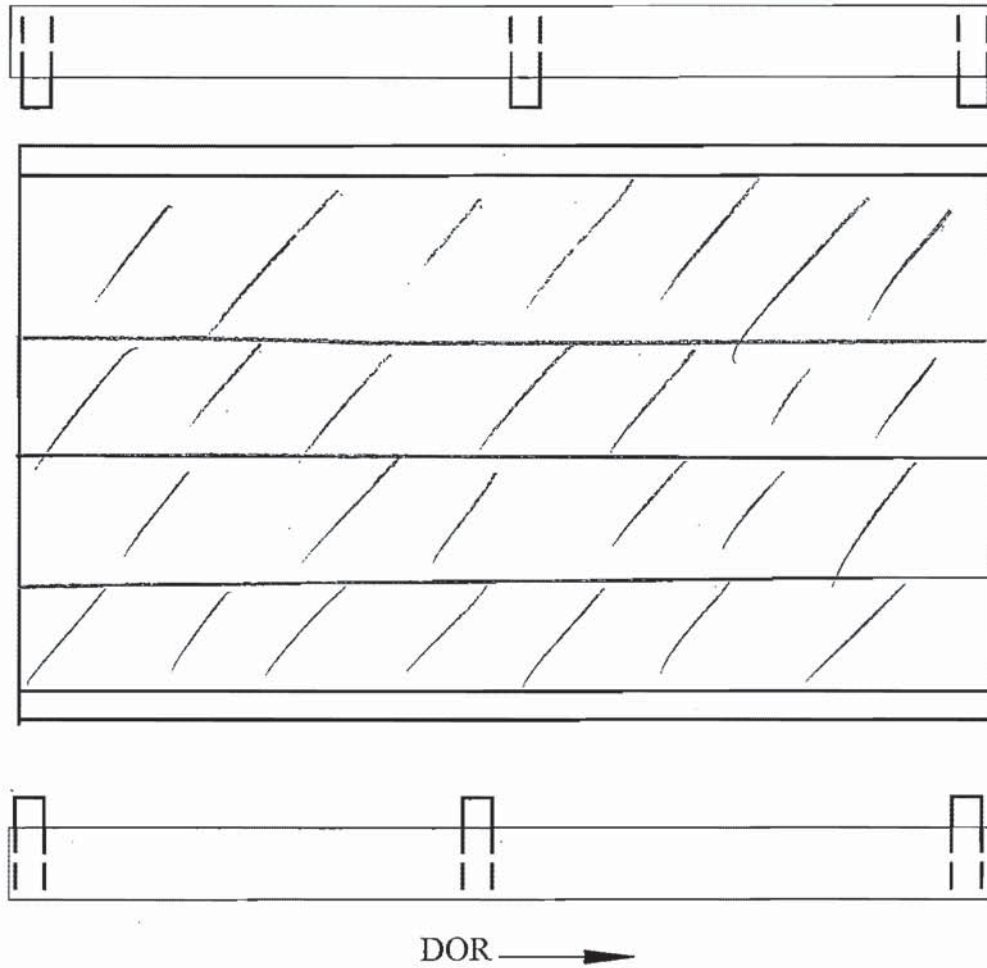


ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
SLABS A	GⓈP C	1/8" cracking, spalling to steel
B	GⓈP C	1/16" cracking, spalling
C	GⓈP C	1/16" cracking
D	GⓈP C	1/16" cracking
E	GⓈP C	1/16" cracking, spalling to steel
F	ⓈG F P C	Hairline crack
	G F P C	
	G F P C	
BOLTS	ⓈG F P C	
	G F P C	

10-02-17

Bridge No. 09 SR436 0.68 Skew 90 RT.

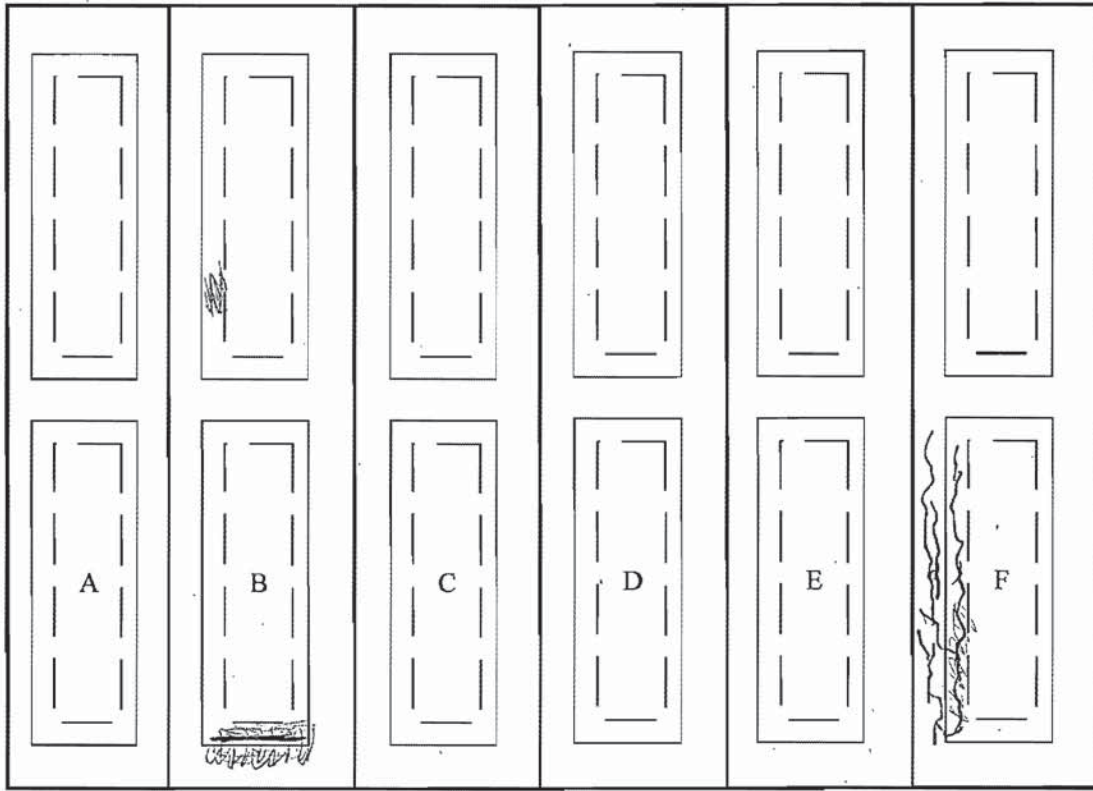
SPAN. NO. 4



ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
TOP DECK	GⓇP C	Uneven patch work
CURBS	GⓇP C	
RAIL & POST	GⓇP C	Bent post on right side
PAINT	G F P C	
DRAINS	GⓇP C	
JOINT	G F P C G F P C	N/A

09 SR436 0.68 90  
 Bridge No. Co. Route Log Mile R/L Skew

SPAN: NO. 4



ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
SLABS A	G F P C	
B	G F P C	Spall to steel
C	G F P C	
D	G F P C	
E	G F P C	
F	G F P C	1/8" cracking
	G F P C	
	G F P C	
BOLTS	G F P C	
	G F P C	

10-02-17

Rev. 08/03/00

Date: 10/2/17

BRIDGE NUMBER: 09S82330001 09 SR436 0068

Pg. #      of     

CROSSING: REEDY CREEK

DATE 11/23/15

LAST EXPOSURE	ABUT/BENT/PIER NUMBER	TOTAL HEIGHT TOP OF CAP TO (OR GROUND LINE/ DATE FOR PILES	(t) FOOTING THICKNESS	W/FTG @ H= TOP OF CAP TO TOP OF FOOTING	EXPOSURE
6.0'	A-1				6.1'
9.7'	B-1A				8.6'
10.0'	B-1B				9.8'
11.7'	B-2A				11.1'
9.8'	B-2B				10.5'
7.1'	B-3				7.8'
5.8'	A-2				5.8'

<u>10.9'</u>	TOP OF CAP TO TOP OF WATER: _____	RIP-RAP: YES: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO: <input type="checkbox"/>
_____	100.00' UPSTREAM: _____	@ ABUTMENTS: <u>1 + 2</u>
_____	THRU STRUCTURE: _____	@ BENTS/PIERS: <u>1A + B, 2A + B</u>
_____	100.00' DOWNSTREAM: _____	UPSTREAM <input type="checkbox"/> _____
		DOWNSTREAM <input type="checkbox"/> _____
		THRU STRUCTURE <input type="checkbox"/> _____

COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

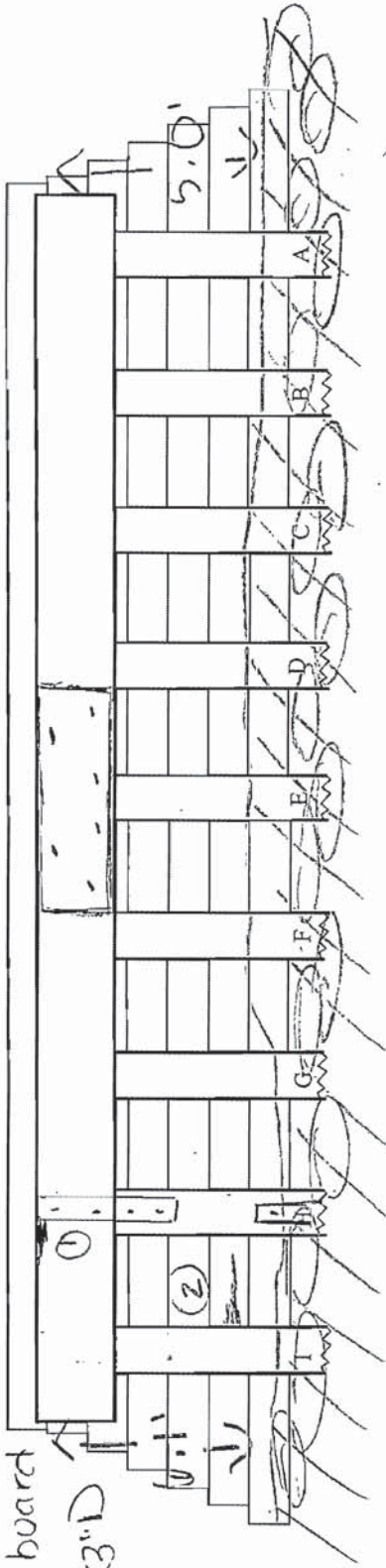
\_\_\_\_\_

Rev. 08/03/00

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

① Decayed circles  
7" WX Z "HX Z" D

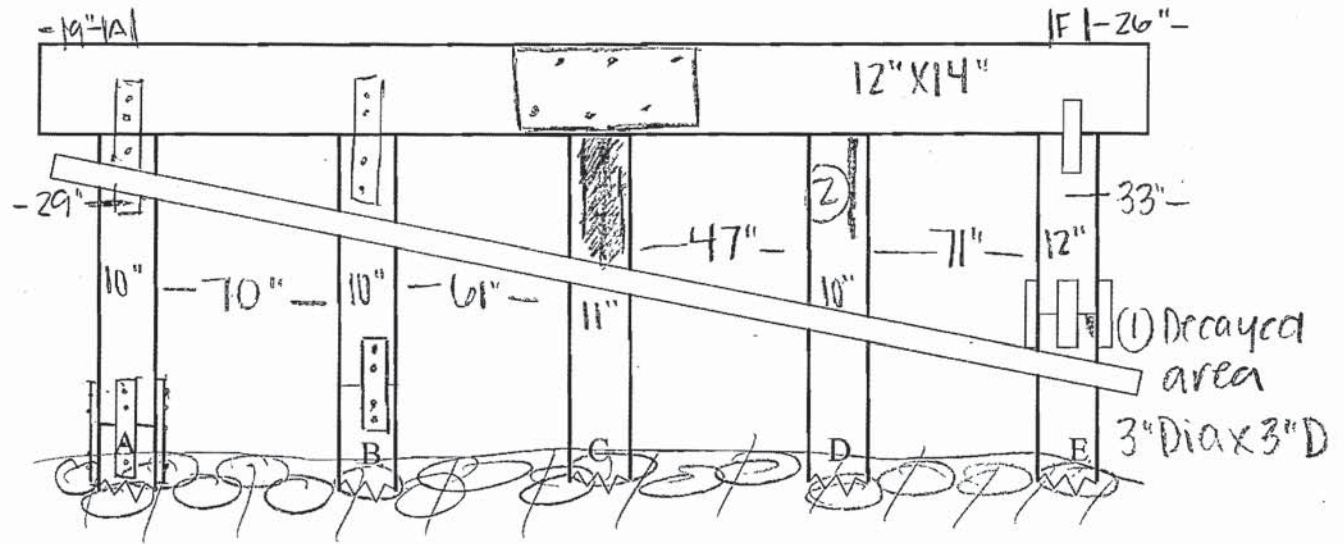
② Decayed board  
28" WX Z "HX 3" D



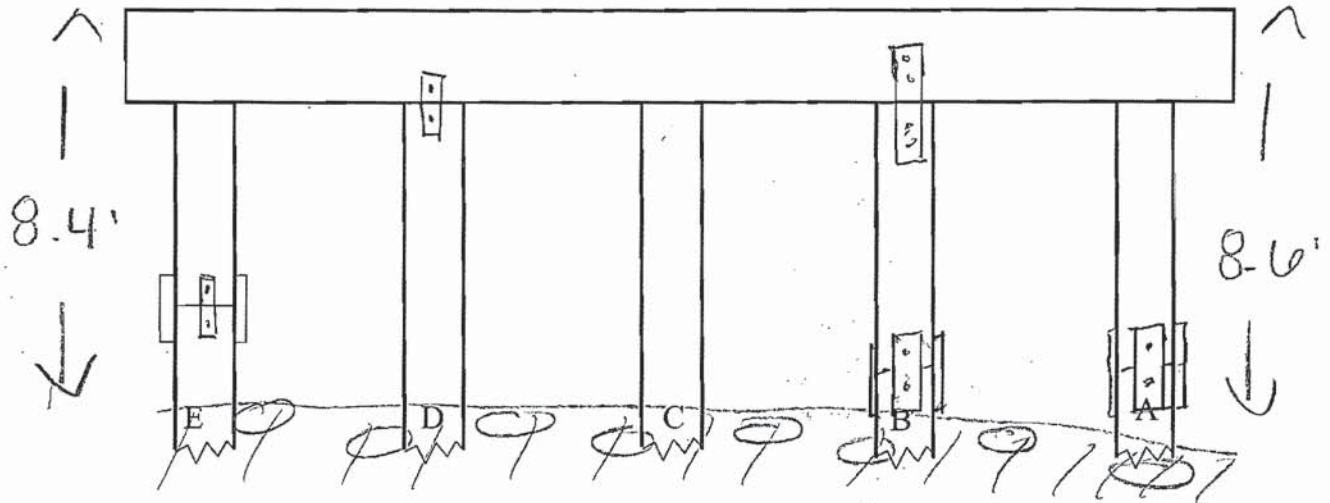
LOOKING BACK

ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
CAP	G F P C	①, Light weathering Light to med. weathering
WINGS	G F P C	
PILES A - I	G F P C	②, Light to med. weathering tree growth
	G F P C	
	G F P C	
	G F P C	
	G F P C	
BREASTWALL	G F P C	
EMB.	G F P C	
VEG.	G F P C	
RIP - RAP	G F P C	
	G F P C	

3 splintered  
 8" H x 2" W x 3" D



FRONT VIEW



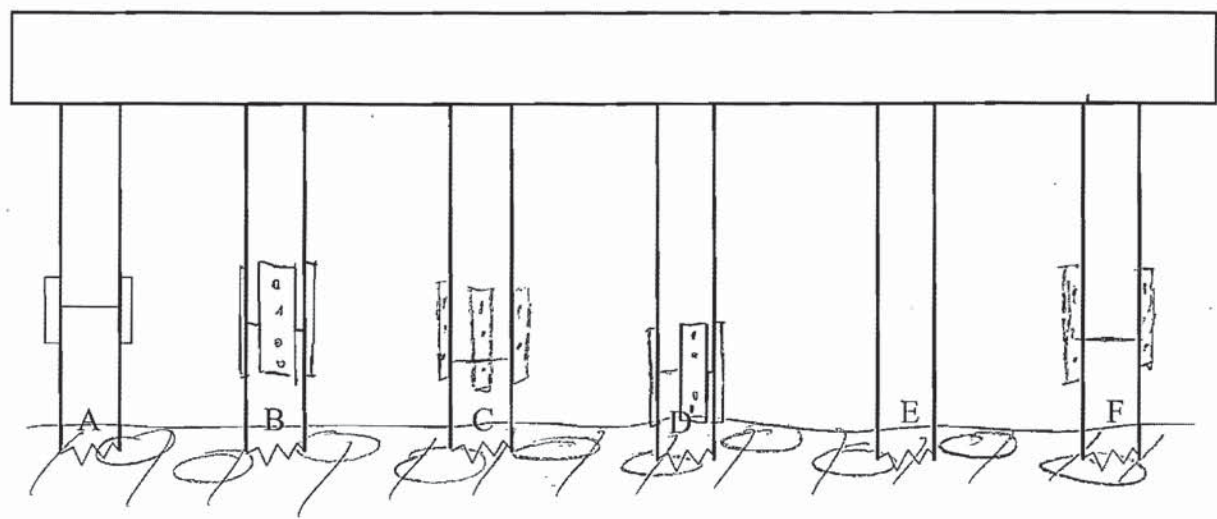
REAR VIEW

ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
CAP	G(F) P C	Light to med. weathering
PILES A	G(F) P C	" "
B	G(F) P C	
C	G F (P) C	Heavy decay 4' H x upto 90%
D	G(F) P C	(2)
E	G(F) P C	(1)
RIP - RAP	G F P C	
BRACING	G(F) P C	med. weathering

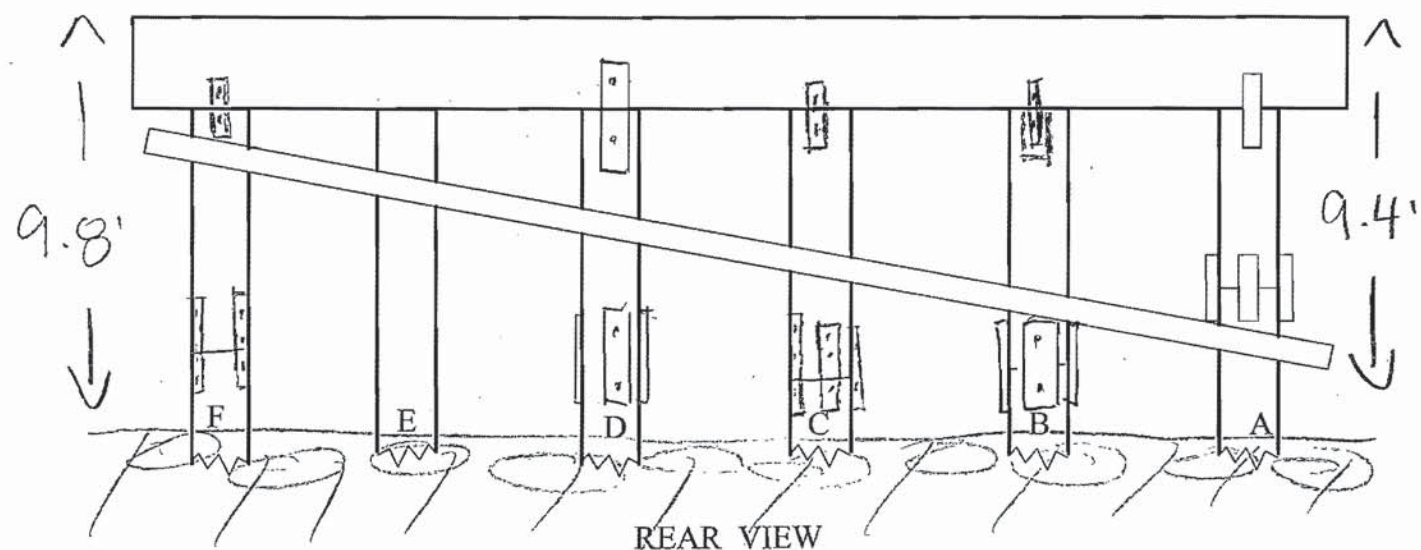
10-02-17

09 -- SR436 -- 0.68  
 Bridge No. Co. Route Log Mile

BENT. NO. 1 - B



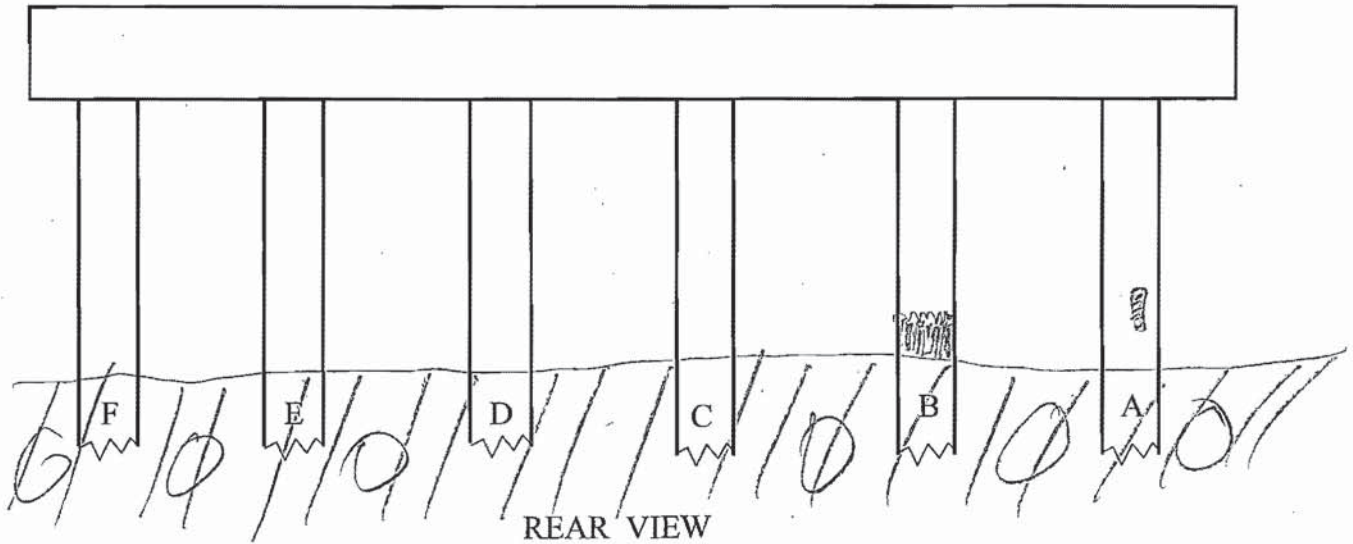
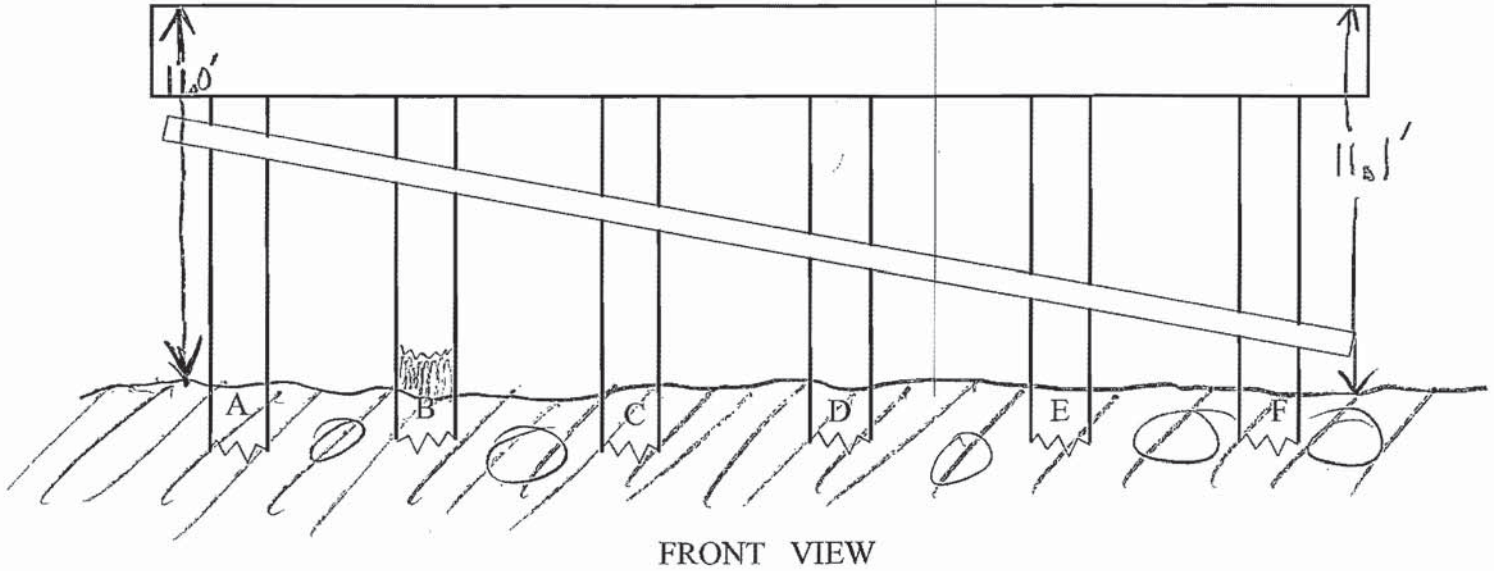
FRONT VIEW



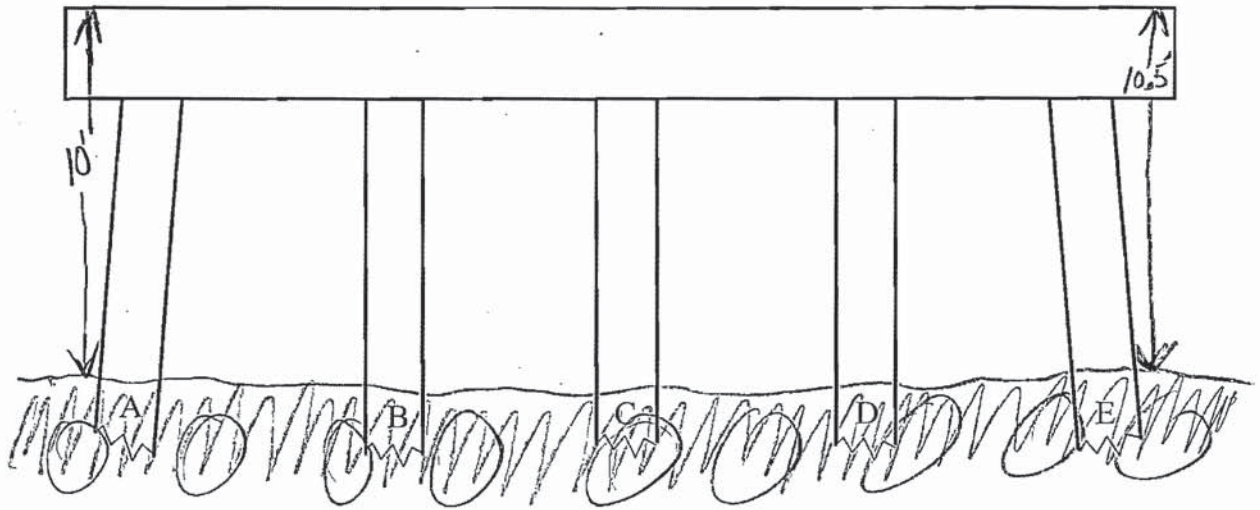
REAR VIEW

ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
CAP	G (F) P C	Light to med. weathering
PILES A	G (F) P C	" "
B	G F P C	↓
C	G F P C	
D	G F P C	
E	G F P C	
F	G (F) P C	
RIP - RAP	(G) F P C	
BRACING	G (F) P C	" "

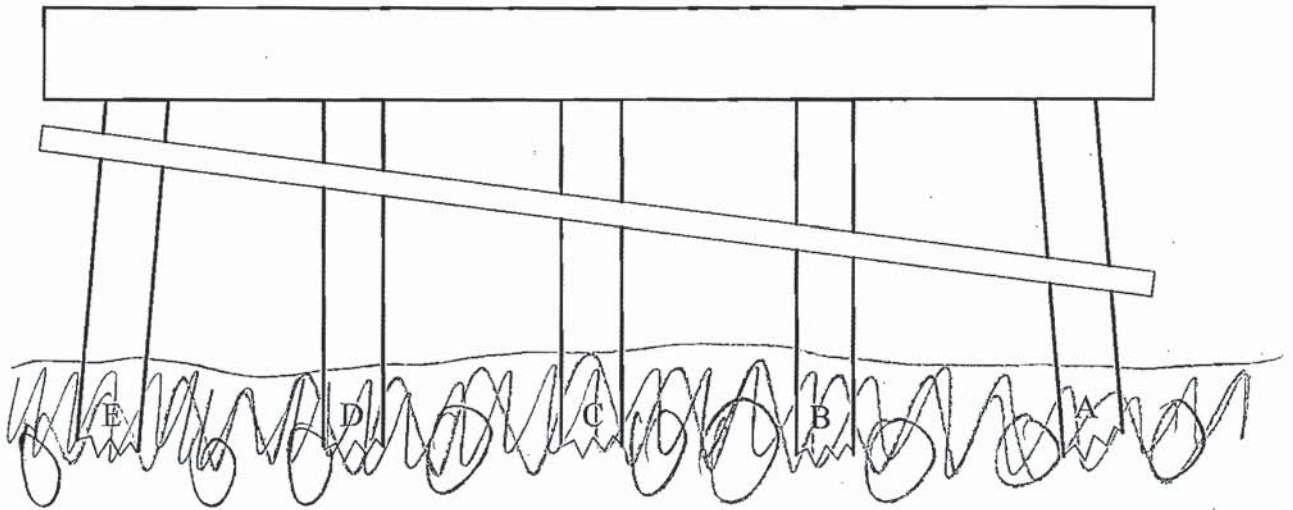




ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
CAP	G ⊕ P C	medium weathering
PILES A	G ⊕ P C	decayed area 18" H x 1" W x 1" D
B	G ⊕ P C	decayed area 2' H x 1 1/2" D around whole base of pile
C	G ⊕ P C	medium weathering
D	G ⊕ P C	light weathering
E	G ⊕ P C	
F	G ⊕ P C	
RIP - RAP	⊕ G F P C	
BRACING	⊕ G F P C	

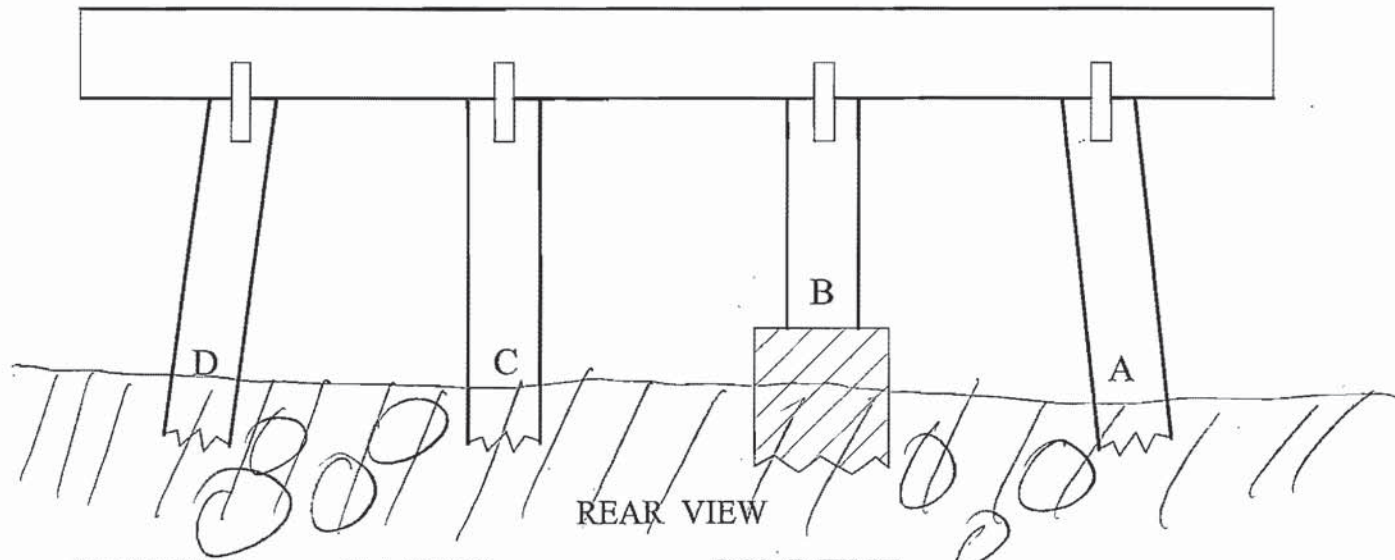
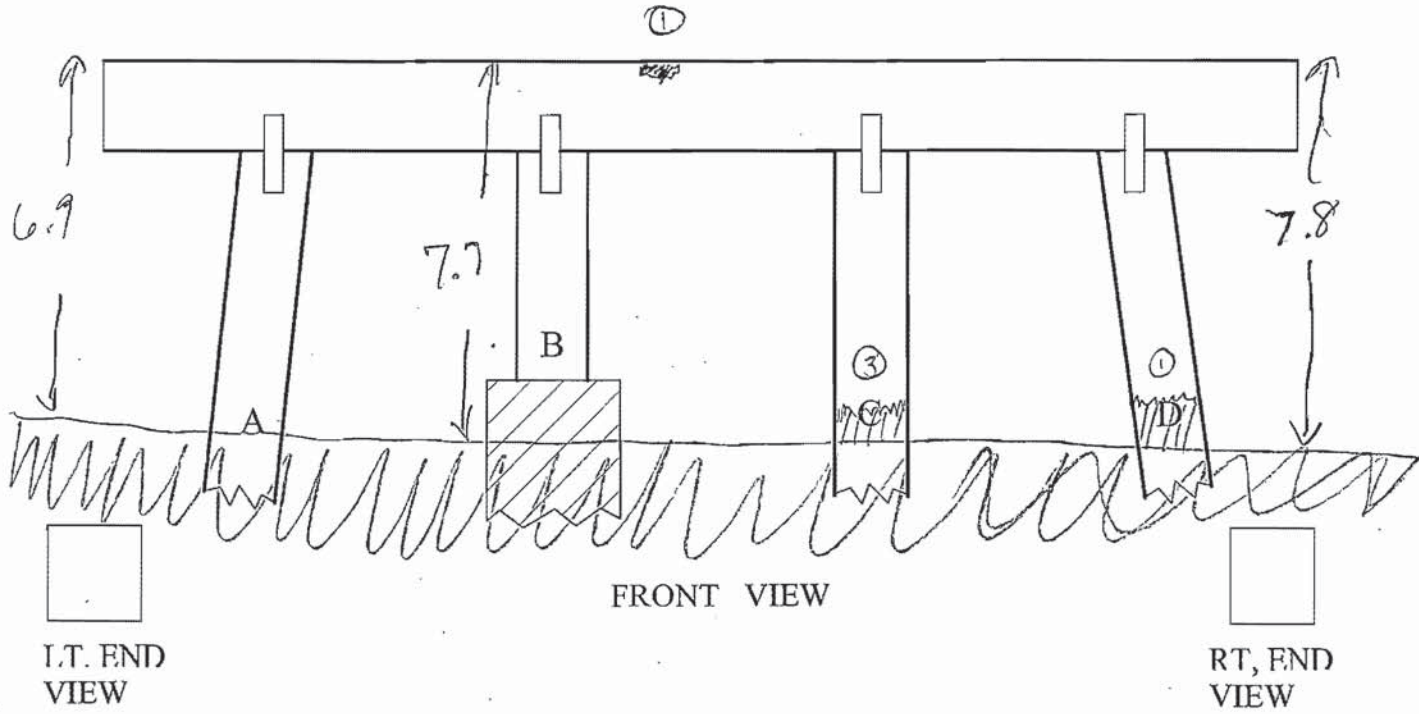


FRONT VIEW

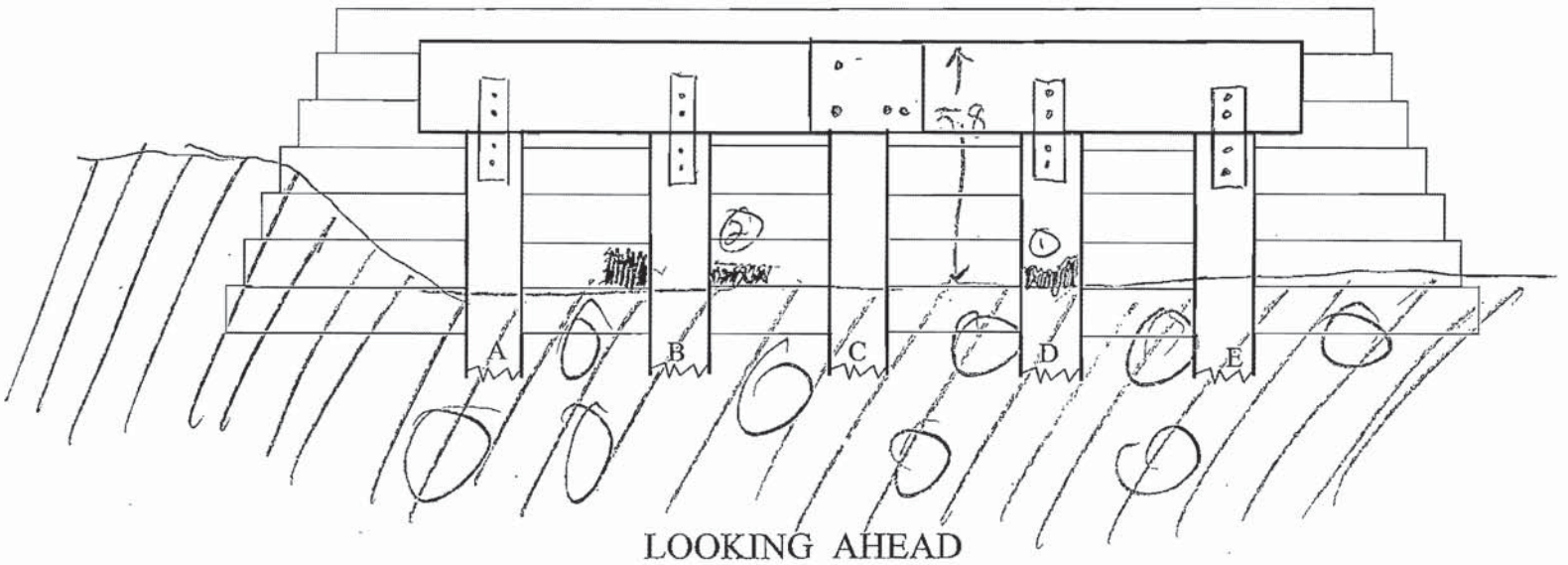


REAR VIEW

ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
CAP	G (F) P C	medium weathering ↓
PILES A	G (F) P C	
B	G (F) P C	
C	G (F) P C	
D	G (F) P C	
E	G (F) P C	
RIP - RAP	G F P C	
BRACING	G F P C	



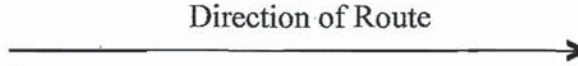
ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
CAP	G Ⓕ P C	① decayed area 3" w X 2" H X 1" D light weathering
PILES A	G Ⓕ P C	medium weathering
B	G Ⓕ P C	light weathering
C	G Ⓕ P C	③ decayed area 6" H around half of pile 1/2" D
D	G Ⓕ P C	② decayed area up to 1/2" around base of pile up to 1' H
Very CONC. CASING	G F Ⓕ C	heavy growth
	Ⓔ G F P C	
	G F P C	



ELEMENT	RATING	COMMENT
CAP	G (F) P C	light weathering
WINGS	G (F) P C	Medium weathering
PILES A	G (F) P C	↓
B	G (F) P C	medium weathering
C	G (F) P C	↓
D	G (F) P C	① Decayed area 1" Ø around pile up to 8" H
E	G (F) P C	medium weathering
BREASTWALL	G (F) P C	② decayed area 7' W X 2' H X 2" D
EMB.	G (F) P C	
VEG.	G (F) P C	heavy growth
RIP-RAP	G (F) P C	
	G F P C	
	G F P C	

09S82330001 09 SR436 0068  
BRIDGE NO.: CO. ROUTE L.M. L/R

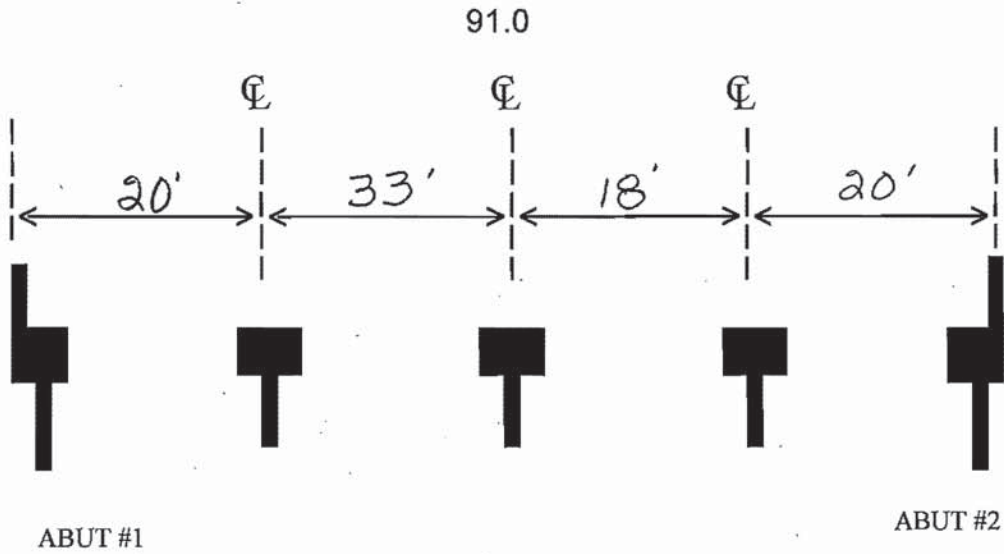
SKEW: 90  
No. of Spans: 4  
No. of Approach Spans:



PLAN VIEW

REQUIRED DATA:

- 1. F = FIXED  
E = EXPANSION
- 2. S = SIMPLE  
C = CONTINUOUS SUPPORT



---

**From:** Fottrell, Gary (FHWA) [mailto:Gary.Fottrell@dot.gov]  
**Sent:** Wednesday, October 3, 2018 3:00 PM  
**To:** Joseph Santangelo  
**Cc:** Sharon Sanders; Tammy Sellers; Susannah Kniazewycz  
**Subject:** RE: SR-436 Bridge Replacement over Reedy Creek in Carroll County

**\*\*\* This is an EXTERNAL email. Please exercise caution. DO NOT open attachments or click links from unknown senders or unexpected email - STS-Security. \*\*\***

Hi Joe, since the acreage being acquired is only a little over 1 acre, please process this document as a PCE.

Thanks,

Gary Fottrell  
Environmental Program Engineer  
FHWA – TN Division  
404 BNA Drive  
Building 200, Suite 508  
Nashville, TN 37217  
615-781-5766

---

**From:** Joseph Santangelo [mailto:Joseph.Santangelo@tn.gov]  
**Sent:** Wednesday, October 3, 2018 2:54 PM  
**To:** Fottrell, Gary (FHWA) <Gary.Fottrell@dot.gov>  
**Cc:** Sharon Sanders <Sharon.Sanders@tn.gov>

**Subject:** SR-436 Bridge Replacement over Reedy Creek in Carroll County

Hi Gary,

We have a bridge replacement project in Carroll County (SR-436 over Reedy Creek) that we are currently producing an Environmental document for based on the attached planning document. Page 5 of the attached planning document states, "It is estimated that four (4) tracts of land will be affected resulting in 1.13 acres of estimated ROW. It is also estimated that overhead utilities will need to be relocated." Also see Figures 1 & 2 (pages 7 & 8) for proposed ROW lines.

All Technical groups have cleared the project with the two following Project Commitments:

HazMat

- Asbestos survey completed under an earlier project, no asbestos detected. See project commitments under PIN 043917.01

Ecology

- In accordance with the MOA Between USFWS, FHWA, and TDOT Addressing Cliff Swallow and Barn Swallow Nesting Sites, 9/30/2015, cliff swallow and barn swallow nests, eggs, or birds (young and adults) will not be disturbed between April 15 and July 31. From August 1 to April 14, nests can be removed or destroyed, and measures implemented to prevent future nest building at the site (e.g., closing off area using netting).

Please advise as to whether TDOT can process the Environmental Document as a PCE or if it will require FHWA coordination/approval.

Post Script: This project PIN has changed from 124139.00 to 128113.01.

Thank you,



**Joe Santangelo** | Environmental Supervisor  
Environmental Division – NEPA Section  
James K. Polk Building, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor  
505 Deaderick Street  
Nashville, TN 37243  
p. 615-253-1454  
[Joseph.Santangelo@tn.gov](mailto:Joseph.Santangelo@tn.gov)

**From:** [Joseph Santangelo](#)  
**To:** [Abby Harris](#); [Brittany Hyder](#); [Crystal Alfaro](#)  
**Cc:** [Sharon Sanders](#)  
**Subject:** Design-Build Bridge Projects  
**Date:** Wednesday, October 3, 2018 1:10:37 PM  
**Attachments:** [image001.png](#)  
**Importance:** High

---

All,

The PINs have recently changed for all of these projects. Please see below and update your tracking reports and project files accordingly.

If you have projects that have been approved under the old PIN, I'm awaiting guidance on how to proceed...

Brittany – 124139.00 – New PIN: 128113.01

Crystal – 124285.00 – New PIN: 128113.02

Abby – 124505.00 – New PIN: 128113.03

Abby – 124503.00 – New PIN: 128113.04

Abby – 124637.00 – New PIN: 128113.05

Crystal – 124712.00 – New PIN: 128113.06

Thank you,



**Joe Santangelo** | Environmental Supervisor  
Environmental Division – NEPA Section  
James K. Polk Building, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor  
505 Deaderick Street  
Nashville, TN 37243  
p. 615-253-1454  
[joseph.santangelo@tn.gov](mailto:joseph.santangelo@tn.gov)



# Ecology

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** State Route 436 (SR-436)  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 124139.00

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Initial Environmental Study  
**Project Plans:** Planning Report  
**Date of Plans:** 3/23/2018  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Brittany Hyder  
**Title:** TESS-Ad

**Signature:** Brittany  
Hyder

 Digitally signed by  
Brittany Hyder  
Date: 2018.04.04  
15:29:49 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

---

**Section:** Ecology

## Study Results

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Based on the planning report dated 3/23/18, the environmental boundaries report dated 9/16/16 is valid for this project. Please contact me if you have additional questions or need additional information.

## Commitments

---

**Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?**

Yes

TDOT has committed to seasonal tree removal on this project. The USFWS has given TDOT a finding of "Not Likely to Adversely Affect" for the Indiana bat and Northern long-eared bat, provided that tree cutting on this project is done between October 15 and March 31.

## Additional Information

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**Is there any additional information or material included with this study?**

Yes

**Type:** Environmental Boundaries Report (EBR)

**Location:** FileNet

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Greg Harris

**Title:** TESS-Advanced

**Signature:**

Greg Harris

Digitally signed by Greg Harris  
DN: cn=Greg Harris, o=Tennessee  
Department of Transportation,  
ou=Ecology Section,  
email=greg.harris@tn.gov, c=US  
Date: 2018.04.06 09:19:11 -05'00'



**STATE OF TENNESSEE  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**ENVIRONMENTAL DIVISION**  
SUITE 900, JAMES K. POLK BUILDING  
505 DEADERICK STREET  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402  
(615) 741-3655

**JOHN C. SCHROER**  
COMMISSIONER

**BILL HASLAM**  
GOVERNOR

**MEMORANDUM**

**To:** Mike Lawson  
Structures Division

**From:** Greg Harris  
Environmental Division

**Date:** 9/16/2016

**Subject:** Environmental Boundaries Study: Carroll County; SR-436 Bridge Repairs over Reedy Creek; PIN 124139.00; P.E. 09035-3220-94

An ecological evaluation of the subject project has been conducted with the following results:

**SPRINGS/STREAMS**

**Two (2)** streams were identified within the project limits.

**WET WEATHER CONVEYANCES/UPLAND DRAINAGE FEATURES**

**Two (2)** wet weather conveyance was identified within the project limits.

**WETLANDS**

No wetlands were identified within the project limits.

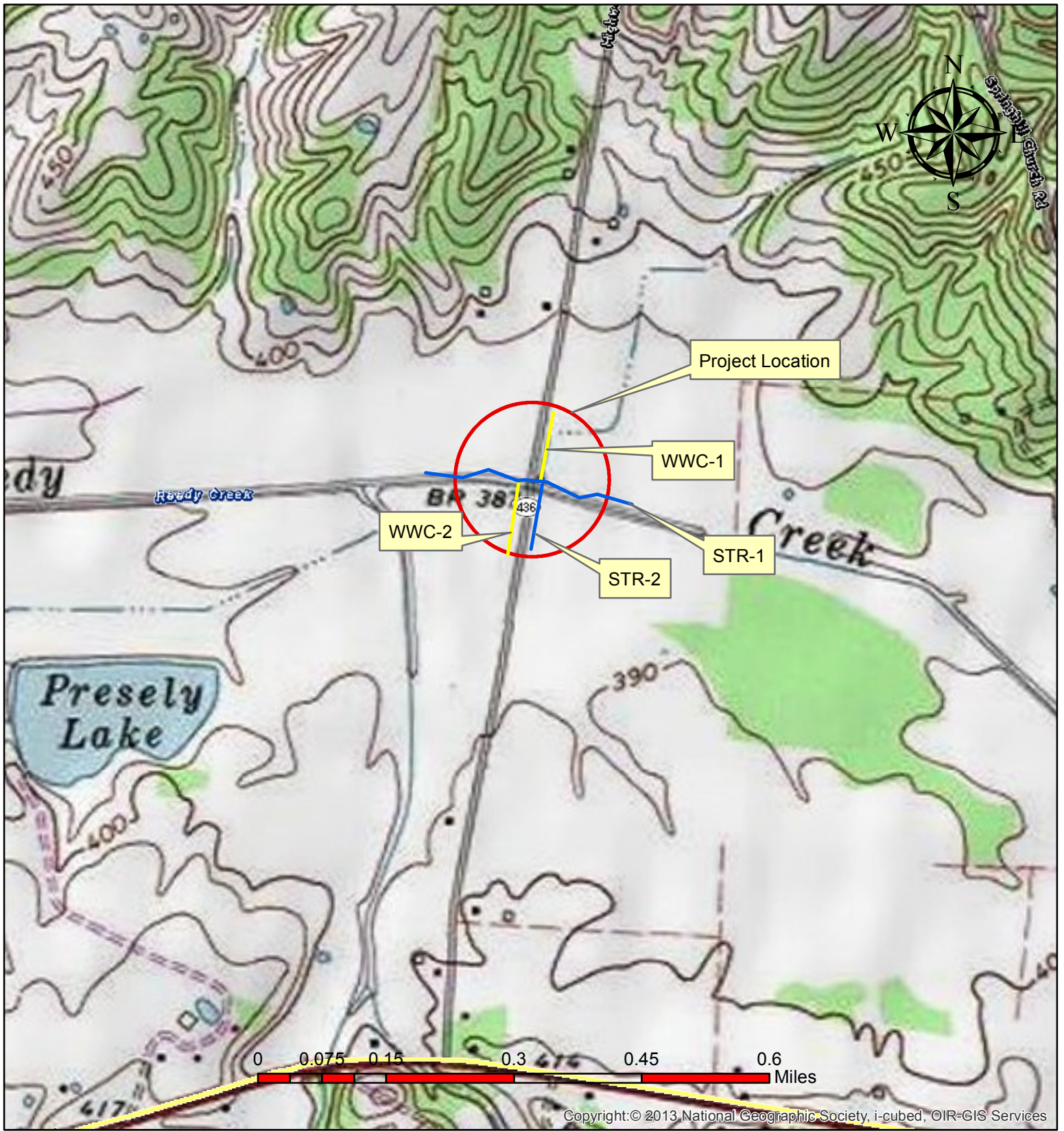
**PROTECTED SPECIES**

Cliff swallow and barn swallow nests, eggs, or birds (young and adults) will not be disturbed between April 15 and July 31. From August 1 to April 14, nests can be removed or destroyed, and measures implemented to prevent future nest building at the site (e.g., closing off area using netting). A review of the TDEC Natural Heritage Database on 8/23/2016 indicate records of Prickly Hornwort within a four mile radius of the bridge project. During the site visit, this species was not observed in the study area.

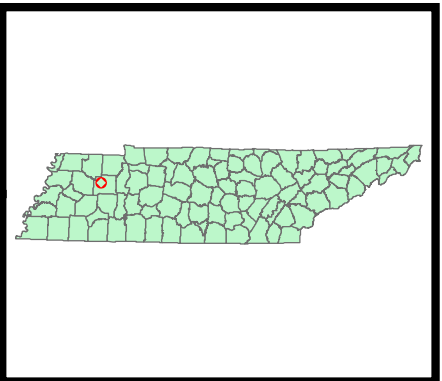
TDOT has committed to seasonal tree removal on this project. The USFWS has given TDOT a finding of "Not Likely to Adversely Affect" for the Indiana bat and Northern long-eared bat, provided that tree cutting on this project is done between October 15 and March 31.

Your assistance is appreciated. If you have any questions or comments, please contact Greg Harris in the Environmental Division at 615-253-1241 or [greg.harris@tn.gov](mailto:greg.harris@tn.gov).

xc: Jennifer Lloyd w/ attachments  
Brian Egli w/ attachments  
Freddy Miller w/ attachments  
John Hewitt w/ attachments  
Project File  
[R4.EnvTechOffice@tn.gov](mailto:R4.EnvTechOffice@tn.gov)



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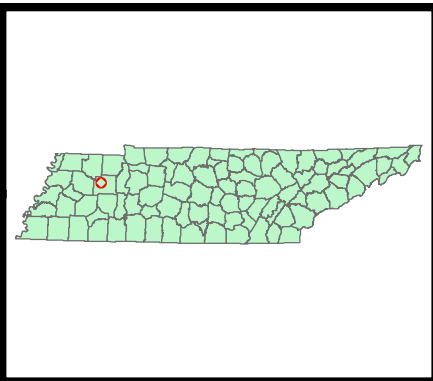
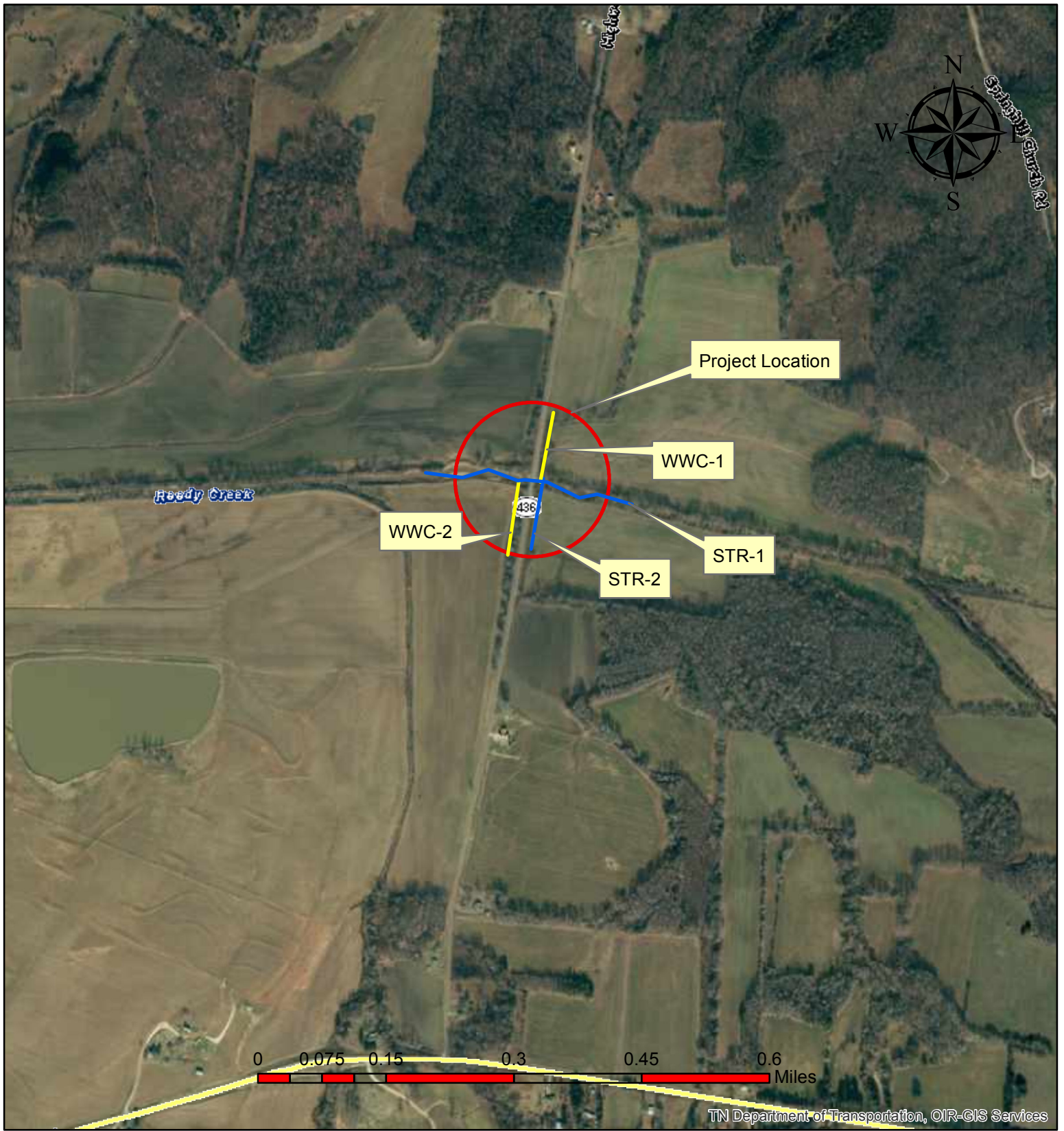


**Carroll County**

**SR-436 Bridge Repair Project over Reedy Creek**

P.E. 09035-3220-94  
 PIN 124139.00



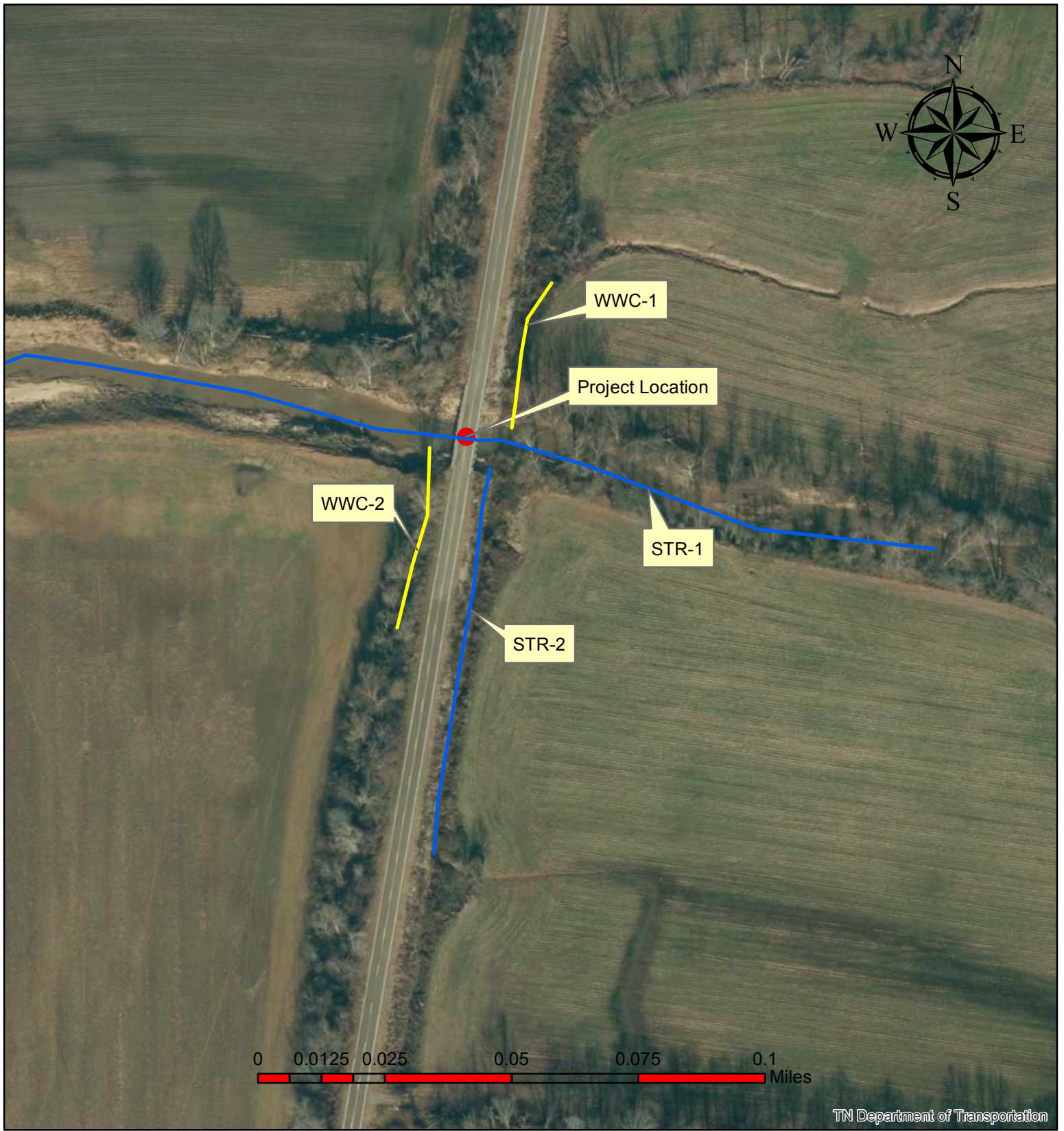


**Carroll County**

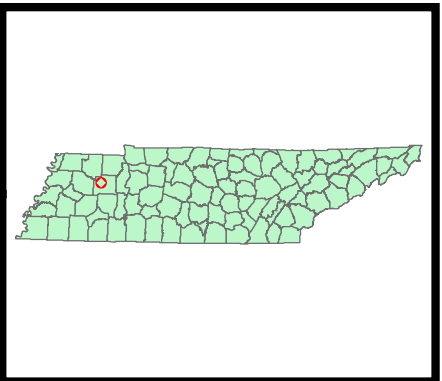
**SR-436 Bridge Repair Project over Reedy Creek**

**P.E. 09035-3220-94  
PIN 124139.00**





TN Department of Transportation



**Carroll County**

**SR-436 Bridge Repair Project over Reedy Creek**

**Features Map**

**8/23/2016**

**P.E. 09035-3220-94**

**PIN 124139.00**



## Ecology Field Data Sheet: Water Resources

<b>Project:</b>		SR-436 Bridge Repair project over Reedy Creek					
<b>Biologist:</b>	Greg Harris	<b>Affiliation:</b>	TDOT	<b>Date:</b>	8/17/16		
<b>1-Station: from plans</b>	STR-1						
<b>2-Map label and name</b>	Reedy Creek						
<b>3-Latitude/Longitude</b>	36.0414330/-88.539559						
<b>4-Potential impact</b>	Stormwater pollution from construction activities						
<b>5-Feature description:</b>							
-channel identification	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> perennial stream	<input type="checkbox"/> intermittent stream	<input type="checkbox"/> ephemeral stream	<input type="checkbox"/> wwc			
-HD score (if applicable)							
-OHWM indicators	bed & banks <input type="checkbox"/>	deposition <input type="checkbox"/>	presence of litter / debris <input type="checkbox"/>	scour <input type="checkbox"/>	veg absent, bent, matted <input type="checkbox"/>		
	change in plant community <input type="checkbox"/>	destruction of terrestrial veg <input type="checkbox"/>	multiple observed flow events <input type="checkbox"/>	sediment sorting <input type="checkbox"/>	water staining <input type="checkbox"/>		
	change in soil character <input type="checkbox"/>	leaf litter disturbed absent <input type="checkbox"/>	natural line impressed on bank <input type="checkbox"/>	shelving <input type="checkbox"/>	wracking <input type="checkbox"/>		
-sinuosity	<input type="checkbox"/> absent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> weak	<input type="checkbox"/> moderate	<input type="checkbox"/> strong			
-channel bottom width	30'		-top of bank width		40'		
- avg. gradient of stream (%)							
-bank height and slope ratio	LDB - 10'			RDB - 10'			
-water flow	<input type="checkbox"/> fast	<input type="checkbox"/> moderate	<input type="checkbox"/> slow	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> isolated pools	<input type="checkbox"/> none		
-water depth (riffles / pools)	0.5'		water width (riffles / pools)		25'		
-bank stability: LDB, RDB	LDB: Stable <input type="checkbox"/>	Eroding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Undercutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sloughing <input type="checkbox"/>	Exposed Roots <input type="checkbox"/>		
	RDB: Stable <input type="checkbox"/>	Eroding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Undercutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sloughing <input type="checkbox"/>	Exposed Roots <input type="checkbox"/>		
-dominant riparian species: ------(LDB /RDB)-----	LDB: sycamore, boxelder, grassy vegetation						
	RDB: sycamore, boxelder, grassy vegetation						
-habitat assessment score	80						
	epifaunal substrate	11	channel alteration	9			
	pool substrate	3	frequency of re-ox zones	7			
	pool variability	4	bank stability	LDB	5	RDB	5
	sediment deposition	12	bank vegetative protection	LDB	4	RDB	4
	channel flow status	14	riparian veg zone width	LDB	1	RDB	1
-benthos	Assumed						
-fish	yes						
-algae or other aquatic life	yes						
<b>6-photo numbers</b>	1-2						
<b>7-rainfall information</b>	Rain in previous 24 hours						
<b>8-HUC -12 Code &amp; Name</b>	080102030604 Reedy Creek						
<b>9-Confirmed by:</b>							
<b>10-Assessed</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
<b>11-ETW</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
<b>12-303 (d) List</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	siltation <input type="checkbox"/>	habitat: <input type="checkbox"/>	other: <input type="checkbox"/>			
	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>						
<b>13-Notes</b>							



## Ecology Field Data Sheet: Water Resources

<b>Project:</b>		SR-436 Bridge Repair project over Reedy Creek					
<b>Biologist:</b>	Greg Harris	<b>Affiliation:</b>	TDOT	<b>Date:</b>	8/17/16		
<b>1-Station: from plans</b>	STR-2						
<b>2-Map label and name</b>	UNT Reedy Creek						
<b>3-Latitude/Longitude</b>	36.0414330/-88.539559						
<b>4-Potential impact</b>	Stormwater pollution from construction activities						
<b>5-Feature description:</b>							
-channel identification	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> perennial stream	<input type="checkbox"/> intermittent stream	<input type="checkbox"/> ephemeral stream	<input type="checkbox"/> wwc			
-HD score (if applicable)							
-OHWM indicators	bed & banks <input type="checkbox"/>	deposition <input type="checkbox"/>	presence of litter / debris <input type="checkbox"/>	scour <input type="checkbox"/>	veg absent, bent, matted <input type="checkbox"/>		
	change in plant community <input type="checkbox"/>	destruction of terrestrial veg <input type="checkbox"/>	multiple observed flow events <input type="checkbox"/>	sediment sorting <input type="checkbox"/>	water staining <input type="checkbox"/>		
	change in soil character <input type="checkbox"/>	leaf litter disturbed absent <input type="checkbox"/>	natural line impressed on bank <input type="checkbox"/>	shelving <input type="checkbox"/>	wracking <input type="checkbox"/>		
-sinuosity	<input type="checkbox"/> absent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> weak	<input type="checkbox"/> moderate	<input type="checkbox"/> strong			
-channel bottom width	6'		-top of bank width		10'		
- avg. gradient of stream (%)							
-bank height and slope ratio	LDB - 6'			RDB - 4'			
-water flow	<input type="checkbox"/> fast	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> moderate	<input type="checkbox"/> slow	<input type="checkbox"/> isolated pools	<input type="checkbox"/> none		
-water depth (riffles / pools)	0.25'		water width (riffles / pools)		4'		
-bank stability: LDB, RDB	LDB: Stable <input type="checkbox"/>	Eroding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Undercutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sloughing <input type="checkbox"/>	Exposed Roots <input type="checkbox"/>		
	RDB: Stable <input type="checkbox"/>	Eroding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Undercutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sloughing <input type="checkbox"/>	Exposed Roots <input type="checkbox"/>		
-dominant riparian species: ------(LDB /RDB)-----	LDB: sycamore, boxelder, grassy vegetation						
	RDB: sycamore, boxelder, grassy vegetation						
-habitat assessment score	84						
	epifaunal substrate	16	channel alteration	8			
	pool substrate	13	frequency of re-ox zones	1			
	pool variability	1	bank stability	LDB	5	RDB 5	
	sediment deposition	12	bank vegetative protection	LDB	4	RDB 4	
	channel flow status	13	riparian veg zone width	LDB	1	RDB 1	
-benthos	Assumed						
-fish	none observed						
-algae or other aquatic life	yes						
<b>6-photo numbers</b>	3						
<b>7-rainfall information</b>	Rain in previous 24 hours						
<b>8-HUC -12 Code &amp; Name</b>	080102030604 Reedy Creek						
<b>9-Confirmed by:</b>							
<b>10-Assessed</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
<b>11-ETW</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
<b>12-303 (d) List</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	siltation <input type="checkbox"/>	habitat: <input type="checkbox"/>	other: <input type="checkbox"/>			
	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>						
<b>13-Notes</b>							

## Ecology Field Data Sheet: Water Resources

<b>Project:</b>		SR-436 Bridge Repair project over Reedy Creek					
<b>Biologist:</b>	Greg Harris	<b>Affiliation:</b>	TDOT	<b>Date:</b>	8/17/16		
<b>1-Station: from plans</b>							
<b>2-Map label and name</b>	WWC-1						
<b>3-Latitude/Longitude</b>	36.0414330/-88.539559						
<b>4-Potential impact</b>	Bridge Replacement						
<b>5-Feature description:</b>							
-channel identification	perennial stream	intermittent stream	ephemeral stream	<b>WWC</b>			
-HD score (if applicable)	N/A						
-OHWM indicators	bed & banks <input type="checkbox"/>	deposition <input type="checkbox"/>	presence of litter / debris <input type="checkbox"/>	scour <input type="checkbox"/>	veg absent, bent, matted <input type="checkbox"/>		
	change in plant community <input type="checkbox"/>	destruction of terrestrial veg <input type="checkbox"/>	multiple observed flow events <input type="checkbox"/>	sediment sorting <input type="checkbox"/>	water staining <input type="checkbox"/>		
	change in soil character <input type="checkbox"/>	leaf litter disturbed absent <input type="checkbox"/>	natural line impressed on bank <input type="checkbox"/>	shelving <input type="checkbox"/>	wracking <input type="checkbox"/>		
-sinuosity	absent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	weak <input type="checkbox"/>	moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	strong <input type="checkbox"/>			
-channel bottom width	6'		-top of bank width		10'		
- avg. gradient of stream (%)							
-bank height and slope ratio	LDB - 6'			RDB - 4'			
-water flow	fast <input type="checkbox"/>	moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	slow <input type="checkbox"/>	isolated pools <input type="checkbox"/>	none <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
-water depth (riffles / pools)	water width (riffles / pools)						
-bank stability: LDB, RDB	LDB: Stable <input type="checkbox"/>	Eroding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Undercutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sloughing <input type="checkbox"/>	Exposed Roots <input type="checkbox"/>		
	RDB: Stable <input type="checkbox"/>	Eroding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Undercutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sloughing <input type="checkbox"/>	Exposed Roots <input type="checkbox"/>		
-dominant riparian species: ------(LDB /RDB)-----	LDB: grassy vegetation. kudzu						
	RDB: grassy vegetation. kudzu						
-habitat assessment score	0						
	epifaunal substrate		channel alteration				
	pool substrate		frequency of re-ox zones				
	pool variability		bank stability		LDB	RDB	
	sediment deposition		bank vegetative protection		LDB	RDB	
	channel flow status		riparian veg zone width		LDB	RDB	
-benthos	none observed						
-fish	none observed						
-algae or other aquatic life	none observed						
<b>6-photo numbers</b>	4						
<b>7-rainfall information</b>	Rain in previous 24 hours						
<b>8-HUC -12 Code &amp; Name</b>	080102030604 Reedy Creek						
<b>9-Confirmed by:</b>	Not Required						
<b>10-Assessed</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
<b>11-ETW</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
<b>12-303 (d) List</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	siltation <input type="checkbox"/>	habitat: <input type="checkbox"/>	other: <input type="checkbox"/>			
	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>						
<b>13-Notes</b>							

## Hydrologic Determination Field Data Sheet

Tennessee Division of Water Pollution Control, Version 1.4

County: Carroll	Named Waterbody: WWC-1	Date/Time: 8/17/16 1500
Assessors/Affiliation: Greg Harris/TDOT	Project ID: PIN 124139.00	
Site Name/Description: WWC-1		
Site Location: Southwest side of bridge		
USGS quad:	HUC (12 digit): 080102030604	Lat/Long: 36.014330/-88.539559
Previous Rainfall (7-days) : Yes		
Precipitation this Season vs. Normal : very wet <b>wet</b> average dry drought unknown		
Source of recent & seasonal precip data :		
Watershed Size :	Photos: Yes	Number : 4
Soil Type(s) / Geology :		
Surrounding Land Use : Agricultural-Row Crops		
Degree of historical alteration to natural channel morphology & hydrology (circle one & describe fully in Notes) : Severe <b>Moderate</b> Slight Absent		

### Primary Field Indicators Observed

Primary Indicators	NO	YES
1. Hydrologic feature exists solely due to a process discharge	✓	WWC
2. Defined bed and bank absent, dominated by upland vegetation / grass		<b>WWC</b>
3. Watercourse dry anytime during February through April 15th, under normal precipitation / groundwater conditions		WWC
4. Daily flow and precipitation records showing feature only flows in direct response to rainfall		WWC
5. Presence of multiple populations of obligate lotic organisms with ≥ 2 month aquatic phase		Stream
6. Presence of fish (except <i>Gambusia</i> )		Stream
7. Presence of naturally occurring ground water table connection		Stream
8. Flowing water in channel and 7 days since last precipitation in local watershed		Stream
9. Evidence watercourse has been used as a supply of drinking water		Stream

**NOTE : If any Primary Indicators 1-9 = "Yes", then STOP; absent directly contradictory evidence, determination is complete.**

In the absence of a primary indicator, or other definitive evidence, complete the secondary indicator table on page 2 of this sheet, and provide score below.

Guidance for the interpretation and scoring of both the primary & secondary indicators is provided in *TDEC-WPC Guidance For Making Hydrologic Determinations, Version 1.4*

**Overall Hydrologic Determination = WWC**

**Secondary Indicator Score (if applicable) = 0**

**Justification / Notes :**

Dry ditch that is dominated by kudzu

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## Secondary Field Indicator Evaluation

<b>A. Geomorphology</b> (Subtotal = ) <span style="float: right;"><b>0</b></span>		<b>Absent</b>	<b>Weak</b>	<b>Moderate</b>	<b>Strong</b>
1. Continuous bed and bank	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
2. Sinuous channel	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
3. In-channel structure: riffle-pool sequences	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
4. Sorting of soil textures or other substrate	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
5. Active/relic floodplain	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
6. Depositional bars or benches	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
7. Braided channel	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
8. Recent alluvial deposits	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	1.5
9. Natural levees	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
10. Headcuts	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
11. Grade controls	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	1.5
12. Natural valley or drainageway	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	1.5
13. At least second order channel on existing USGS or NRCS map		No = 0			

<b>B. Hydrology</b> (Subtotal = ) <span style="float: right;"><b>0</b></span>		<b>Absent</b>	<b>Weak</b>	<b>Moderate</b>	<b>Strong</b>
14. Subsurface flow/discharge into channel	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
15. Water in channel and >48 hours since sig. rain	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
16. Leaf litter in channel (January – September)	<b>0</b>	1.5	1	0.5	0
17. Sediment on plants or on debris	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	1.5
18. Organic debris lines or piles (wrack lines)	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	1.5
19. Hydric soils in stream bed or sides of channel		No = 0			

<b>C. Biology</b> (Subtotal = ) <span style="float: right;"><b>0</b></span>		<b>Absent</b>	<b>Weak</b>	<b>Moderate</b>	<b>Strong</b>
20. Fibrous roots in channel <sup>1</sup>	<b>0</b>	3	2	1	0
21. Rooted plants in channel <sup>1</sup>	<b>0</b>	3	2	1	0
22. Crayfish in stream (exclude in floodplain)	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	1.5
23. Bivalves/mussels	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
24. Amphibians	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	1.5
25. Macrobenthos (record type & abundance)	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
26. Filamentous algae; periphyton	<b>0</b>	0	1	2	3
27. Iron oxidizing bacteria/fungus	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	1.5
28. Wetland plants in channel <sup>2</sup>	<b>0</b>	0	0.5	1	2

<sup>1</sup> Focus is on the presence of upland plants.

<sup>2</sup> Focus is on the presence of aquatic or wetland plants.

Total Points =	<b>0</b>
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*Under Normal Conditions, Watercourse is a Wet Weather Conveyance if Secondary Indicator Score < 19 points*

**Notes :**

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## Ecology Field Data Sheet: Water Resources

<b>Project:</b>		SR-436 Bridge Repair project over Reedy Creek					
<b>Biologist:</b>	Greg Harris	<b>Affiliation:</b>	TDOT	<b>Date:</b>	8/17/16		
<b>1-Station:</b> from plans							
<b>2-Map label and name</b>	WWC-2						
<b>3-Latitude/Longitude</b>	36.0414330/-88.539559						
<b>4-Potential impact</b>	Bridge Replacement						
<b>5-Feature description:</b>							
-channel identification	perennial stream	intermittent stream	ephemeral stream	WWC			
-HD score (if applicable)	N/A						
-OHWM indicators	bed & banks <input type="checkbox"/>	deposition <input type="checkbox"/>	presence of litter / debris <input type="checkbox"/>	scour <input type="checkbox"/>	veg absent, bent, matted <input type="checkbox"/>		
	change in plant community <input type="checkbox"/>	destruction of terrestrial veg <input type="checkbox"/>	multiple observed flow events <input type="checkbox"/>	sediment sorting <input type="checkbox"/>	water staining <input type="checkbox"/>		
	change in soil character <input type="checkbox"/>	leaf litter disturbed absent <input type="checkbox"/>	natural line impressed on bank <input type="checkbox"/>	shelving <input type="checkbox"/>	wracking <input type="checkbox"/>		
-sinuosity	absent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	weak <input type="checkbox"/>	moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	strong <input type="checkbox"/>			
-channel bottom width	4'		-top of bank width		6'		
- avg. gradient of stream (%)							
-bank height and slope ratio	LDB - 6'			RDB - 4'			
-water flow	fast <input type="checkbox"/>	moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	slow <input type="checkbox"/>	isolated pools <input type="checkbox"/>	none <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
-water depth (riffles / pools)	water width (riffles / pools)						
-bank stability: LDB, RDB	LDB: Stable <input type="checkbox"/>	Eroding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Undercutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sloughing <input type="checkbox"/>	Exposed Roots <input type="checkbox"/>		
	RDB: Stable <input type="checkbox"/>	Eroding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Undercutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sloughing <input type="checkbox"/>	Exposed Roots <input type="checkbox"/>		
-dominant riparian species: ------(LDB /RDB)-----	LDB: grassy vegetation. kudzu						
	RDB: grassy vegetation. kudzu						
-habitat assessment score	0						
	epifaunal substrate		channel alteration				
	pool substrate		frequency of re-ox zones				
	pool variability		bank stability		LDB	RDB	
	sediment deposition		bank vegetative protection		LDB	RDB	
	channel flow status		riparian veg zone width		LDB	RDB	
-benthos	none observed						
-fish	none observed						
-algae or other aquatic life	none observed						
<b>6-photo numbers</b>	5						
<b>7-rainfall information</b>	Rain in previous 24 hours						
<b>8-HUC -12 Code &amp; Name</b>	080102030604 Reedy Creek						
<b>9-Confirmed by:</b>	Not Required						
<b>10-Assessed</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
<b>11-ETW</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
<b>12-303 (d) List</b>	yes <input type="checkbox"/>	siltation <input type="checkbox"/>	habitat: <input type="checkbox"/>	other: <input type="checkbox"/>			
	no <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>						
<b>13-Notes</b>							

## Hydrologic Determination Field Data Sheet

Tennessee Division of Water Pollution Control, Version 1.4

County: Carroll	Named Waterbody: WWC-2	Date/Time: 8/17/16 1515
Assessors/Affiliation: Greg Harris/TDOT	Project ID: PIN 124139.00	
Site Name/Description: WWC-2		
Site Location: Northeast side of bridge		
USGS quad:	HUC (12 digit): 080102030604	Lat/Long: 36.014330/-88.539559
Previous Rainfall (7-days) : Yes		
Precipitation this Season vs. Normal : very wet <b>wet</b> average dry drought unknown		
Source of recent & seasonal precip data :		
Watershed Size :	Photos: Yes	Number : 5
Soil Type(s) / Geology :		
Surrounding Land Use : Agricultural-Row Crops		
Degree of historical alteration to natural channel morphology & hydrology (circle one & describe fully in Notes) : Severe <b>Moderate</b> Slight Absent		

### Primary Field Indicators Observed

Primary Indicators	NO	YES
1. Hydrologic feature exists solely due to a process discharge	✓	WWC
2. Defined bed and bank absent, dominated by upland vegetation / grass		<b>WWC</b>
3. Watercourse dry anytime during February through April 15th, under normal precipitation / groundwater conditions		WWC
4. Daily flow and precipitation records showing feature only flows in direct response to rainfall		WWC
5. Presence of multiple populations of obligate lotic organisms with ≥ 2 month aquatic phase		Stream
6. Presence of fish (except <i>Gambusia</i> )		Stream
7. Presence of naturally occurring ground water table connection		Stream
8. Flowing water in channel and 7 days since last precipitation in local watershed		Stream
9. Evidence watercourse has been used as a supply of drinking water		Stream

**NOTE : If any Primary Indicators 1-9 = "Yes", then STOP; absent directly contradictory evidence, determination is complete.**

In the absence of a primary indicator, or other definitive evidence, complete the secondary indicator table on page 2 of this sheet, and provide score below.

Guidance for the interpretation and scoring of both the primary & secondary indicators is provided in *TDEC-WPC Guidance For Making Hydrologic Determinations, Version 1.4*

**Overall Hydrologic Determination = WWC**

**Secondary Indicator Score (if applicable) = 0**

**Justification / Notes :**

Dry ditch that is dominated by kudzu

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Labels	Type *	Function	Quality	Impacts **		
				Permanent	Temporary	Total
<b>Wetlands</b>						
						0.0 ac.
						0.0 ac.
						0.0 ac.
						0.0 ac.
						0.0 ac.
					Total	0.0 ac.

Labels	Type *	Function	Quality	Impacts **		
				Permanent	Temporary	Total
<b>Streams</b>						
STR-1	Perennial		Unassessed	0 ft		0 ft
STR-2	Intermittent		Unassessed	0 ft		0 ft
WWC-1	WWC		Unassessed	0 ft		0 ft
WWC-2	WWC		Unassessed	0 ft		0 ft
						0 ft
					Total	0 ft

\* Identification of features has not been reviewed by regulatory agencies and determinations of stream type could possibly be changed.

\*\* Estimated impacts are considered "Preliminary" and will not be completely accurate until the time of Permit Application





**Photo 1.** STR-1/ Reedy Creek – Looking downstream



**Photo 2.** STR-1/ Reedy Creek – Looking upstream



**Photo 3.** STR-2/ UNT to Reedy Creek looking upstream



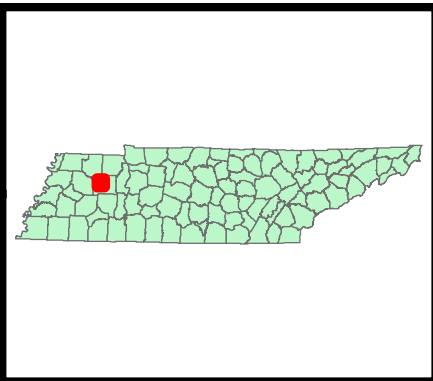
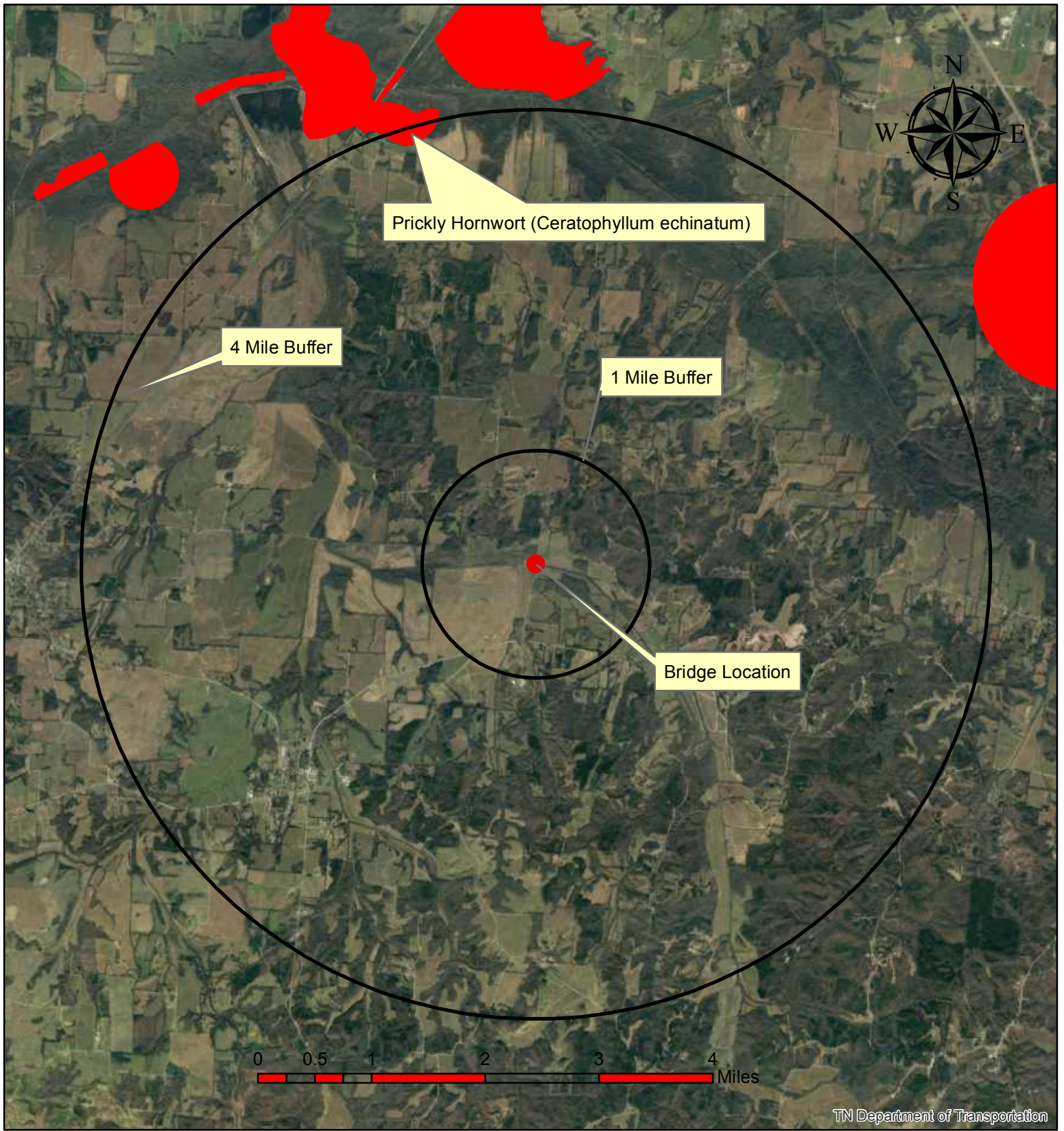
**Photo 4.** WWC-1/Looking up drainage

Photo Summary: 8.17.2016

**Project Description:** Carroll County; SR-436 Bridge Repair over Reedy Creek / PIN 124139.00, P.E. 09035-3220-94



**Photo 5.** WWC-2/ Looking up drainage way



**Carroll County**

**SR-436 Bridge Repair Project over Reedy Creek  
Species Map  
8/23/2016**

**P.E. 09035-3220-94  
PIN 124139.00**





## TENNESSEE WILDLIFE RESOURCES AGENCY

ELLINGTON AGRICULTURAL CENTER  
P. O. BOX 40747  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37204

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August 25, 2016

Greg Harris  
Tennessee Department of Transportation  
Environmental Division  
Suite 900, James K. Polk Building  
505 Deaderick Street  
Nashville, TN 37243-1402

Subject: Carroll County; SR-436 Bridge Repair Project over Reedy Creek; P.E. 09035-3220-94,  
PIN 124139.00

Dear Mr. Harris:

The Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency has reviewed your request regarding the SR-436 Bridge Repair over Reedy Creek Project in Carroll County, Tennessee. Your letter to the Agency requested comments regarding potential impacts to endangered species, wetlands, and other areas of concern we may think pertinent to this proposed project.

It is our understanding from what was sent that this project is not expected to impact any state-listed species that are Deemed-in-Need-of-Management, Threatened, or Endangered.

Based upon these understandings, the TWRA does request that all applicable TDEC and US EPA approved Erosion Prevention/Silt Control measures, Best Management Practices, and in-stream work be scheduled, implemented, monitored, and maintained. The TWRA requests that any major changes to the plans, construction methodology, or right-of-way will immediately void this comment and require another review to the changes. The TWRA requests that this comment is put on the construction plans for all to review.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on this proposed project. If you have any further questions, please contact me at 731-293-9776 or [Ed.Harsson@tn.gov](mailto:Ed.Harsson@tn.gov) .

**The State of Tennessee**

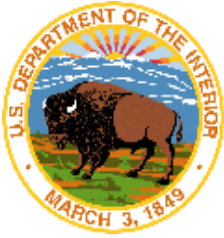
IS AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY, EQUAL ACCESS, AFFIRMATIVE ACTION EMPLOYER

Best regards,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Ed Harsson". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized "E" and "H".

Ed Harsson  
Wildlife Biologist  
Federal Highway Admin. and TN DOT Liaison  
731-293-9776  
[Ed.Harsson@tn.gov](mailto:Ed.Harsson@tn.gov)

CC: Rob Todd, TWRA NEPA Coordinator  
Alan Peterson, TWRA Region 1 Manager  
Allen Pyburn, TWRA Region 1 Habitat Biologist  
John Griffith, USFWS  
Stephanie Ann Williams, TDEC



# United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE  
Tennessee ES Office  
446 Neal Street  
Cookeville, Tennessee 38501



October 4, 2016

Mr. Greg Harris  
Tennessee Department of Transportation  
Environmental Planning and Permits  
James K. Polk Building, Suite 900  
505 Deaderick Street  
Nashville, Tennessee 37243-0334

Subject: FWS# 16-I-0876. Proposed State Route 436 Bridge repair over Reedy Creek; PIN# 124139.00, P.E. 09035-3220-94, Carroll County, Tennessee.

Dear Mr. Harris:

Thank you for your email correspondence dated September 16, 2016, regarding repair the State Route 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek in Carroll County, Tennessee. The Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) has determined that the project is eligible to be placed under the Range-wide Programmatic Informal Consultation between the Federal Highway Administration, Federal Railroad Administration, Federal Transit Administration, and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), and has provided the required Project Submittal Form. Personnel of the Service have reviewed the subject proposal and offer the following comments.

Transportation-related activities not anticipated to result in adverse effects to the federally endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) or the threatened northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*) include all wintertime forested clearing within 100 feet of roadway surface or railroad ballast that does not remove known roosts or documented foraging/travel corridors and is no closer than one-half mile from the entrance of a documented hibernaculum. Because TDOT commits to implement appropriate avoidance and minimization measures, the project is eligible to be placed under the consultation herein referenced with determinations of “not likely to adversely affect” for the Indiana bat and NLEB.

We are unaware of any federally listed or proposed species that would be impacted by this project. Therefore, based on the best information available at this time, we believe that the requirements of section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended, are fulfilled for all species that currently receive protection under the Act. Obligations under the Act must be reconsidered if (1) new information reveals impacts of the proposed action that may affect listed species or critical habitat in a manner not previously considered, (2) the proposed action is

subsequently modified to include activities which were not considered during this consultation, or (3) new species are listed or critical habitat designated that might be affected by the proposed action.

If you have any questions regarding our comments, please contact John Griffith of my staff at 931/525-4995 or by email at [john\\_griffith@fws.gov](mailto:john_griffith@fws.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Mary E. Jennings". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Mary E. Jennings  
Field Supervisor



# Air and Noise

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

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**Route:** State Route 436 (SR-436)  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 124139.00

## Request

---


**Request Type:** Initial Environmental Study  
**Project Plans:** Planning Report  
**Date of Plans:** 3/23/2018  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Brittany Hyder  
**Title:** TESS-Ad

**Signature:** Brittany  
Hyder

 Digitally signed by  
Brittany Hyder  
Date: 2018.04.04  
15:29:49 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

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**Section:** Air and Noise

## Study Results

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### AIR QUALITY

#### Transportation Conformity

This project is in Carroll County which is in attainment for all regulated criteria pollutants. Therefore, conformity does not apply to this project.

#### Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSATs)

This project qualifies as a categorical exclusion under 23 CFR 771.117 and does not require an MSATs evaluation per FHWA's "Interim Guidance Update on Air Toxic Analysis in NEPA Documents" dated October 2016.

### NOISE

This project is Type III in accordance with the FHWA noise regulation in 23 CFR 772 and TDOT's noise policy; therefore, a noise study is not needed.

## Commitments

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Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?

(Yes/No)

## Additional Information

---

Is there any additional information or material included with this study?

(Yes/No)

## Certification

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**Responder:** Darlene D Reiter

**Title:** TDOT Environmental Division Consultant

**Signature:** Darlene D  
Reiter

Digitally signed by  
Darlene D Reiter  
Date: 2018.04.05  
12:40:42 -05'00'

# Cultural Resources

# Environmental Studies

## Historic Preservation

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

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**Route:** State Route 436 (SR-436)  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 124139.00

## Request

---


**Request Type:** Initial Environmental Study  
**Project Plans:** Planning Report  
**Date of Plans:** 3/23/2018  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Brittany Hyder  
**Title:** TESS-Ad

**Signature:** Brittany  
Hyder

 Digitally signed by  
Brittany Hyder  
Date: 2018.04.04  
15:29:49 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

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**Section:** Historic Preservation

## Study Results

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In a letter dated 6/12/2018, the TN-SHPO concurred that no architectural resources eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places will be affected by this undertaking.

## Commitments

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**Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?**

No

## Additional Information

---

**Is there any additional information or material included with this study?**

Yes

**Type:** Historical-Architectural Report & SHPO Letter

**Location:** FileNet

## Certification

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**Responder:** Laura van Opstal

**Title:** TESS-AD, Historic Preservation

**Signature:** Laura van  
Opstal

Digitally signed by Laura  
van Opstal  
Date: 2018.06.15  
11:21:15 -05'00'



**STATE OF TENNESSEE  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENT & PLANNING**

SUITE 700, JAMES K. POLK BUILDING  
505 DEADERICK STREET  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402  
(615) 741-5376

**JOHN C. SCHROER**  
COMMISSIONER

**BILL HASLAM**  
GOVERNOR

June 6, 2018

Mr. E. Patrick McIntyre, Jr.  
Executive Director & State Historic Preservation Officer  
Tennessee Historical Commission  
2941 Lebanon Road  
Nashville, TN 37214

**SUBJECT:** Historic/Architectural Assessment for the Proposed Replacement of the State Route 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek, Log Mile 0.68, in Carroll County, PIN 124139.00

Dear Mr. McIntyre,

Enclosed is the Historic/Architectural Assessment for the above-referenced project. It is the opinion of TDOT that there are no historic resources within the Area of Potential Effect of the proposed project. On behalf of the Federal Highway Administration, we request your review of this report pursuant to regulations contained within 36 CFR 800. An archaeological assessment is being prepared separately.

We look forward to your comments. Thank you for your help in this matter.

Sincerely,

Katherine Looney

TDOT Environmental Supervisor, Historic Preservation

Enclosure





# BRIDGE REPLACEMENT PROJECT: CARROLL COUNTY

State Route 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek, Log Mile 0.68  
PIN 124139.00

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT), with funding made available through the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), is proposing to remove and replace the State Route 436 (SR-436) bridge over Reedy Creek in Carroll County, Tennessee. The project proposes to replace the existing bridge with a new structure on an alignment shifted approximately ten feet to the west, with a slightly higher grade to maintain the existing vertical clearance. The bridge replacement project will require approximately 1.13 acres of new right-of-way (ROW) acquisition.

The existing bridge is a four-span concrete structure 90 feet long and 22 feet wide. The proposed replacement structure is a single-span pre-stressed concrete box beam bridge 90 feet long and 29.2 feet wide. The replacement bridge will maintain the two travel lanes with shoulders. The project includes transition work along SR-436 to accommodate the realignment and to taper the paved shoulders into the existing roadway north and south of the bridge.

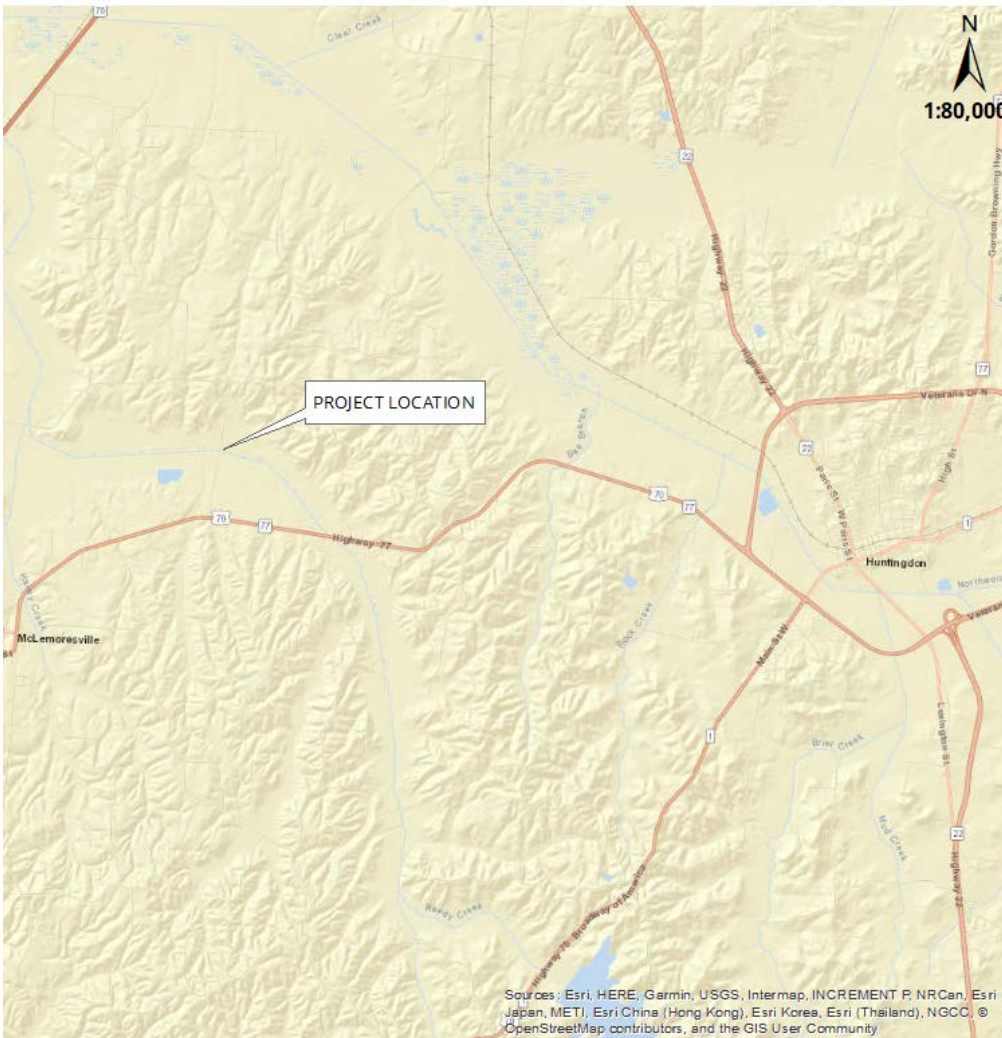


Figure 1: Project location map.

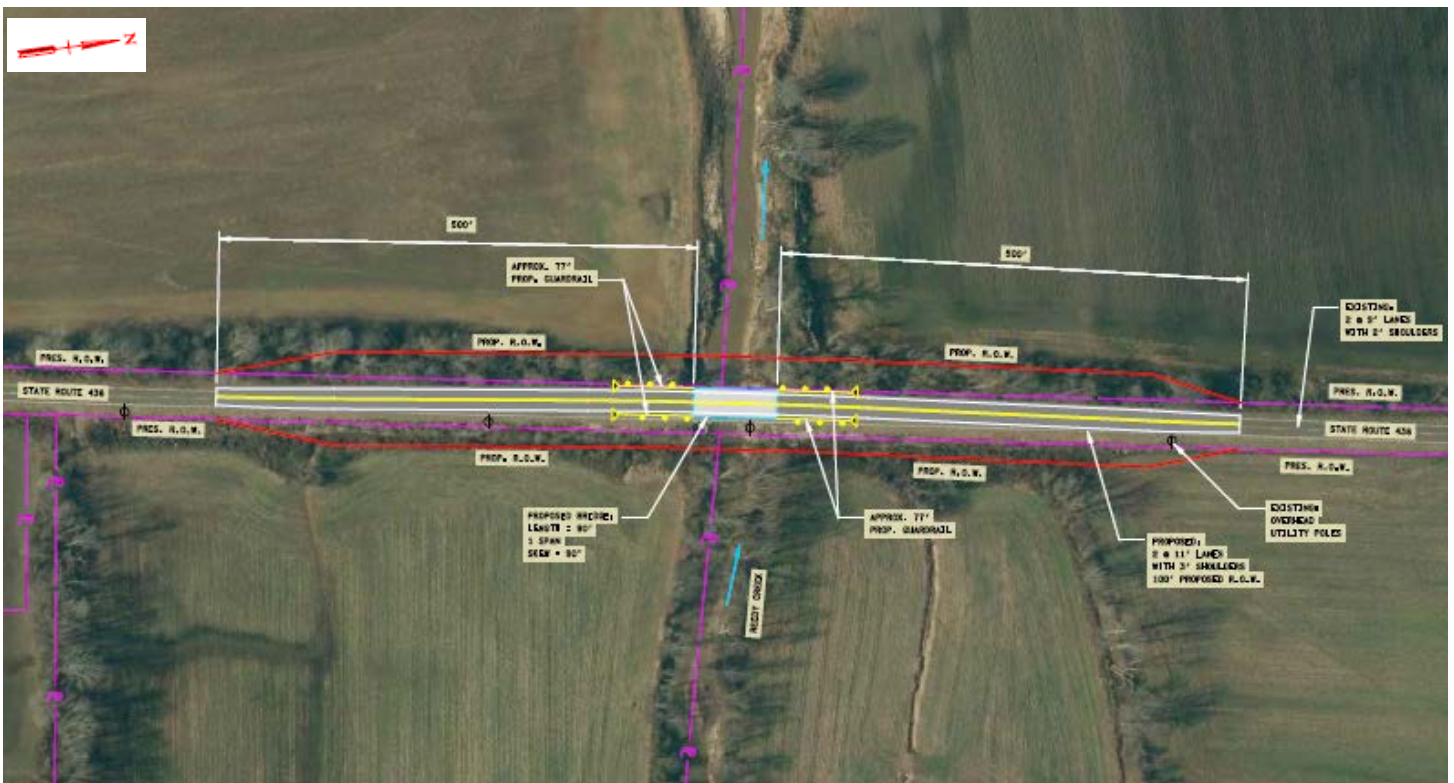
## PUBLIC AND TRIBAL PARTICIPATION

TDOT will write to four Native American tribes or representatives asking each for information regarding the project and if they would like to participate in the Section 106 review process as a consulting party. The tribes with historic interest in Carroll County are:

The Chickasaw Nation  
Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma

Shawnee Tribe  
United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians

TDOT invited the Carroll County Mayor to be a consulting party in the Section 106 process via letter dated April 23, 2018. To date, TDOT has not received any response regarding historic resources.



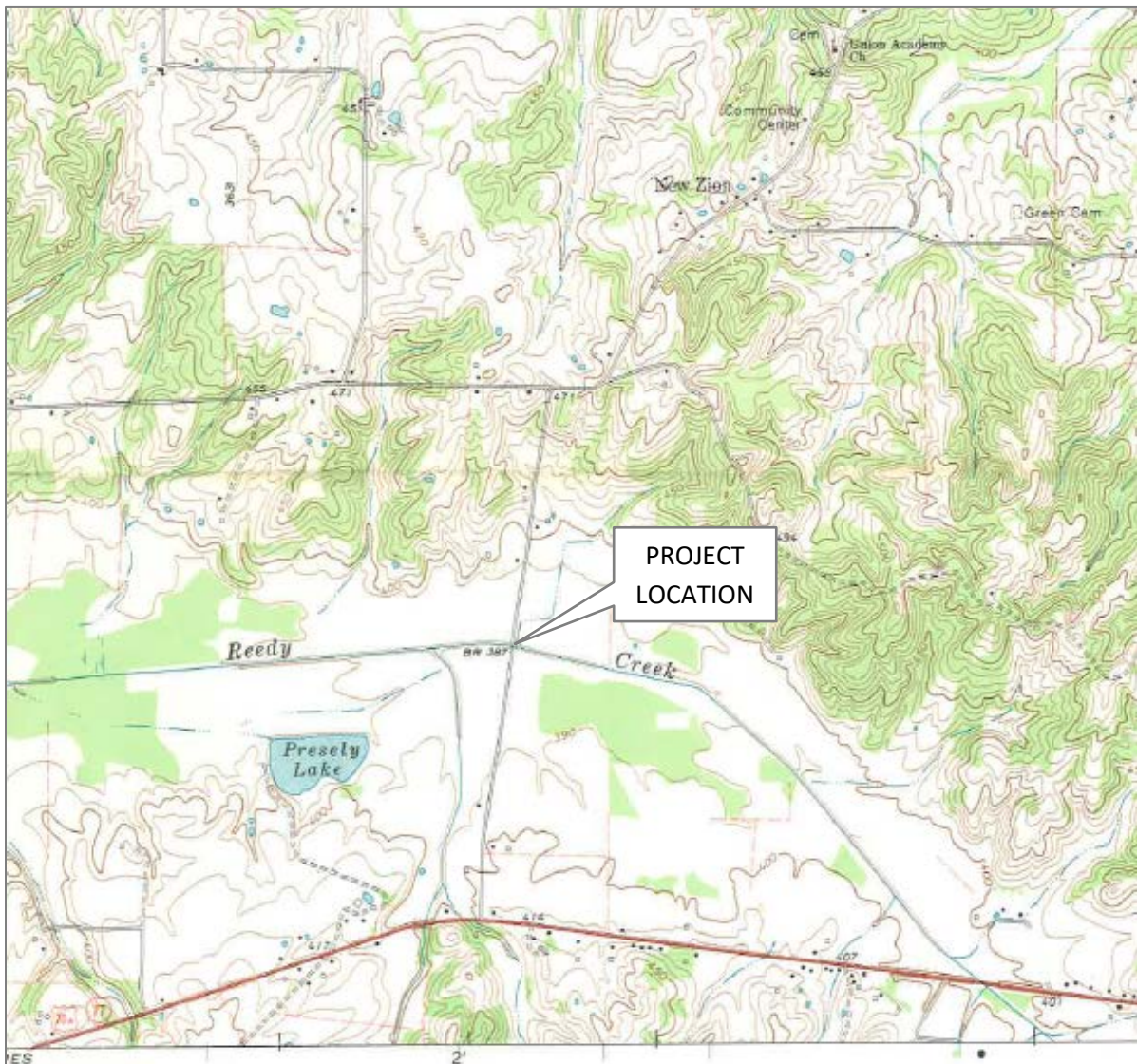
**Figure 2:** Functional layout for proposed bridge replacement, aerial view. Proposed ROW lines are for planning purposes.

## ARCHITECTURAL/HISTORICAL SURVEY

In compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, TDOT staff historians reviewed the Area of Potential Effect (APE) for this project. An archaeological assessment is being prepared separately. A TDOT historian checked the survey records of the Tennessee State Historic Preservation Office (TN-SHPO) to determine if any previous architectural surveys had identified historic properties in the area. There are no previously surveyed properties within the APE of the proposed project (Figure 3).

LIT/RECORDS SEARCH: 4/12/2018—Laura van Opstal

FIELD STUDY: 5/23/2018—Laura van Opstal & Katherine Looney



**Figure 3:** TN-SHPO survey map. USGS topographic quadrangle Trezevant East 444SE. There are no previously surveyed properties within the APE of the proposed project. Roads driven by TDOT historians during the field survey are highlighted in yellow.

TDOT historians field reviewed the APE for the proposed project in compliance with 36 CFR 800 regulations. The purpose of this survey was to identify any resources either included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places (eligibility criteria are set forth in 36 CFR 60.4). The survey area included land needed for additional ROW as well as areas that might possibly be affected by changes in air quality, noise levels, setting, and land use. The area surrounding the bridge is rural and mostly agricultural fields.

The field survey did not identify any buildings within the APE. The existing bridge was built in 1939, and is a four-span concrete structure. The bridge has had repairs and replacement of components over time since its construction. The bridge is not currently listed in the National Register of Historic Places and neither the 2000 *University of Tennessee Evaluation of Pre-1950 Bridges* nor the 2008 *Tennessee's Survey Report for Historic Highway Bridges* determined it eligible for listing.

Therefore, it is the opinion of TDOT that there are no properties listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places within the proposed project's APE.



*View north along SR-436 toward the bridge.*

## **CONCLUSION**

The Tennessee Department of Transportation, with funding made available through the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), is proposing the replacement of the SR-436 bridge over Reedy Creek in Carroll County.

In compliance with 36 CFR 800, TDOT historians surveyed the proposed project APE for historic resources. No National Register listed or eligible properties exist in the project area, and no historic resources were identified by the survey. It is the opinion of TDOT that there are no historic resources in the project area. Additionally, the lack of historic resources indicates that Section 4(f) does not apply.



**TENNESSEE HISTORICAL COMMISSION**  
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE  
2941 LEBANON PIKE  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0442  
OFFICE: (615) 532-1550  
[www.tnhistoricalcommission.org](http://www.tnhistoricalcommission.org)

June 12, 2018

Ms. Katherine Looney  
Tennessee Department of Transportation  
505 Deaderick St  
Suite 900  
Nashville, TN 37243-1402

RE: FHWA / Federal Highway Administration, Replacement of the SR 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek, Log Mile 0.68/ PIN 124139.00, , Carroll County, TN

Dear Ms. Looney:

In response to your request, we have reviewed the architectural survey report and accompanying documentation submitted by you regarding the above-referenced undertaking. Our review of and comment on your proposed undertaking are among the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. This Act requires federal agencies or applicants for federal assistance to consult with the appropriate State Historic Preservation Office before they carry out their proposed undertakings. The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation has codified procedures for carrying out Section 106 review in 36 CFR 800 (Federal Register, December 12, 2000, 77698-77739).

Considering the information provided, we concur that no architectural resources eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places will be affected by this undertaking. If project plans are changed or archaeological remains are discovered during project construction, please contact this office to determine what further action, if any, will be necessary to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Questions or comments may be directed to Casey Lee (615 253-3163).

Your cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

E. Patrick McIntyre  
Executive Director and  
State Historic Preservation Officer

EPM/cjl

# Environmental Studies

## Archaeology

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

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**Route:** State Route 436 (SR-436)  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 124139.00

## Request

---


**Request Type:** Initial Environmental Study  
**Project Plans:** Planning Report  
**Date of Plans:** 3/23/2018  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Brittany Hyder  
**Title:** TESS-Ad

**Signature:** Brittany  
Hyder

 Digitally signed by  
Brittany Hyder  
Date: 2018.04.04  
15:29:49 -05'00'



# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

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**Section:** Archaeology

## Study Results

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In a letter dated July 20, 2018, the TN SHPO concurred that there are no archaeological resources eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places that will be affected by this project.

## Commitments

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**Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?**

No

## Additional Information

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**Is there any additional information or material included with this study?**

Yes

**Type:** SHPO letter

**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Sarah Kate McKinney

**Title:** TESS Archaeology

**Signature:** Sarah Kate McKinney  
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PANAMERICAN CONSULTANTS, INC.

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**PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT  
FOR THE REPLACEMENT OF THE  
STATE ROUTE 436/REEDY CREEK ROAD BRIDGE  
OVER REEDY CREEK,  
CARROLL COUNTY, TENNESSEE**



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*PREPARED FOR:*



TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
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*PREPARED BY:*



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**DRAFT NEGATIVE FINDINGS REPORT | JULY 2018**

**Cover Image: Southwestern quadrant of the Area of Potential Effects; view north (DCSN0695).**

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STATE ROUTE 436/REEDY CREEK ROAD BRIDGE  
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CARROLL COUNTY, TENNESSEE**

*Lead Agency:*  
**Federal Highway Administration**

*Prepared for:*  
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Environmental Division, Archaeology Section  
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**Agreement E1913, Work Order No. 009  
TDOT Region IV  
PIN 124139.00  
Project No. 09035-0220-94  
Tennessee Division of Archaeology Permit No. 000994**

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**C. Andrew Buchner, RPA  
Principal Investigator**

**JULY 2018**

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## MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

At the request of the State of Tennessee Department of Transportation, Panamerican Consultants, Inc. performed a Phase I archaeological assessment for the Area of Potential Effects for the replacement of the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek at Log Mile 0.68 in Carroll County as Work Order No. 009 under Agreement E1913 (TDOT PIN 124139.00; Project No. 09035-0220-94). The Area of Potential Effects for the present assessment is defined as the extent of the proposed Environmental Technical Study Area, Right Of Way, and all easements as shown on project plans, as well as potentially undisturbed areas within the existing Right Of Way. The project area extended 300 ft. north and south of the beginning and end of the project, and thus encloses an area that is larger than the present and proposed Right Of Way for the project. A standard literature and records search revealed that no previously recorded archaeological site is located within the 7.35-ac. (0.0115-mi.<sup>2</sup>) Area of Potential Effects. A two-person crew conducted the fieldwork on 21 and 22 June 2018. The undeveloped portions of the project area principally consisted of cultivated fields that offered good to excellent surface visibility, and as a result visual inspection was primary site detection method employed. The pedestrian (visual) transects were spaced at 15-m intervals. To supplement the visual survey, 16 judgmentally placed shovel tests were excavated; all were sterile.

The archaeological assessment produced negative findings. As there is no National Register of Historic Places listed, eligible, or potentially significant archaeological resource within the Area of Potential Effects, no further archaeological work is recommended.

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Panamerican Consultants, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to have provided the State of Tennessee Department of Transportation with these archaeological services. Tennessee Department of Transportation Archaeologist S. Kate McKinney was our point of contact and provided technical support throughout the course of the assessment.

Ms. Paige Silcox, Site Files Curator at the Tennessee Division of Archaeology, assisted during the literature and records search for the assessment.

Panamerican Consultants, Inc. personnel who contributed to the project include the following. Andrew Saatkamp, RPA directed the fieldwork, and Phillip Geary served as the Archaeological Technician. Anna Hinnenkamp-Faulk edited the report. Kate Gilow provided administrative support during all phases of the project.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>MANAGEMENT SUMMARY</b> .....	<b>i</b>
<b>ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS</b> .....	<b>ii</b>
<b>LIST OF FIGURES</b> .....	<b>v</b>
<b>LIST OF TABLES</b> .....	<b>v</b>
<b>I. INTRODUCTION</b> .....	<b>1</b>
DESCRIPTION OF THE UNDERTAKING .....	1
AREA OF POTENTIAL EFFECTS .....	1
DISPOSITION OF PROJECT-RELATED MATERIALS .....	1
<b>II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING</b> .....	<b>5</b>
PHYSIOGRAPHY .....	5
GEOLOGY .....	5
DRAINAGE .....	5
SOILS .....	6
FLORAL COMMUNITIES .....	6
PALEOENVIRONMENT .....	7
MODERN CLIMATE .....	7
<b>III. CULTURAL BACKGROUND</b> .....	<b>9</b>
PREHISTORIC SEQUENCE .....	9
<i>Paleoindian Period</i> .....	9
<i>Dalton Period</i> .....	9
<i>Archaic Period</i> .....	9
<i>Woodland Period</i> .....	9
<i>Mississippian Period</i> .....	10
<i>Protohistoric Period</i> .....	10
HISTORIC .....	10
<i>Historic Aboriginal Period</i> .....	10
<i>Colonial Era</i> .....	10
<i>Antebellum Period</i> .....	10
<i>Trail of Tears</i> .....	11
<i>Civil War and Reconstruction</i> .....	11
<i>Tenant Period</i> .....	11
HISTORY OF CARROLL COUNTY .....	11
<b>IV. LITERATURE AND RECORDS SEARCH</b> .....	<b>13</b>
PREVIOUSLY RECORDED ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES .....	13
PREVIOUS ARCHAEOLOGICAL STUDIES .....	13



CARTOGRAPHIC REVIEW .....	13
<i>1832 Tennessee State Map</i> .....	13
<i>1888 Atlas Map of Tennessee</i> .....	13
<i>1967 Trezevant East Quadrangle Map</i> .....	13
SURVEY EXPECTATIONS .....	13
<b>V. FIELD INVESTIGATIONS .....</b>	<b>17</b>
METHODS .....	17
<i>Site Detection</i> .....	17
<i>Site Sampling/Delineation</i> .....	17
<i>Survey Intensity</i> .....	17
<i>Photography Specifications</i> .....	17
<i>Field Documentation</i> .....	17
<i>Global Positioning System Mapping</i> .....	18
RESULTS .....	18
<i>Conclusion</i> .....	18
CURATION .....	20
<b>VI. SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS .....</b>	<b>23</b>
SUMMARY.....	23
RECOMMENDATIONS .....	23

**APPENDIX A: ARCHAEOLOGICAL PERMIT**

## LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1-01. Quad map locator for the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects.....	2
Figure 1-02. State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects .....	3
Figure 2-01. The State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge location shown on an ecoregions map of Tennessee ...	5
Figure 4-01. A portion of Rhea’s 1832 Tennessee State Map of the 12 <sup>th</sup> Surveyors District with the approximate location of the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects indicated .....	14
Figure 4-02. A portion 1888 Rand, McNally, & Co.’s atlas “Map of Tennessee” with the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects indicated .....	15
Figure 4-03. A portion of the 1967 Trezevant East, TN 7.5-min. quad with the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects indicated .....	16
Figure 5-01. Aerial map showing the Area of Potential Effects limits and location of shovel tests.....	19
Figure 5-02. Southeastern quadrant of the Area of Potential Effects .....	21
Figure 5-03. Southwestern quadrant of the Area of Potential Effects.....	21
Figure 5-04. Berm in the southwestern quadrant .....	22
Figure 5-05. Typical soil profile, southwestern quadrant Shovel Test 3.....	23

## LIST OF TABLES

Table 5-01. Shovel tests summary.....	20
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## I. INTRODUCTION

At the request of the State of Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT), Panamerican Consultants, Inc. (Panamerican) performed a Phase I archaeological assessment of the Area of Potential Effects (APE) for the replacement of the State Route 436 (SR-436)/Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek at Log Mile (LM) 0.68 in Carroll County as Work Order No. 009 under Agreement E1913 (TDOT PIN 124139.00; Project No. 09035-0220-94). Fieldwork for the assessment was conducted on 21 and 22 June 2018 under the direction of Andrew Saatkamp, Register of Professional Archaeologists (RPA), with Phillip Geary serving as Archaeological Technician. All work completed during the assessment conformed to the stipulations set forth by the Tennessee Division of Archaeology (TDOA) Archaeological Permit No. 000994 issued on 7 June 2018 (*Appendix A: Archaeological Permit*) and the TDOT *Scope of Work (SOW) for Phase I Archaeological Assessments* FY 2017–2018.

### ***DESCRIPTION OF THE UNDERTAKING***

The proposed undertaking involves the replacement of the existing SR-436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek at LM 0.68 (Pannell 2018). The existing bridge was constructed in 1939, and is a four-span concrete bridge with an overall length of 90 ft. The proposed replacement bridge is a single-span, pre-stressed, concrete box beam with a length of 90 ft. that will maintain the existing 90° skew to the creek channel. The proposed alignment for the replacement structure will shift 10 ft. to the west. The project will extend 500 ft. from the existing structure to the north and 500 ft. to the south to accommodate the alignment shift, raise the grade 2.5 ft., and for the proposed one-lane signal to maintain traffic during construction. It is estimated that four tracts of land will be affected resulting in 1.13 ac. of new Right Of Way (ROW) being acquired (Pannell 2018).

### ***AREA OF POTENTIAL EFFECTS***

The APE for the SR-436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek lies within TDOT Region IV, and is found in northwestern Carroll County, approximately 4 km northeast of the community of McLemoresville. The bridge APE can be identified on the Trezevant East, TN (444SE) 7.5-min. quad (Figure 1-01).

The APE for the present assessment is defined as the extent of the proposed Environmental Technical Study Area (ETSA), ROW, and all easements as shown on project plans, as well as potentially undisturbed areas within the existing ROW. The APE is a 1600-x-200-ft. (487-x-61-m/7.35-ac./0.0115-mi.<sup>2</sup>) area that extends 300 ft. north and 300 ft. south of the beginning and end of the project (Figure 1-02). The APE encloses an area that is larger than the present and proposed ROW for the project.

The setting is the floodplain of Reedy Creek, and terrain is level with the elevation being just less than 390 ft. above mean sea level (amsl). Higher terrace terrain over 450 ft. amsl in elevation is found to the north and south of the Reedy Creek floodplain. The cover within the undeveloped portion of the APE consists principally of agricultural fields.

### ***DISPOSITION OF PROJECT-RELATED MATERIALS***

All project-related materials (records, etc.) generated by the present assessment are being temporarily housed at Panamerican's laboratory in Memphis, Tennessee. These materials will be transferred to TDOT at a future date in accordance with the stipulations set forth in the TDOA Archaeological Permit issued for this assessment (No. 000994; Appendix A).

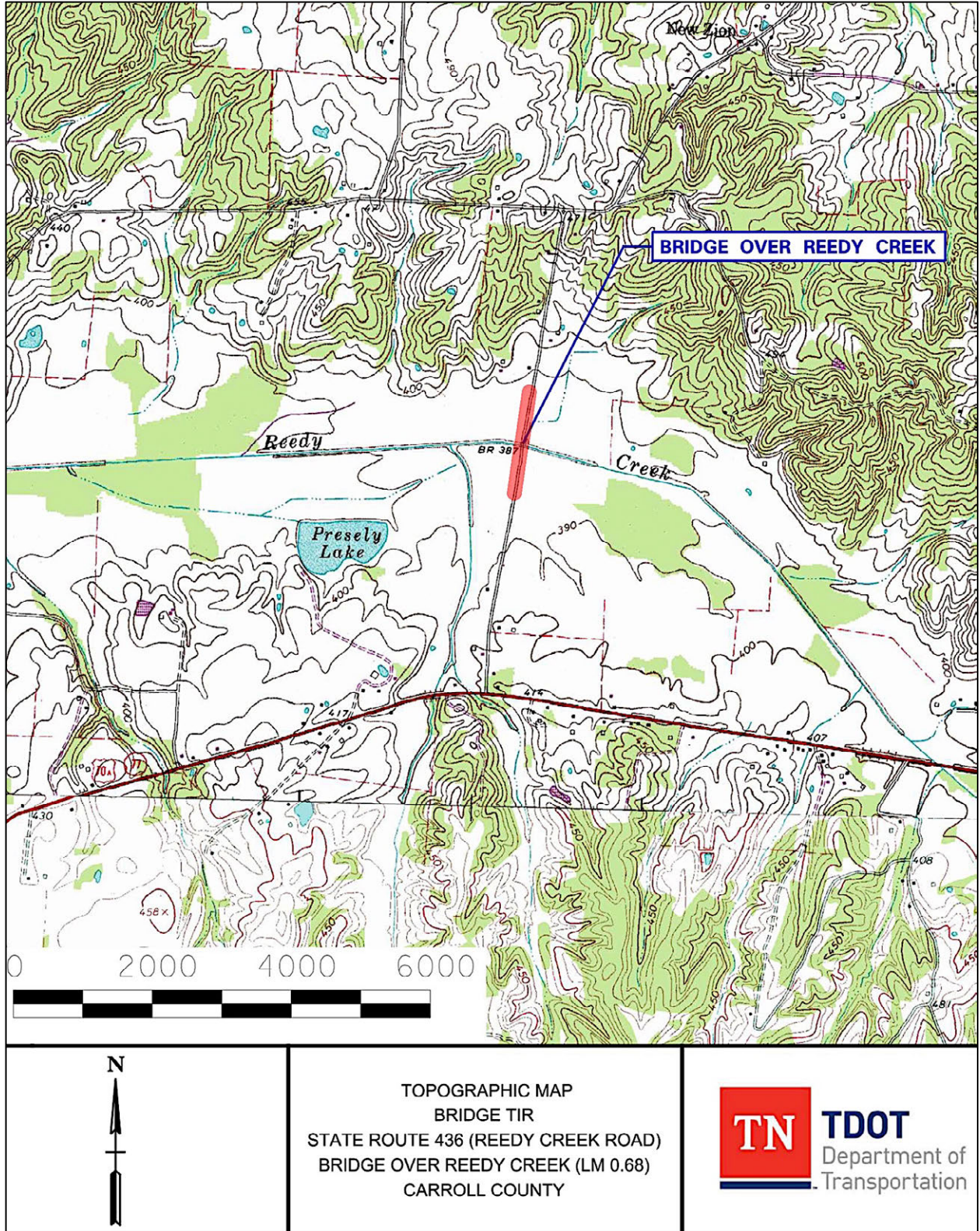


Figure 1-01. Quad map locator for the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects (base map: U.S. Geological Survey Trezevant East, TN [444SE] 7.5-min. quad).

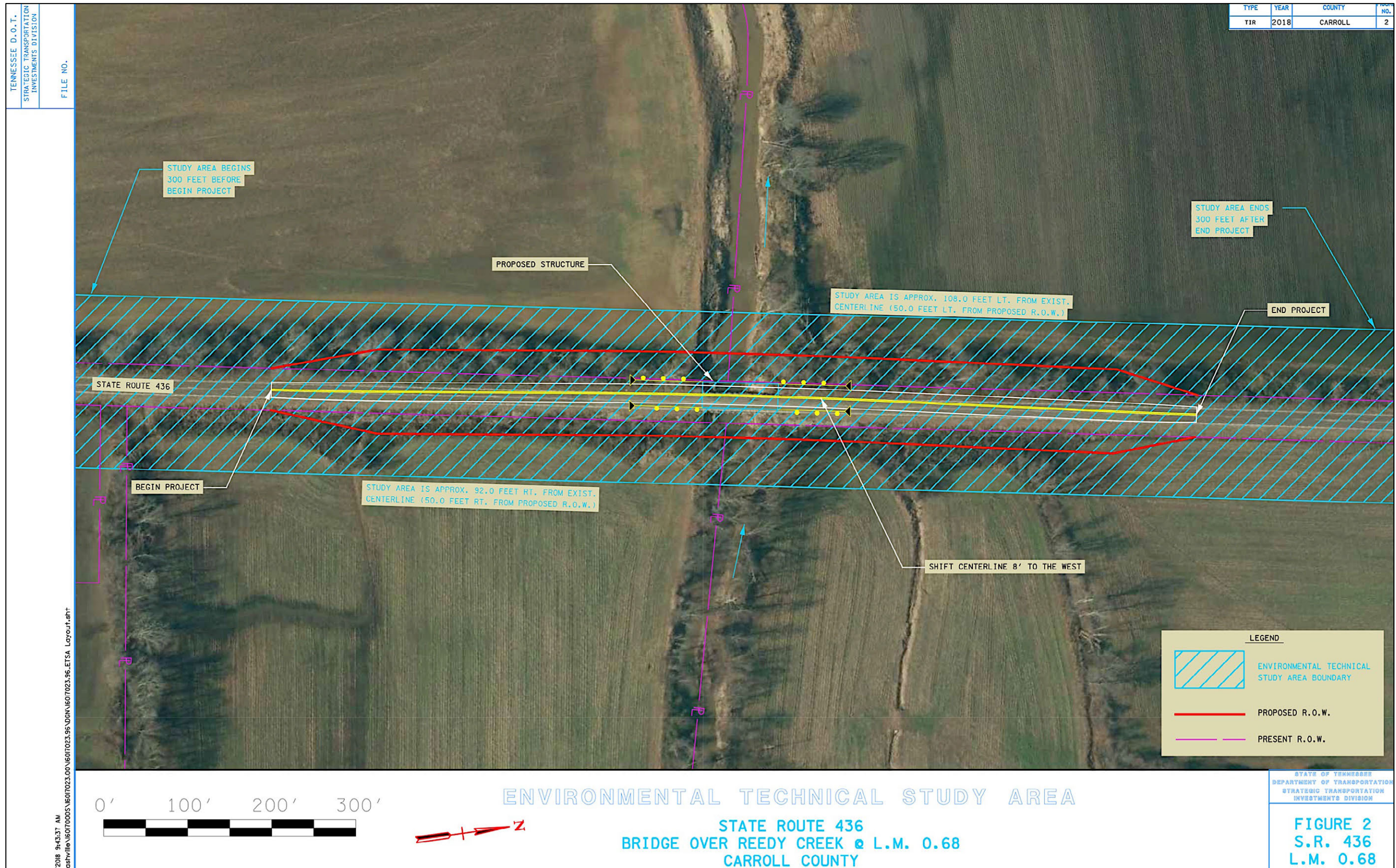


Figure 1-02. State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects (image courtesy: Tennessee Department of Transportation).

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## II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

### PHYSIOGRAPHY

All of Carroll County is located within the West Tennessee Plain physiographic province. Stearns (1975:4) characterizes this province as an area of gently rolling terrain that is underlain by a thick (up to 65-ft.) blanket of loess.

A more recent ecoregion map places Carroll County within the Southeastern Plains, one of eight a Level III ecoregions in Tennessee (Griffith et al. 2004; Figure 2-01). In Tennessee, the Southeastern Plains and Hills is sub-divided into five Level IV ecoregions, and Carroll County is located within the Southeastern Plains and Hills (65e). At 4,590 mi.<sup>2</sup> it is the largest Level IV ecoregion within the Southeastern Plains. The topography here is characterized by dissected irregular plains, some low hills with broad tops, and fairly wide stream bottoms with broad, level to undulating terraces. The elevations range 400–650 ft. amsl, and local relief ranges 100–200 ft. amsl.

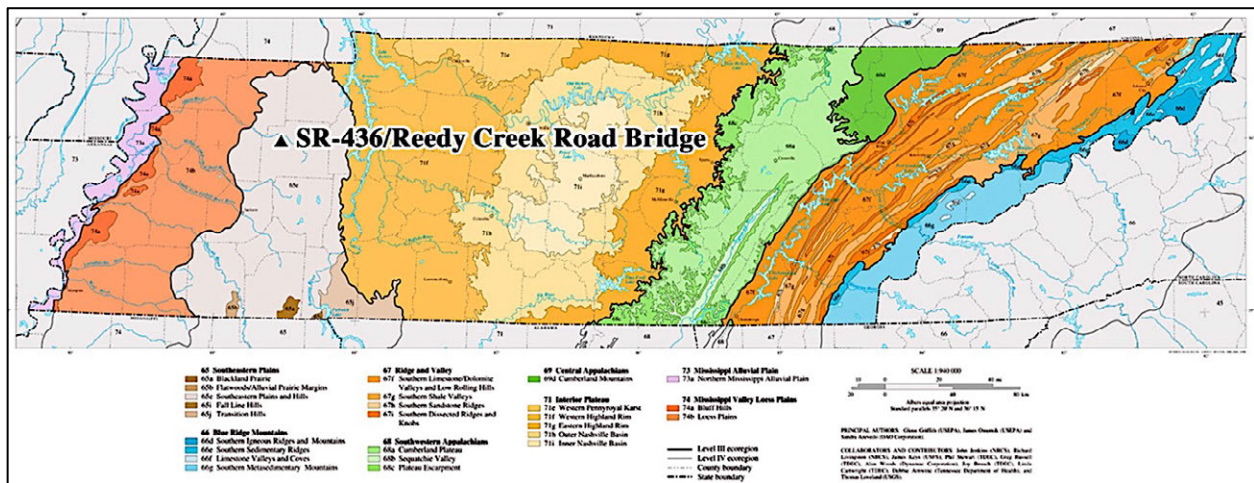


Figure 2-01. The State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge location shown on an ecoregions map of Tennessee (after Griffith et al. 2004).

### GEOLOGY

The surface geology at the APE is mapped as the Claiborne and Wilcox Formations (Tcw) (Hardeman 1966:West Sheet). The Claiborne and Wilcox formations are Tertiary aged and consist of irregularly bedded sand, locally interbedded with lenses, and beds of gray to white clay, silty clay, lignitic clay, and lignite.

### DRAINAGE

Reedy Creek is a tributary of the South Fork of the Obion River, and the mouth of Reedy Creek is located approximately 7.5 km northwest (linear) of the APE. The South Fork of the Obion River watershed covers 1,157 mi.<sup>2</sup> and includes portions of Carroll, Gibson, Henderson, Henry, Obion, and Weakley counties (Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation 2008).



## **SOILS**

The floodplain of Reedy Creek, and most of the other significant drainages within Carroll County, is mapped as the Waverly-Falaya-Collins soil association (Moore et al. 1984:General Soil Map). This soil association consists of level, poorly drained to moderately well drained soils on floodplains (Moore et al. 1984:5). About 70 percent of this has been cleared and is used for crops and pasture.

More specifically, Moore et al. (1984:Sheet 23) maps two soil types within the APE, and their distribution is roughly even (50/50). Falaya silt loam, occasionally flooded (Fa) is a Capability Class IIw soil that has high natural fertility and is strongly acidic (Moore et al. 1984:11). Typically, the surface layer is dark grayish brown, very friable silt loam to 7 in., and the substratum is brown silt loam with gray and brown mottles to 18 in. Falaya series soils formed in loess washed from uplands.

Waverly silt loam, occasionally flooded (Wo) is a Capability Class of IIIw soil that is low in natural fertility and is strongly acidic (Moore et al. 1984:23). Typically, the surface layer is dark grayish brown, very friable silt loam to 7 in., and the substratum is gray silt loam, mottled with yellow and brown to 60 in. Moore et al. (1984:23) note that some areas of Falaya soils were included with this soil type in mapping. Waverly series soils formed in thick alluvial deposits primarily from loess.

Because soils are indicators of past environments, soil types and/or phases can be used to predict a given tract's potential for containing archaeological deposits. The Natural Resources Conservation Service's "Capability Unit/Class" classification is a measure of the limitations of each soil type that can restrict its use. These Capability Unit/Class can be used by archeologists as indicators of the potential that a given soil type has for containing an archaeological deposit, because soils with few limitations are more likely to yield evidence of human occupation than soils with moderate or severe limitations.

Since the APE is composed of 50 percent Capability Class II soils and 50 percent Capability Class III soils, it is considered to have moderate to low archaeological probability.

## **FLORAL COMMUNITIES**

Carroll County is part of the Mississippi Embayment Section of the Western Mesophytic Forest Region as described by Braun (1964:157) and the Tulip-Oak Forest as described by Shelford (1974:35). Oak and Oak-Hickory floral communities predominate in this region along stream and river terraces, with swamp forest species predominating along low-lying floodplain areas.

Floral species within the Oak and Oak-Hickory communities include white oak (*Quercus alba*), southern red oak (*Quercus falcata*), hickory (*Carya* sp.), and tuliptree (*Liriodendron tulipifera*) at higher elevations, with beech (*Fagus grandifolia*), sugar maple (*Acer saccharum*), and bald cypress (*Taxodium distichum*) occurring at only very low elevations, such as those immediately abutting local drainages. Undergrowth in these communities is characteristically sparse, with dogwood (*Cornus florida*), winged elm (*Ulmus alata*), persimmon (*Diospyros virginiana*), sassafras (*Sassafras albidium*), mulberry (*Morus* sp.), white ash (*Fraxinus americana*), and holly (*Ilex* sp.) accounting for the majority of species (Braun 1964:157). In particular, mast-producing species such as the various oaks and hickories would have represented an important subsistence resource for humans occupying this region.

Within the South Fork Obion River basin there is one designated State Natural Area: Big Cypress Tree (Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation 2008). Big Cypress Tree is a 270 ac. natural area in Weakley County consisting of bottomland hardwood and bald

cypress forest that occurs along the old river meanders and the channelized Middle Fork of the Obion River. This forest is comprised of bald cypress, river birch, sweet gum, sycamore, overcup oak, water oak, willow oak, and cherrybark oak. The bottomland hardwood forest that occurs at higher locations includes green ash, swamp chestnut oak, red maple, and slippery elm with some white oak.

### ***PALEOENVIRONMENT***

Paleoenvironmental conditions were substantially different in the late Pleistocene through the middle Holocene. During the Late Wisconsin full-glacial interval (18,000 years before present [YBP]), the Central Mississippi River Valley was covered by boreal forest communities and a Spruce-Willow Forest was on the valley train surfaces that were fed by glacial meltwater from the Ohio River. Post-glacial warming caused jack pine population to collapse about 14,000 YBP, but the area east of Crowley's Ridge remained a Spruce-Willow Forest. By 12,000 YBP, warming temperatures led to an expansion of Oak-Hickory Forest on abandoned braided stream terraces and the Spruce-Willow Forest became more restricted as the active channel of the Ohio River shifted east. By 10,000 YBP, "the vegetation had become temperate to warm temperate in character" (Delcourt et al. 1999:25). At 8,000 YBP, the effects of a warm and dry interval referred to as the Hypsithermal begin to be seen in the pollen record. Regionally, the Hypsithermal was most strongly felt around 6,000 YBP, and the arid conditions continued until after 4,000 YBP (Delcourt et al. 1999). Modern floristic regions developed between 4,000 and 3,000 YBP, with a return to wetter conditions.

### ***MODERN CLIMATE***

Under the Köppen climate classification the present (i.e., late Holocene) climate of West Tennessee is considered humid-subtropical (Cfa), and characterized by hot and humid summers, and mild winters. Carroll County is located within the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) plant hardiness Zone 6b (average annual extreme minimum temperatures of -5° to 0°). The growing season in Carroll County is long, averaging 198 days above 32° five years in ten (Moore et al. 1984:Table 3).

Based on climate data collected in Huntingdon from 1962-1979, January is on average the coldest month in Carroll County with average daily minimum and maximum temperatures of 23.4° and 44.7° (Moore et al. 1984:Table 1). July is on average the warmest month with average daily minimum and maximum temperatures of 66.5° and 89.5°.

Precipitation in Carroll County averages approximately 54.63 in. per annum (Moore et al. 1984:Table 1). The wettest period is March, April and May when 5.17–5.60 in. of precipitation fall monthly. The driest month on average is October when 3.14 in. of precipitation falls (Moore et al. 1984:Table 1). Frontal systems associated with areas of low pressure provide the area with the majority of its rainfall. During summer months, convection clouds caused by high temperatures and humidity levels provide rainfall frequently during the afternoon hours.



### III. CULTURAL BACKGROUND

#### *PREHISTORIC SEQUENCE*

##### *PALEOINDIAN PERIOD*

Paleoindian occupations represent the first well-accepted occurrence of humans in the Western Hemisphere. These populations are generally thought of as highly adaptive, mobile hunter-gatherers whose recent ancestors were Upper Paleolithic Siberians who migrated across the present Bering Strait during the Late Pleistocene, when sea levels were ca. 60 m lower. During the Late Glacial era, when initial human colonization of the Southeast is postulated (ca. 10,000–8000 B.C.), climatic changes followed the receding of the continental ice sheets, and there was a widespread extinction of megafauna. The environment at this time is usually interpreted to have been spruce and/or pine-dominated boreal forest (Saucier 1978). By 1,000 years prior to the fluted point occupations, the environment had changed to deciduous forest (Delcourt et al. 1980). Research on Paleoindian diagnostics (Anderson et al. 1990) indicates that the period may be subdivided into Early (9500–9000 B.C.), Middle (9000–8500 B.C.), and Late (8500–8000 B.C.) stages, based on changes in hafted biface morphology.

##### *DALTON PERIOD*

The Dalton period is considered transitional between the Paleoindian and Archaic traditions. The key distinguishing feature of the material culture is the unfluted, serrated Dalton point, but the Dalton tool kit includes a number of other diagnostic special-function tools and a woodworking adz (Morse and Morse 1983, 1996). Goodyear (1982) suggests that Dalton represents a distinct temporal horizon dating to 8500–7900 B.C. While technologically similar to Paleoindian, Dalton assemblages suggest an adaptive pattern more akin to later Archaic cultures. One of the most important game species from this time to the contact era seems to have been the white-tailed deer (Morse and Morse 1983:71). During the Dalton period the Mississippi River meander system was established in the lower valley and was working northward, but a braided stream regime still existed. Dalton components are better represented in northwestern Tennessee than are the preceding Early and Middle Paleoindian diagnostics, although much is yet to be learned about this temporal period (Mainfort 1996:80).

##### *ARCHAIC PERIOD*

The Archaic is usually thought of in terms of three subperiods: Early (ca. 8000–5000 B.C.); Middle (5000–3000 B.C.); and Late (3000–1500 B.C.). Temporal divisions of the Archaic are primarily based on the occurrence of distinctive projectile points. Throughout Archaic times a hunter-gatherer lifeway appears to have continued, and it was focused on essentially the same flora and fauna as represented in the natural environment today. The Archaic is perceived as a time of regional “settling in,” when an efficient utilization of the environment was keyed to highly cyclical, repetitive seasonal activities continued by indigenous groups over thousands of years (Caldwell 1958). Some seasonal movement to exploit niches was probably required, but Archaic populations, compared to Paleoindian, are generally portrayed as being attached to localities, river valleys, or regions.

##### *WOODLAND PERIOD*

During the Woodland period, intensification in horticultural methods, construction of earthworks, elaboration of artistic expression, and burial rituals are all thought to be related to the reorganization of social structure. For at least part of the year, a sedentary group was needed to plant, tend, and harvest crops. Sedentism and communal labor efforts promoted territorial circumscription. This period was also characterized by increased variety and use of ceramics. Ceramic types and varieties thus are a primary consideration in interpreting settlement patterns

and chronological progression of the Woodland period. Considerable archaeological attention has been focused on these ceramic cultures, and a number of phases and phase sequences have been proposed. However, the reader should be aware that these phase assignments are highly problematic and have received strong criticism in the recent past (Mainfort 1994).

#### ***MISSISSIPPIAN PERIOD***

Hallmarks of the Mississippian period include population increase, intensive floodplain settlement, greater emphasis on agricultural activity, earthwork construction on celestial alignments, inter-regional exchange of exotic items, shell-tempered ceramics, and possibly bow warfare. These factors and the development of a distinctive elite iconography are associated with the rise of conscripted, complex sociopolitical systems, which we now refer to as chiefdoms. A complex mosaic of competing chiefdoms dominated the late prehistoric Southeast political landscape. These chiefdoms were documented by the Spanish explorers at the close of the Mississippian period, which is the final zenith of Native American cultural development.

#### ***PROTOHISTORIC PERIOD***

This period is generally considered to have begun with the first appearance of European peoples in the Southeast. The De Soto expedition is thought to have crossed the Mississippi River near Walls, Mississippi, in June 1541, after following an upland trail from their 1540 winter camp with the proto-Chickasaw in northeast Mississippi (Dye 1993). Protohistoric sites in western Tennessee (A.D. 1541–1650) produce low frequencies of European trade goods (rarely Spanish, more typically French beads and brass) in association with Late Mississippian artifact types, including quantities of the ceramic type Campbell Appliqué (Mainfort 1996:179).

### ***HISTORIC***

#### ***HISTORIC ABORIGINAL PERIOD***

Western Tennessee is noteworthy for its general absence of historic aboriginal tribes, but the region was claimed as a hunting ground by the Chickasaw, as well as by the Cherokee (Satz 1979:11).

#### ***COLONIAL ERA***

In the waning sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, more or less continuous contact was established between European and aboriginal populations. Initial Spanish, French, and English settlements were all located on the coast. The English established Jamestown in 1607, and in 1609 King James I granted a charter to the London Company for a vast region that included present-day western Tennessee. The coastal Virginians armed the local Westo Indians, who proceeded to raid the Muscogee, or Creeks, who lacked firearms (Braund 1993:28). Such direct and indirect European-induced social disruptions, such as introduced disease (Ramenofsky 1987), would characterize the entire Colonial period and led to shifting allegiances as the European powers struggled for territory and profits in North America.

#### ***ANTEBELLUM PERIOD***

The early nineteenth century is better understood and represented in the archaeological record in middle and eastern Tennessee, as this is where most settlements were located. During this time western Tennessee was rocked by a series of massive earthquakes known as the “New Madrid Earthquakes” (Fuller 1912). The town of New Madrid was destroyed, Reelfoot Lake was formed, and the aftershocks continued for months. After the War of 1812 ended (in 1815) and the British-Creek Confederacy was defeated, immigration increased in western Tennessee.

### ***TRAIL OF TEARS***

President Andrew Jackson signed the Indian Removal Act in 1830. Between 1831 and 1839, the U.S. Government moved Choctaw, Creek, Chickasaw, Seminole, and Cherokee Indians from eastern states to Oklahoma (Hanson and Moneyhon 1989:18). The routes traveled by the Cherokee during their 1838 removal become known as the “Trail of Tears” due to the hardships suffered during this forced journey. In the Cherokee language, the event is called *Nvnna-da-ultsun-yi*, which translates as “The Trail Where They Cried” (Satz 1979:93). During this exodus numerous routes were used by various groups, and Memphis was a staging areas for groups using overland and water routes.

### ***CIVIL WAR AND RECONSTRUCTION***

Following Lincoln’s election, the initial vote for secession failed, but after the war began Tennessee seceded. In 1861–1862, several skirmishes took place along the Mississippi during the Federal campaign to seize control of the river. New Madrid was captured by Confederate forces under General Pillow in 1861. Island No. 10 was fortified by the Confederates and was the scene of a battle in March 1862 (Bragg 1977:27).

### ***TENANT PERIOD***

The period from 1870 to 1950 is known as the “Tenant period” (Stewart-Abernathy and Watkins 1982), and is named for the sharecropping or tenant farm labor system that was a significant characteristic of southern U.S. agriculture after the Civil War. This decentralization of the old plantation system developed during Reconstruction as a means of stabilizing labor relations between former slaves and landowners. Prunty (1955) has interpreted tenancy as a post-bellum modification of the plantation system.

### ***HISTORY OF CARROLL COUNTY***

Carroll County was created by act of the Tennessee general Assembly on 7 November 1821. It was created from lands within the Western District following the Jackson Purchase of 1818. The economy of the county has been centered on agriculture for much of its history. In recent years, industry and service-related businesses have increased in economic importance, in part due to the transportation infrastructure servicing the county including both rail and interstate highway systems (McClure 1998).

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## IV. LITERATURE AND RECORDS SEARCH

Laboratory Director, Karla Oesch, RPA conducted a standard cultural resources literature and records search for this assessment in advance of fieldwork at the TDOA facility in Nashville on 13 June 2018. Information regarding previous archaeological studies and previously recorded archaeological sites within a 1-mi. search radius of the APE was retrieved.

### ***PREVIOUSLY RECORDED ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES***

Review of TDOA archival quadrangles and Geographic Information System (GIS) database indicated that there is no previously recorded archaeological site within APE. More generally, there are few sites recorded in the study vicinity, and the nearest previously recorded site (40CL206, a Woodland village recorded in 1972) is 5 km distant.

### ***PREVIOUS ARCHAEOLOGICAL STUDIES***

There has been no previous archaeological study at the APE, nor has there been any prior study within the 1-mi. radius.

Probably the best-known prior archaeological survey in the project vicinity was conducted between 1966 and 1975 by the Department of Archaeology, Memphis State University (now the University of Memphis; Smith 1979). This survey resulted in the identification of 29 sites along the South Fork Obion River.

### ***CARTOGRAPHIC REVIEW***

#### ***1832 TENNESSEE STATE MAP***

The APE falls within the 12<sup>th</sup> Surveyors District on Matthew Rhea's 1832 Tennessee State Map (Figure 4-01). Reedy Creek is indicated on this map, and an east-west road linking Huntingdon and McLemoresville that possibly represents today's State Route 77 (SR-77) can be seen to the south. Another road is shown leading northeast from McLemoresville that crosses Reedy Creek, but it is too far east to be SR-436/Reedy Creek Road.

#### ***1888 ATLAS MAP OF TENNESSEE***

The 1888 Rand, McNally, & Co.'s atlas "Map of Tennessee" does not illustrate roads, but does show railroads (Figure 4-02). McLemoresville and Reedy Creek can be seen to the southeast of the St. Louis & Nashville Railroad. This railroad was known as the Memphis, Clarksville & Louisville Railroad during the Civil War.

#### ***1967 TREZEVANT EAST QUADRANGLE MAP***

The 1967 Trezevant East, TN 7.5-min. quad shows SR-436/Reedy Creek Road and bridge, but no other cultural feature within the APE (Figure 4-03). TDOT records indicate that this bridge was constructed in 1939 (Pannell 2018), so Reedy Creek Road must have been in place by then.

### ***SURVEY EXPECTATIONS***

There is a general absence of archaeological sites in the immediate vicinity of the APE; however, past work within the South Fork Obion River basin suggests that the local settlement pattern is focused in the higher terraces. Low-lying occasionally flooded settings, such as the APE, are not considered high-probability locations. Additionally, based on soil type (see *Chapter II. Environmental Setting*), the APE is considered to be a moderate- to low-probability setting.



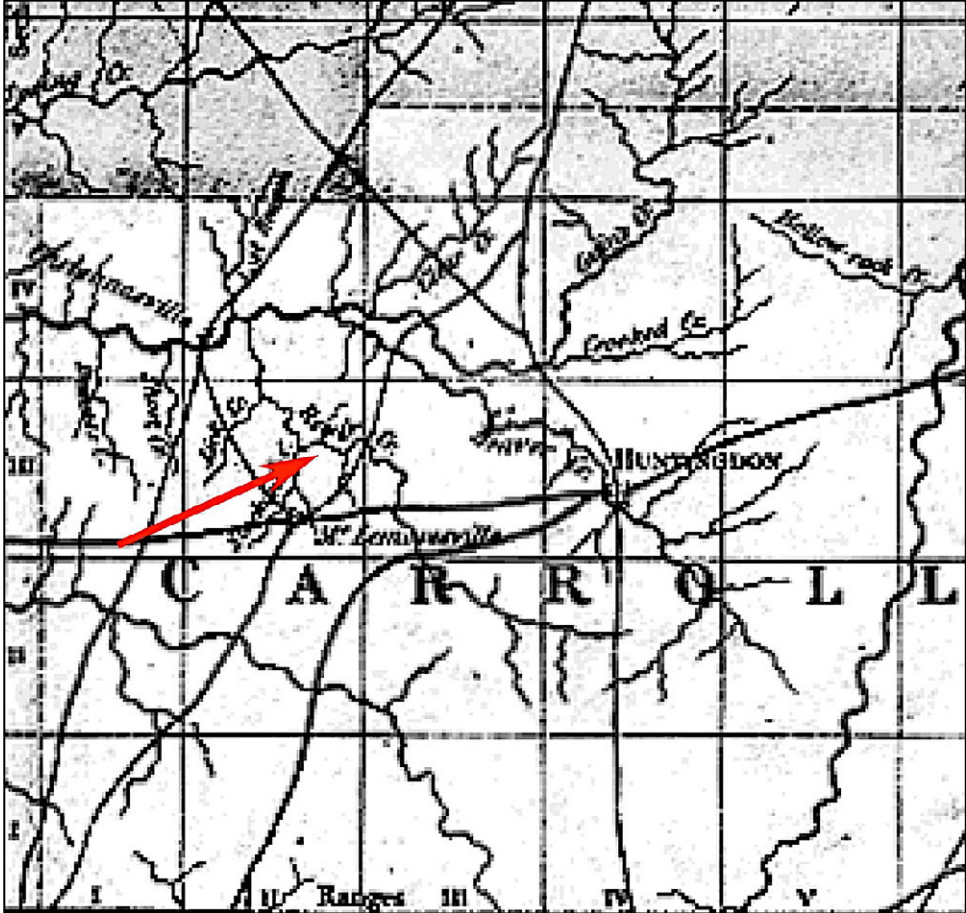


Figure 4-01. A portion of Rhea's 1832 Tennessee State Map of the 12<sup>th</sup> Surveyors District with the approximate location of the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects indicated (red arrow).

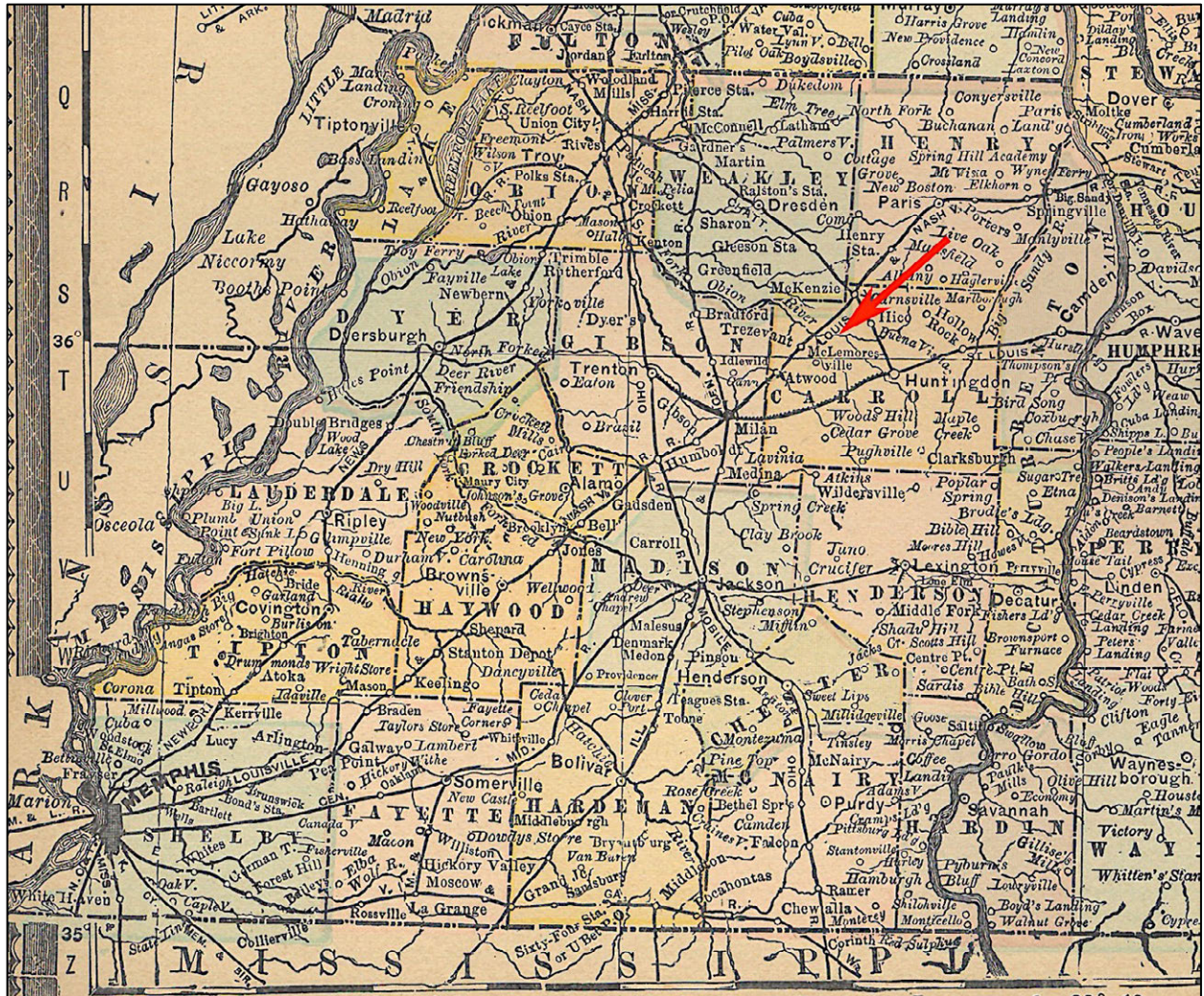


Figure 4-02. A portion 1888 Rand, McNally, & Co.'s atlas "Map of Tennessee" with the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects indicated (red arrow).

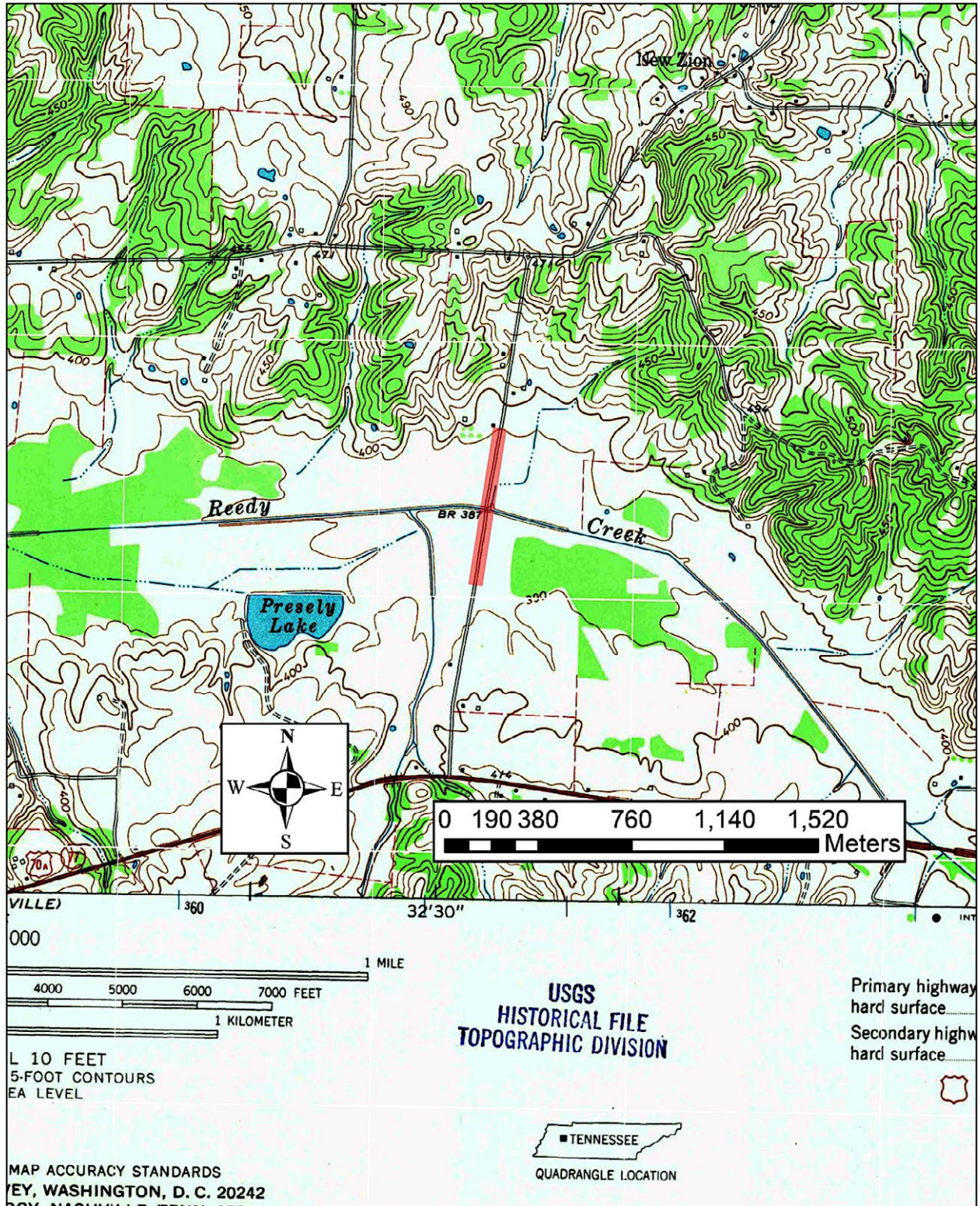


Figure 4-03. A portion of the 1967 Trezevant East, TN 7.5-min. quad with the State Route 436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge Area of Potential Effects indicated (red rectangle).

## V. FIELD INVESTIGATIONS

### *METHODS*

#### *SITE DETECTION*

The undeveloped portions of the APE principally consisted of cultivated fields that offered good to excellent surface visibility. As a result, visual inspection was the primary site detection method employed. The pedestrian (visual) transects were spaced at 15-m intervals. To supplement the visual survey, 16 judgmentally placed shovel tests were excavated; four in each quadrant of the APE.

Each shovel test consisted of a hole measuring approximately 30 cm<sup>2</sup>. Excavation of shovel tests continued until sterile subsoil was encountered. All fill removed from shovel test excavations was passed through 0.25-in. hardware cloth to ensure consistent artifact recovery. Shovel test profiles were recorded on standardized forms. Profile descriptions included Munsell Soil Color Chart references and standard Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) terminology to describe soil textural classes. Additional information recorded for each shovel test included the maximum depth of excavation, presence or absence of cultural material, and the nature of any recovered artifacts. All areas disturbed by excavations were restored (i.e., backfilled) as closely as possible to their original condition.

#### *SITE SAMPLING/DELINEATION*

No archaeological site was identified during the course of this assessment. Thus, a discussion of site sampling and/or delineation is not warranted here.

#### *SURVEY INTENSITY*

During the course of this assessment, 16 shovel tests were excavated at judgmentally placed locations (Figure 5-01; Table 5-01). All were negative for cultural material.

#### *PHOTOGRAPHY SPECIFICATIONS*

Digital images were taken in sufficient quantities to record the excavations, surface features, sites, and general conditions within the terrestrial survey area. The photographs were recorded in logs (by photographer). Cameras utilized included a Nikon Coolpix P510 set to 16-megapixel resolution. The photo logs and \*.jpg images are part of the permanent project records, and are included with the curation material.

#### *FIELD DOCUMENTATION*

To ensure appropriate field data management, Panamerican employs a system the company developed for intensive surveys. Throughout the course of the fieldwork, the crew used specialized forms to individually record the shovel tests units. The status of each unit was assessed as positive (■), negative (□), or not excavated (Ø). In the case of the latter, which are referred to as “no-test” locations, the reason for not excavating the unit is provided on the forms. Unit soil profiles, sediment characteristics, and depths of artifact recovery, if any, were recorded on the forms during the fieldwork. At the end of each field day, this information is collected by the Field Director and reviewed for content. The project field documentation also included, but was not limited to, the following additional types of records: (1) daily field notes of key project personnel describing general findings and observations; (2) completion of various task oriented forms such as artifact bag lists and photo logs; and (3) various “in-house” paperwork, such as safety meetings notes and employee timesheets.

### ***GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM MAPPING***

A Trimble GeoExplorer 7X sub-meter precision Global Positioning System (GPS) unit was employed for in-field mapping. Features mapped during the course of fieldwork included all shovel test positions. All field data were backed up daily to a laptop computer. The Tennessee State Plane (NAD83 feet) datum and coordinate system was used for GIS mapping products. GPS data are provided to TDOT in GIS format along with the draft version of this report.

### ***RESULTS***

Fieldwork for the assessment was conducted on 21 and 22 June 2108, by a two-person crew consisting of Field Director Saatkamp, RPA and Archaeological Technician Geary. The assessment resulted in negative findings; no archaeological site, artifact or deposit was encountered.

The boundary of the APE extended 92 ft. (28.04 m) east of the existing centerline, and 108 ft. (32.92 m) west of the existing centerline (see Figure 5-01). During the pedestrian (visual) survey, the two-person crew made two passes (one to the north and one to the south) spaced at 15-m intervals within each quadrant of the APE (starting at the ditch on the side of SR-436/Reedy Creek Road). This provided visual coverage out to 45 m from the centerline, which was beyond the APE boundary. As previously noted, surface visibility was good to excellent, as the soybean and corn crops within the undeveloped portions of the APE were young and low to the ground (Figures 5-02 and 5-03).

No artifact was detected, but a vegetated berm/levee on the western side of the road was observed (Figure 5-04). Presumably, it was constructed to control backwater flooding coming up Reedy Creek from the west.

In addition to the pedestrian (visual) survey, 16 shovel tests were excavated at judgmentally placed locations within the APE (four tests in each quadrant). All were negative (see Figure 5-01 and Table 5-01). The shovel test depths ranged 40–56 cm, and the average depth was 50.0 cm  $\pm$  3.72 cm. The plowzone (surface horizon) depth exhibited some variation, and ranged 10–30 cm across the APE. The recorded profiles generally exhibited more clay in the substratum than is typical of the published descriptions for the soil types mapped within the APE (Falaya silt loam, occasionally flooded and Waverly silt loam, occasionally flooded; see Chapter II); however, the gray and brown mottles in the substratum were apparent (Figure 5-05).

### ***CONCLUSION***

To conclude, the archaeological assessment for the SR-436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge replacement over Reedy Creek resulted in negative findings.

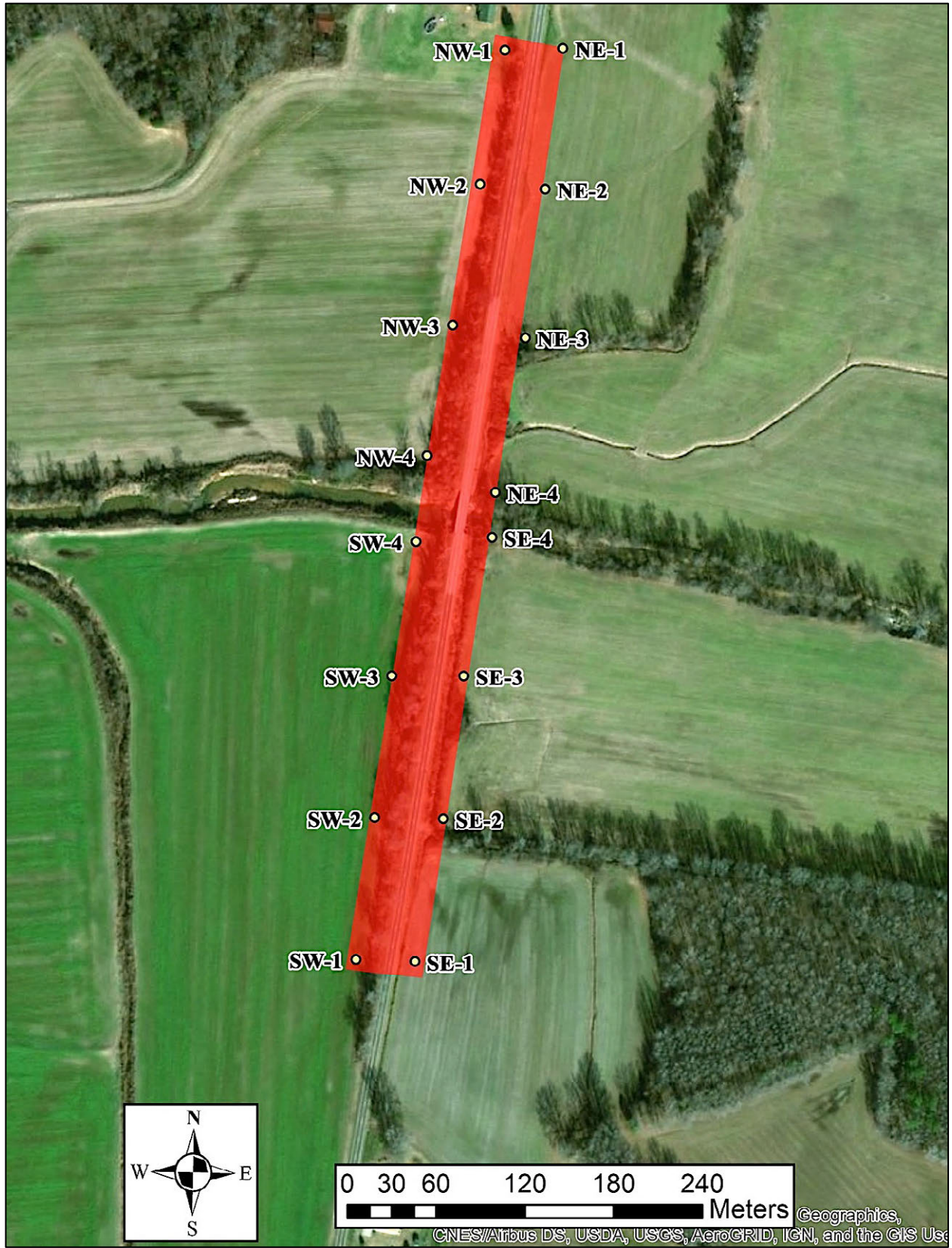


Figure 5-01. Aerial map showing the Area of Potential Effects limits (shaded red rectangle) and location of shovel tests (yellow dots).

**Table 5-01. Shovel tests summary.**

Quadrant	ST	R	Max Depth (cm)	Soil Description
SE	1	☐	56	0–10 cmbs, 10YR 5/3 clay loam; 10–56 cmbs, 7.5YR 4/6 loam
SE	2	☐	52	0–10 cmbs, 10YR 4/3 clay loam; 10–52 cmbs, 10YR 5/3 and 6/3 clay
SE	3	☐	40	0–20 cmbs, 10YR 4/3 clay loam; 20–40 cmbs, 10YR 7/2 clay (Figure 5-05)
SE	4	☐	50	0–10 cmbs, 10YR 4/3 clay loam; 10–50 cmbs, 10YR 7/2 clay
SW	1	☐	47	0–10 cmbs, 10YR 4/3 clay loam; 10–47 cmbs, 10RY 7/1 clay
SW	2	☐	45	0–17 cmbs, 10YR 4/3 clay loam; 17–24 cmbs, 10YR 5/4 and 6/3 clay; 24–45 cmbs, 10YR 7/2 and 4/6 clay
SW	3	☐	54	0–21 cmbs, 10YR 4/3 clay loam; 21–33 cmbs, 10YR 5/6 and 6/3 clay; 33–54 cmbs, 10YR 7/2 and 4/6 clay
SW	4	☐	53	0–16 cmbs, 10YR 4/3 clay loam; 16–27 cmbs, 7.5YR 5/6 clay loam; 27–53 cmbs, 10YR 7/2 and 4/6 clay
NE	1	☐	53	0–33 cmbs, 10YR 5/6 clay loam; 33–53 cmbs, 10YR 7/2 and 4/6 clay
NE	2	☐	50	0–30 cmbs, 10YR 5/6 silty clay loam; 30–50 cmbs, 10YR 3/3 clay
NE	3	☐	50	0–17 cmbs, 10YR 5/6 silty clay loam; 17–50 cmbs, 10YR 6/4 and 7/2 clay
NE	4	☐	50	0–23 cmbs, 10YR 5/6 silty clay loam; 23–50 cmbs, 10YR 6/4 and 7/2 clay
NW	1	☐	50	0–10 cmbs, 10YR 3/4 clay loam; 10–50 cmbs, 10YR 6/4 and 5/8
NW	2	☐	50	0–15 cmbs, 10YR 5/6 sandy clay loam; 15–50 cmbs, 10YR 6/6 sandy clay
NW	3	☐	50	0–28 cmbs, 10YR 5/6 sandy clay loam; 28–40 cmbs, 10YR 6/4 and 7/2 clay; 40–50 cmbs, 10YR 7/3 sandy clay
NW	4	☐	50	0–22 cmbs, 10YR 5/6 sandy clay loam; 22–50 cmbs, 10YR 6/4 and 7/2 clay

Key: Shovel Test Number= ST; Result=R; Positive=■; Negative=☐; No Test=Ø; and cm below surface=cmbs

### ***CURATION***

All records associated with this assessment are temporarily housed at Panamerican’s Memphis laboratory and will be prepared for permanent curation according to guidelines set forth in 36 CFR 79. These items will be permanently curated with TDOT at the Nashville facility in accordance with the TDOA Archaeological Permit (No. 000994; Appendix A) issued for this assessment.



**Figure 5-02. Southeastern quadrant of the Area of Potential Effects; view north (DSCN0686).**



**Figure 5-03. Southwestern quadrant of the Area of Potential Effects; view north (DCSN0695).**





Figure 5-04. Berm in the southwestern quadrant; view east (DCSN0697).



Figure 5-05. Typical soil profile, southwestern quadrant Shovel Test 3; view south (DSCN0692).

## VI. SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### ***SUMMARY***

At the request of TDOT, Panamerican performed a Phase I archaeological assessment of the APE for the replacement of the SR-436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek at LM 0.68 in Carroll County as Work Order No. 009 under Agreement E1913 (TDOT PIN 124139.00; Project No. 09035-0220-94). Fieldwork for the assessment was conducted on 21 and 22 June 2018 under the direction of Field Director Saatkamp, RPA, with Archaeological Technician Geary. All work completed during the assessment conformed to the stipulations set forth by the TDOA Archaeological Permit No. 000994 issued on 7 June 2018 (Appendix A) and the TDOT SOW (FY 2017–2018).

The APE lies within TDOT Region IV, and is found in northwestern Carroll County, approximately 4 km northeast of the community of McLemoresville. The APE can be identified on the Trezevant East, TN (444SE) 7.5-min. quad (see Figure 1-01). The APE for the present assessment is defined as the extent of the proposed ETSA, ROW, and all easements as shown on project plans, as well as potentially undisturbed areas within the existing ROW. The APE is a 1600-x-200-ft. (0.0115-mi.<sup>2</sup>) area that extends 300 ft. north and 300 ft. south of the beginning and end of the project (see Figure 1-02). The APE encloses an area that is larger than the present and proposed ROW for the project.

The setting is the floodplain of Reedy Creek, a tributary of the South Fork of the Obion River, and terrain is level with the elevation being just less than 390 ft. The soil types found within the APE include Falaya silt loam, occasionally flooded and Waverly silt loam, occasionally flooded; as a result, the APE is considered to have moderate to low archaeological probability.

Laboratory Director Oesch, RPA conducted a standard cultural resources literature and records search for this assessment in advance of fieldwork at the TDOA facility in Nashville on 13 June 2018. This revealed that there is no previously recorded archaeological site within or near the APE, and that there has been no prior investigation at or near the APE.

Fieldwork for the assessment was conducted on 21 and 22 June 2018 by a two-person crew. The undeveloped portions of the APE principally consisted of cultivated fields that offered good to excellent surface visibility (see Figures 5-02 and 5-03). As a result, visual inspection was the primary site detection method employed. The pedestrian (visual) transects were spaced at 15-m intervals. To supplement the visual survey, 16 judgmentally placed shovel tests were excavated; four in each quadrant of the APE (see Figure 5-01). The shovel tests were all negative, and the depths ranged 40–56 cm, and the average depth was 50.0 cm ± 3.72 cm (see Table 5-01).

To summarize, the archaeological assessment for the SR-436/Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek at LM 0.68 in Carroll County APE resulted in negative findings.

### ***RECOMMENDATIONS***

As there is no archaeological resource located within the APE, no further archaeological work is recommended.

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Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation

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## **APPENDIX A: ARCHAEOLOGICAL PERMIT**







STATE OF TENNESSEE  
**DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION**  
DIVISION OF ARCHAEOLOGY  
Cole Building #3, 1216 Foster Avenue  
NASHVILLE, TN 37243  
(615) 741-1588 FAX (615) 741-7329

ARCHAEOLOGICAL PERMIT

NO. 000994

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF TENNESSEE CODE ANNOTATED SECTION 11-6-101 ET SEQ. PERMISSION IS HEREBY GRANTED TO:

C. ANDREW BUCHNER

REPRESENTING:

PANAMERICAN CONSULTANTS, INC.

FOR ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION ON THE FOLLOWING DESIGNATED STATE-OWNED OR CONTROLLED LANDS

PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF SR-436 REEDY CREEK BRIDGE OVER REEDY CREEK AT LOG MILE 0.68, CARROLL COUNTY

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICATION FILED JUNE 7, 2018 IN THE OFFICE OF THE DIVISION OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND IN CONFORMITY WITH THE DATA SUBMITTED THEREIN WHICH IS CONSIDERED AS A PART OF THIS PERMIT.

ISSUED THIS 7TH DAY OF JUNE 2018

TO EXPIRE 7TH DAY OF OCTOBER 2018

ADDITIONAL TERMS TO PERMIT APPLICATION: ARTIFACTUAL REMAINS AND THE ORIGINAL PROJECT RECORDS WILL BE CURATED WITH THE TENNESSEE DIVISION OF ARCHAEOLOGY. THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO PERIODIC REVIEW AND/OR CANCELLATION BY THE DIVISION OF ARCHAEOLOGY SHOULD CONDITIONS WARRANT SAME.

  
DIRECTOR/STATE ARCHAEOLOGIST

  
APPLICANT

CN-0939





**TENNESSEE HISTORICAL COMMISSION**  
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE  
2941 LEBANON PIKE  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0442  
OFFICE: (615) 532-1550  
[www.tnhistoricalcommission.org](http://www.tnhistoricalcommission.org)

July 20, 2018

Mr. Phillip R. Hodge  
Tennessee Department of Transportation  
Suite 900, James K. Polk Building  
505 Deaderick Street  
Nashville, TN 37243-1402

RE: FHWA / Federal Highway Administration, Bridge Replacement, SR-436 over Reedy Creek, Carroll County, TN

Dear Mr. Hodge:

In response to your request, we have reviewed the archaeological report of investigations and accompanying documentation submitted by you regarding the above-referenced undertaking. Our review of and comment on your proposed undertaking are among the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. This Act requires federal agencies or applicants for federal assistance to consult with the appropriate State Historic Preservation Office before they carry out their proposed undertakings. The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation has codified procedures for carrying out Section 106 review in 36 CFR 800 (Federal Register, December 12, 2000, 77698-77739).

Considering the information provided, we find that no archaeological resources eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places will be affected by this undertaking. If project plans are changed or archaeological remains are discovered during project construction, please contact this office to determine what further action, if any, will be necessary to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Complete and/or updated Tennessee Site Survey Forms should be submitted to the Tennessee Division of Archaeology for all sites recorded and/or revisited during the current investigation. Questions or comments may be directed to Jennifer Barnett (615) 687-4780.

Your cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

E. Patrick McIntyre, Jr.  
Executive Director and  
State Historic Preservation Officer

EPM/jmb

# Environmental Studies

## Native American Coordination

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** State Route 436 (SR-436)  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 124139.00

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Initial Environmental Study  
**Project Plans:** Planning Report  
**Date of Plans:** 3/23/2018  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Brittany Hyder  
**Title:** TESS-Ad

**Signature:** Brittany  
Hyder

 Digitally signed by  
Brittany Hyder  
Date: 2018.04.04  
15:29:49 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

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**Section:** Native American Coordination

## Study Results

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NAC was sent to all federally recognized, interested tribes on April 19, 2018 and August 21, 2018. The Chickasaw Nation requested to be a consulting party. A final report was sent to the tribe. No other tribes have responded.

## Commitments

---

**Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?**

No

## Additional Information

---

**Is there any additional information or material included with this study?**

Yes

**Type:** Native American Coordination

**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Sarah Kate McKinney

**Title:** TESS Archaeology

**Signature:** Sarah Kate McKinney  
Digitally signed by Sarah Kate McKinney  
Date: 2018.09.28 09:47:35 -05'00'



**STATE OF TENNESSEE  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**ENVIRONMENTAL DIVISION**  
SUITE 900, JAMES K. POLK BUILDING  
505 DEADERICK STREET  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402  
(615) 741-3655

**JOHN C. SCHROER**  
COMMISSIONER

**BILL HASLAM**  
GOVERNOR

April 19, 2018

Mr. Brett Barnes  
Cultural Preservation Director/ THPO  
Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma  
70500 E. 128 Road, Wyandotte OK  
74370

**SUBJECT:** Section 106 Initial Consultation for Proposed Bridge Replacement of State Route 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek in Carroll County, Tennessee (TDOT PIN 124139.00).

Dear Mr. Barnes,

The Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), is proposing to replace the State Route 436 bridge over Reedy Creek, log mile 0.68, in Carroll County, Tennessee (maps attached). The project proposes to shift the new bridge approximately 10 feet to the west. Approximately 1.13 acres of additional right-of-way is anticipated, and there will be ground disturbance within the area of potential effects (APE).

The National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) recognizes that federally funded undertakings, like the subject project, can affect historic properties to which your tribe attaches religious, cultural, and historic significance. In accordance with 36 CFR 800 regulations implementing compliance with Section 106 of the NHPA, we are providing general project information so that you can determine if your tribe has an interest in the project area or nature of the work proposed and so you have an opportunity to bring to our attention any interests and concerns about the potential for impacts to properties of religious and cultural significance. In addition, do you wish to be a consulting party on the project? Early awareness of your concerns can serve to protect historic properties valued by your tribe.

If you act as a consulting party you will receive archaeological assessment reports and related documentation, be invited to attend project meetings with FHWA, TDOT, and the Tennessee State Historic Preservation Office (TN-SHPO), if any are held, and be asked to provide input throughout the process. If you choose to not act as a consulting party at this time, you can do so at a later date simply by notifying me.

Please respond to me via letter, telephone (615-741-0977), fax (615-741-1098), or E-mail ([Phillip.Hodge@tn.gov](mailto:Phillip.Hodge@tn.gov)). I respectfully request responses (email is preferred) to project reports and other materials within thirty (30) days of receipt if at all possible. Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

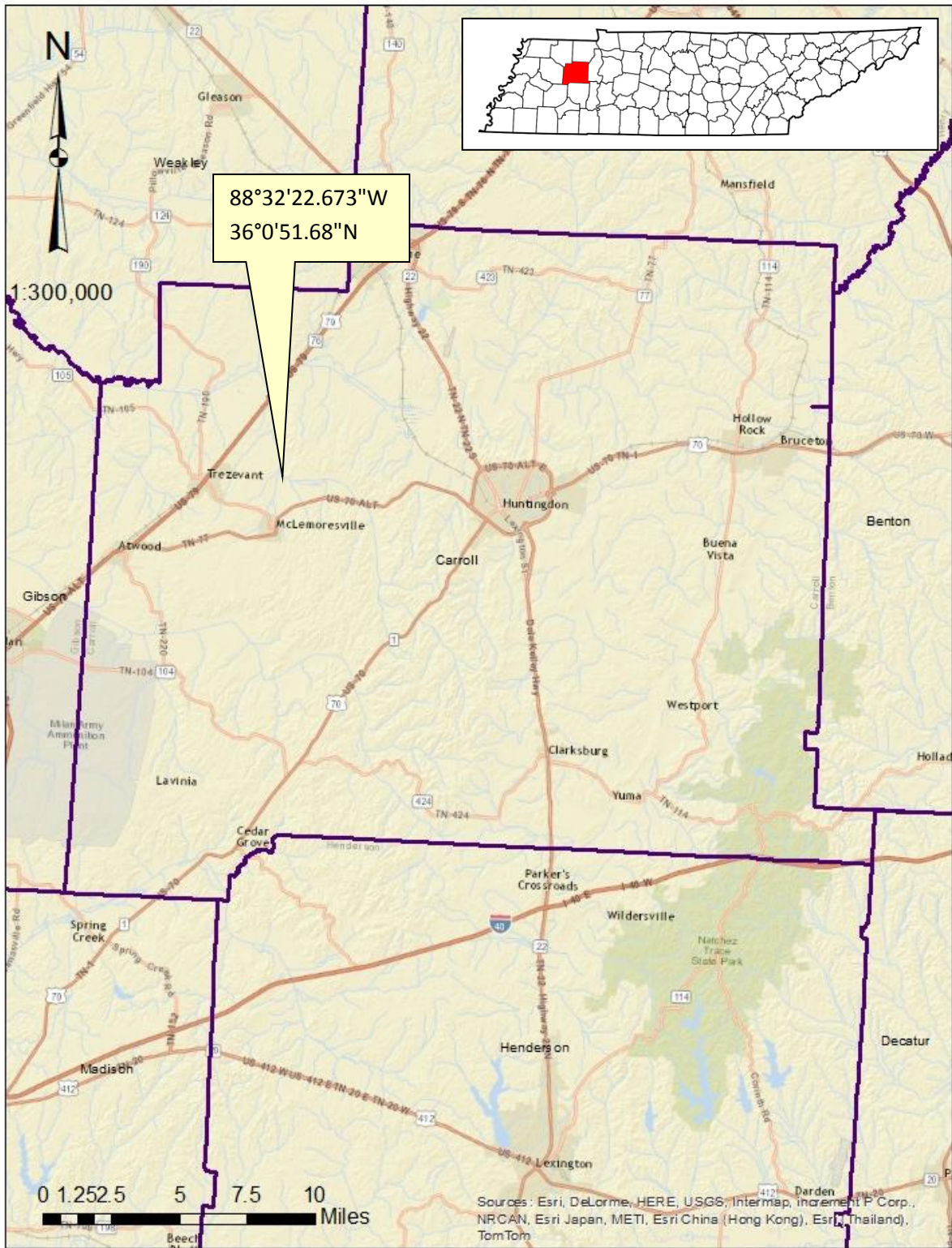
Phillip R. Hodge  
Archaeology Program Manager

Enclosure

cc Karen Brunso, The Chickasaw Nation  
Tonya Tipton, Shawnee Tribe  
Sheila Bird, United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians



Carroll County, TN. PIN 124139.00



Project Vicinity Map

Carroll County, TN. PIN 124139.00

TDOT PIN 124139.00  
Carroll County  
USGS TOPO Trezevant East 444 SE



USGS Quad

Carroll County, TN. PIN 124139.00

**TDOT PIN 124139.00  
Carroll County  
USGS TOPO Trezevant East 444 SE**



Project Location: Aerial View

**From:** [Phillip Hodge](#)  
**To:** [Sarah K. McKinney](#)  
**Subject:** FW: Section 106 Coordination; State Route 436 Bridge Replacement over Reedy Creek, Carroll County, Tennessee PIN 124139.00  
**Date:** Wednesday, August 22, 2018 4:15:00 PM  
**Attachments:** [Carroll SR436 Bridge 124139.00 NAC Brunso.pdf](#)  
[Carroll County, TN, SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek, Architectural-Histor....pdf](#)  
[Carroll County TN SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek Archaeological Repor.....pdf](#)

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FYI, and to file.

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**From:** Fottrell, Gary (FHWA) [mailto:Gary.Fottrell@dot.gov]  
**Sent:** Tuesday, August 21, 2018 7:21 AM  
**To:** Chickasaw Nation (HPO@chickasaw.net)  
**Cc:** Phillip Hodge  
**Subject:** Section 106 Coordination; State Route 436 Bridge Replacement over Reedy Creek, Carroll County, Tennessee PIN 124139.00

**\*\*\* This is an EXTERNAL email. Please exercise caution. DO NOT open attachments or click links from unknown senders or unexpected email - STS-Security. \*\*\***

Dear Ms. Brunso:

Please find attached information for a project proposed by the Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT):

- **State Route 436 Bridge Replacement over Reedy Creek, Carroll County, PIN 124139.00**

In accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and as promulgated in 36 CFR 800, we are providing general project information so that you can determine if your tribe has an interest in the project area or nature of the work proposed and so you have an opportunity to bring to our attention any interests and concerns about the potential for impacts to properties of religious and cultural significance. In addition, do you wish to be a consulting party on the project? If possible, we would appreciate your response via email by September 20<sup>th</sup>.

TDOT has attached a map of the project site with coordinates, architectural/historical and archaeological assessments, and SHPO letters. Thank you for your assistance on this project. If you have questions or need additional information, please feel free to call at any time.

Sincerely,

Gary Fottrell

Environmental Program Engineer  
TN Division, Federal Highway Administration  
404 BNA Drive, Suite 508  
Nashville, TN 37217  
Phone (615) 781-5766

August 31, 2018

Mr. Gary Fottrell  
Environmental Program Engineer  
Tennessee Division  
Federal Highway Administration  
404 BNA Drive, Suite 508  
Nashville, TN 37217

Dear Mr. Fottrell:

Thank you for the letters of notification and cultural resource reports regarding the proposed projects, delineated in the attached table, in Tennessee. We accept the invitation to consult under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

The Chickasaw Nation supports the proposed undertakings and is presently unaware of any specific historic properties, including those of traditional religious and cultural significance, in the project area. In the event the agency becomes aware of the need to enforce other statutes we request to be notified under ARPA, AIRFA, NEPA, NAGPRA, NHPA and Professional Standards.

Your efforts to preserve and protect significant historic properties are appreciated. If you have any questions, please contact Ms. Karen Brunso, tribal historic preservation officer, at (580) 272-1106, or at [karen.brunso@chickasaw.net](mailto:karen.brunso@chickasaw.net).

Sincerely,

Lisa John, Secretary  
Department of Culture and Humanities

cc: [Gary.Fottrell@dot.gov](mailto:Gary.Fottrell@dot.gov)

Project Description	Location
PIN#124637.00 State Route 87 bridge over Overflow	Lauderdale County
PIN#124154.00 State Route 100 bridge over South Fork Forked Deer River	Chester County
Request #6413 Excess land on I-65	Williamson County
PIN#124505.00 State Route 1 bridge over Muddy Creek	Haywood County
PIN#124748.00 State Route 3 bridge over Overflow	Shelby County
Request #6406 Excess land in Crump	Hardin County
PIN#126713.00 Bike and Pedestrian Trail along Memphis-Arlington Road	Arlington, Shelby County
Request #6421 Excess land	Hardin County
PIN#124285.00 Bridge over unknown branch	Fayette County
PIN#124135.00 Bridge over Reedy Creek	Carroll County

# Hazardous Materials



# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** State Route 436 (SR-436)  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 124139.00

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Initial Environmental Study  
**Project Plans:** Planning Report  
**Date of Plans:** 3/23/2018  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Brittany Hyder  
**Title:** TESS-Ad

**Signature:** Brittany  
Hyder

 Digitally signed by  
Brittany Hyder  
Date: 2018.04.04  
15:29:49 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

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**Section:** Hazardous Materials

## Study Results

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Based on the Transportation Investment Report dated 23 March 2018, no known hazardous materials sites appear to affect this project as it is currently planned and no additional hazardous material studies are recommended at this time. The asbestos survey on bridge number 09S82330001 has been completed under PIN 043917.01 and no asbestos was detected; the project commitment was submitted to PPRM but is not shown in this TIR.

Reedy Creek has not been assessed by TDEC DWR.

In the event hazardous substances/wastes are encountered within the right-of-way, their disposition shall be subject to all applicable regulations, including the applicable sections of the Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended; and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended; and the Tennessee Hazardous Waste Management Act of 1983, as amended. Databases reviewed include: Google Earth imagery, EPA National Priorities List, EPA EnviroMapper, TDEC Registered UST database, TDEC Division of Water Resources Public Data Viewer, TDOT IBIS, and others as necessary.

## Commitments

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**Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?**

Yes

previously submitted, not shown in this TIR

An Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) survey was conducted on Bridge No. 09S82330001, SR-436 over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68 (09-SR436-00.68). No ACM was detected. No special accommodations for demolition and waste disposal are anticipated for these structures and the material can be deposited in a C&D landfill. Prior to the demolition or rehabilitation of any structure (bridge or building), the contractor is required to submit the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants standard 10-day notice of demolition to the TDEC Division of Air Pollution Control (per TDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (January 1, 2015) Sections 107.08 D and 202.03).

## Additional Information

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**Is there any additional information or material included with this study?**

No

# Certification

---

**Responder:** Kyle Kirschenmann

**Signature:**

Kyle Kirschenmann

**Title:** Environmental Program Manager, Hazardous Materials Section

Digitally signed by Kyle Kirschenmann  
DN: cn=Kyle Kirschenmann, o=TDOT,  
ou=Environmental Division,  
email=kyle.kirschenmann@tn.gov,  
c=US  
Date: 2018.04.05 11:36:47 -04'00'



# TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## ASBESTOS INSPECTION REPORT

SR-436 over Reedy Creek, Carroll County, Tennessee  
Construction Number 09035-4218-04  
PIN Number 043917.01  
Bridge ID Number 09S82330001



Prepared by:



**K. S. WARE & ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.**

54 Lindsley Avenue  
Nashville, Tennessee 37210

September 8, 2016  
KSWA Project Number: 100-16-0042

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Kollan Spradlin".

Kollan Spradlin  
Tennessee Asbestos Inspector Accreditation A-I-96275-44129]

## 1.0 TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1.0</b>	<b>TABLE OF CONTENTS</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2.0</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION</b> .....	<b>1</b>
2.1	TDOT BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION .....	1
2.2	GENERAL DESCRIPTION .....	1
<b>3.0</b>	<b>INSPECTION</b> .....	<b>1</b>
3.1	PERSONNEL AND DATE(S) OF INSPECTION .....	1
3.2	VISUAL SURVEY .....	2
3.3	ACCESS TO BRIDGE COMPONENTS .....	3
3.3.1	Asphalt Overlay – Homogeneous Area A .....	3
3.3.2	Concrete Deck/Curb – Homogeneous Area B .....	3
3.3.3	Concrete Beams – Homogeneous Area C .....	3
3.3.4	Asphalt Patching – Homogeneous Area D .....	3
3.3.5	Concrete Footing – Homogeneous Area E .....	3
<b>4.0</b>	<b>ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES</b> .....	<b>4</b>
4.1	ASBESTOS ANALYSIS PROCEDURES .....	4
4.2	LABORATORY NAME AND ACCREDITATION .....	4
<b>5.0</b>	<b>REGULATORY OVERVIEW</b> .....	<b>4</b>
5.1	NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS .....	4
5.1.1	Definitions .....	5
<b>6.0</b>	<b>RESULTS</b> .....	<b>6</b>
6.1	RESULTS OF ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS .....	6
<b>7.0</b>	<b>QUALIFICATIONS</b> .....	<b>7</b>

### TABLES

Table – 1: Bridge Component Description .....	2
Table – 2: Analytical Laboratory .....	4

### FIGURES

Figure – 1: Site Vicinity Map .....	8
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### APPENDICES

Appendix A: Photographs	
Appendix B: Asbestos Sample Laboratory Analysis Data	
Appendix C: Asbestos Accreditations	
Appendix D: Health and Safety Plan	
Appendix E: Activity Hazard Analysis	

## 2.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the findings of an inspection for asbestos-containing materials (ACM) completed on the bridge identified in Section 1.1. The inspection was completed in accordance with the State of Tennessee, Department of Transportation Environmental Division, Hazardous Materials Section requirements.

### 2.1 TDOT BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION

The bridge is identified in the TDOT Project System/Bridge Management System as:

TDOT Const Number 09035-4218-04  
TDOT PIN Number: 043917.01  
Bridge Inventory Number: 09S82330001  
Termini: SR-436 over Reedy Creek  
Log Mile Number: 0.68

### 2.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek is a 90-foot, 2-lane, single-span bridge with three approach spans constructed of pre-stressed concrete box beams with a concrete deck and asphalt wearing surface. The bridge was constructed in 1960 and is scheduled for repair. **Figure – 1** shows the general location of the bridge. Photographs of the subject Carroll County bridge are presented in **Appendix A**, and the analytical results of all the samples collected from the bridge, along with the chain-of-custody records, are included in **Appendix B**. No concrete coatings or lined deck drains were encountered on this bridge during field activities.

## 3.0 INSPECTION

The identification of ACM is performed by collecting bulk samples of suspect materials and having those samples analyzed by a laboratory. ACM are those materials found to contain greater than one percent asbestos by calibrated visual area estimation (CVAE) using Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM).

Bulk sampling is a procedure in which representative homogeneous sampling areas in a structure are identified and then sampled. A homogeneous sampling area is defined as an area that contains material of the same type (uniform in color and texture) and is applied during the same general time period. Once the homogeneous sampling areas are identified, bulk samples of suspect materials are obtained at the discretion of our inspectors, based on site conditions and past experience.

### 3.1 PERSONNEL AND DATE(S) OF INSPECTION

The sampling and field activities were performed on August 18, 2016 by KWSA representative Mr. Kollan Spradlin. Mr. Spradlin is an accredited State of Tennessee Asbestos Inspector. A copy of Mr. Spradlin's current accreditation from the State of Tennessee is included in **Appendix C**. Field activities were conducted under a Health and Safety Plan (**Appendix D**) and an Activity Hazard Analysis (**Appendix E**) prepared prior to mobilizing to the site.

### 3.2 VISUAL SURVEY

KSWA's survey began with a visual survey of the bridge. The visual survey consisted of:

- sketching the structure and/or verifying the plans provided
- locating and identifying homogeneous areas of suspect materials that may contain asbestos minerals
- determining applicable sampling locations

**Table-1** lists the homogeneous areas identified during our visual survey. **Figure – 2** shows the general locations of the identified homogeneous areas.

**Table – 1: Bridge Component Descriptions**

Homogeneous Area	Description	Sample Numbers
A	Asphalt Overlay	RC-01, RC-02, RC-03
B	Concrete Deck/Curb	RC-04, RC-05, RC-06
C	Concrete Beams	RC-07, RC-08, RC-09
D	Asphalt Patching	RC-10, RC-11, RC-12
E	Concrete Footing	RC-13, RC-14, RC-15

### **3.3 ACCESS TO BRIDGE COMPONENTS**

Individual bridge components were accessed by the following methods.

#### **3.3.1 Asphalt Overlay – Homogeneous Area A**

The asphalt overlay was accessed and sampled from the top and shoulders of the bridge.

#### **3.3.2 Concrete Deck/Curb – Homogeneous Area B**

The concrete deck/curb was accessed and sampled from the top and shoulders of the bridge.

#### **3.3.3 Concrete Beams – Homogeneous Area C**

The concrete beams were accessed and sampled from beneath the bridge.

#### **3.3.4 Asphalt Patching – Homogeneous Area D**

The asphalt patching was accessed and sampled from the top and shoulders of the bridge.

#### **3.3.5 Concrete Footing – Homogeneous Area E**

The concrete footing was accessed and sampled from beneath the bridge.



## 4.0 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

### 4.1 ASBESTOS ANALYSIS PROCEDURES

The bulk samples are analyzed in the laboratory using PLM coupled with dispersion staining. PLM is an analytical method for asbestos identification, which identifies the specific asbestos minerals by their unique optical properties. The optical properties are a result of the mineral's chemical composition, physical atomic structure, and visual morphology. This is the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommended method of analysis for asbestos identification in bulk samples.

Samples which contain multiple layers, or that have associated mastic or adhesive backing, are analyzed as two or more separate samples. Samples that are identified to contain 1% or less asbestos minerals have been point counted by the laboratory for confirmation.

### 4.2 LABORATORY NAME AND ACCREDITATION

The bulk samples collected for this inspection were analyzed by a laboratory that has received accreditation from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP). The name and accreditation number of the analytical laboratory that analyzed the samples for this inspection are indicated in **Table - 2**:

**Table – 2: Analytical Laboratory**

<b>Laboratory</b>	EMSL Analytical, Inc.
<b>NVLAP Number</b>	102104-0

## 5.0 REGULATORY OVERVIEW

### 5.1 NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

The EPA's National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) regulations (40 CFR 61, Subpart B) requires that all regulated asbestos-containing materials (RACM) be properly removed prior to any renovation or demolition activities that will disturb them. These regulations define RACM as:

- Friable ACM.
- Category I non-friable ACM that has become friable.
- Category I non-friable ACM that will be or has been subject to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading.
- Category II non-friable ACM that has a high probability of becoming, or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of demolition or renovation operations.

### 5.1.1 Definitions

Significant definitions related to regulation of asbestos under NESHAP include:

**Friable asbestos-containing material ACM** is defined by the Asbestos NESHAP, as any material containing more than one percent (1%) asbestos as determined using the method specified in Appendix A, Subpart F, 40 CFR Part 763, Section 1, PLM, that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. (Sec. 61.141)

**Non-friable ACM** is any material containing more than one percent (1%) asbestos as determined using the method specified in Appendix A, Subpart F, 40 CFR Part 763, Section 1, PLM, that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure. EPA also defines two categories of non-friable ACM, Category I and Category II non-friable ACM, which are described as follows:

**Category I non-friable ACM** is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent (1%) asbestos as determined using PLM according to the method specified in Appendix A, Subpart F, 40 CFR Part 763. (Sec. 61.141)

**Category II non-friable ACM** is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent (1%) asbestos as determined using polarized light microscopy according to the methods specified in Appendix A, Subpart F, 40 CFR Part 763 that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure. (Sec. 61.141)

**"Regulated Asbestos-Containing Material" (RACM)** is (a) friable asbestos material, (b) Category I non-friable ACM that has become friable, (c) Category I non-friable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading, or (d) Category II non-friable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of demolition or renovation operations.

**Friable materials** are defined as those which can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry. The NESHAP regulations also establish specific notification and control requirements for renovation and demolition work.

## **6.0 RESULTS**

The results of the asbestos inspection are presented in the following sections.

### **6.1 RESULTS OF ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS**

Fifteen (15) samples were collected from the SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek. Multiple samples of each homogeneous area were collected in accordance with State of Tennessee, Department of Transportation Environmental Division, Hazardous Materials Section requirements and delivered to the laboratory for visual observation and microscopic analysis. The samples were selected based on homogeneous areas of suspect materials, as described in Section 2.2. No concrete coatings were encountered during field activities. Deck drains were inspected during field activities, but were observed to be unlined holes through the asphalt wearing surface and concrete deck.

Building material homogeneous areas sampled included: asphalt overlay, concrete deck/curb, concrete beams, asphalt patching, and concrete footing.

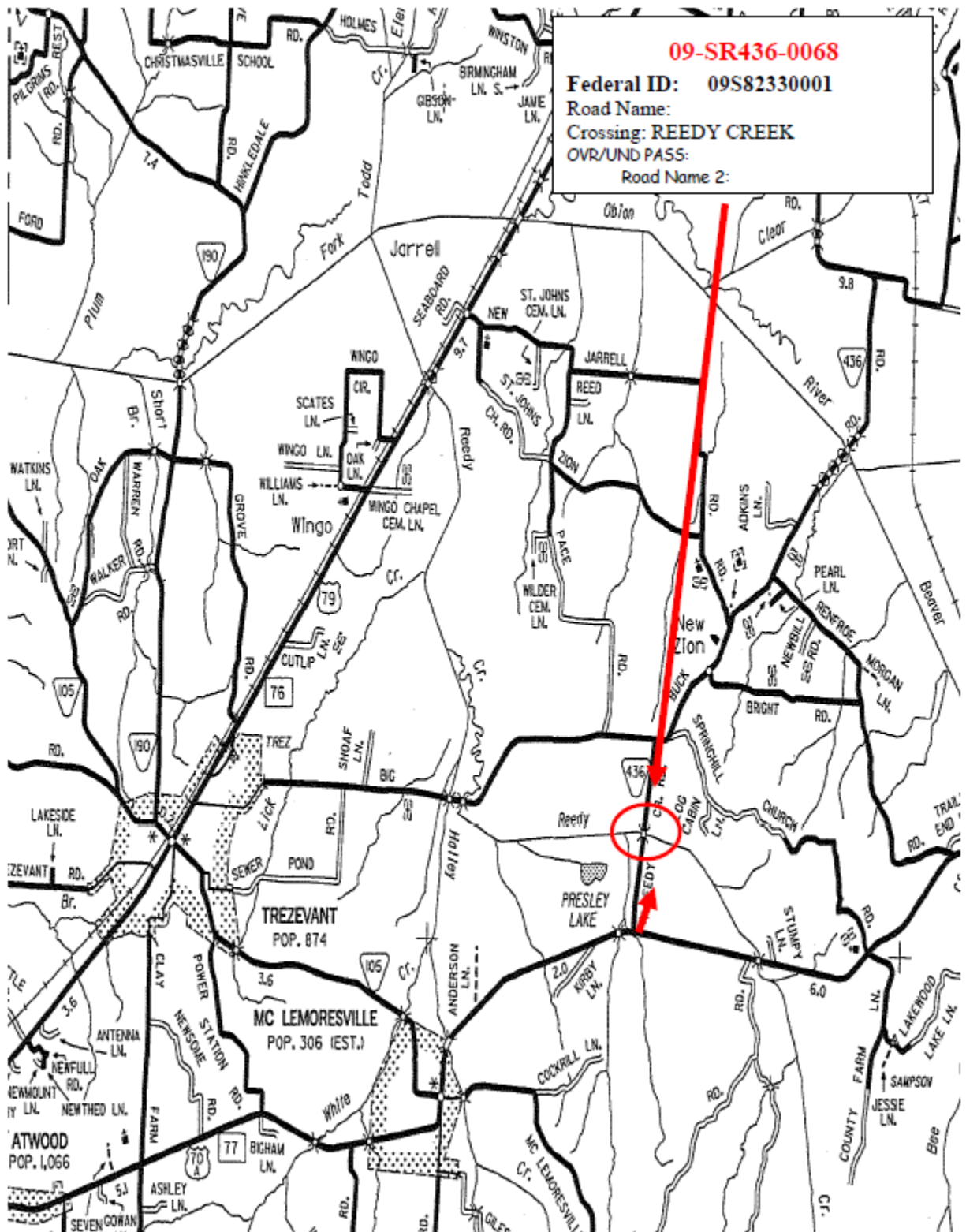
No asbestos was found to be present in any of the materials sampled from the bridge.

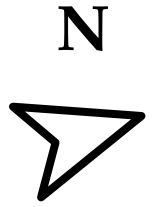
## 7.0 QUALIFICATIONS

The information presented herein is based on information obtained during the site visit and from previous experience. If additional information becomes available which might impact our conclusions or recommendations, K. S. Ware & Associates, L.L.C. requests the opportunity to review the information, reassess the potential concerns, and modify opinions, if warranted.

This report has been prepared on behalf of the Tennessee Department of Transportation. This document is not a Bid Document or a Contract Document. Use of this report or reliance upon information contained in this report by any other party implies an agreement by that party to the same terms and conditions under which service was provided. Furthermore, any party, other than our Client, relying on this document is cautioned that all conclusions made or decisions arrived at based on their review of this document are those solely of the third party, without warranty, guarantee or promise by the author. These findings are relevant to the dates of our services and should not be relied upon to represent conditions at substantially earlier or later dates.

### Figure – 1: Site Vicinity Map Carroll County





Homogeneous Areas:  
 A - Asphalt Overlay  
 B - Concrete Deck/Curb  
 C - Concrete Beams  
 D - Asphalt Patching  
 E - Concrete Footing

\*Homogeneous area locations are generalized and do not represent actual sample locations.

FIG. NO. 2



## BRIDGE PROFILE HOMOGENEOUS AREAS

TERMINI:

SR-436 over Reedy Creek

COUNTY: Carroll

INSPECTOR: Kollan Spradlin

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY: EMSL Kernersville, NC

DATES SAMPLED: 8/18/2016

SCALE: NTS

TDOT CONSTRUCTION NO: 09035-4218-04

PIN: 043917.01

Source: FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS

KSWA PROJ.NO. 100-16-0042



## **APPENDIX A: PHOTOGRAPHS**



**Photo 1:** View of HA-A on SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek



**Photo 2:** View of HA-B on SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek





HA-B Concrete Deck/Curb

**Photo 3:** View of HA-B on SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek



HA-C Concrete Beams

**Photo 4:** View of HA-C on SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek



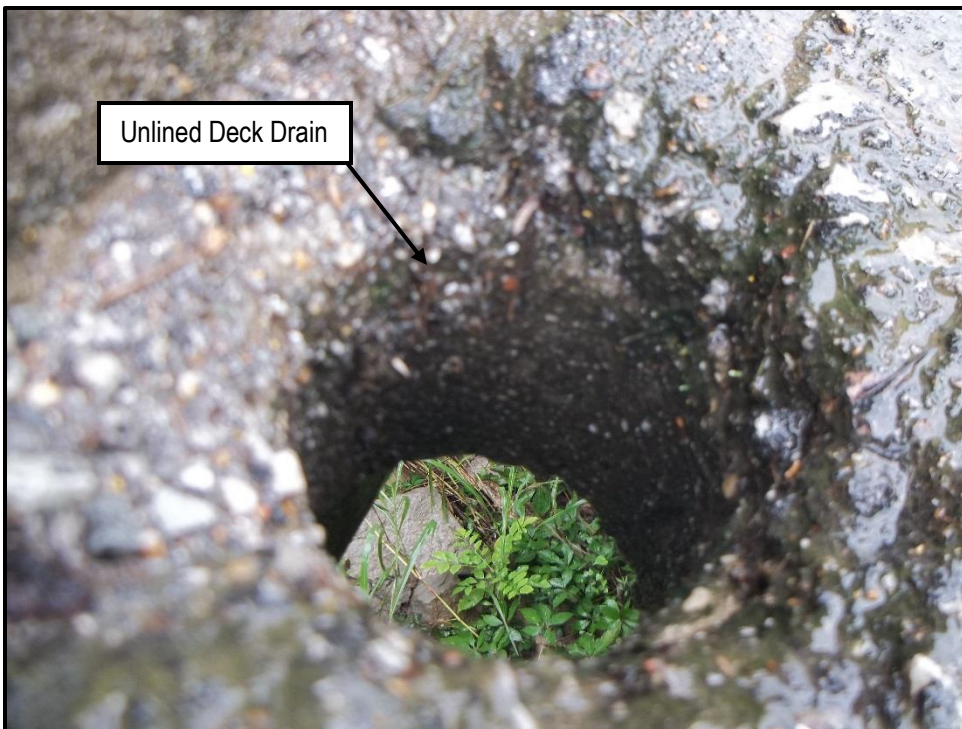
**Photo 5:** View of HA-D on SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek



**Photo 6:** View of HA-E on SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek



**Photo 7:** Bridge number on SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek



**Photo 8:** Unlined Deck Drain on SR-436 Bridge over Reedy Creek

## **APPENDIX B: ASBESTOS SAMPLE LABORATORY ANALYSIS DATA**



# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

706 Gralin Street Kernersville, NC 27284

Tel/Fax: (336) 992-1025 / (336) 992-4175

<http://www.EMSL.com> / [greensborolab@emsl.com](mailto:greensborolab@emsl.com)

EMSL Order: 021605535

Customer ID: KSWA77

Customer PO:

Project ID:

**Attention:** James Dye  
K.S. Ware LLC  
54 Lindsley Avenue  
Nashville, TN 37210

**Phone:** (615) 255-9702

**Fax:** (615) 256-5873

**Received Date:** 08/23/2016 9:00 AM

**Analysis Date:** 08/25/2016

**Collected Date:** 08/18/2016

**Project:** 100-16-0042

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
RC-01 <small>021605535-0001</small>	Asphalt Overlay	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	5% Quartz 95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-02 <small>021605535-0002</small>	Asphalt Overlay	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	10% Quartz 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-03 <small>021605535-0003</small>	Asphalt Overlay	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	<1% Cellulose	10% Quartz 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-04 <small>021605535-0004</small>	Concrete Deck/Curb	Gray/Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	40% Quartz 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-05 <small>021605535-0005</small>	Concrete Deck/Curb	Gray/Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous		40% Quartz 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-06 <small>021605535-0006</small>	Concrete Deck/Curb	Gray/Beige Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	40% Quartz 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-07 <small>021605535-0007</small>	Concrete Beams	Gray/Tan/Beige Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous		15% Quartz 85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-08 <small>021605535-0008</small>	Concrete Beams	Gray/Tan/Beige Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous		15% Quartz 85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-09 <small>021605535-0009</small>	Concrete Beams	Gray/Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous		20% Quartz 80% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-10 <small>021605535-0010</small>	Asphalt Patching	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	10% Quartz 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-11 <small>021605535-0011</small>	Asphalt Patching	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	10% Quartz 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-12 <small>021605535-0012</small>	Asphalt Patching	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	<1% Cellulose	10% Quartz 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-13 <small>021605535-0013</small>	Concrete Footing	Gray/Tan/Black Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	30% Quartz 70% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-14 <small>021605535-0014</small>	Concrete Footing	Gray/Tan/Black Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	30% Quartz 70% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RC-15 <small>021605535-0015</small>	Concrete Footing	Gray/Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	<1% Cellulose	20% Quartz 80% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected

Initial report from: 08/25/2016 11:23:08



# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

706 Gralin Street Kernersville, NC 27284

Tel/Fax: (336) 992-1025 / (336) 992-4175

<http://www.EMSL.com> / [greensborolab@emsl.com](mailto:greensborolab@emsl.com)

**EMSL Order:** 021605535

**Customer ID:** KSWA77

**Customer PO:**

**Project ID:**

Analyst(s)

*Stephen Bennett (5)*

*Scott Combs (10)*

Stephen Bennett, Laboratory Manager  
or Other Approved Signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1%

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Kernersville, NC NVLAP Lab Code 102104-0, CA ELAP 2689, Virginia 3333-000228, West Virginia LT000321

Initial report from: 08/25/2016 11:23:08



## Asbestos Bulk Building Material Chain of Custody

**EMSL Order Number** *(Lab Use Only):*

5535

Kernersville, NC 27284  
PHONE: (336) 992-1025  
FAX: (336) 992-4175

**EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC.**  
LABORATORY • PRODUCTS • TRAINING

Company: K.S. Ware & Associates, LLC		EMSL-Bill to: <input type="checkbox"/> Same <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Different <small>If Bill to is Different note instructions in Comments**</small>	
Street: 54 Lindsley Avenue		<i>Third Party Billing requires written authorization from third party</i>	
City: Nashville	State/Province: TN	Zip/Postal Code: 37210	Country: US
Report To (Name): James Dye		Telephone #: 615-255-9702	
Email Address: jdye@kswarellc.com		Fax #: 615-256-5873	Purchase Order:
Project Name/Number: 100-16-0042		Please Provide Results: <input type="checkbox"/> Fax <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Email <input type="checkbox"/> Mail	
U.S. State Samples Taken: TN		CT Samples: <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial/Taxable <input type="checkbox"/> Residential/Tax Exempt	

**Turnaround Time (TAT) Options\* - Please Check**

3 Hour     6 Hour     24 Hour     48 Hour     72 Hour     96 Hour     1 Week     2 Week

\*For TEM Air 3 hr through 6 hr, please call ahead to schedule. \*There is a premium charge for 3 Hour TEM AHERA or EPA Level II TAT. You will be asked to sign an authorization form for this service. Analysis completed in accordance with EMSL's Terms and Conditions located in the Analytical Price Guide.

<p><b>PLM - Bulk (reporting limit)</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM EPA 600/R-93/116 (&lt;1%)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> PLM EPA NOB (&lt;1%)</p> <p>Point Count <input type="checkbox"/> 400 (&lt;0.25%) <input type="checkbox"/> 1000 (&lt;0.1%)</p> <p>Point Count w/Gravimetric <input type="checkbox"/> 400 (&lt;0.25%) <input type="checkbox"/> 1000 (&lt;0.1%)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NIOSH 9002 (&lt;1%)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NY ELAP Method 198.1 (friable in NY)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NY ELAP Method 198.6 NOB (non-friable-NY)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> OSHA ID-191 Modified</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Standard Addition Method</p>	<p><b>TEM - Bulk</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> TEM EPA NOB - EPA 600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> NY ELAP Method 198.4 (TEM)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Chatfield Protocol (semi-quantitative)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> TEM % by Mass - EPA 600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> TEM Qualitative via Filtration Prep Technique</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> TEM Qualitative via Drop Mount Prep Technique</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Other</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>
---	--

Check For Positive Stop - Clearly Identify Homogenous Group    Date Sampled: 8/18/2016

Samplers Name: **Kollan Spradlin**

Samplers Signature: *Kollan Spradlin*

Sample #	HA #	Sample Location	Material Description
RC-01	A	NW	Asphalt Overlay
RC-02	A	EM	Asphalt Overlay
RC-03	A	SW	Asphalt Overlay
RC-04	B	SE	Concrete Deck/Curb
RC-05	B	SW	Concrete Deck/Curb
RC-06	B	NE	Concrete Deck/Curb
RC-07	C	SW	Concrete Beams
RC-08	C	NE	Concrete Beams
RC-09	C	NW	Concrete Beams

Client Sample # (s): *RC-01A - RC-15E*    Total # of Samples: *15*

Relinquished (Client): *Kollan Spradlin*    Date: *8/19/16*    Time: *11:00*

Received (Lab): *GA*    Date: *8-23-16*    Time: *9 AM*

**Comments/Special Instructions:**

Bill To: K.S. Ware & Associates, LLC, 54 Lindsley Avenue, Nashville, TN, 37210, US  
Attention: Kollan Spradlin Phone: 615-255-9702 Email: cdewald@kswarellc.com AND kspradlin@kswarellc.com

WPS 172453AR0793300061



EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC.  
LABORATORY • PRODUCTS • TRAINING

### Asbestos Bulk Building Material Chain of Custody

EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

5535

Kernersville, NC 27284  
PHONE: (336) 992-1025  
FAX: (336) 992-4175

Additional Pages of the Chain of Custody are only necessary if needed for additional sample information

Sample #	HA #	Sample Location	Material Description
RC-10	D	NE	Asphalt Patching
RC-11	D	NW	Asphalt Patching
RC-12	D	NM	Asphalt Patching
RC-13	E	NM	Concrete Footing
RC-14	E	NM	Concrete Footing
RC-15	E	NM	Concrete Footing

**\*Comments/Special Instructions:**  
BillTo: K.S. Ware & Associates, LLC, 54 Lindsley Avenue, Nashville, TN, 37210, US  
Attention: Kollan Spradlin Phone: 615-255-9702 Email: cdewald@kswarellc.com AND kspradlin@kswarellc.com



## **APPENDIX C: ASBESTOS ACCREDITATIONS**



**STATE OF TENNESSEE  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION  
Division of Solid Waste Management  
Toxic Substances Program  
William R. Snodgrass, TN Tower  
312 Rosa L. Park Ave, 14<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Nashville, Tennessee 37243 - 1535**

Subject: Your application has been processed

Thank you for applying for asbestos accreditation with the State of Tennessee. Enclosed are the current applied for approved asbestos credential(s). Please review the enclosed document(s) for accuracy. In the event of an error, please contact me at 615-532-2757 or via e-mail at [jessica.hendricks@tn.gov](mailto:jessica.hendricks@tn.gov)

Sincerely,



Jessica Hendricks  
Administrative Assistant  
Toxic Substances- Asbestos



**NOTE: Our applications have been newly revised. They can be printed from our website under the heading "Asbestos Accreditation Applications" The website address is: [http://www.tn.gov/environment/solid-waste/solid-waste\\_asbestos.shtml](http://www.tn.gov/environment/solid-waste/solid-waste_asbestos.shtml)**



## THE STATE OF TENNESSEE

Department of Environment and Conservation Division of Solid Waste Management  
Toxic Substances Program

William R. Snodgrass Tennessee Tower  
312 Rosa L. Parks Avenue, 14th Floor Nashville TN 37243

By virtue of the authority vested by the Division of Solid Waste Management, the Company named below is hereby accredited to offer and/or conduct Asbestos activities pursuant to Rule 1200-01-20:

### K. S. Ware and Associates, LLC

54 Lindsley Avenue Nashville TN, 37210

to conduct ASBESTOS ACTIVITIES in schools or public and commercial buildings in Tennessee.  
This firm is responsible for compliance with the applicable requirements of Rule 1200-01-20.

Discipline	Type	Accreditation Number	Effective Date	Expiration Date
Accreditation	Re-Accreditation	A-F-620-45239	December 02, 2015	November 30, 2016



Given under the Seal of the State of Tennessee in Nashville.

This 8th Day of December 2015

Division of Solid Waste Management  
Toxic Substance Program

CN-1324 (Rev 6/13)

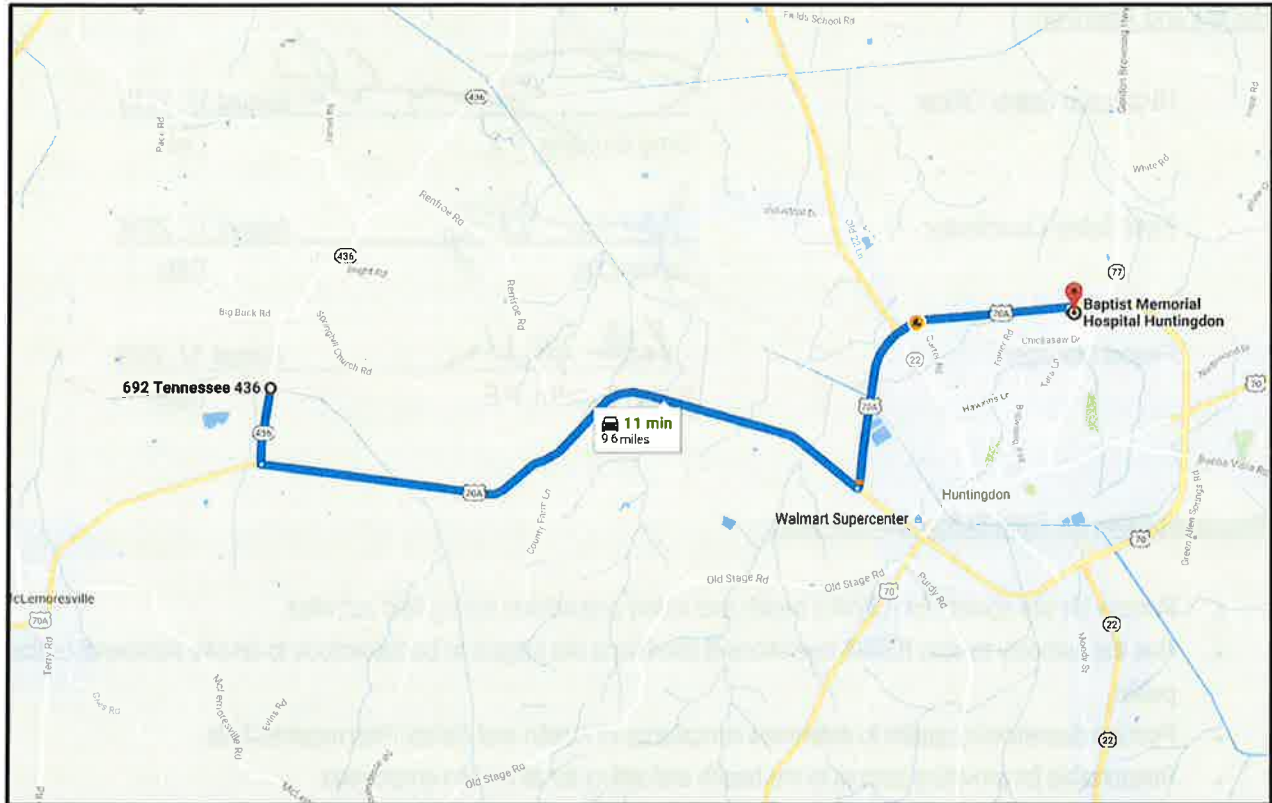
RDA-3020

## **APPENDIX D: HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN**

# HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN FOR ASBESTOS SURVEY SERVICES

K. S. WARE AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.

54 Lindsley Ave.  
Nashville, Tennessee 37210



## Directions to Hospital

Head South on TN-436 – 0.7 miles  
Turn Left onto US 70A W – 5.8 miles  
Turn left onto Veterans Dr N – 3.0 miles  
Turn right onto R B Wilson Dr

## Hospital Address

Baptist Memorial Hospital - Huntingdon  
631 R B Wilson Dr  
Huntingdon, TN 38344  
(731) 986-4461

This facility has been verified as mappable by phone:

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "James Dye".

**Project Number:** 100-16-0042  
**Name:** Termini: SR-436 over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**Location:** Carroll County, Tennessee  
**Client:** Tennessee Department of Transportation  
**Client Contact :** Kyle Kirschenmann  
**Phone No.:** (615) 598-1522

KSWA Personnel Contact Information:

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Work</u>	<u>Mobile</u>
Project Manager	Kollan Spradlin	(615) 255-9702	(615) 429-5862
Health and Safety Officer	Greg Brubaker	(615) 255-9702	(615) 504-0370
Field Safety Coordinator	James Dye	(615) 255-9702	(615) 956-0361

Review and Approval:

Health and Safety Officer

  
August 17, 2016  
Date

Greg Brubaker, P.E.

Field Safety Coordinator

  
August 17, 2016  
Date

James Dye

Project Manager

  
August 17, 2016  
Date

Kollan Spradlin, P.E.

Responsibilities for Field Safety Coordinator:

- Primary on-site contact for KSWA's health and safety procedures during field activities.
- Has the authority to stop KSWA operations if conditions are judged to be hazardous to on-site personnel or the public.
- Perform discretionary audits to determine compliance of Health and Safety Plan requirements.
- Responsible for providing access to the health and safety for all on-site employees.
- Responsible for instructing on-site personnel on the location of emergency communication equipment (i.e. phones and radios as necessary).
- Has no responsibility for health and safety procedures of any contractor, subcontractor, client personnel or others on the site.

Date of Plan Preparation

August 16, 2016

Dates of Planned Field Activities

August 2016

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
1.0 PURPOSE .....	1
2.0 APPLICABILITY.....	2
3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY.....	3
3.1 BRIDGE INSPECTION EQUIPMENT.....	3
3.2 WORK PRECAUTIONS.....	3
3.3 DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS .....	3
4.0 HAZARD EVALUATION .....	4
4.1 PHYSICAL HAZARDS .....	4
4.1.1 <i>Operational Hazards</i> .....	4
4.1.2 <i>Fall Hazards</i> .....	4
4.1.3 <i>Heat Stress</i> .....	4
4.1.4 <i>Tools and Equipment</i> .....	4
4.1.5 <i>Traffic Hazard</i> .....	4
4.1.6 <i>Noise Hazard</i> .....	4
4.1.7 <i>Asbestos Containing Material</i> .....	5
4.2 CHEMICAL HAZARDS.....	5
4.3 BIOLOGICAL HAZARDS.....	5
4.3.1 <i>Stinging Insects</i> .....	5
5.0 COMMUNICATIONS AND TRAINING .....	6
5.1 COMMUNICATION .....	6
5.2 HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING.....	6
5.3 RESPIRATOR USAGE TRAINING AND FIT TESTING .....	6
6.0 SITE CONTROL - WORK ZONES.....	7
7.0 PERSONAL PROTECTION.....	8
8.0 LEVELS OF PROTECTION.....	9
8.1 LEVEL D.....	9
8.1.1 <i>Personal Protective Equipment</i> .....	9
8.1.2 <i>Criteria for Use of Level D</i> .....	9
9.0 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES.....	10
9.1 PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION .....	10
9.2 EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION.....	10
10.0 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES.....	11
10.1 INHALATION.....	11
10.2 SKIN EXPOSURE .....	11
10.3 INGESTION .....	11
10.4 EYES .....	12
10.5 EXPOSURE TO HEAT OR COLD .....	12
10.6 STINGS AND BITES.....	12
10.7 PERSONAL INJURY.....	12
10.8 SPILL OR RELEASE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL .....	12
10.9 POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL FIRE/EXPLOSION .....	13
10.10 EVACUATION .....	13
11.0 MEDICAL MONITORING.....	14
12.0 PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATION .....	15
13.0 FIELD SAFETY COORDINATOR'S SUMMARY .....	16

## **1.0 PURPOSE**

The purpose of this health and safety plan (HASP) is to provide standards for worker safety and protection during field activities conducted on a frequent or routine basis. The plan outlines standards and mandatory procedures relative to physical and chemical hazards encountered at sites, communication, training, worker health monitoring, decontamination procedures and levels of personal protection. Any questions concerning this information should be directed to the K.S. Ware and Associates, L.L.C. (KSWA) Project Manager identified on the cover of this Health and Safety Plan, at 615-255-9702.



## 2.0 APPLICABILITY

This plan is applicable to all personnel working at the above referenced site, where mandatory worker health and safety training is required by State or Federal agencies. It is intended for use at the above referenced site where information regarding potential site hazards is available in the form of background research, personal communication with past or present property owners or workers, previous sampling results, etc.

Available information should be provided to site workers as outlined in Section 5. A site specific hazard evaluation is included in Section 4.

Sampling of items that may contain asbestos containing material (ACM); and other routine field activities are activities for which this plan is applicable. Activities involving contact with unknown substances and activities on sites where little background information is available will require more extensive and specific HASP development.

This plan does not cover procedures for entry into confined spaces. Project-specific attachments should be prepared and appended to this Health and Safety Plan if those activities are planned. Work of this nature shall be performed in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.250 subpart P "Excavation, Trenching and Shoring", 29 CFR 1910.146 "Permit Required Confined Space Entry" and the KSWA "Employee Confined Space Entry Program".

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### 3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

The project consists of performing an Asbestos Survey in Carroll County Tennessee on one bridge located on SR-436 over a Reedy Creek

- The SR-436 bridge over Reedy Creek is a 90-foot, two-lane, single-span bridge with three approach spans constructed of pre-stressed concrete box-beams with a concrete deck and an asphalt wearing surface. The bridge was constructed in 1960 and is scheduled for repair.

#### 3.1 BRIDGE INSPECTION EQUIPMENT

KSWA will be on site to perform an asbestos survey on the Carroll County Bridge. Equipment to be used during the survey will include asbestos sample collection equipment.

#### 3.2 WORK PRECAUTIONS

- No eating, drinking, using tobacco products, chewing gum, or putting hands in mouth while on the site.
- Wear the TDOT required roadway safety gear (hard hat, Class III reflective vest, boots) at all times while on the project site.
- Wear gloves at applicable times while at the work site.
- Wear protective eyewear at applicable times while at the work site.
- Wash all exposed skin areas with soap and water before departing from the site.
- Remove and change any non-impervious clothing that becomes contaminated during site activities.
- Do not go anywhere on the site other than where directed by the Field Safety Coordinator.
- Use safe and legal procedures for sample storage and shipment.

#### 3.3 DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS

Treat disposable items as ordinary refuse except when gross contamination is expected. In the event that refuse including disposable personnel protective equipment is suspected of being contaminated, the refuse will be collected and stored on site for future disposal.

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## 4.0 HAZARD EVALUATION

### 4.1 PHYSICAL HAZARDS

#### 4.1.1 Operational Hazards

Prior to commencement of field activities, the Field Safety Coordinator will conduct a site reconnaissance to identify any visible or operational hazards.

Additionally, because there is a possibility that asbestos may be present at the site, the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) will be worn at all times that work is being performed.

#### 4.1.2 Fall Hazards

Field activities can have the potential for fall hazards. Be aware of any uneven terrain, clear paths of debris and materials that may be a hazard. While on the bridges, be aware of slick surfaces and gaps while accessing the different components.

#### 4.1.3 Heat Stress

Field activities in hot climates create a potential for heat stress. The warning symptoms of heat stress include fatigue; loss of strength; reduced accuracy; comprehension and retention; and reduced alertness and mental capacity. To prevent heat stress, personnel shall receive adequate water supplies and electrolyte replacement fluids, and maintain scheduled work/rest periods.

#### 4.1.4 Tools and Equipment

Tools and equipment used by KSWA shall be inspected and maintained to be safe and adequate for their designated use. Housekeeping of the site shall be maintained as to prevent trip hazards.

#### 4.1.5 Traffic Hazard

Traffic is not expected to be encountered on this project as the bridge is closed for repairs and protected by barriers.

#### 4.1.6 Noise Hazard

Operation of equipment may present a noise hazard to workers. KSWA personnel will be provided with hearing protection to be utilized when noise levels are excessive.

**Precautions:** In order to reduce the health and safety risk to workers due to physical hazards at the project site, the following precautions will be observed:

1. ANSI Class III High Visibility clothing will be worn by personnel at all times on the project site.
2. Hard hats shall include high visibility reflective tape.
3. Protective eyewear will be worn by personnel in the work area when appropriate.
4. Hearing protection will be worn by personnel as deemed necessary by the Field Safety Coordinator (typically noised levels greater than 85 db).
5. Safety toed boots with non-conductive soles will be worn by personnel at all times on the project site.
6. Hand protection (leather gloves) will be worn by personnel when moving and/or lifting equipment as well as when using large hand tools (machetes, sledges, shovels, etc.).
7. All equipment and related support equipment and vehicles shall have a daily safety inspection (29 CFR 1926.550). The inspections shall include, but are not limited to: all hydraulic lines and fittings for wear and

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damage, all cable systems and pull ropes for damage and proper installation, exhaust systems and drill controls, electrical lines for damage and/or contact with standing water, etc. Inspection schedules, the vehicle and equipment description, nomenclature, the license plate or ID number for the equipment, the findings of the inspections and the corrective action taken shall be maintained.

8. Before beginning each work shift, the area will be checked for site hazards including overhead lines, underground lines, above ground obstructions, tripping hazards, etc.
9. All vehicles will be fitted with a cab-top rotating or strobe light bar. Light bar is to be active when vehicle is on site.

#### **4.1.7 Asbestos Containing Material**

Collecting samples from bridge components may release asbestos fibers into the air. KSWA personnel will wear a respirator while sampling, and all sampling equipment will be properly decontaminated between sample collection and after field activities. KSWA personnel will limit exposure by adhering to this health and safety plan.

#### **4.2 CHEMICAL HAZARDS**

Chemical hazards are not anticipated at this site.

#### **4.3 BIOLOGICAL HAZARDS**

##### **4.3.1 Stinging Insects**

The most common stinging insects are bees, wasps, and ants. Few species of ants have medically important stings. While most bees possess a defensive sting, and will sting if grasped or crushed, only a few social species sting often enough, or have sufficiently venomous stings to be of medical significance. These include the honeybees and the bumblebees. Most fatalities from bee and wasp stings occur in hypersensitive individuals; death is most often induced by a single sting, and occurs most often within 1 hour after the sting. The victim is typically over 40 years of age and stung on the head or neck. Most deaths are caused by respiratory dysfunction with the second most common cause being anaphylaxis; arteriosclerosis may be a compounding factor. If stung, seek medical attention immediately.

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## 5.0 COMMUNICATIONS AND TRAINING

Workers at State and Federally listed or recognized sites must be provided with adequate information and training to recognize and evaluate potential hazards. Training shall comply with applicable regulations including 29 CFR 1910.1200 "Hazard Communication Standard".

### 5.1 COMMUNICATION

The Field Safety Coordinator shall supply all on site personnel with readily available access to this Health and Safety Plan. This plan shall cover, at a minimum, the following topics:

- A. A brief description of the history of the location with regard to health and environmental hazards.
- B. A description of the activities to which the hazard evaluation summary is applicable.
- C. A description of any hazards which may be encountered, including:
  - 1. Physical Hazards - terrain, traffic, equipment, severe weather (heat stress and frostbite), electrical hazards, noise.
  - 2. Chemical Hazards - materials used and stored at the site, materials released at the site.
  - 3. Biological Hazards - insects, plants, animals, pathogens, and infectious materials.
- D. A description of the levels of protection selected for the operation.
- E. Equipment decontamination procedure if different from those specified herein.
- F. Summary of emergency contacts for use in the event of fire, explosion, medical emergency or other emergency, including the location of the nearest telephone and an address and phone number to provide to emergency personnel.
- G. A map showing the route to the nearest hospital.

Prior to any employee or subcontractor beginning work on the site, the Field Safety Coordinator shall brief all KSWA employees as well as subcontractors on the contents of this plan. Personnel will have the opportunity to review the plan, and ask questions about the planned work or hazards. Also; the Field Safety Coordinator will complete a brief site reconnaissance will be completed to familiarize the personnel with site conditions, boundaries, and physical hazards.

By KSWA voluntarily sharing this information with subcontractors and contractors, those firms are not relieved of the responsibility to provide their personnel with adequate and proper supervision, safety information, instruction, and equipment.

### 5.2 HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING

All personnel will be provided with approved health and safety training as outlined in 29 CFR 1910.120(e). Documentation for KSWA employees should also be maintained at a central location at the KSWA office.

### 5.3 RESPIRATOR USAGE TRAINING AND FIT TESTING

Prior to assignment to a site where respirator use may be required, employees will be provided with respirator training as outlined in 29 CFR 1910.134(e)(5). Respirator fit tests are to be conducted at 6 to 10 month intervals, or at any time when a condition that may change the fit of a respirator has occurred, such as change in weight, change in facial structure, extensive dental work, etc. All use of respirators shall comply with KSWA's written respiratory program.

## **6.0 SITE CONTROL - WORK ZONES**

It is anticipated that conditions will not require special measures to achieve site security or restriction of normal site activities and access. The work areas include one 90-foot, 2-lane, single-span bridge with three approach spans constructed of concrete box-beams with a concrete deck and an asphalt wearing surface. The work will be performed along the side and underneath the bridge. Work zones will be identified with flashing lights, illuminated and non-illuminated signage, traffic spotter, etc.

## **7.0 PERSONAL PROTECTION**

PPE and safety requirements must be appropriate to protect against the known or worst potential hazards on the site. Protective equipment should be selected based on the concentrations and possible routes of exposure to known or potential worst case substances. Level D PPE is described in Section 8. All KSWA engineering or assessment personnel engaged in work on site will be participants in the KSWA medical monitoring program described in Section 12, or a similar program.

KSWA anticipates that Level D protection and basic site safety measures will be sufficient at this project site. Any conditions warranting upgrading of the required level of protection to Level C, B, or A will be cause for all personnel to immediately leave the work site. The site will be re-evaluated and a new site Health and Safety Plan will be prepared which incorporates the additional site information.

---

## 8.0 LEVELS OF PROTECTION

This plan is not intended for use at sites where levels of protection above Level D is required. Levels D is described below.

### 8.1 LEVEL D

Level D is the basic work uniform for all site operations. Level D should be selected when performing environmental sampling involving dilute concentrations of contaminants on sites that have been characterized by previous analyses or research.

#### 8.1.1 Personal Protective Equipment

The following equipment is necessary for Level D personal protection:

- Standard work clothing.
- Optional disposable chemical-resistant clothing appropriate for known or expected levels of contamination.
- Boots/Shoes - safety or chemical-resistant boots.
- Safety glasses or safety goggles.
- Gloves - disposable latex or nitrile.
- Optional moisture resistant outer gloves.
- Hardhat.

#### 8.1.2 Criteria for Use of Level D

The following criteria indicate situations where Level D personal protection is adequate:

- No indication of airborne health hazards present.
- No gross indication, above background concentrations, on the photoionization detector and/or organic vapor analyzer.

Additionally, a half-face, full-face, or powered air purifying respirator will be used with appropriate particulate filter(s).



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## 9.0 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

### 9.1 PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION

If Level D protection is used, any disposable inner gloves or protective clothing should be sealed in a plastic bag and disposed of properly. Moisture resistant outer gloves and outer boots should be scrubbed with a stiff brush in soapy water, then rinsed to remove possible residual contamination. Disposable equipment should be used whenever possible.

### 9.2 EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION

Proper decontamination of all equipment is necessary to avoid transferring contaminants from the site, thereby increasing potential for exposure of on site and off site personnel. The measures described below should be followed prior to leaving all sites, as applicable to the equipment being used. Any variations from the procedures described below for reasons of worker health or safety must be described by the Project Manager in the site-specific hazard summary.

These measures are separate from, and may not be substituted for, other decontamination procedures associated with proper sampling protocol.

- A. The equipment may be thoroughly rinsed with clean water or an appropriate cleaning solution and wiped dry with paper towels before leaving the work site. Alternatively, the equipment may be wrapped in absorbent material and/or stored in plastic bags sealed to prevent contact with workers, vehicles, etc.
- B. The rinse water from this operation will be allowed to percolate into the ground or as specified.

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## 10.0 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

### 10.1 INHALATION

If warning signals such as: dizziness, nausea, headache, shortness of breath, burning sensation in mouth, throat or lung or symptoms specific to hazard found at the site are apparent, the victim should leave the contaminated air space immediately. Have someone contact emergency services and obtain health and safety information about potential contaminants.

If unconscious, the victim should be pulled out of the contaminated area immediately if they do not have any injuries which would prohibit moving them (i.e. spinal injury). The rescuers should make sure that the area is safe to enter. If the area cannot be safely entered, attempt to ventilate this area. Do not attempt a rescue. Rescuers should make sure they are properly trained in First Aid and rescue and that they are wearing proper respiratory and protective equipment before attempting the rescue.

If the victim is no longer breathing, mouth-to-mouth resuscitation or some other form of artificial respiration should administered by a person who is properly trained and certified in a location away from the contaminated area.

Medical attention should be obtained as soon as possible.

### 10.2 SKIN EXPOSURE

The skin should be washed with copious amounts of soap and water. If clothing is contaminated, it should be removed immediately and the skin washed thoroughly with running water. If a shower is available, it should be used immediately. Clothes should be removed while showering. This procedure may be life-saving as certain highly toxic chemicals are rapidly absorbed through the skin.

All contaminated parts of the body, including the hair, should be thoroughly decontaminated. It may be necessary to wash repeatedly.

### 10.3 INGESTION

A poison control center or emergency service should be contacted immediately to determine an appropriate course of action. If possible, have health and safety information on the poison available when you call for help. Vomiting should be induced except when the substance presents an aspiration hazard, such as from a petroleum product; or when the substance is a strong acid or base. To induce vomiting, a tablespoon of salt or powdered mustard in a glass of warm water, or syrup of ipecac from the First Aid Kit, can be taken as an emetic.

Drinking plenty of water and placing a finger down the throat may also be effective in inducing vomiting. The treatment should be repeated until vomit is clear.

Medical attention should be obtained immediately.

#### **10.4 EYES**

If a toxicant should get in the eyes, they should be washed with plenty of water. The eye itself should be held open, rotated, and flooded with water so that all surfaces are washed thoroughly. Washing should be continued for at least 15 minutes.

Medical attention should be obtained immediately.

#### **10.5 EXPOSURE TO HEAT OR COLD**

When working under severe weather conditions, personnel should be aware of the signs of heat stress, hypothermia and frostbite as well as the appropriate response actions.

**Heat Stress** - If a worker shows signs of heat stroke (dry, hot, red skin, high body temperature) or heat exhaustion (cool, moist, pale or red skin, dilated pupils, nausea, dizziness), the worker must be removed from the work area and cooled. Loosen clothing, elevate feet, and provide cool liquids. Heat stroke can be life threatening and requires rapid action.

**Hypothermia** - If a worker shows signs of hypothermia (shivering, impaired judgement, drowsiness, clumsiness) the worker must be removed from the work area and warmed gradually.

**Frostbite** - If a worker shows signs of frostbite (skin color changes to white or grayish-yellow then grayish-blue), the worker must be moved to a warm place. The affected area should be placed in warm (100-105°F) water. Do not rub or massage.

#### **10.6 STINGS AND BITES**

If still present, remove stinger with fingernail. Wash the the location of the sting with soap and water, cover with bandage and apply ice. If severe allergic reactions appear (hives, itching, rash, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, swelling) seek medical attention immediately.

#### **10.7 PERSONAL INJURY**

A first aid kit shall be readily available in case of an injury. Administer first aid and/or seek medical help, if necessary. Medical emergencies take precedence over decontamination procedures. A map showing the route to the nearest hospital is provided at the end of this Health and Safety Plan. In the event that a phone is not readily available on-site, it is the responsibility of the field safety coordinator to identify the location of the nearest phone and provide this information to all on site personnel.

#### **10.8 SPILL OR RELEASE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL**

Clean up, isolate or contain spill as appropriate. Contact emergency response personnel, project manager, and/or client company officials as appropriate.

### **10.9 POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL FIRE/EXPLOSION**

If it is safe to do so, on site personnel may use available fire fighting equipment to control or extinguish the fire, and remove or isolate materials which may contribute to the fire. Contact the fire department project manager and/or client company officials as appropriate.

### **10.10 EVACUATION**

In the event of an emergency that requires an evacuation of the site, verbal instruction will be given by the Field Safety Coordinator to evacuate the area. Personnel will immediately exit the site to the pre-designated upwind "clean" location. The Field Safety Coordinator will account for KSWA personnel, and will advise personnel of further instructions, if necessary. The Field Safety Coordinator will also advise responding off site emergency personnel, if necessary. Personnel shall not re-enter the site until the emergency conditions have been corrected and the Field Safety Coordinator has authorized re-entry.

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## 11.0 MEDICAL MONITORING

All engineering and assessment personnel engaged in on site activities shall be participants in a medical monitoring program similar to the following. As participants in this program, these individuals will have had recent physical examinations.

The primary goal of this medical monitoring program is to provide evaluation and ongoing surveillance of the health status of employees potentially exposed to toxic substances as a result of their work-related activities. An active health monitoring program for those employees potentially at risk is an important tool in evaluating the effects of chronic low-level exposures or acute exposures related to operations at hazardous waste sites. The effects of low-level exposures may not become apparent until years after the initial exposure.

This medical monitoring program includes laboratory testing, personnel medical history evaluation, physical examination and other specific testing.

Each participant in this medical monitoring program undergoes a complete occupational history evaluation and baseline physical examination including the following parameters:

- Pulmonary Function Studies
- Complete Blood Count
- Chemical Blood Profile
- Urinalysis
- Chest X-Ray
- Electrocardiogram
- Specific parameters as necessary dependent upon exposure

Following the establishment of each participant's baseline values for the above parameters, an annual re-evaluation is conducted to monitor potential changes due to work with hazardous materials.

In addition to this annual re-examination, provisions are made for specific post-exposure examinations in the event of a suspected exposure during a particular field event.

The program shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements established in OSHA standard 20 CFR 1910.120.

**12.0 PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATION**

All personnel engaged in on site activities must read this Health and Safety Plan. By signing and dating this form, the listed individual acknowledges that he/she has read, understands and will comply with the requirements of this Health and Safety Plan.

**Personnel Authorized to Enter Site**

<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
James Dye		8-18-16
Kellan Spredlin		8-18-16

**13.0 FIELD SAFETY COORDINATOR'S SUMMARY**

(To be completed by Field Safety Coordinator after completion of each phase of field work, and returned Project Manager.)

**Project Summary**

Project Name:	Carroll County SR-436 over Reedy Creek
Project Number:	100-16-0042
Activities Completed:	8-18-16 Sample collection
Date of Activities:	8-18-16

During the execution of the activities covered by this Health and Safety Plan, there were:

- a) No violations of the Safety Plan provisions and no obvious contamination of KSWA employees or subcontractors.
- b) The following incidents, violations of the Safety Plan provisions, or obvious contamination of KSWA personnel or subcontractors. (Give details of who, when, type of contamination, circumstances, first aid or medical assistance administered in the space below.)

Signature  Date 8-18-16  
Field Safety Coordinator

## **APPENDIX E: ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS**



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# ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS

Asbestos Survey  
SR-436 over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
Carroll County, Tennessee

Bridge Number: 09S82330001

KSWA Project Number: 100-16-0042

Prepared by:



**K. S. WARE AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C**  
54 Lindsley Avenue  
Nashville, Tennessee 37210

August 16, 2016

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**ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS FOR ASBESTOS SURVEY**

EM 385-1-1 Reference:

Hard hats and safety toe boots are mandatory. Eye and hearing protection are mandatory during sampling and as appropriate.

<u>Principal Steps</u>	<u>Potential Hazards</u>	<u>Action to Minimize Hazard</u>
1. Asbestos exposure	1. Inhalation, skin irritation	1. All personnel that will be present on the project must wear the proper PPE. Use all safety precautions to ensure that all state and federal guidelines are followed and to limit the exposure to asbestos. Asbestos samplers are to use a respirator when sampling.
2. Heat stress exposure	2. Heat stroke	2. Monitor all personnel for signs of fatigue, dizziness or other physical abnormalities. Personnel should wear clothing suited for the weather conditions and breaks will be given for intake of fluids, etc. Ensure that water or sports hydration fluid (Gatorade, Powerade) is available on site.
3. Traffic Hazards	3. Moving vehicles	3. Field activities will encounter traffic on this project. Be aware of your surroundings, watch for traffic when performing in areas that have moving vehicles. Use a spotter or traffic control when sampling in the roadway or crossing the road. Maintain safe positioning. Use "Men Working" signs to delineate the work area and slow down drivers.
4. Site Maintenance	4. Slip, trip, and fall.	4. Prior to field activities, the Field Safety Coordinator should observe the terrain on site and monitor the conditions throughout the survey. Be aware of steep and/or rocky slopes. Also be aware of pot holes around the bridge.
5. Overhead Utilities	5. Electrocutation, explosion, fire	5. Be aware of fallen or low hanging utility lines while on the ground level. Remain at least 10 feet from all utility lines with all equipment.
6. Biological Hazards	6. Small animals, insects	6. Be aware of animal habitat in and around the work area. Do not put hands into areas you cannot inspect for potential insect, mammal, and reptiles. Beware of waterborne snakes, colonies of stinging insects, and vector species that could transmit disease.
7. Noise	7. Damage to hearing	7. Operations that generate sound levels 85 dBA and above require hearing protection. Either muffs or plugs are acceptable. Heavy traffic can be a cause.
8. Hand/Finger Protection	8. Physical injury to personnel	8. Wear gloves when there is exposure to potential hazards that could produce scrapes and cuts. Do not wear jewelry. Any jewelry can be dangerous. Handle sharp or pointed tools with extreme care. Be careful when using a hammer to not smash hand or fingers. Use the proper gloves for the job at hand.
9. Hand Tools and Equipment	9. Physical injury to personnel	9. Use the right tool or piece of equipment for the job. Use only tools in safe condition. Tools and equipment must be used properly and not abused. Take precautions to avoid injury by cutting tools by keeping them sheathed until use.

<u>Principal Steps</u>	<u>Potential Hazards</u>	<u>Action to Minimize Hazard</u>
10. Ladders	10. Fall from excessive height	10. Use caution and maintain three points of contact when climbing a ladder. Always have other site personnel support the ladder while in use. Maintain a safe distance from overhead utilities and obstructions. Always place the ladder on stable, even ground.
11. Waterways	11. Drowning, swept away	11. Be aware of the potential for a rise in water level or flash floods. Be aware of the flow of the current. Wear a floatation device if potential for drowning is present. Evaluate the potential use of a tie off line for personnel entering the waterway.
12. Severe Weather	12. Thunderstorms, lightning hazard	12. Cease work immediately and take cover in a vehicle or structure until lightning has ceased.

This Activity Hazard Analysis has been prepared by K.S. Ware and Associates.

The KSWA field safety coordinator for this project will be Mr. James Dye. Mr. Dye's health and safety training and certifications include:

- Completed OSHA 10 Hour Construction Safety Course
- Completed OSHA 40 Hour HAZWOPER Course

# Multimodal

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

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**Route:** State Route 436 (SR-436)  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 124139.00

## Request

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**Request Type:** Initial Environmental Study  
**Project Plans:** Planning Report  
**Date of Plans:** 3/23/2018  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Brittany Hyder  
**Title:** TESS-Ad

**Signature:** Brittany  
Hyder

 Digitally signed by  
Brittany Hyder  
Date: 2018.04.04  
15:29:49 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

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**Section:** Multimodal

## Study Results

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This project does not accommodate bicyclists or pedestrians but is exempt from multi-modal accommodations. As a bridge replacement project in a rural area on a facility with no existing accommodations, there is a demonstrated absence of prudence.

## Commitments

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Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?

No

## Additional Information

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Is there any additional information or material included with this study?

No


## Certification

---

**Responder:** Jessica Wilson

**Title:** Transportation Program Supervisor

**Signature:** Jessica  
Wilson

 Digitally signed by Jessica Wilson  
DN: cn=Jessica Wilson, o=TDOT,  
ou, email=Jessica.L.Wilson@tn.gov,  
c=US  
Date: 2018.04.10 13:06:51 -05'00'



## MULTIMODAL ACCESS POLICY

### **EFFECTIVE DATE:**

July 31, 2015

### **AUTHORITY:**

TCA 4-3-2303

If any portion of this policy conflicts with applicable state or federal laws or regulations, that portion shall be considered void. The remainder of this policy shall not be affected thereby and shall remain in full force and effect.

### **PURPOSE:**

To create and implement a multimodal transportation policy that encourages safe access and mobility for users of all ages and abilities through the planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of new construction, reconstruction and retrofit transportation facilities that are federally or state funded. Users include, but are not limited to, motorists, transit-riders, freight-carriers, bicyclists and pedestrians.

### **APPLICATION:**

The policy applies to Department of Transportation employees, consultants and contractors involved in the planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of state and federally funded projects, and local governments managing and maintaining transportation projects with funding through TDOT's Local Programs Development Office.

### **DEFINITIONS:**

- Highway:** A main road or thoroughfare, such as a street, boulevard, or parkway, available to the public for use for travel or transportation.
- Multimodal:** For the purposes of this policy, multimodal is defined as the movement of people and goods on state and functionally-classified roadways. Users include, but are not limited to, motorists, transit-riders, freight-carriers, bicyclists and pedestrians, including those with disabilities.
- Reconstruction:** Complete removal and replacement of the pavement structure or the addition of new continuous traffic lanes on an existing roadway.

- Retrofit: Changes to an existing highway within the general right-of-way, such as adding lanes, modifying horizontal and vertical alignments, structure rehabilitation, safety improvements, and maintenance.
- Roadway: The portion of a highway, including shoulders, that is available for vehicular, bicycle or pedestrian use.

### **POLICY:**

The Department of Transportation recognizes the benefits of integrating multimodal facilities into the transportation system as a means to improve the mobility, access and safety of all users. The intent of this policy is to promote the inclusion of multimodal accommodations in all transportation planning and project development activities at the local, regional and statewide levels, and to develop a comprehensive, integrated, and connected multimodal transportation network. TDOT will collaborate with local government agencies and regional planning agencies through established transportation planning processes to ensure that multimodal accommodations are addressed throughout the planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of new construction, reconstruction and retrofit transportation facilities as outlined in TDOT's Multimodal Access Policy Implementation Plan.

TDOT is committed to the development of a transportation system that improves conditions for multimodal transportation users through the following actions:

1. Provisions for multimodal transportation shall be given full consideration in new construction, reconstruction and retrofit roadway projects through design features appropriate for the context and function of the transportation facility.
2. The planning, design and construction of new facilities shall give full consideration to likely future demand for multimodal facilities and not preclude the provision of future improvements. If all feasible roadway alternatives have been explored and suitable multimodal facilities cannot be provided within the existing or proposed right of way due to environmental constraints, an alternate route that provides continuity and enhances the safety and accessibility of multimodal travel should be considered.
3. Existing multimodal provisions on roadways shall not be made more difficult or impossible by roadway improvements or routine maintenance projects.
4. Intersections and interchanges shall be designed (where appropriate based on context) to accommodate the mobility of bicyclists and pedestrians to cross corridors as well as travel along them in a manner that is safe, accessible, and convenient.
5. While it is not the intent of resurfacing projects to expand existing facilities, opportunities to provide or enhance bicycle and pedestrian facilities shall be given full consideration during the program development stage of resurfacing projects.
6. Pedestrian facilities shall be designed and built to accommodate persons with disabilities in accordance with the access standards required by the Americans with Disabilities Act



(ADA). Sidewalks, shared use paths, street crossings (including over- and under-crossings) and other infrastructure shall be constructed so that all pedestrians, including those with disabilities, can travel independently.

7. Provisions for transit-riders, pedestrians, and bicyclists shall be included when closing roads, bridges or sidewalks for construction projects where pedestrian, bicycle, or transit traffic is documented or expected.

### **EXCEPTIONS:**

It is TDOT's expectation that full consideration of multimodal access will be integrated in all appropriate new construction, reconstruction and retrofit infrastructure projects. However, there are conditions where it is generally inappropriate to provide multimodal facilities. Examples of these conditions include, but are not limited to:


1. Controlled access facilities where non-motorized users are prohibited from using the roadway. In this instance, a greater effort may be necessary to accommodate these users elsewhere within the same transportation corridor.
2. The cost of accommodations would be excessively disproportionate to the need and probable use. Excessively disproportionate is defined as exceeding twenty percent (20%) of the total cost of the project. The twenty percent figure should be used in an advisory rather than an absolute sense, especially in instances where the cost may be difficult to quantify. Compliance with ADA requirements may require greater than 20% of project cost to accommodate multimodal access. Costs associated with ADA requirements are NOT an exception.
3. Areas in which the population and employment densities or level of transit service around the facility, both existing and future, does not justify the incorporation of multimodal alternatives.
4. Inability to negotiate and enter into an agreement with a local government to assume the operational and maintenance responsibility of the facility.
5. Other factors where there is a demonstrated absence of need or prudence, or as requested by the Commissioner of the Department of Transportation.


Exceptions for not accommodating multimodal transportation users on State roadway projects in accordance with this policy shall be documented describing the basis and supporting data for the exception, and must be approved by TDOT's Chief Engineer and Chief of Environment and Planning or their designees.

**DESIGN GUIDANCE:**

The Department recognizes that a well-planned and designed transportation network is responsive to its context and meets the needs of its users. Therefore, facilities will be designed and constructed in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, using best practices and guidance, including but not limited to the following: TDOT Standard Drawings and guidelines, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) publications, Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) publications, the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), National Association of City Transportation Officials (NACTO) publications, the Public Rights-of-Ways Accessibility Guidelines (PROWAG), and the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG).

**Signed:**

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
PAUL DEGGES  
Chief Engineer/Deputy Commissioner

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
TOKS OMISHAKIN  
Chief of Planning/Deputy Commissioner

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
JOHN SCHROER  
Commissioner



PIN 128113.01

Appendix C  
Preliminary Plans

# Index Of Sheets

## PRELIMINARY INDEX OF SHEETS

TITLE SHEET.....	1
TYPICAL SECTIONS.....	2B
RIGHT-OF-WAY NOTES, UTILITY NOTES and UTILITY OWNERS.....	3
RIGHT-OF-WAY ACQUISITION TABLE(S) and PROPERTY MAP(S).....	3A
PRESENT LAYOUT(S).....	4-5
RIGHT OF WAY DETAILS.....	4A-5A
PROPOSED LAYOUT(S).....	4B-5B
PROPOSED PROFILE(S).....	4C-5C
PRIVATE DRIVE, BUSINESS, AND FIELD ENTRANCE PROFILE(S).....	6
DRAINAGE MAP(S).....	7
ROADWAY CROSS SECTIONS.....	8-19

# STATE OF TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BUREAU OF ENGINEERING

## CARROLL COUNTY

S.R. 436 (REEDY CREEK RD.) BRIDGE REPLACEMENT  
OVER REEDY CREEK AT L.M. 0.68

PRELIMINARY

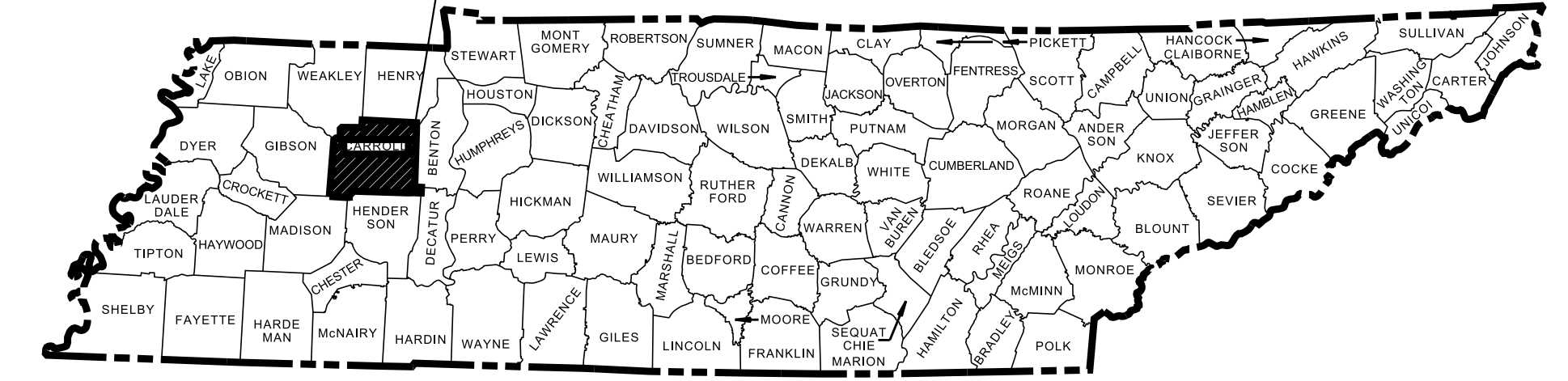
STATE HIGHWAY NO. 436 U.S. ROUTE NO.

DOES THIS PROJECT QUALIFY FOR UTILITY CHAPTER 86	YES X	NO
--	-------	----

TENN.	YEAR	SHEET NO.
	2019	1
FED. AID PROJ. NO.	BR-STP-436(5)	
STATE PROJ. NO.	09035-0220-94	

PROJECT LOCATION

BRIDGE ID. # 09S82330001



PROJECT LOCATION

BRIDGE ID. #

NO EXCLUSIONS

PRELIMINARY  
PLANS

CAUTION!  
PRELIMINARY  
PLANS  
SUBJECT TO  
CHANGE

SEALED BY

09035-0220-94  
END PROJECT NO. BR-STP-436(5) PRELIMINARY  
STA. 68+30.00  
N 622544.7969 E 1217723.6602

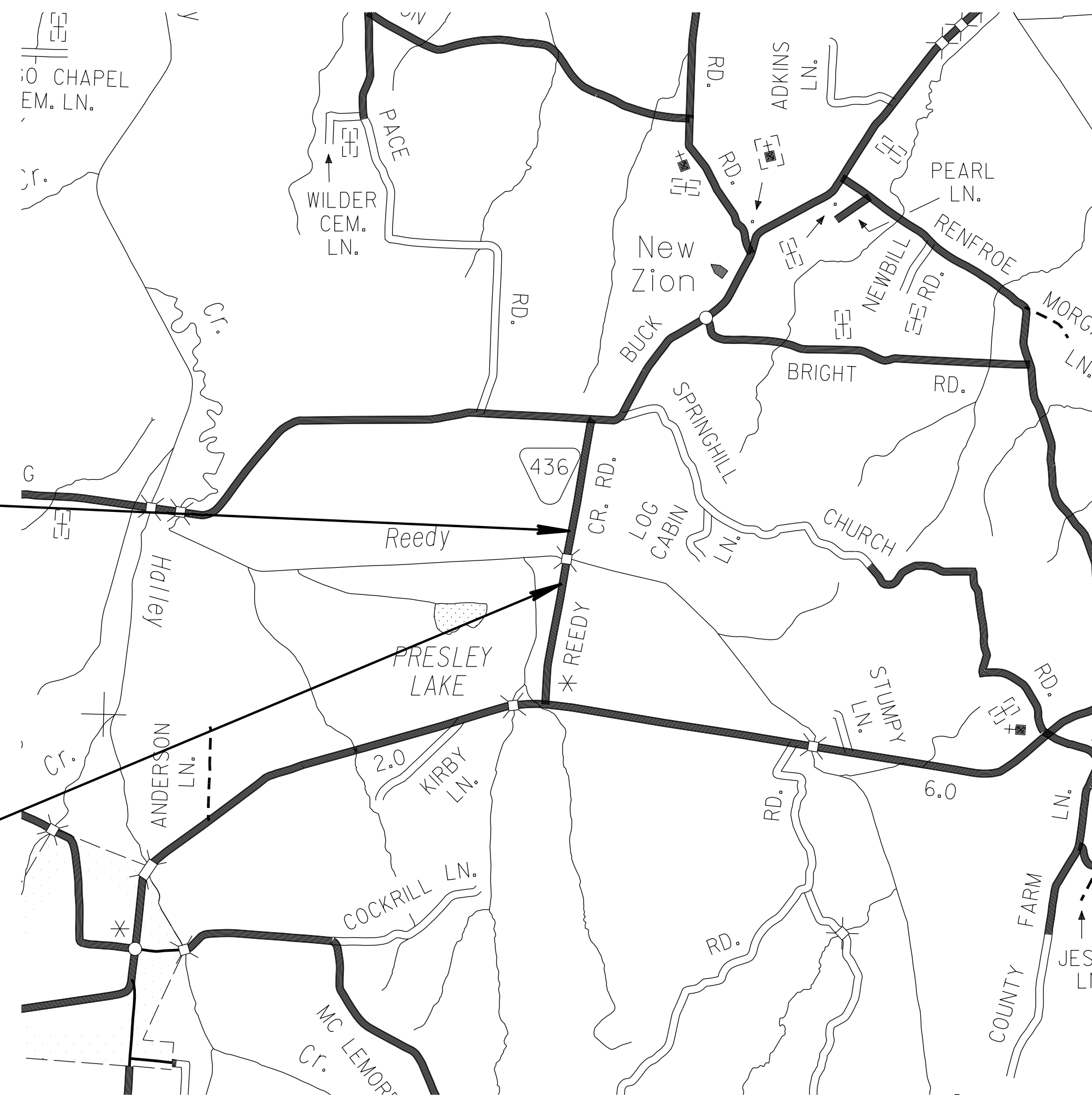
09035-0220-94  
BEGIN PROJECT NO. BR-STP-436(5) PRELIMINARY  
STA. 51+60.00  
N 620899.2269 E 1217445.7844

**SPECIAL NOTES**

PROPOSALS MAY BE REJECTED BY THE COMMISSIONER IF ANY OF THE UNIT PRICES CONTAINED THEREIN ARE OBVIOUSLY UNBALANCED, EITHER EXCESSIVE OR BELOW THE REASONABLE COST ANALYSIS VALUE.

THIS PROJECT TO BE CONSTRUCTED UNDER THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS OF THE TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DATED JANUARY 1, 2015 AND ADDITIONAL SPECIFICATIONS AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THE PLANS AND IN THE PROPOSAL CONTRACT.

TDOT C.E. MANAGER 1 OR  
TDOT TRANSPORTATION MANAGER 1 : STEPHANIE KISSELL  
DESIGNED BY : HDR ENGINEERING, INC.  
DESIGNER : GREG CLUCKER CHECKED BY KEVIN CAGLE  
P.E. NO. 09035-0220-94 (NEPA)  
PIN NO. 128113.01



SCALE: 1"= 1/2 MILE



R.O.W. LENGTH	0.316 MILES
ROADWAY LENGTH	0.299 MILES
BRIDGE LENGTH	0.017 MILES
BOX BRIDGE LENGTH	0.000 MILES
BOX BRIDGE LENGTH	0.000 MILES ▲
PROJECT LENGTH	0.316 MILES

▲ Not included in the project length (Non Riding Surface).



S.R. 436	
SURVEY 10-16-18	TRAFFIC DATA
	ADT (2022) 380
	ADT (2042) 450
	DHV (2042) 68
	D 65 - 35
	T (ADT) 5 %
	T (DHV) 3 %
	V 45 MPH

COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

APPROVED: Paul D. Degges  
PAUL D. DEGGES, CHIEF ENGINEER

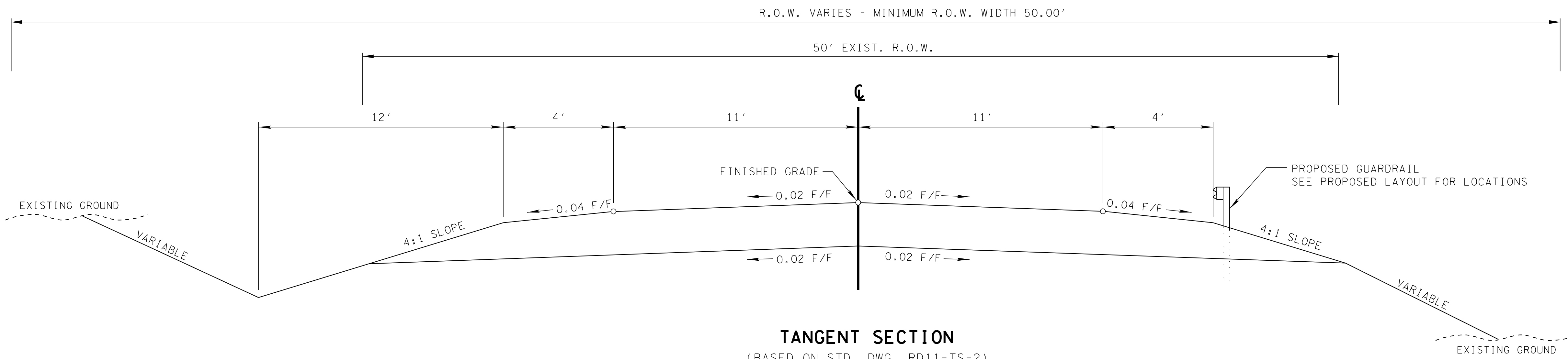
DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

APPROVED: Clay Bright  
CLAY BRIGHT, COMMISSIONER

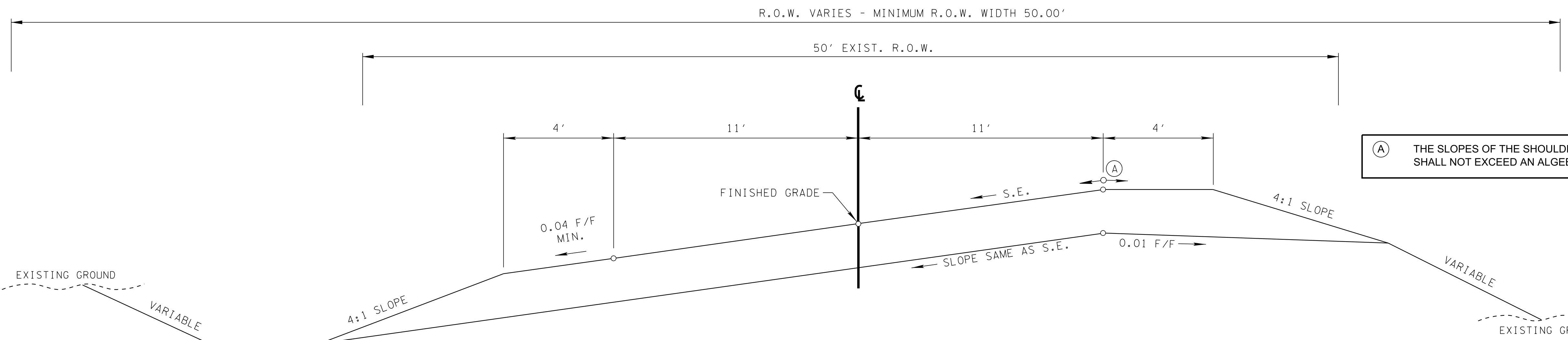
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

APPROVED: \_\_\_\_\_  
DIVISION ADMINISTRATOR DATE

TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	2B



**TANGENT SECTION**  
 (BASED ON STD. DWG. RD11-TS-2)  
 STA. 51+60.00 TO STA. 51+67.09  
 STA. 59+37.28 TO STA. 60+51.03  
 STA. 68+19.32 TO STA. 68+30.00



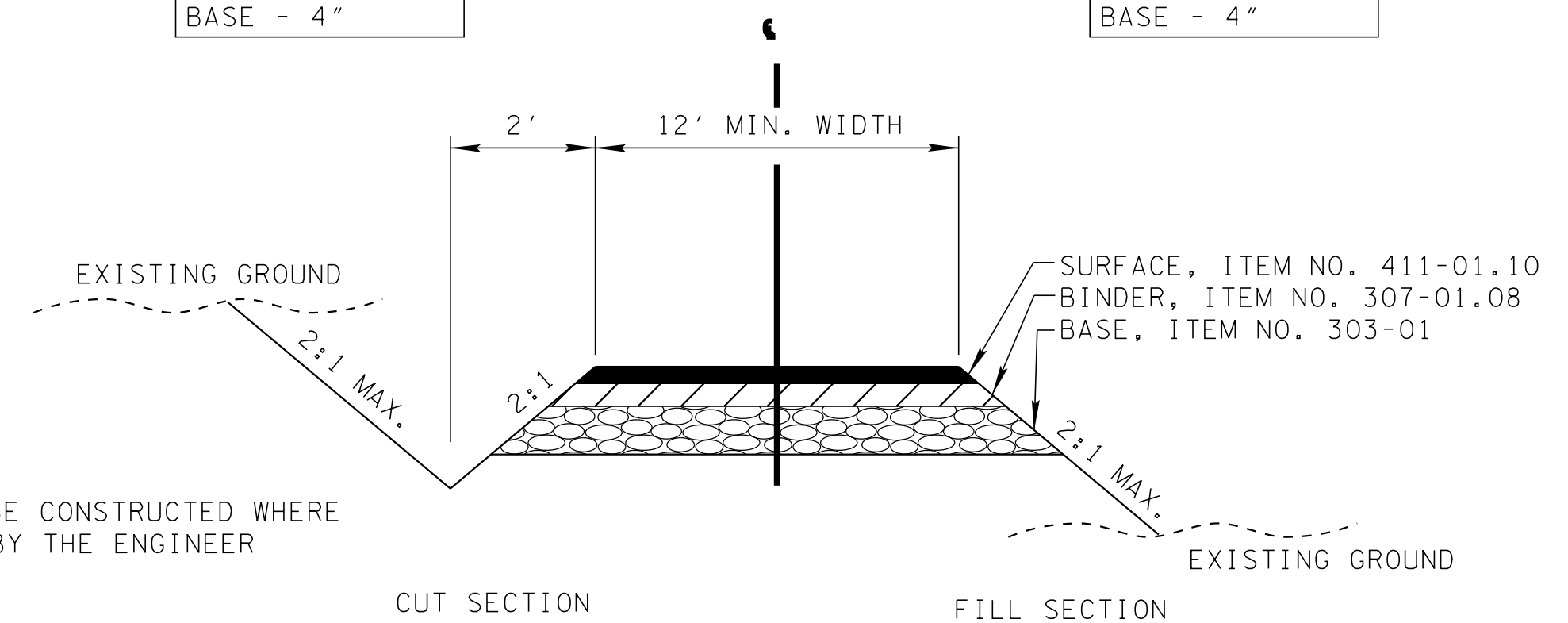
(A) THE SLOPES OF THE SHOULDER AND ROADWAY PAVEMENT SHALL NOT EXCEED AN ALGEBRAIC DIFFERENCE OF 0.07.

**SUPERELEVATED SECTION**  
 (BASED ON STD. DWG. RD11-TS-2)  
 STA. 51+67.09 TO STA. 59+37.28  
 STA. 60+51.03 TO STA. 68+19.32

**CAUTION!**  
 PRELIMINARY  
 PLANS  
 SUBJECT TO  
 CHANGE

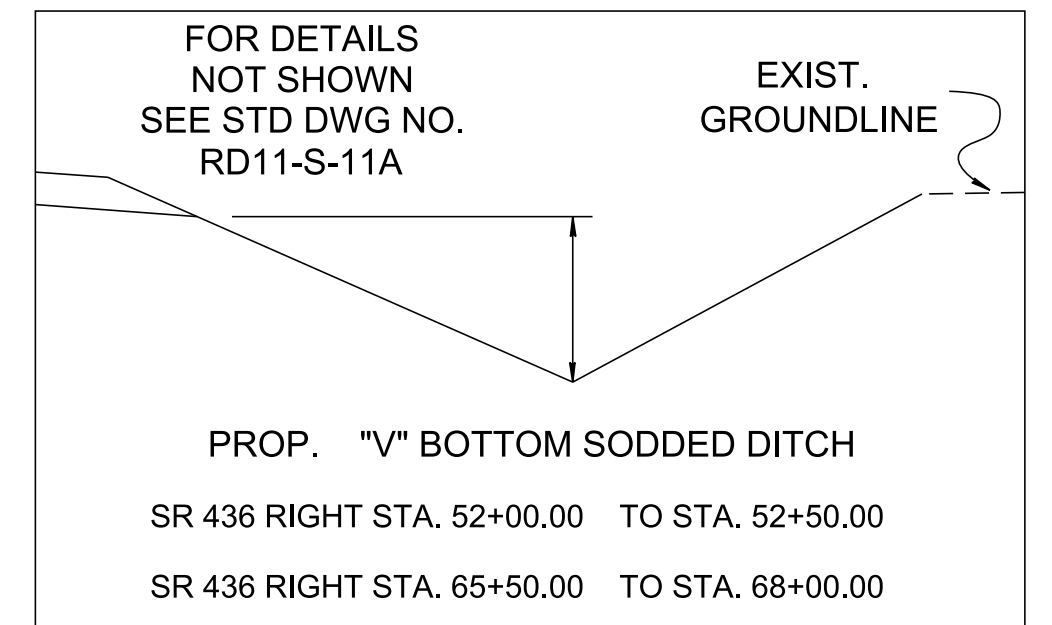
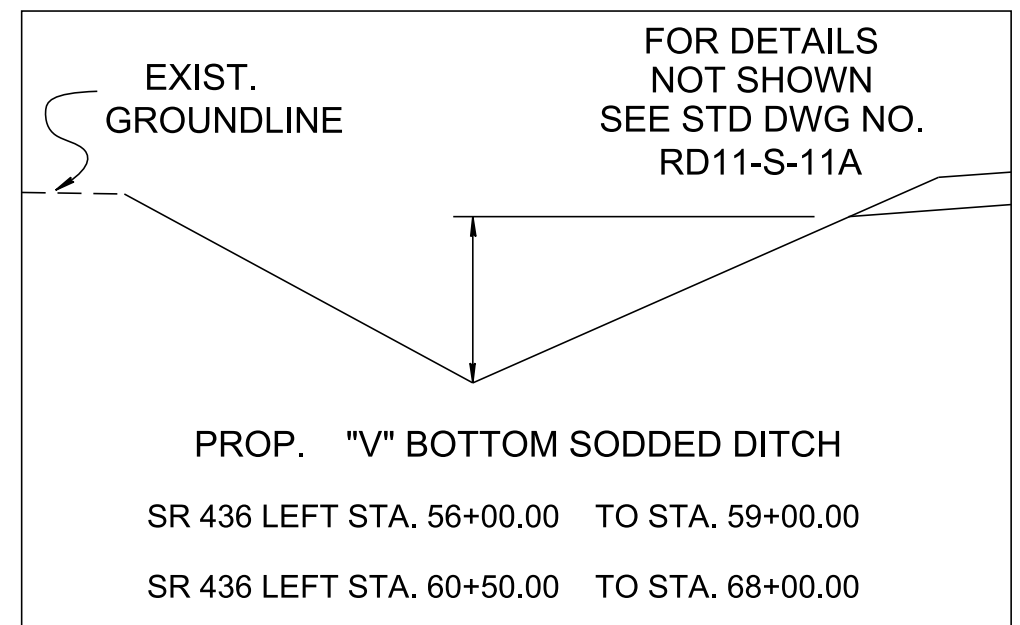
**BUSINESS**  
 SURFACE - 1 1/4"  
 BINDER - 2"  
 BASE - 4"

**FIELD OR RESIDENTIAL**  
 SURFACE - 1 1/2"  
 BINDER - NONE  
 BASE - 4"



**TYPICAL SECTION**  
 PRIVATE DRIVE TO BUSINESS,  
 FIELD, OR RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

**SPECIAL DITCHES**



SEALED BY

STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TYPICAL  
 SECTIONS

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NOTE: DITCH TO BE CONSTRUCTED WHERE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER

TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	3

**RIGHT-OF-WAY**

- (1) ALL RAMPS MUST CONFORM TO THE DEPARTMENT'S "POLICY ON FINANCING CONSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC ROAD INTERSECTIONS AND DRIVEWAYS ON HIGHWAY RESURFACING, RECONSTRUCTION AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS ON NEW LOCATIONS", THE MANUAL ON RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTING DRIVEWAYS ON STATE HIGHWAY RIGHT-OF-WAY, STANDARD DRAWING RP-R-1, AND OTHER ACCEPTED DESIGN AND SAFETY STANDARDS.
- (2) EXISTING PAVED DRIVEWAY PER TRACT REMAINDER WILL BE REPLACED IN KIND TO A TOUCHDOWN POINT.
- (3) WHERE THE EXISTING DRIVEWAY IS UNPAVED AND THE PROPOSED DRIVEWAY EXCEEDS 7 PERCENT IN GRADE, EACH DRIVEWAY WILL BE PAVED TO A TOUCHDOWN POINT OR UNTIL THE GRADE IS LESS THAN 7 PERCENT.
- (4) WHERE THE EXISTING DRIVEWAY IS UNPAVED AND THE PROPOSED DRIVEWAY IS LESS THAN 7 PERCENT IN GRADE, EACH DRIVEWAY WILL BE PAVED A SHOULDER WIDTH FROM THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND THE REMAINDER OF THAT DRIVEWAY REPLACED IN KIND TO A TOUCHDOWN POINT.
- (5) ANY NECESSARY PAVING OF DRIVEWAYS WILL BE DONE DURING PAVING OPERATIONS ON THE MAIN ROADWAY.
- (6) NEW DRIVEWAYS PROVIDED IN THE PLANS WILL BE PAVED BASED ON THE 7 PERCENT CRITERIA. THOSE 7 PERCENT OR STEEPER IN GRADE WILL BE PAVED AND THOSE FLATTER THAN 7 PERCENT WILL BE COVERED WITH BASE STONE.
- (7) ON PROJECTS WITHOUT CURB AND GUTTER THAT ARE ON STATE ROUTES, IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER TO SECURE A PERMIT AND TO CONSTRUCT ADDITIONAL DRIVEWAYS AND FIELD ENTRANCES OTHER THAN THOSE PROVIDED IN THE PLANS.

**UTILITY**

- (1) THE LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES SHOWN WITHIN THESE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. EXACT LOCATIONS SHALL BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BY CONTACTING THE UTILITY COMPANIES INVOLVED. NOTIFICATION BY CALLING THE TENNESSEE ONE CALL SYSTEM, INC., AT 1-800-351-1111 AS REQUIRED BY TCA 65-31-106 WILL BE REQUIRED.
- (2) UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS WILL BE PERFORMED BY THE UTILITY OR ITS REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONTRACTOR AND UTILITY OWNERS WILL BE REQUIRED TO COOPERATE WITH EACH OTHER IN ORDER TO EXPEDITE THE WORK REQUIRED BY THIS CONTRACT. ON CONTRACTS WHERE CONSTRUCTION STAKES, LINES, AND GRADES ARE CONTRACT ITEMS, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR SLOPE STAKES, DITCH OR STREAM BED GRADES, OR OTHER ESSENTIAL SURVEY STAKING TO PREVENT CONFLICTS WITH THE HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION. FREQUENTLY, THIS WILL BE REQUIRED AS THE FIRST ITEM OF WORK AND AT ANY LOCATION ON THE PROJECT DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- (3) THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY PROTECTIVE MEASURES TO SAFEGUARD EXISTING UTILITIES FROM DAMAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. IN THE EVENT THAT SPECIAL EQUIPMENT IS REQUIRED TO WORK OVER AND AROUND THE UTILITIES, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH SUCH EQUIPMENT. THE COST OF PROTECTING UTILITIES FROM DAMAGE AND FURNISHING SPECIAL EQUIPMENT WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE PRICE BID FOR OTHER ITEMS OF CONSTRUCTION.
- (4) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING HIS BID, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING OWNERS OF ALL AFFECTED UTILITIES IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THE EXTENT TO WHICH UTILITY RELOCATIONS AND/OR ADJUSTMENTS WILL HAVE UPON THE SCHEDULE OF WORK FOR THE PROJECT. WHILE SOME WORK MAY BE REQUIRED 'AROUND' UTILITY FACILITIES THAT WILL REMAIN IN PLACE, OTHER UTILITY FACILITIES MAY NEED TO BE ADJUSTED CONCURRENTLY WITH THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS. ADVANCE CLEAR CUTTING MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER AT ANY LOCATION WHERE CLEARING IS CALLED FOR IN THE SPECIFICATIONS AND CLEAR CUTTING IS NECESSARY FOR A UTILITY RELOCATION. ANY ADDITIONAL COST WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR THE CLEARING ITEM SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS.
- (5) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY EACH INDIVIDUAL UTILITY OWNER OF HIS PLAN OF OPERATION IN THE AREA OF THE UTILITIES. PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE UTILITY OWNERS AND REQUEST THEM TO PROPERLY LOCATE THEIR RESPECTIVE UTILITY ON THE GROUND. THIS NOTIFICATION SHALL BE GIVEN AT LEAST THREE (3) BUSINESS DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF OPERATIONS AROUND THE UTILITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCA 65-31-106.

**UTILITY OWNERS**

**ELECTRIC:**  
**CARROLL COUNTY ELECTRIC DEPT.**  
 103 W. PARIS ST.  
 HUNTINGTON, TN 38344  
 CONTACT:  
 OFFICE PHONE: 731-986- 8284  
 CELL PHONE:  
 Email:

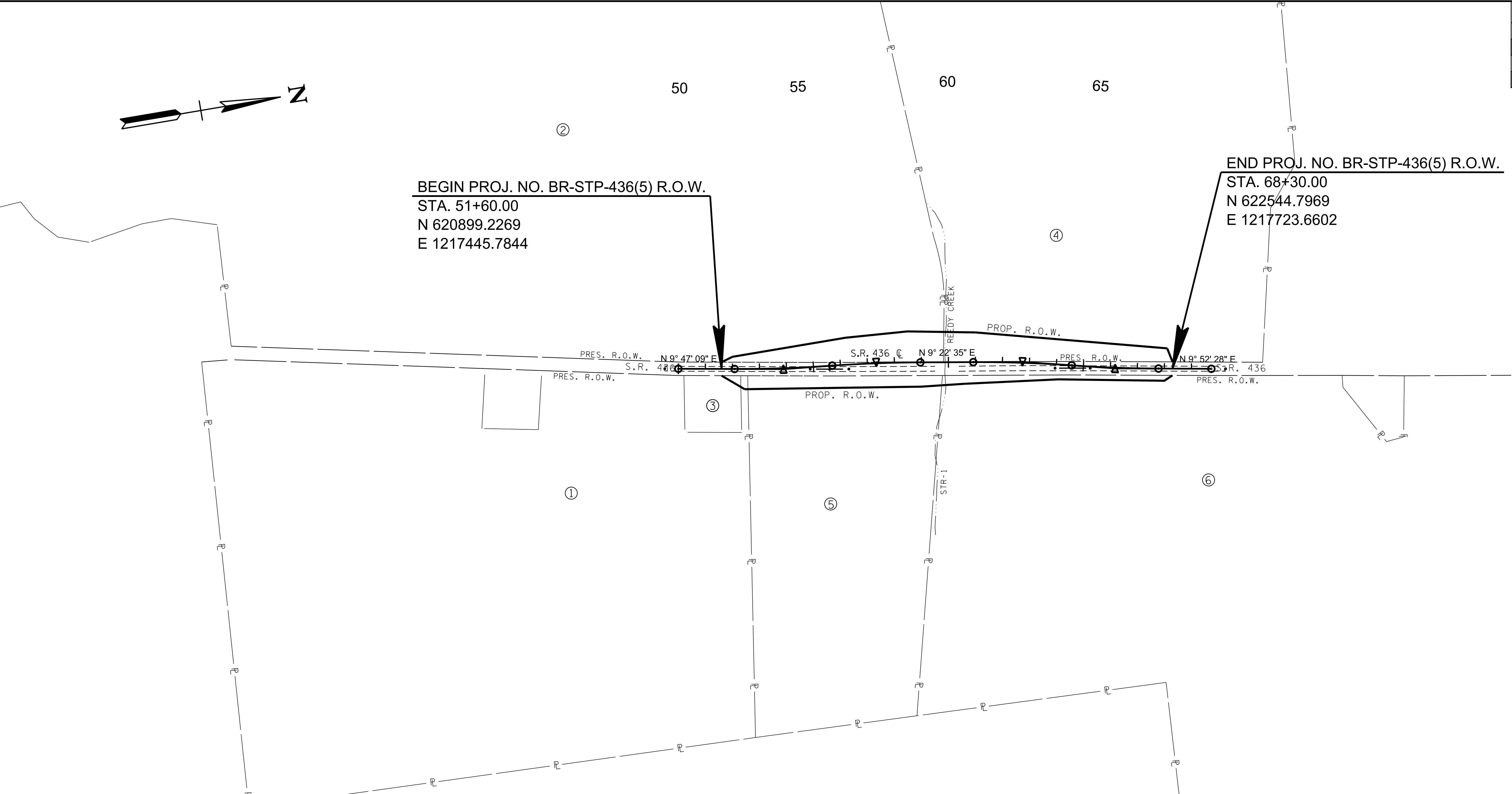
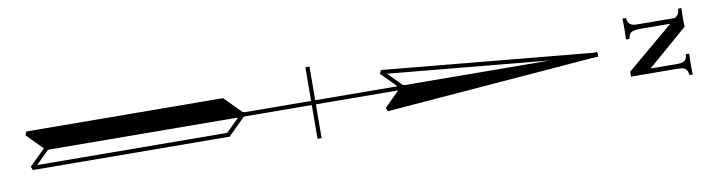
**CAUTION !  
 PRELIMINARY  
 PLANS  
 SUBJECT TO  
 CHANGE**

**SEALED BY**

**STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

RIGHT-OF-WAY  
 NOTES,  
 UTILITY NOTES  
 AND  
 UTILITY OWNERS

TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	3A



BEGIN PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
 STA. 51+60.00  
 N 620899.2269  
 E 1217445.7844

END PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
 STA. 68+30.00  
 N 622544.7969  
 E 1217723.6602

**CAUTION!**  
 PRELIMINARY  
 PLANS  
 SUBJECT TO  
 CHANGE

SEALED BY

DISTURBED AREA	
IN BETWEEN SLOPE LINES	3.648 (AC)
15 FOOT WIDE STRIP (OUT SIDE SLOPE LINES)	1.248 (AC)
<b>TOTAL DISTURBED AREA</b>	<b>4.896 (AC)</b>

**R.O.W. ACQUISITION TABLE**

TRACT NO.	PROPERTY OWNERS	COUNTY RECORDS				TOTAL AREA (ACRES)			AREA TO BE ACQUIRED (ACRES)			AREA REMAINING (ACRES)		EASEMENT (ACRES)			
		TAX MAP NO.	PARCEL NO.	DEED DOCUMENT REFERENCE BOOK PAGE	LEFT	RIGHT	TOTAL	LEFT	RIGHT	TOTAL	LEFT	RIGHT	PERMANENT	SLOPE	CONSTRUCTION	AIR RIGHTS	
1	MRS.V.M. PRESLEY ETAL CARROLL COUNTY HUMANE	075	007.00	375 794		65.154	65.154		1240 S.F.	1240 S.F.		65.126					
2	JEFFERY WHITE	075	001.00	359 780	388.293		388.293	1.431		1.431	386.862						
3	IMOGENE P. PRESLEY LIFE ESTATE	075	007.02	375 794		1.013	1.013		1470 S.F.	1470 S.F.	0.979						
4	RONALD L. BUSH ET UX LINDA G.	060	041.00	139 493	151.475		151.475	1.592		1.592	149.883						
5	JOYCE L. COLEMAN LIFE ESTATE	075	008.00	375 227		19.629	19.629	0.728		0.728	18.901						
6	SAMUEL W. COLEMAN ET AL SHERRIE D. GAREY	060	044.00	368 439		186.577	186.577	0.423		0.423	186.154						
<b>ACQUISITION TOTALS (ACRES)</b>								<b>4.237</b>									

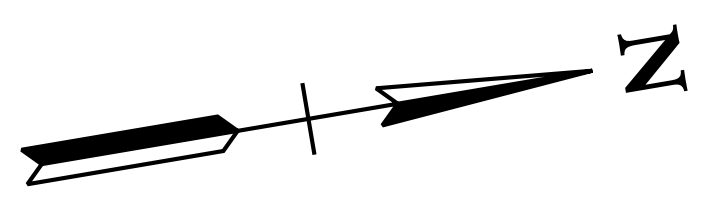
COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROPERTY MAP  
 AND  
 RIGHT-OF-WAY  
 ACQUISITION  
 TABLE

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TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	4



SR 436  
 PI 53+89.03  
 N 621,124.9200  
 E 1,217,484.7112  
 Δ 4° 12' 14" (LT)  
 D 1° 09' 44"  
 R 4,930.00  
 L 361.72  
 T 180.94  
 SE RC  
 DESIGN SPEED 45 MPH  
 TRANS. LENGTH 82

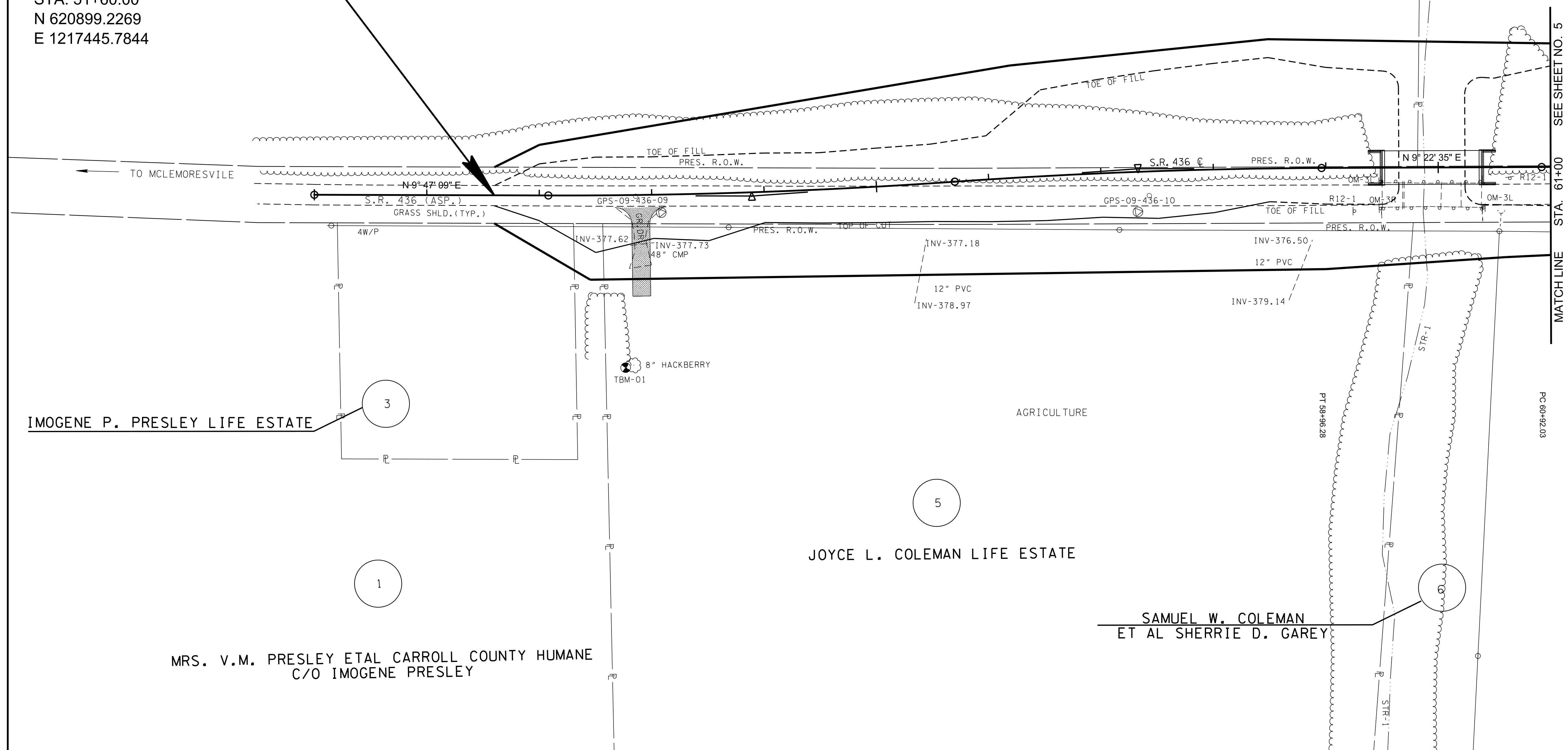
SR 436  
 PI 57+33.10  
 N 621,467.5269  
 E 1,217,518.1959  
 Δ 3° 47' 40" (RT)  
 D 1° 09' 44"  
 R 4,930.00  
 L 326.48  
 T 163.30  
 SE RC  
 DESIGN SPEED 45 MPH  
 TRANS. LENGTH 82

2  
 JEFFERY WHITE

4  
 RONALD BUSH  
 ET UX LINDA G.

55  
 AGRICULTURE

50  
 POT 50+00.00  
 BEGIN PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
 STA. 51+60.00  
 N 620899.2269  
 E 1217445.7844



**CAUTION!**  
 PRELIMINARY  
 PLANS  
 SUBJECT TO  
 CHANGE

SEALED BY

COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PRESENT LAYOUT

STA. 51+60 TO STA. 61+00  
 SCALE: 1"= 50'

IMOGENE P. PRESLEY LIFE ESTATE

5  
 JOYCE L. COLEMAN LIFE ESTATE

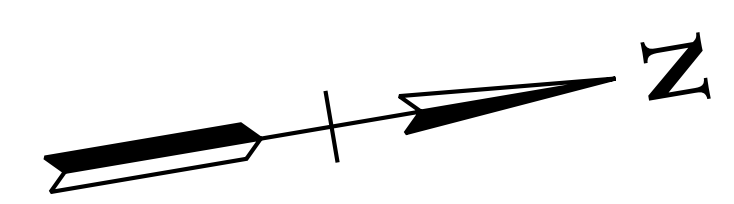
SAMUEL W. COLEMAN  
 ET AL SHERRIE D. GAREY

MRS. V.M. PRESLEY ETAL CARROLL COUNTY HUMANE  
 C/O IMOGENE PRESLEY

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TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	4A



2  
JEFFERY WHITE

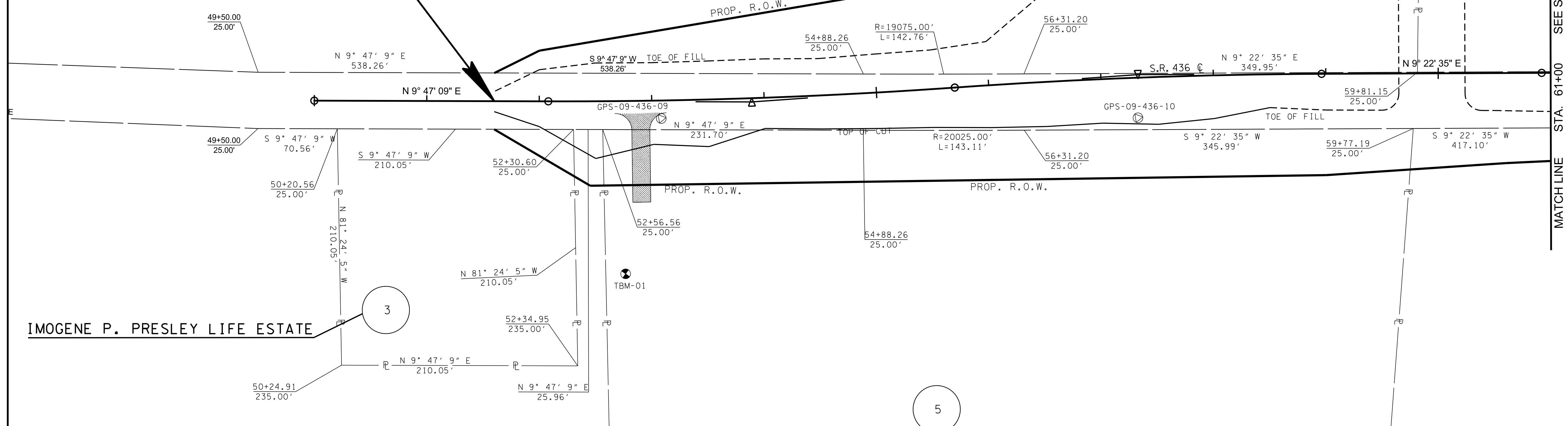
4  
RONALD BUSH  
ET UX LINDA G.

50

55

60

BEGIN PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
STA. 51+60.00  
N 620899.2269  
E 1217445.7844



IMOGENE P. PRESLEY LIFE ESTATE

5  
JOYCE L. COLEMAN LIFE ESTATE

SAMUEL W. COLEMAN  
ET AL SHERRIE D. GAREY

MRS. V.M. PRESLEY ETAL CARROLL COUNTY HUMANE  
C/O IMOGENE PRESLEY

MATCHLINE STA. 61+00 SEE SHEET NO. 5A

**CAUTION!**  
PRELIMINARY  
PLANS  
SUBJECT TO  
CHANGE

SEALED BY

COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

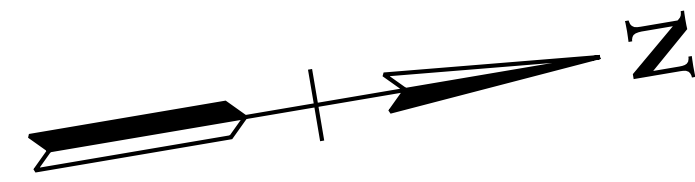
STATE OF TENNESSEE  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**RIGHT OF WAY  
DETAILS**

STA. 51+60 TO STA. 61+00  
SCALE: 1"= 50'

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TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	4B

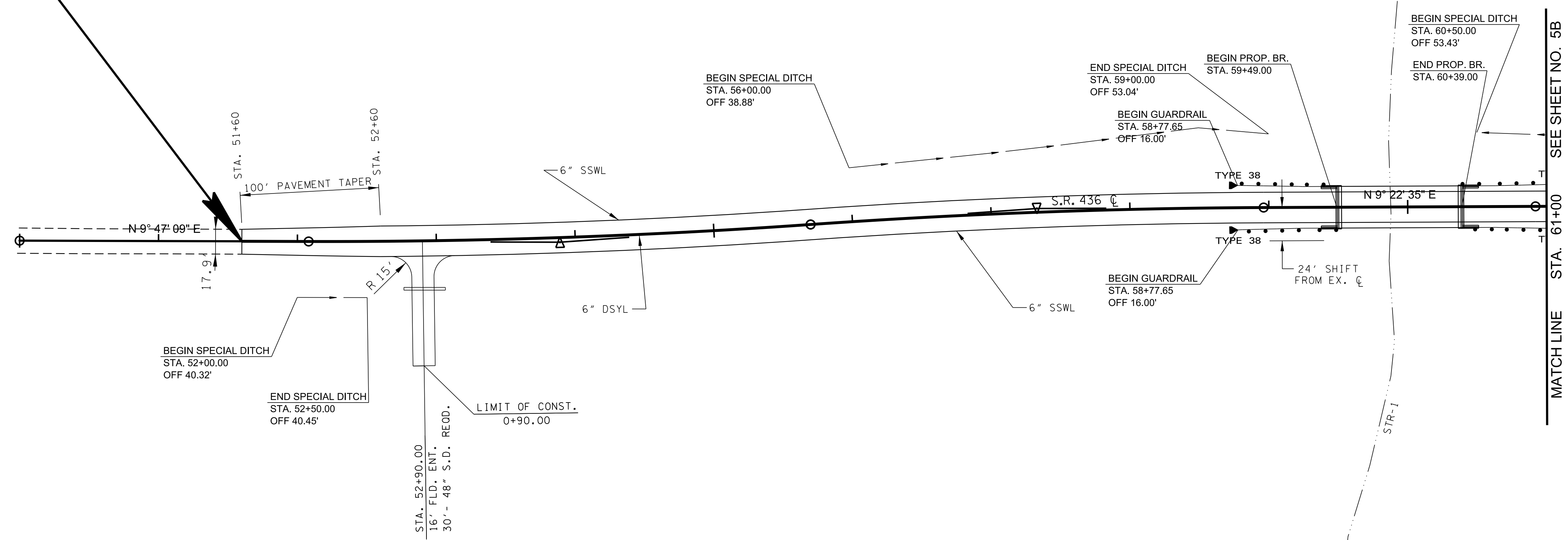


50

55

STR-1  
60

BEGIN PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
STA. 51+60.00  
N 620899.2269  
E 1217445.7844



MATCHLINE STA. 61+00 SEE SHEET NO. 5B

**CAUTION!**  
PRELIMINARY  
PLANS  
SUBJECT TO  
CHANGE

SEALED BY

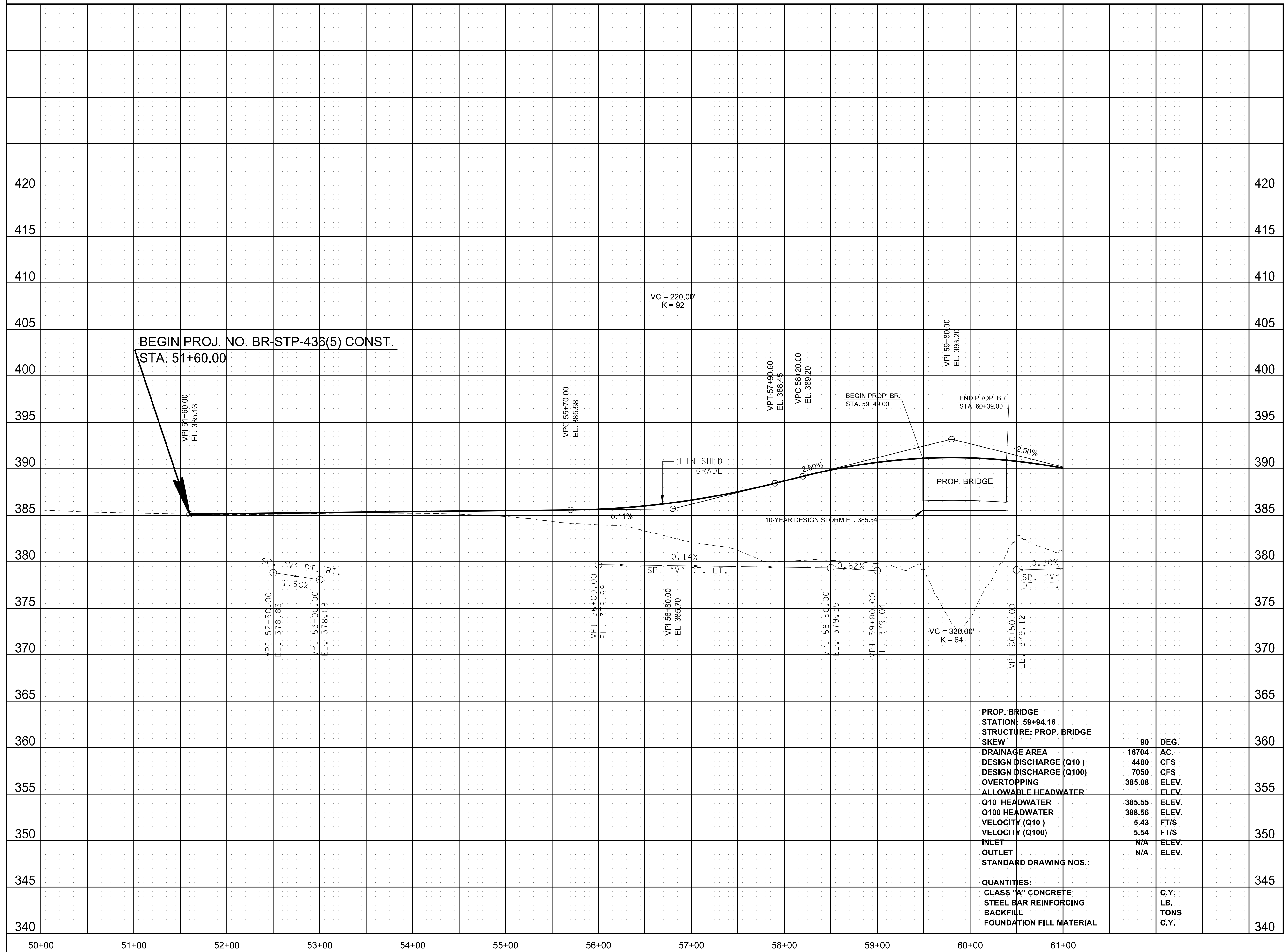
COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

**STATE OF TENNESSEE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**PROPOSED LAYOUT**

STA. 51+60 TO STA. 61+00  
SCALE: 1"= 50'

TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	4C



**CAUTION!**  
PRELIMINARY  
PLANS  
SUBJECT TO  
CHANGE

SEALED BY

<b>PROP. BRIDGE</b>		
STATION: 59+94.16		
STRUCTURE: PROP. BRIDGE		
SKEW	90	DEG.
DRAINAGE AREA	16704	AC.
DESIGN DISCHARGE (Q10)	4480	CFS
DESIGN DISCHARGE (Q100)	7050	CFS
OVERTOPPING	385.08	ELEV.
<b>ALLOWABLE HEADWATER</b>		
Q10 HEADWATER	385.55	ELEV.
Q100 HEADWATER	388.56	ELEV.
VELOCITY (Q10)	5.43	FT/S
VELOCITY (Q100)	5.54	FT/S
INLET	N/A	ELEV.
OUTLET	N/A	ELEV.
STANDARD DRAWING NOS.:		
<b>QUANTITIES:</b>		
CLASS "A" CONCRETE		C.Y.
STEEL BAR REINFORCING		LB.
BACKFILL		TONS
FOUNDATION FILL MATERIAL		C.Y.

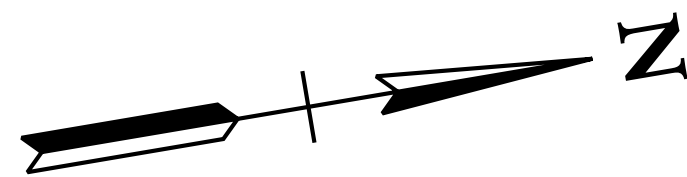
COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

**STATE OF TENNESSEE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**PROPOSED  
PROFILE**  
STA. 51+60 TO STA. 61+00  
SCALE: 1"= 50' HORIZ.  
1"= 5' VERT.

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TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	5

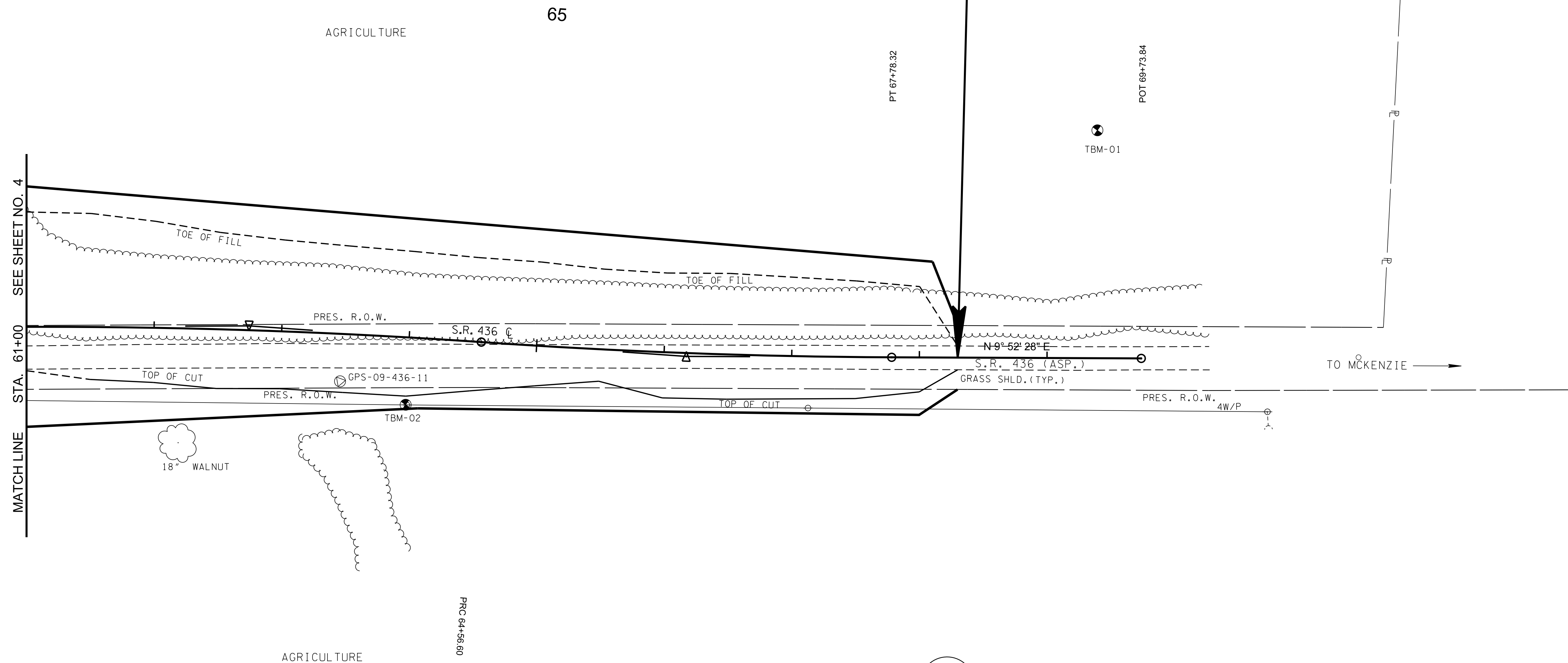


SR 436	SR 436
PI 62+74.40	PI 66+17.52
N 622,001.7068	N 622,335.3497
E 1,217,606.4028	E 1,217,687.2022
Δ 4° 14' 13" (RT)	Δ 3° 44' 20" (LT)
D 1° 09' 44"	D 1° 09' 44"
R 4,930.00	R 4,930.00
L 364.57	L 321.72
T 182.37	T 160.92
SE RC	SE RC
DESIGN SPEED 45 MPH	DESIGN SPEED 45 MPH
TRANS. LENGTH 82	TRANS. LENGTH 82

4

RONALD BUSH ET UX LINDA G.

END PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
 STA. 68+30.00  
 N 622544.7969  
 E 1217723.6602



MATCH LINE SEE SHEET NO. 4 STA. 61+00

18" WALNUT

AGRICULTURE

PRC 64+56.60

6

SAMUEL W. COLEMAN  
 ET AL SHERRIE D. GAREY

**CAUTION!**  
**PRELIMINARY**  
**PLANS**  
**SUBJECT TO**  
**CHANGE**

SEALED BY

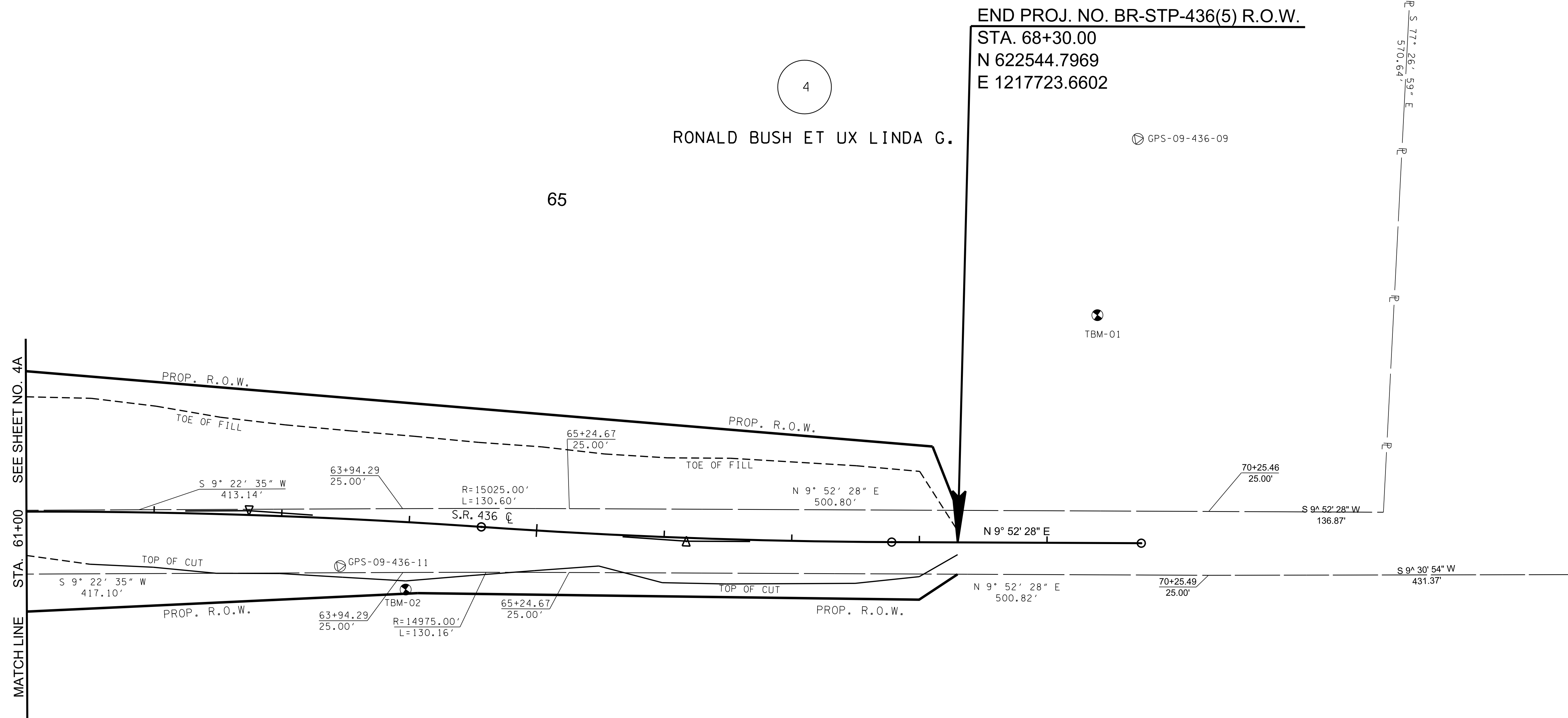
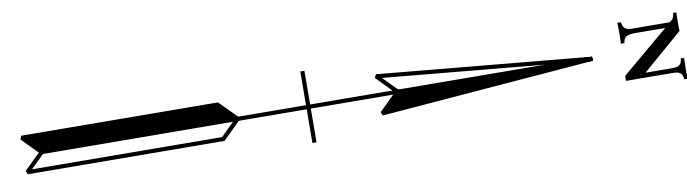
COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PRESENT  
 LAYOUT

STA. 61+00 TO STA. 68+30  
 SCALE: 1"= 50'

TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	5A



END PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
 STA. 68+30.00  
 N 622544.7969  
 E 1217723.6602

MATCH LINE  
 STA. 61+00  
 SEE SHEET NO. 4A

**CAUTION!  
 PRELIMINARY  
 PLANS  
 SUBJECT TO  
 CHANGE**

SEALED BY

6  
 SAMUEL W. COLEMAN  
 ET AL SHERRIE D. GAREY

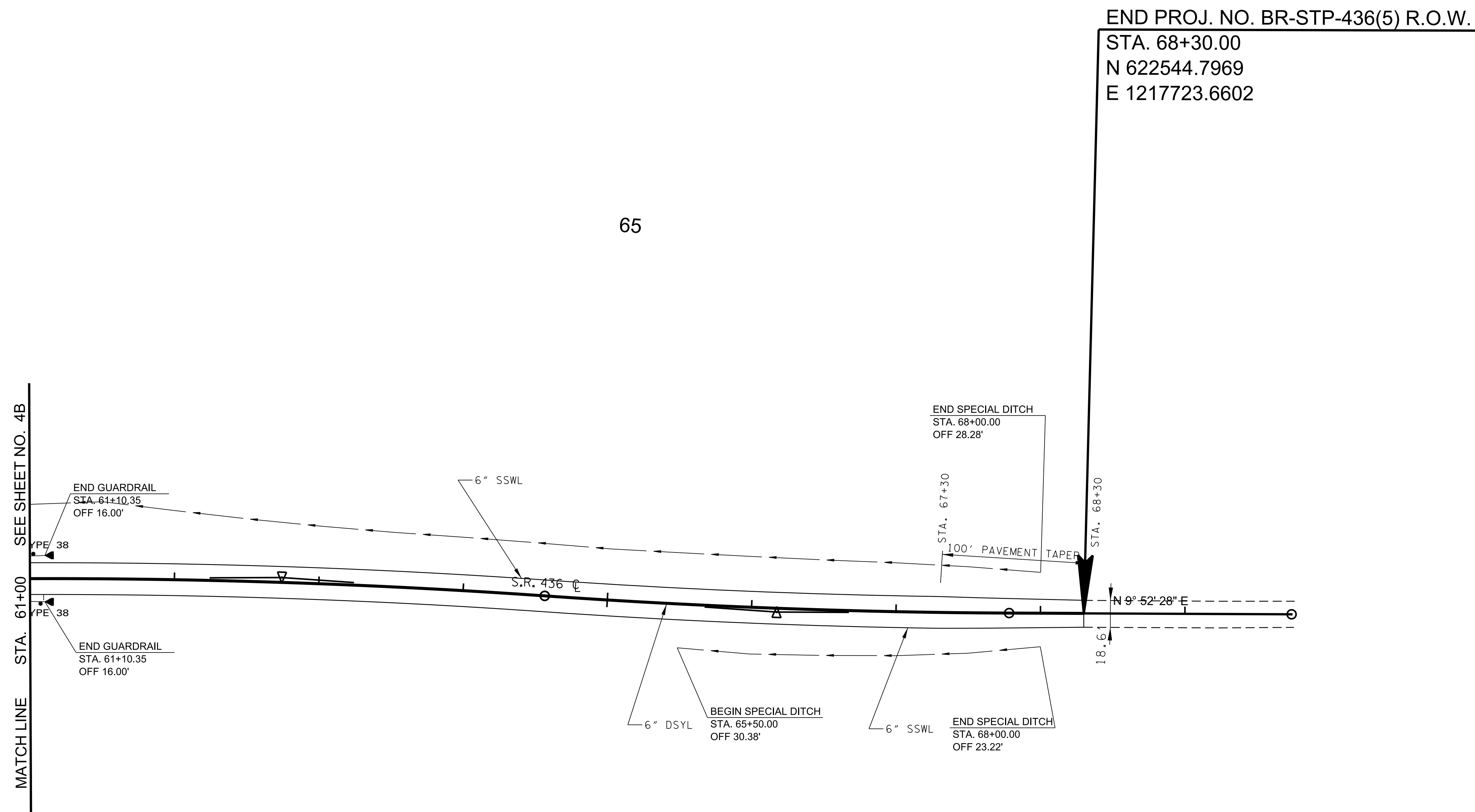
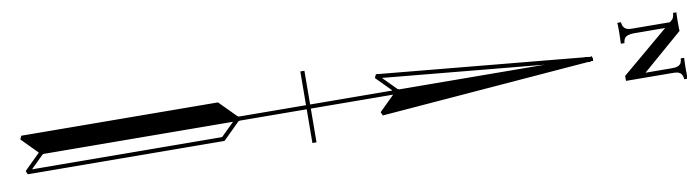
COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**RIGHT OF WAY  
 DETAILS**

STA. 61+00 TO STA. 68+30  
 SCALE: 1"= 50'

TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	5B



END PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
 STA. 68+30.00  
 N 622544.7969  
 E 1217723.6602

**CAUTION!**  
**PRELIMINARY**  
**PLANS**  
**SUBJECT TO**  
**CHANGE**

SEALED BY

COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

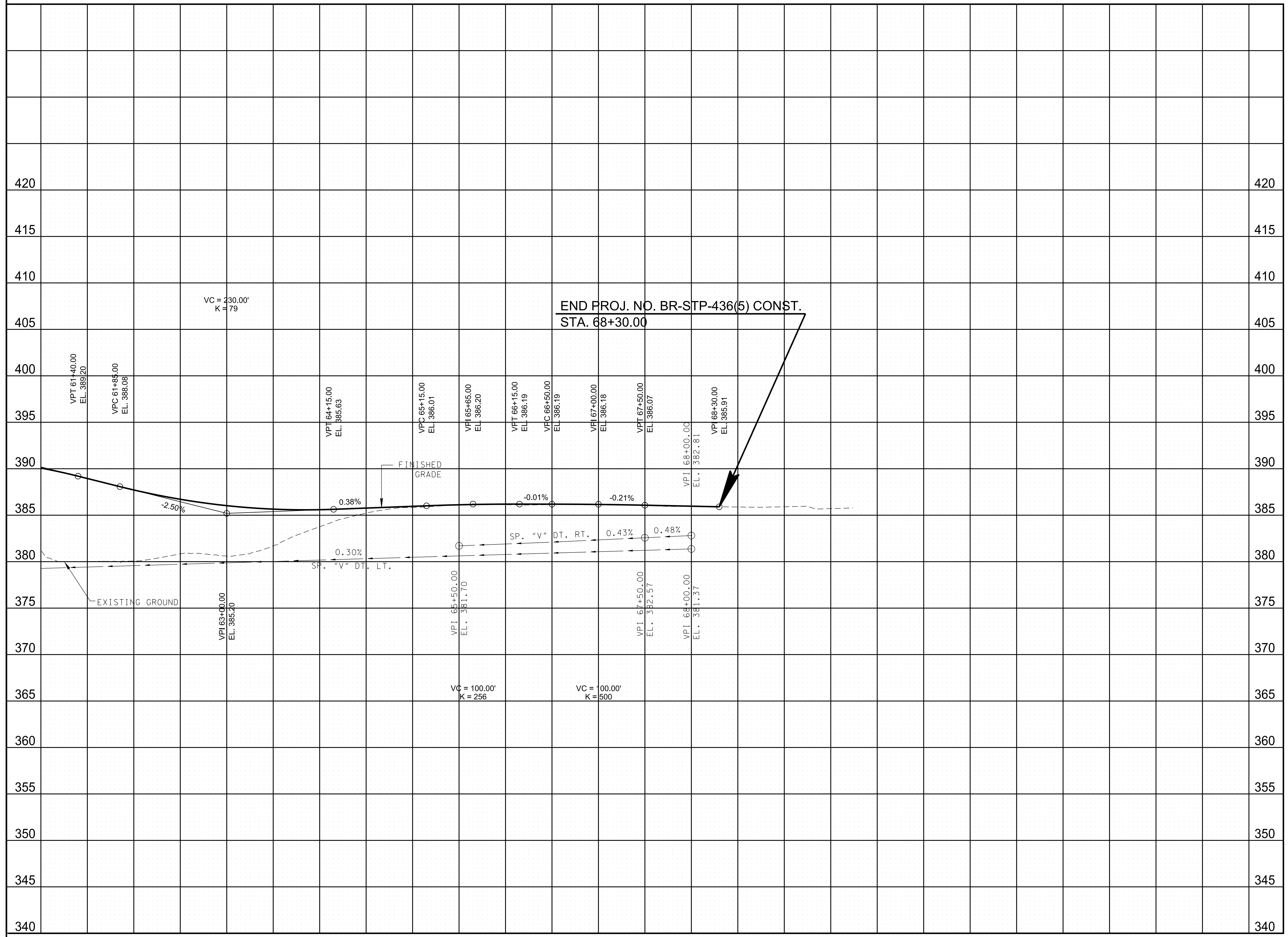
STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**PROPOSED**  
**LAYOUT**

STA. 61+00 TO STA. 68+30  
 SCALE: 1"= 50'

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TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	5C



**CAUTION!**  
**PRELIMINARY**  
**PLANS**  
**SUBJECT TO**  
**CHANGE**

SEALED BY

COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

**STATE OF TENNESSEE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

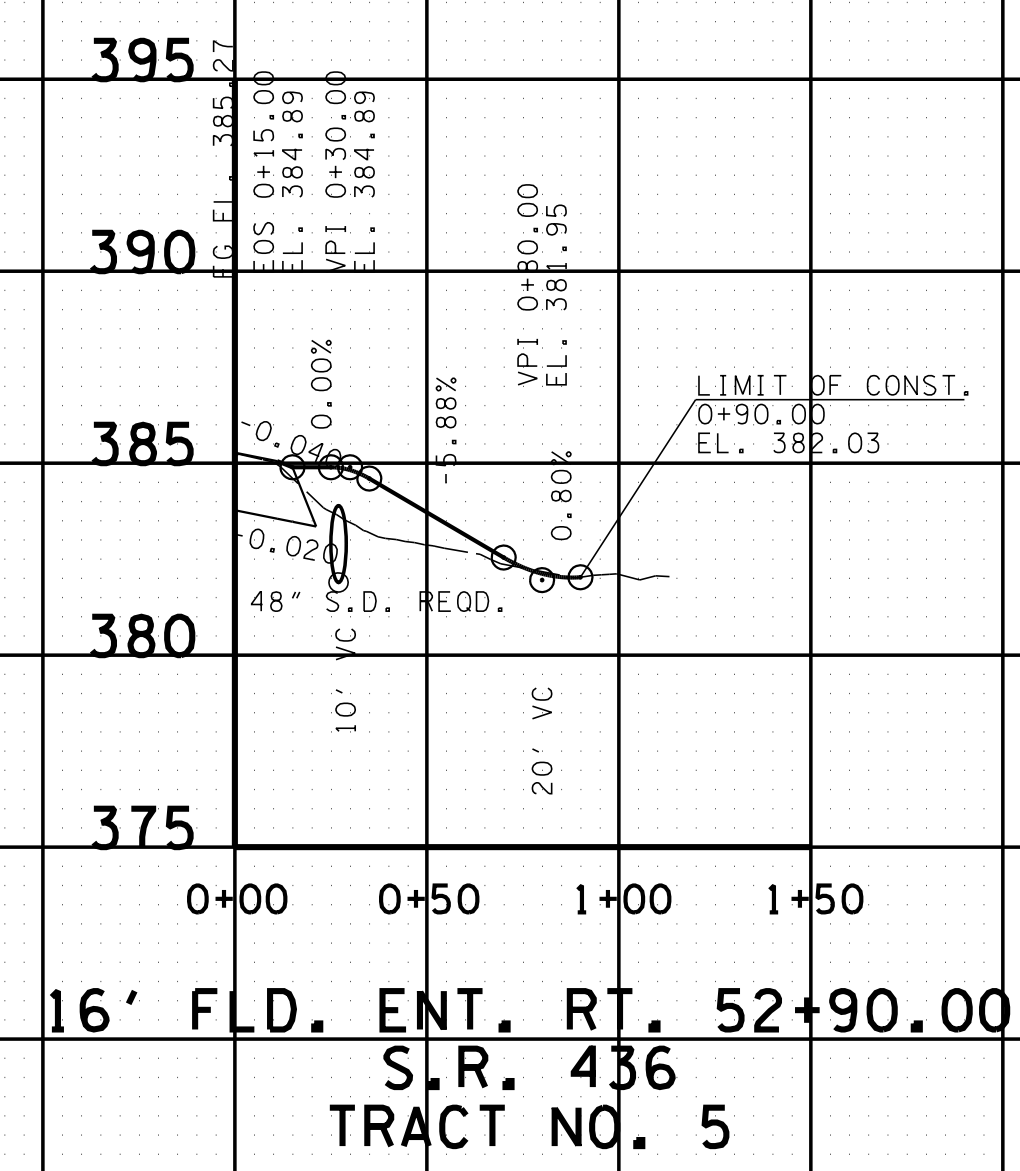
**PROPOSED**  
**PROFILE**

STA. 61+00 TO STA. 68+30

SCALE: 1"= 50' HORIZ.  
1"= 5' VERT.

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TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	6



**SEALED BY**

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COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

**STATE OF TENNESSEE  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**PRIVATE DRIVE,  
BUSINESS, AND  
FIELD ENTRANCE  
PROFILE**

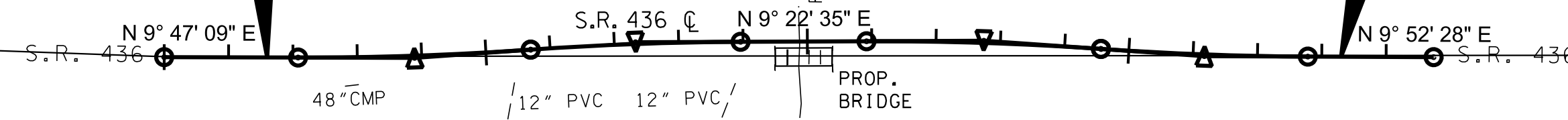


TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	7

50                      55                      60                      65

BEGIN PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
 STA. 51+60.00  
 N 620899.2269  
 E 1217445.7844

END PROJ. NO. BR-STP-436(5) R.O.W.  
 STA. 68+30.00  
 N 622544.7969  
 E 1217723.6602



DRAINAGE AREAS & % OF USE  
 TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA: 17,167.37 ACRES  
 TIMBER = 10,681.54 AC = 62.22%  
 AGRICULTURE = 5,354.50 AC = 31.19%  
 LAKES = 1134.34 AC = 6.59%

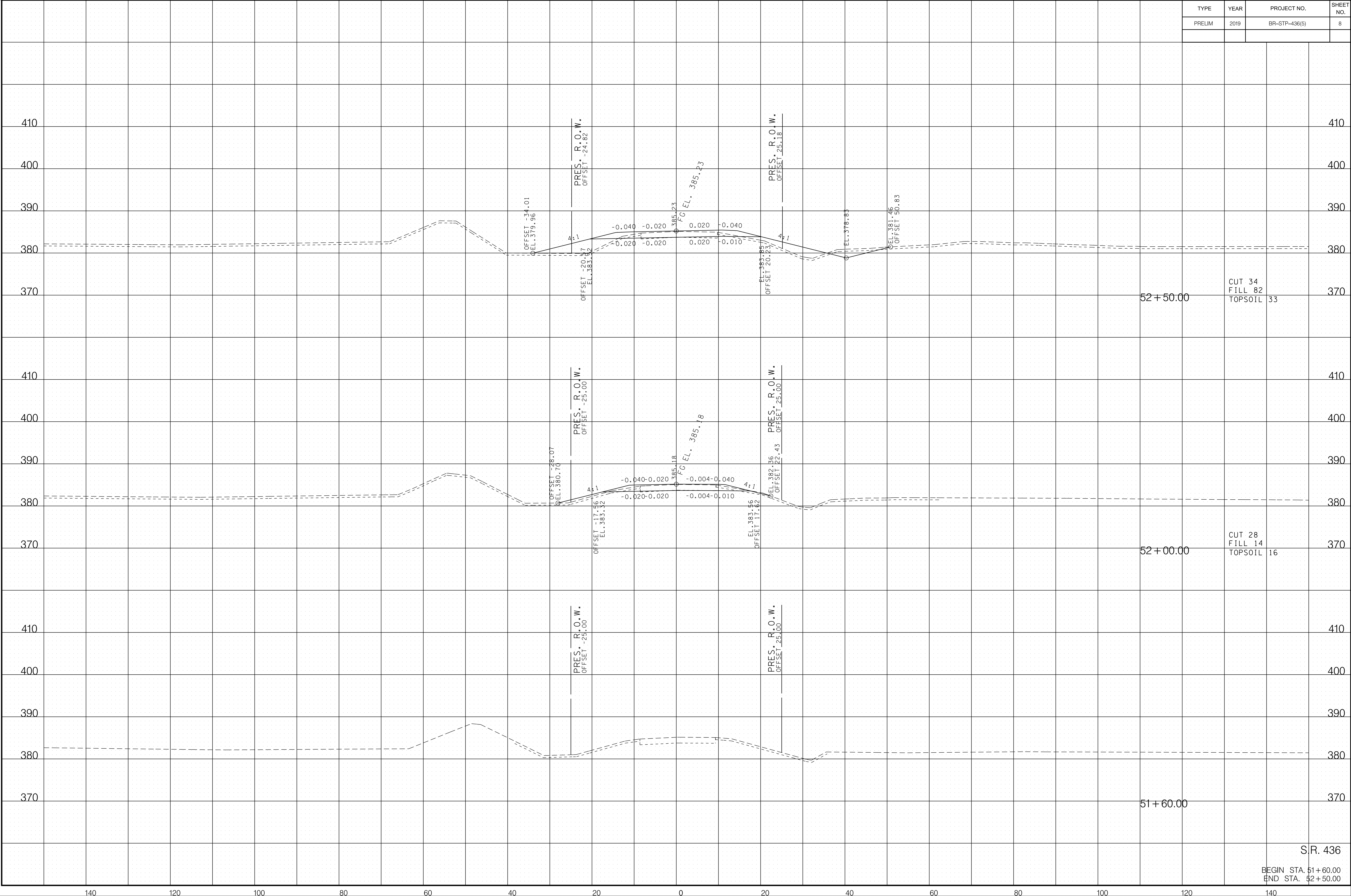
**CAUTION!**  
**PRELIMINARY**  
**PLANS**  
**SUBJECT TO**  
**CHANGE**

SEALED BY

COORDINATES ARE NAD 83(1995), ARE DATUM ADJUSTED BY THE FACTOR OF 1.00006 AND TIED TO THE TGRN. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NAVD 1988 WITH GEOID 03.

STATE OF TENNESSEE  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**DRAINAGE**  
**MAP**  
 STA. 51+60 TO STA. 68+30  
 SCALE: 1"=200'



52+50.00  
CUT 34  
FILL 82  
TOPSOIL 33

52+00.00  
CUT 28  
FILL 14  
TOPSOIL 16

51+60.00

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

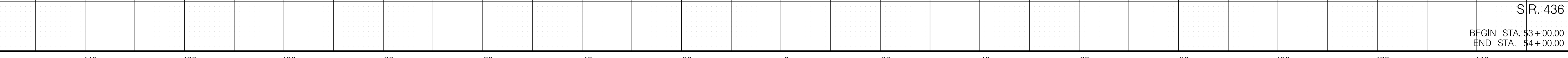
410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370



54+00.00  
CUT 26  
FILL 52  
TOPSOIL 22

53+50.00  
CUT 25  
FILL 74  
TOPSOIL 29

53+00.00  
CUT 27  
FILL 45  
TOPSOIL 23

S.R. 436

BEGIN STA. 53+00.00  
END STA. 54+00.00

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

55 + 50.00

CUT 38  
FILL 65  
TOPSOIL 26

55 + 00.00

CUT 33  
FILL 56  
TOPSOIL 24

54 + 50.00

CUT 29  
FILL 50  
TOPSOIL 22

OFFSET 34.80  
EL. 380.34

4:1

OFFSET -20.75  
EL. 383.85

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET -13.27

FG EL. 385.56

EL. 384.07  
OFFSET 20.75

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET 36.84

EL. 382.50

EL. 382.15  
OFFSET 34.12

OFFSET 34.24  
EL. 380.31

4:1

OFFSET -31.45  
EL. 383.45

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET -16.39

FG EL. 385.50

EL. 384.13  
OFFSET 20.75

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET 33.69

EL. 382.56

EL. 382.87  
OFFSET 32.44

OFFSET 32.80  
EL. 380.62

4:1

OFFSET -21.41  
EL. 383.41

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET -19.09

FG EL. 385.45

EL. 384.07  
OFFSET 20.75

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET 30.97

EL. 382.51

EL. 382.37  
OFFSET 29.80

410  
400  
390  
380

410  
400  
390  
380

410  
400  
390  
380

OFFSET -83.47  
EL. 380.93

2:1  
3:1

EL. 379.50

4:1

OFFSET -20.75  
EL. 385.26

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET -4.91

FG EL. 386.64

EL. 384.72  
OFFSET 21.17

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET 45.13

57+00.00

CUT 139  
FILL 281  
TOPSOIL 52

410  
400  
390  
380

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

OFFSET -76.79  
EL. 381.57

2:1  
3:1

EL. 379.55

4:1

OFFSET -20.75  
EL. 384.64

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET -7.16

FG EL. 386.01

EL. 384.09  
OFFSET 21.17

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET 42.90

56+50.00

CUT 95  
FILL 169  
TOPSOIL 49

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

4:1

OFFSET -20.75  
EL. 384.29

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET -9.94

FG EL. 385.66

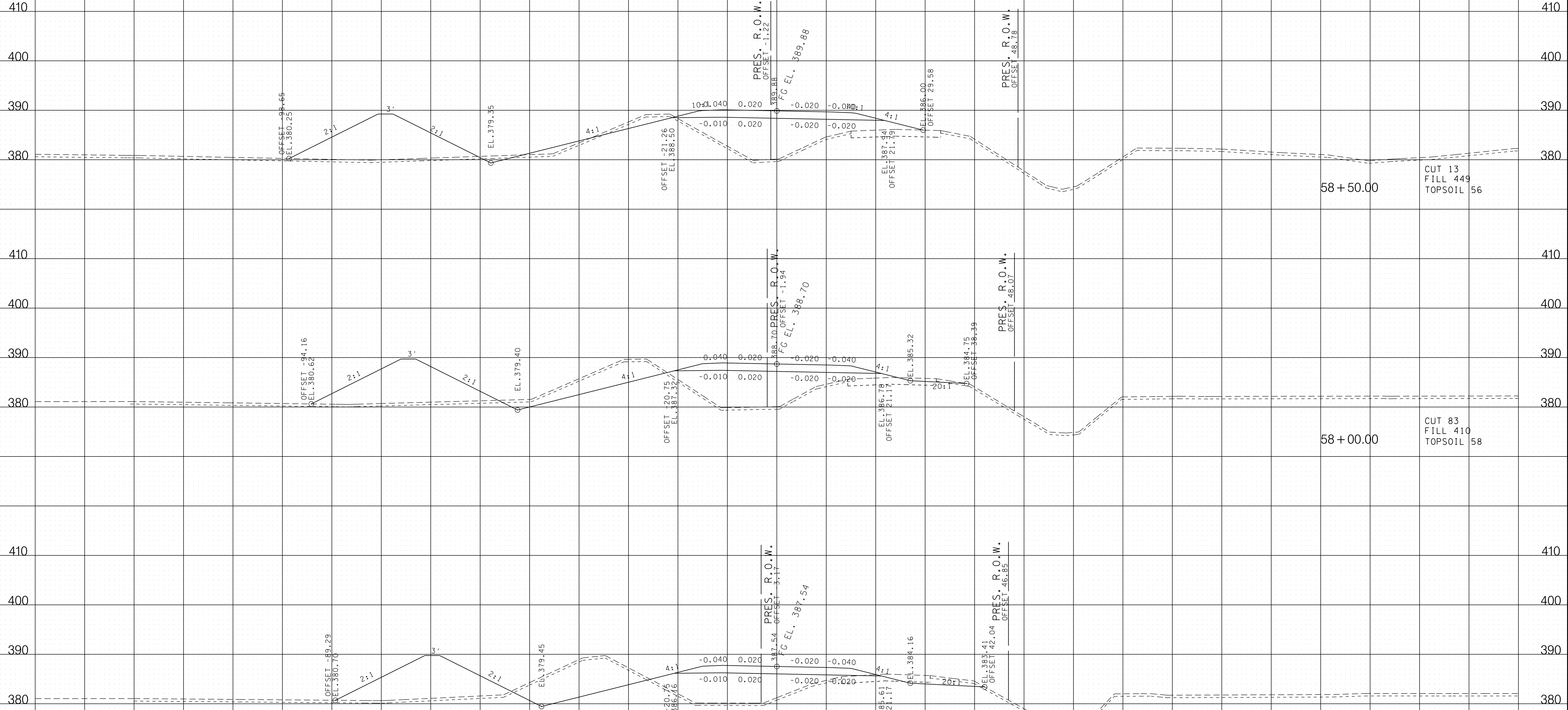
EL. 383.85  
OFFSET 20.95

PRES. R.O.W.  
OFFSET 40.15

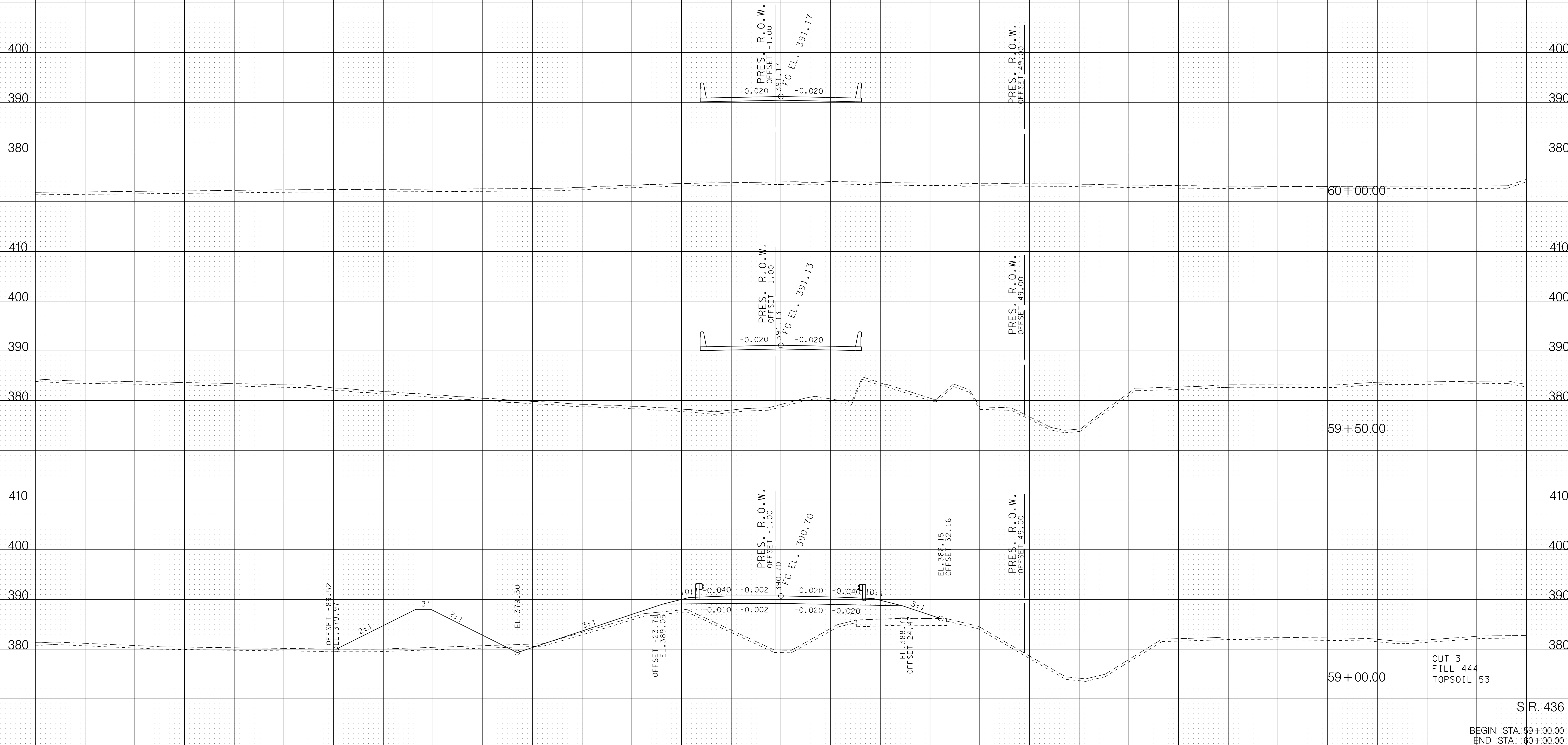
56+00.00

CUT 55  
FILL 83  
TOPSOIL 30

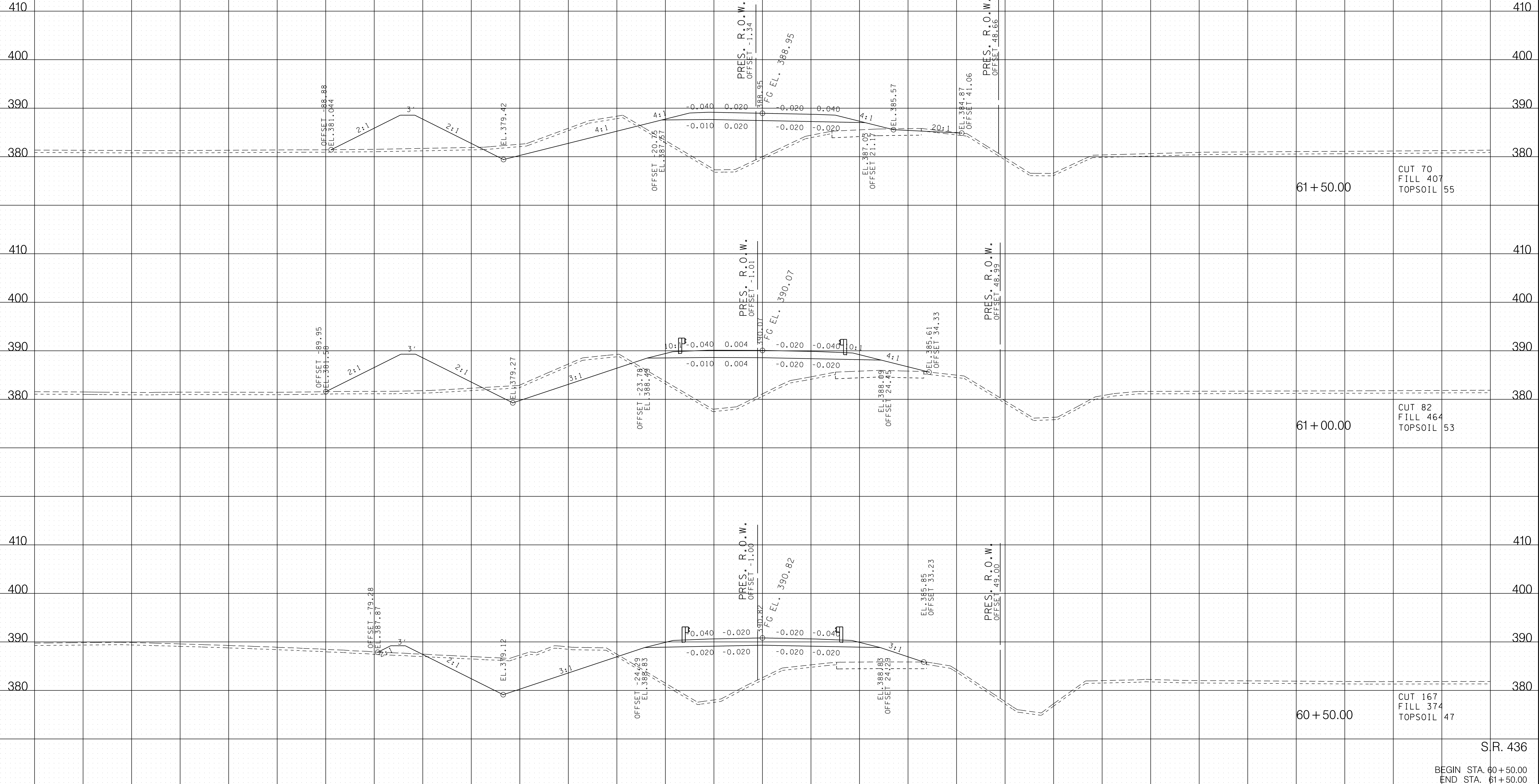
410  
400  
390  
380  
370



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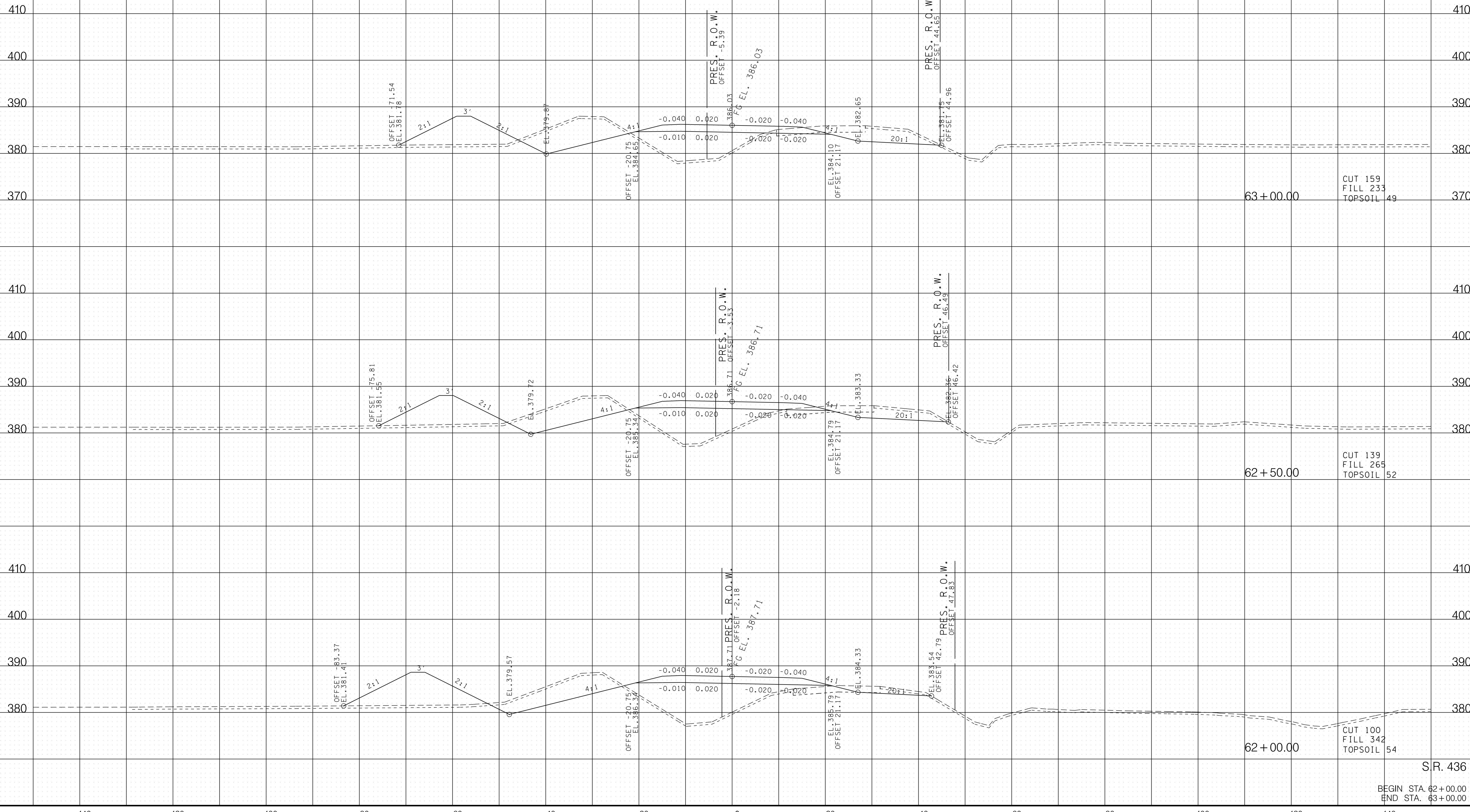


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6/12/2019 12:20:25 PM  
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63+00.00  
 CUT 159  
 FILL 233  
 TOPSOIL 49

62+50.00  
 CUT 139  
 FILL 265  
 TOPSOIL 52

62+00.00  
 CUT 100  
 FILL 342  
 TOPSOIL 54

S.R. 436  
 BEGIN STA. 62+00.00  
 END STA. 63+00.00

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

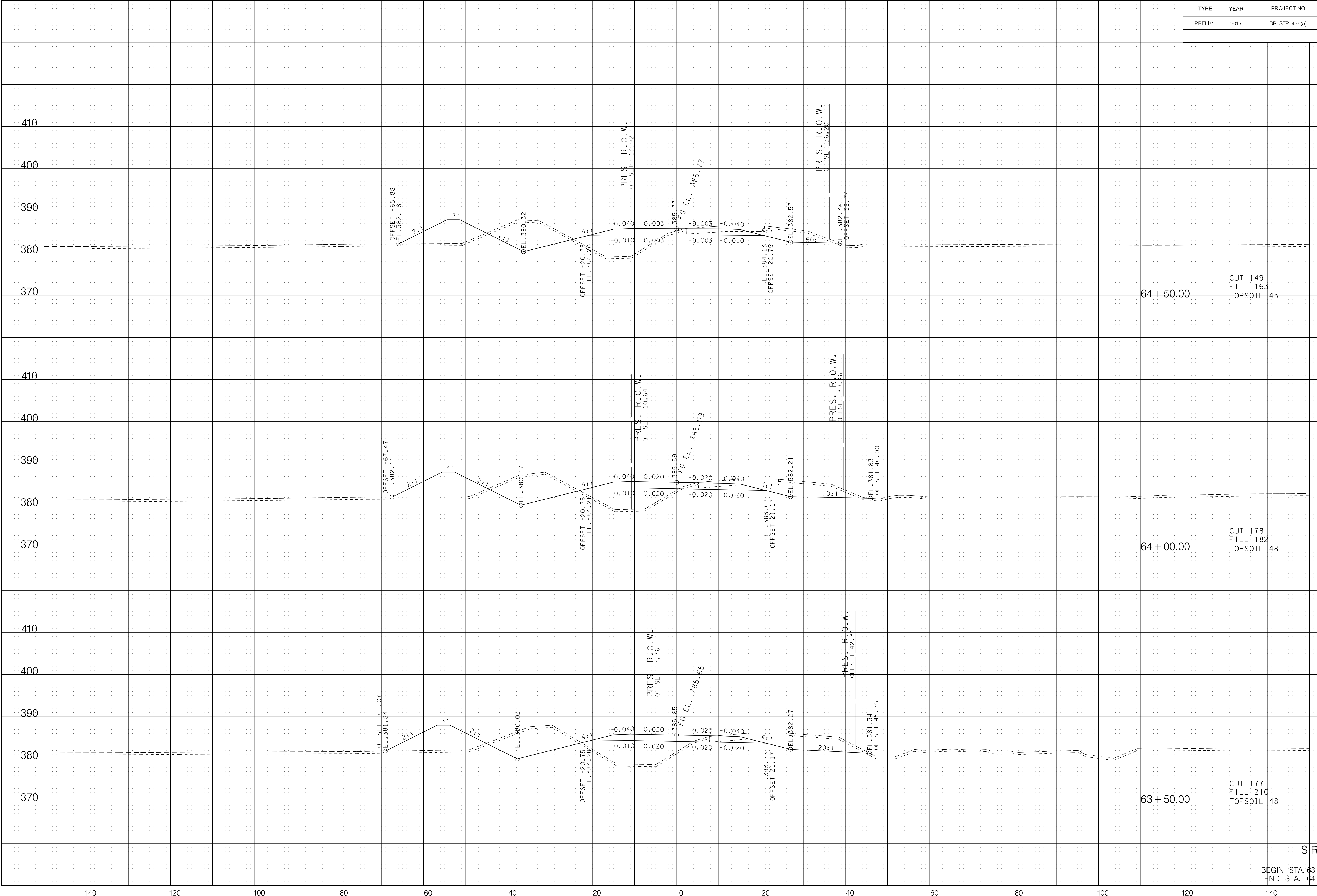
410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

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S.R. 436  
BEGIN STA. 63+50.00  
END STA. 64+50.00

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

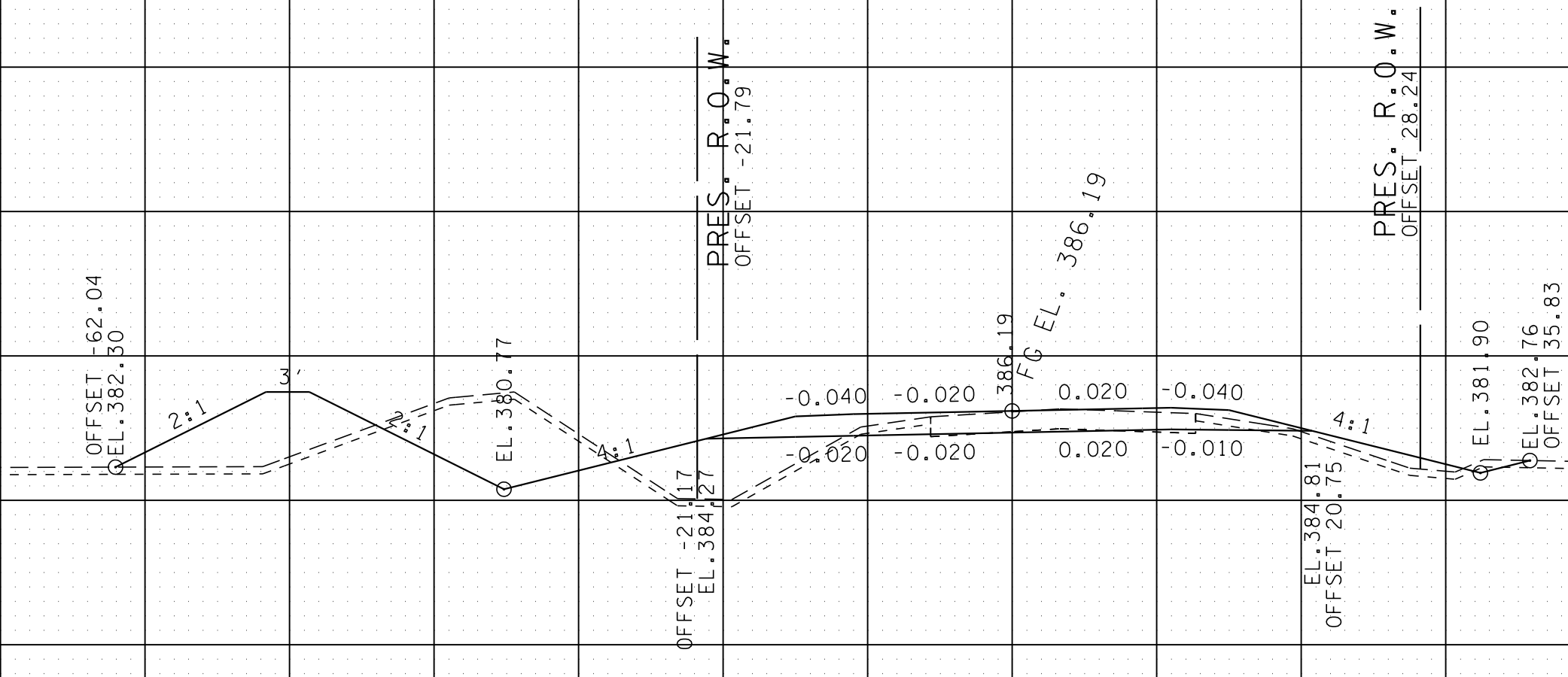
410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

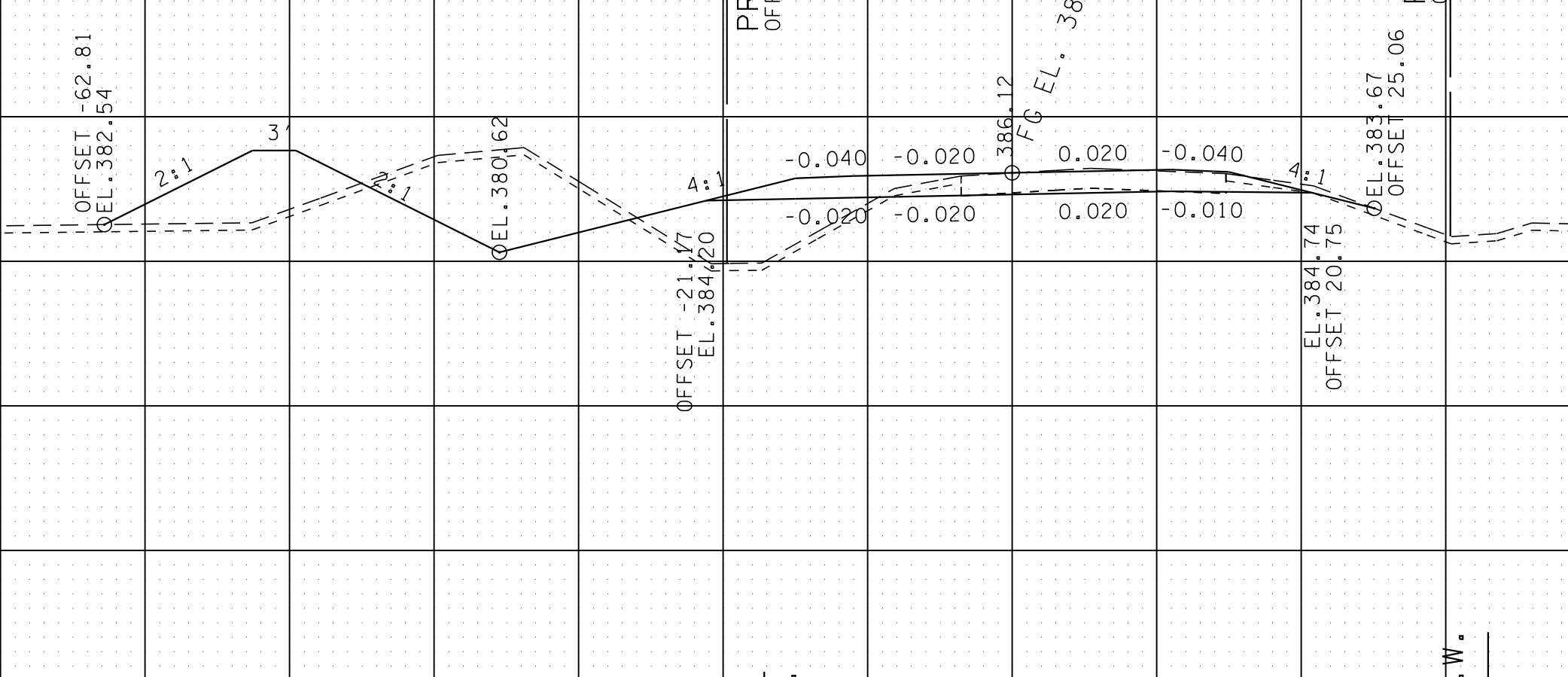
410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370



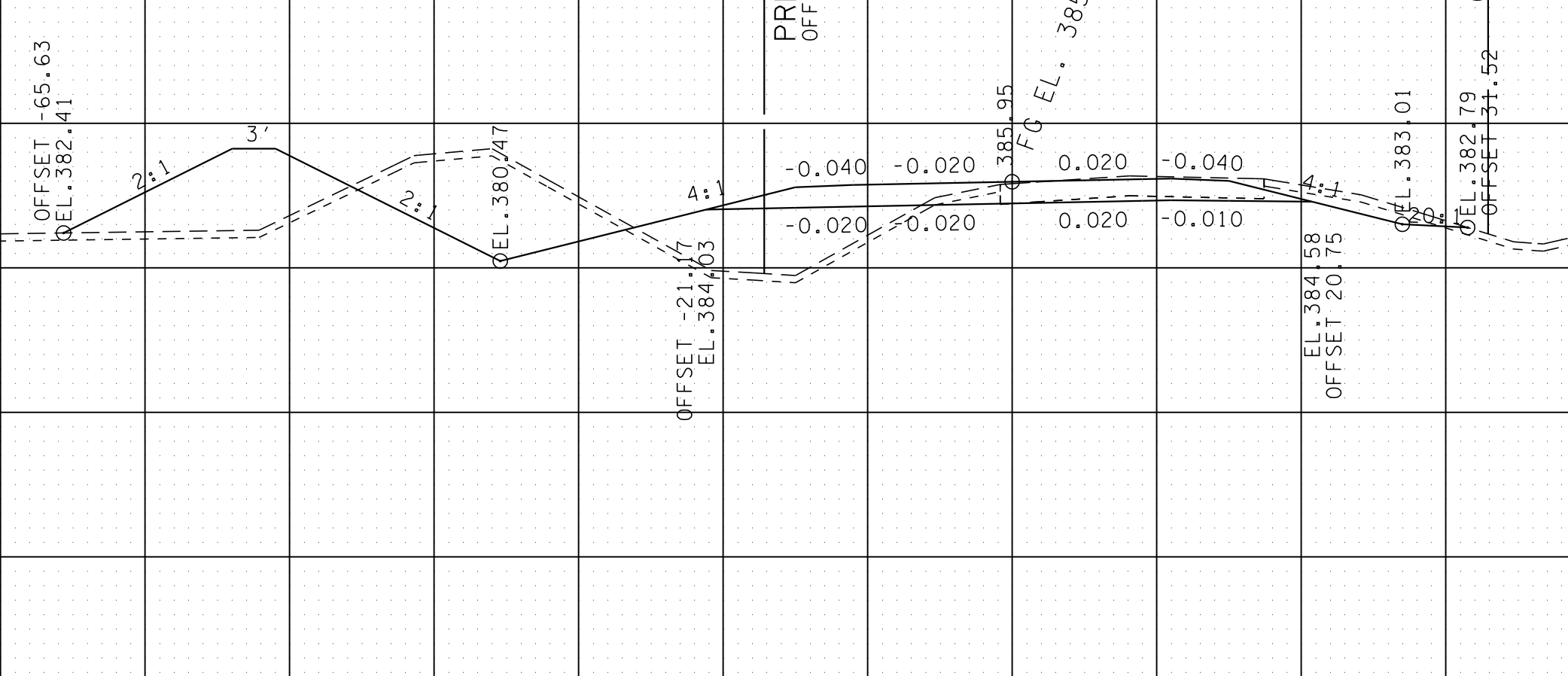
66+00.00

CUT 81  
FILL 120  
TOPSOIL 39



65+50.00

CUT 98  
FILL 111  
TOPSOIL 35



65+00.00

CUT 109  
FILL 142  
TOPSOIL 40

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

410  
400  
390  
380  
370

67+50.00

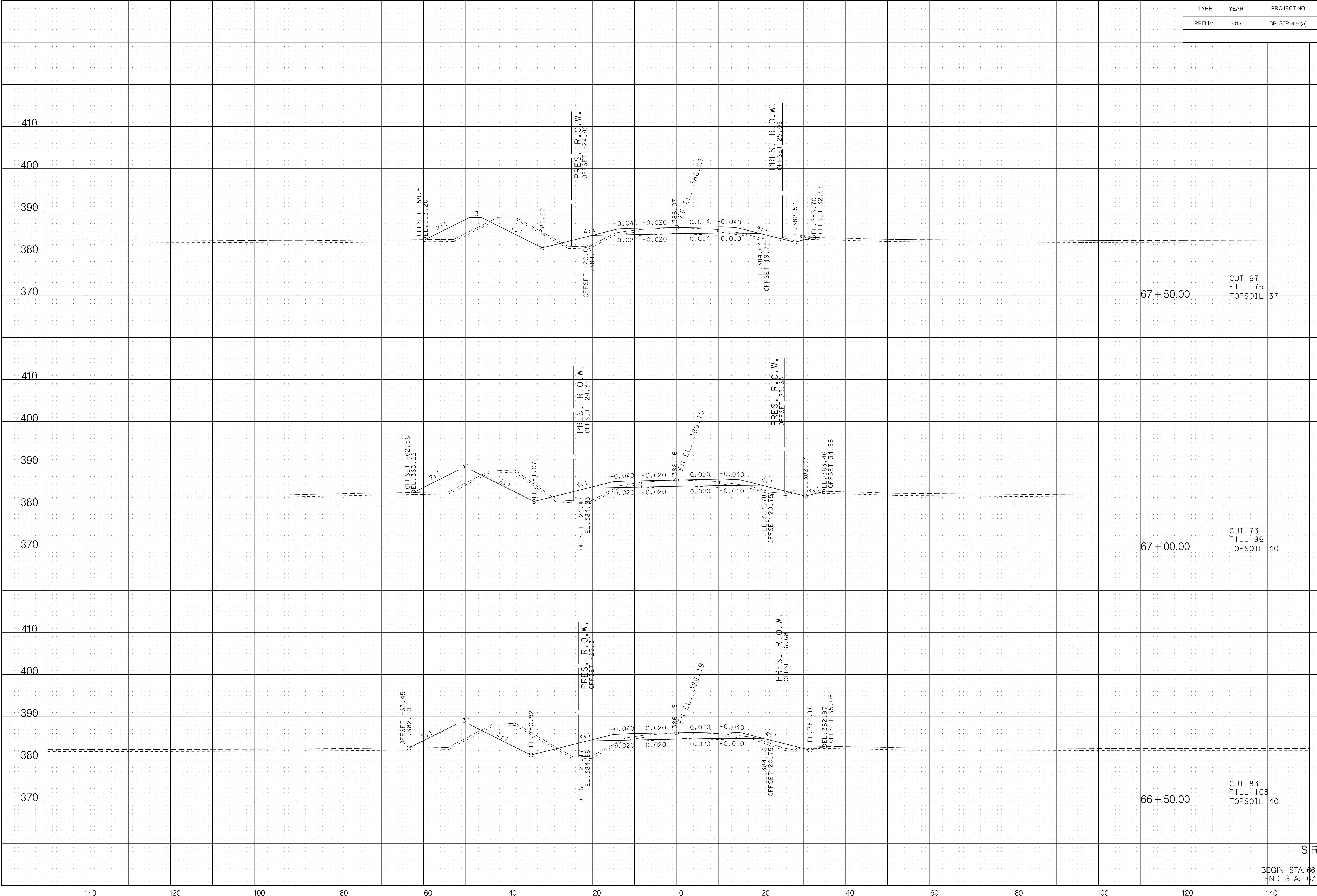
CUT 67  
FILL 75  
TOPSOIL 37

67+00.00

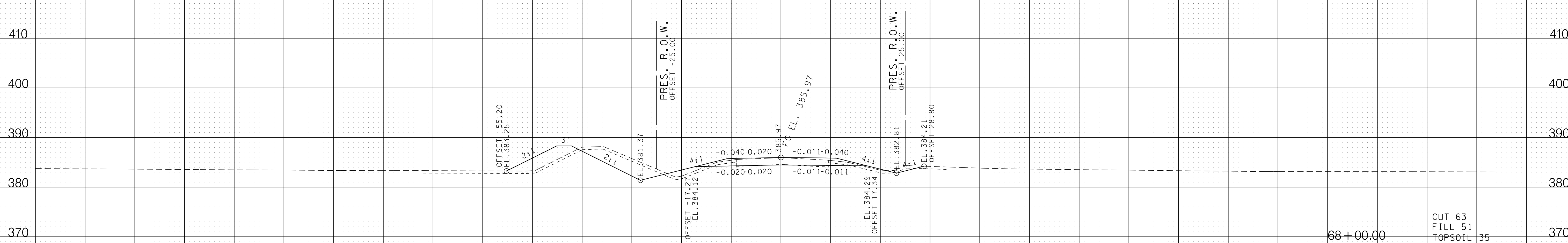
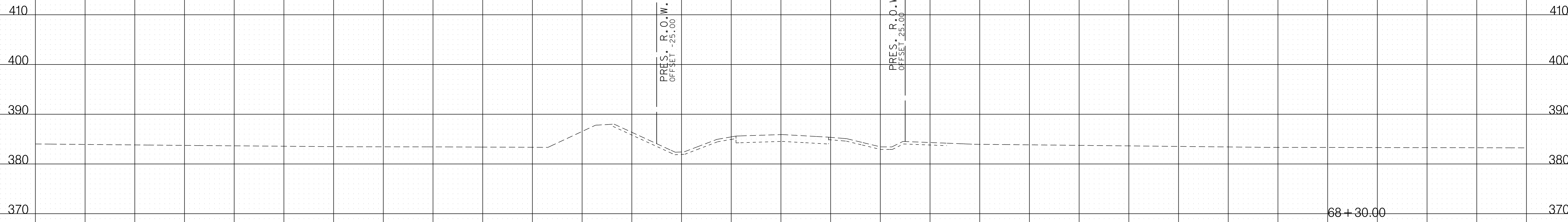
CUT 73  
FILL 96  
TOPSOIL 40

66+50.00

CUT 83  
FILL 108  
TOPSOIL 40



TYPE	YEAR	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
PRELIM	2019	BR-STP-436(5)	19



CUT 63  
 FILL 51  
 TOPSOIL 35

S.R. 436

BEGIN STA. 68+00.00  
 END STA. 68+30.00

6/12/2019 12:20:30 PM  
 c:\pwworking\east01\0926576\CASR436\Sheets.sht



PIN 128113.01

Appendix D  
Hazardous Materials

# Environmental Studies

## Hazardous Materials

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** SR-436  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 128113.01

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Environmental Study Reevaluation  
**Project Plans:** Preliminary  
**Date of Plans:** 06/03/2019  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Crystal M. Alfaro  
**Title:** TESS - NEPA

**Signature:** Crystal M.  
Alfaro

Digitally signed by Crystal M. Alfaro  
DN: cn=Crystal M. Alfaro, o=TN  
Dept. of Transportation,  
ou=Environmental Division - NEPA,  
email=crystal.alfaro@tn.gov, c=US  
Date: 2019.06.14 09:32:15 -05'00'



# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

**Section:** Hazardous Materials

## Study Results

Based on the Preliminary Plans dated 12 June 2019, no known hazardous materials sites appear to affect this project as it is currently planned and no additional hazardous material studies are recommended at this time. The asbestos bridge survey has been completed, no asbestos was detected and the following project commitment has been submitted.

In the event hazardous substances/wastes are encountered within the right-of-way, their disposition shall be subject to all applicable regulations, including the applicable sections of the Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended; the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended; and the Tennessee Hazardous Waste Management Act of 1983, as amended. Databases reviewed include: Google Earth imagery, EPA National Priorities List, EPA EnviroMapper, TDEC Registered UST database, TDEC Division of Water Resources Public Data Viewer, TDOT IBIS, and others as necessary.

## Commitments

**Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?**

Yes

EDHZ002. An Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) survey was conducted on Bridge No. 09S82330001, SR-436 over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68 (09-SR436-00.68). No ACM was detected. No special accommodations for demolition and waste disposal are anticipated for these structures and the material can be deposited in a C&D landfill. Prior to the demolition or rehabilitation of any structure (bridge or building), the contractor is required to submit the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants standard 10-day notice of demolition to the TDEC Division of Air Pollution Control (per TDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (January 1, 2015) Sections 107.08 D and 202.03).

## Additional Information

**Is there any additional information or material included with this study?**

No

## Certification

**Responder:** Kyle Kirschenmann

**Signature:**

Kyle Kirschenmann

**Title:** Transportation Manager 1, Hazardous Materials Section

Digitally signed by Kyle Kirschenmann  
DN: cn=Kyle Kirschenmann, o=TDOT,  
ou=Hazardous Materials Section,  
email=kyle.kirschenmann@tn.gov,  
c=US  
Date: 2019.06.17 07:08:05 -0400



PIN 128113.01

Appendix E:  
Ecology

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** SR-436  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 128113.01

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Environmental Study Reevaluation  
**Project Plans:** Preliminary  
**Date of Plans:** 06/03/2019  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Crystal M. Alfaro  
**Title:** TESS - NEPA

**Signature:**

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

---

**Section:** Ecology

## Study Results

---

According to the plans dated 6/3/2019, the environmental boundaries report dated 9/16/2016 for PIN #124139.00 is still valid for this project. The commitment concerning federally endangered and threatened bat species has been removed. The commitment concerning barn and cliff swallows is still valid.

## Commitments

---

**Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?**

Yes

Cliff swallow and barn swallow nests, eggs, or birds (young and adults) will not be disturbed between April 15 and July 31. From August 1 to April 14, nests can be removed or destroyed, and measures implemented to prevent future nest building at the site (e.g., closing off area using netting).

## Additional Information

---

**Is there any additional information or material included with this study?**

Yes

**Type:** Agency Coordination

**Location:** FileNet

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Dustin Tucker

**Title:** TESS Advanced

**Signature:** Dustin  
Tucker

Digitally signed by  
Dustin Tucker  
Date: 2019.07.30  
10:51:29 -05'00'



# United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE  
Tennessee ES Office  
446 Neal Street  
Cookeville, Tennessee 38501

July 29, 2019

Mr. Dustin Tucker  
T.E.S.S. Advanced  
Region 4 Biologist  
Environmental Technical Office  
300 Benchmark Place, Jackson, Tennessee 38301

Subject: FWS# 16-I-0876. Proposed State Route 436 Bridge replacement over Reedy Creek; PIN# 043917.01, P.E. 09035-4218-04, Carroll County, Tennessee.

Dear Mr. Tucker:

Thank you for your correspondence received July 3, 2019, concerning the proposed replacement of the State Route 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek in Carroll County, Tennessee. The project would require the removal of some trees. The Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) has determined that the project is “not likely to adversely affect” the federally endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) or threatened northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*) due to a lack of suitable roosting habitat at the site and distance from known records. Personnel of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service have reviewed the subject proposal and offer the following comments.

Upon review of available information, we concur with TDOT’s determinations of “not likely to adversely affect” for the Indiana bat and NLEB. We would not anticipate impacts to these or any other federally listed or proposed species as a result of the project. Therefore, based on the best information available at this time, we believe that the requirements of section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended, are fulfilled for all species that currently receive protection under the Act. Obligations under the Act should be reconsidered if (1) new information reveals impacts of the proposed action that may affect listed species or critical habitat in a manner not previously considered, (2) the proposed action is subsequently modified to include activities which were not considered during this consultation, or (3) new species are listed or critical habitat designated that might be affected by the proposed action.

TDOT would implement standard best management practices to minimize the potential for sediment and other contaminants to enter Reedy Creek. To the extent possible, construction should be scheduled during the low-flow period. Equipment staging and maintenance areas should be developed an adequate distance from the stream to avoid introduction of petroleum-

based pollutants into the water. Concrete and cement dust must be contained as they alter water chemical properties and can be toxic to aquatic species.

If you have any questions regarding our comments, please contact John Griffith at 931/525-4995 or by email at [john\\_griffith@fws.gov](mailto:john_griffith@fws.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Virgil E. Andrews, Jr." with a stylized flourish at the end.

Virgil Lee Andrews, Jr  
Acting Field Supervisor

xc: Casey Parker, TWRA, Jackson, TN

## Dustin Tucker

---

**From:** Casey Parker  
**Sent:** Friday, July 19, 2019 9:34 AM  
**To:** Dustin Tucker; TDOT.Env Ecology  
**Cc:** Rob Todd  
**Subject:** RE: Request for Comment, Carroll County, SR-436, 128113.01

Subject: Request for Comment, Carroll County, SR-436, 128113.01

Mr. Dustin Tucker,

The Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency has reviewed the new information regarding the PIN 124139.00 changed to a new PIN 128113.01 and the scope of the work has not changed, therefore our previous comments are still valid on this proposed project. Thank you for the update and the opportunity to review the new information, please contact me if you need further assistance.

**Casey Parker - Wildlife Biologist**  
**Liaison to TDOT & Federal Highway Administration**  
**Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency**  
**Environmental Services Division**  
**Email:** [casey.parker@tn.gov](mailto:casey.parker@tn.gov)



---

**From:** Dustin Tucker  
**Sent:** Wednesday, July 3, 2019 3:03 PM  
**To:** Casey Parker  
**Cc:** Lou Timms; Jared McCoy; Rob Todd; Rita M. Thompson  
**Subject:** Request for Comment, Carroll County, SR-436, 128113.01

Casey,

TDOT is proposing to replace the subject bridge in Carroll County. This project was originally coordinated under a different PIN and that coordination is attached. Species and project information is included. If you have any questions, please let me know.

Thank you,



**Dustin Tucker** | Environmental Studies Specialist Advanced  
Region 4, Environmental Tech Office

Project Development  
Building A, 1<sup>st</sup> floor  
300 Benchmark Place, Jackson, TN 38301  
p. 731-935-0101 c. 731-412-2000  
[dustin.tucker@tn.gov](mailto:dustin.tucker@tn.gov)  
[tn.gov/tdot](http://tn.gov/tdot)





**STATE OF TENNESSEE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
**REGION 4 ENVIRONMENTAL TECH OFFICE**  
300 BENCHMARK PLACE  
JACKSON, TENNESSEE 38301  
(731) 935-0139

**CLAY BRIGHT**  
COMMISSIONER

**BILL LEE**  
GOVERNOR

June 27, 2019

Field Supervisor  
U.S. Department of Interior  
Fish and Wildlife Service  
446 Neal Street  
Cookeville, TN 38501

**SUBJECT: Carroll County; SR-436, Bridge Replacement over Reedy Creek  
P.E. 09035-0220-94; PIN 128113.01**

Dear Field Supervisor:

The Tennessee Department of Transportation is proposing to replace the bridge on the subject project in Carroll County. This project was originally coordinated with your office on September 16, 2016 under the PIN 124139.00. In this coordination, the project was placed under the Range-wide Programmatic Consultation between the Federal Highway Administration, Federal Railroad Administration, Federal Transit Administration, and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Due to further investigations in the field and database searches, TDOT proposes new findings concerning the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) and the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) below.

Due to the lack of documented roosts and sightings within 4 miles of the project location, we believe that the proposed project is not likely to adversely affect the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) and the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*). Based on this information, we believe that coverage under the Programmatic Consultation is no longer necessary.

Project location aerial and topo maps are attached. In compliance with the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1958, and the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (amended), we are requesting a list of any other threatened and/or endangered species that may be present in the vicinity of the proposed project.

Please include in your reply the entire project description as listed in the subject line of this request. Your assistance in the preparation of this project is greatly appreciated. If you have any questions, please contact me at [dustin.tucker@tn.gov](mailto:dustin.tucker@tn.gov), or 731-935-0101.

Best Regards,

Dustin Tucker  
TDOT Region 4 Environmental Tech Office

# 1-4 Mile T&E Species List

---

SCIENTIFIC_NAME	COMMON_NAME	LAST_OBS_DATE	FED_PROTECTI	ST_PROTECTION	HABITAT_
Ceratophyllum echinatum	Prickly Hornwort	1977-05-26	--	S	Slow Moving Streams
Heron rookery	Heron Rookery	1986-03-20	--	Rare, Not State Listed	<null>

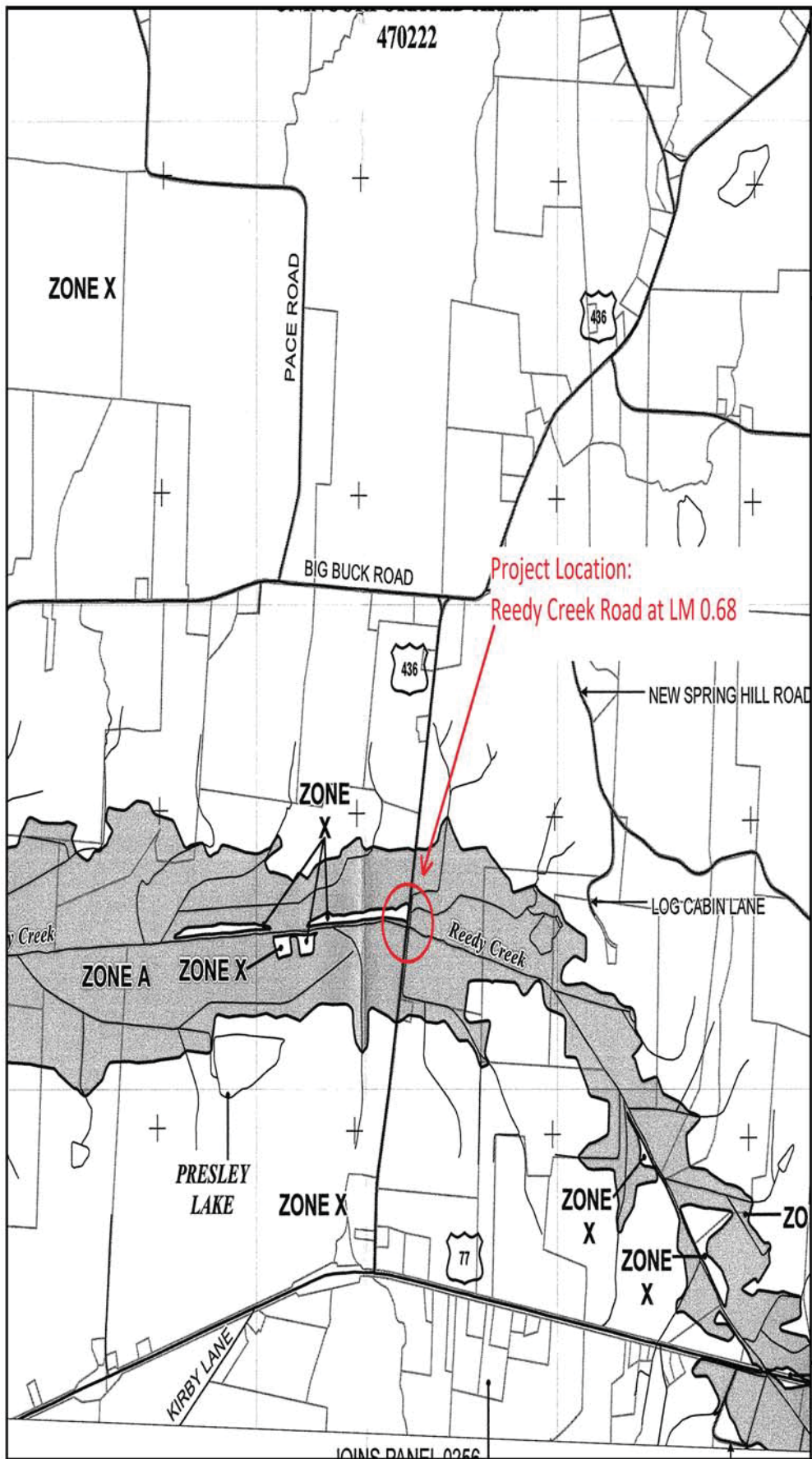


PIN 128113.01

Appendix F  
FEMA FIRM Panel



MAP SCALE 1" = 2000'



NFP  
NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0150C

**FIRM**  
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

**CARROLL COUNTY**  
**TENNESSEE**  
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

**PANEL 150 OF 475**  
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
CARROLL COUNTY	470222	0150	C
MCKENZIE, CITY OF	470223	0150	C
MCLEMORESVILLE, TOWN OF	470427	0150	C
TREZEVAULT, TOWN OF	470243	0150	C

Notice to User: The **Map Number** shown below should be used when placing map orders; the **Community Number** shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.



**MAP NUMBER**  
**47017C0150C**  
**EFFECTIVE DATE**  
**MARCH 18, 2008**

Federal Emergency Management Agency

This is an official copy of a portion of the above referenced flood map. It was extracted using F-MIT On-Line. This map does not reflect changes or amendments which may have been made subsequent to the date on the title block. For the latest product information about National Flood Insurance Program flood maps check the FEMA Flood Map Store at [www.msc.fema.gov](http://www.msc.fema.gov)



PIN 128113.01

Appendix G  
Air and Noise

# Environmental Studies

## Air and Noise

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** SR-436  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 128113.01

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Environmental Study Reevaluation  
**Project Plans:** Preliminary  
**Date of Plans:** 06/03/2019  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Crystal M. Alfaro  
**Title:** TESS - NEPA

**Signature:** Crystal M.  
Alfaro

Digitally signed by Crystal M. Alfaro  
DN: cn=Crystal M. Alfaro, o=TN  
Dept. of Transportation,  
ou=Environmental Division - NEPA,  
email=crystal.alfaro@tn.gov, c=US  
Date: 2019.06.14 09:32:15 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

---

**Section:** Air and Noise

## Study Results

---

### AIR QUALITY

#### Transportation Conformity

This project is in Carroll County which is in attainment for all regulated criteria pollutants. Therefore, conformity does not apply to this project.

#### Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSATs)

This project qualifies as a categorical exclusion under 23 CFR 771.117 and, therefore, does not require an evaluation of MSATs per FHWA's "Interim Guidance Update on Air Toxic Analysis in NEPA Documents" dated October 2016.

### NOISE

This project is Type III in accordance with the FHWA noise regulation in 23 CFR 772 and TDOT's noise policy; therefore, a noise study is not needed.

## Commitments

---

Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?

No

## Additional Information

---

Is there any additional information or material included with this study?

No

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Chasity L. Stinson

**Title:** TESS Advanced, TDOT Air and Noise Section

**Signature:** Chasity L.  
Stinson

Digitally signed by  
Chasity L. Stinson  
Date: 2019.07.01  
09:47:14 -05'00'





PIN 128113.01

Appendix H  
Cultural Resources

# Historic Preservation

# Environmental Studies

## Historic Preservation

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** SR-436  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 128113.01

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Environmental Study Reevaluation  
**Project Plans:** Preliminary  
**Date of Plans:** 06/03/2019  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Crystal M. Alfaro  
**Title:** TESS - NEPA

**Signature:** Crystal M.  
Alfaro

Digitally signed by Crystal M. Alfaro  
DN: cn=Crystal M. Alfaro, o=TN  
Dept. of Transportation,  
ou=Environmental Division - NEPA,  
email=crystal.alfaro@tn.gov, c=US  
Date: 2019.06.14 09:32:15 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

---

**Section:** Historic Preservation

## Study Results

---

Based on a review of the 06/13/2019 Preliminary Plans, the TN-SHPO letter dated 06/12/2018 remains valid. The project APE does not contain historic properties listed or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places as currently proposed.

## Commitments

---

Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?

No

## Additional Information

---

Is there any additional information or material included with this study?

No

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Haley Seger

**Title:** TESS - Historic Preservation

**Signature:**

Haley Seger

Digitally signed by Haley  
Seger  
Date: 2019.06.17  
14:06:01 -05'00'

# Archaeology

# Environmental Studies

## Archaeology

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** SR-436  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 128113.01

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Environmental Study Reevaluation  
**Project Plans:** Preliminary  
**Date of Plans:** 06/03/2019  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Crystal M. Alfaro  
**Title:** TESS - NEPA

**Signature:** Crystal M.  
Alfaro

Digitally signed by Crystal M. Alfaro  
DN: cn=Crystal M. Alfaro, o=TN  
Dept. of Transportation,  
ou=Environmental Division - NEPA,  
email=crystal.alfaro@tn.gov, c=US  
Date: 2019.06.14 09:32:15 -05'00'



# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

---

**Section:** Archaeology

## Study Results

---

In a letter dated July 20, 2018 the TN SHPO concurred that no NRHP listed, eligible, or potentially eligible properties would be affected by this undertaking.

## Commitments

---

Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?

No

## Additional Information

---

Is there any additional information or material included with this study?

No

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Sarah Kate McKinney

**Title:** TESS Archaeology

**Signature:** Sarah Kate McKinney  
Digitally signed by Sarah Kate McKinney  
Date: 2019.06.17 14:05:11 -05'00'

# Native American Consultation

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

---

**Section:** Native American Coordination

## Study Results

---

NAC was sent to the Absentee Shawnee and the Thlopthlocco Tribal Town on July 16, 2019 to bring NAC up to date. Neither tribe responded.

## Commitments

---

Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?

No

## Additional Information

---

Is there any additional information or material included with this study?

No

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Sarah Kate McKinney

**Title:** TESS Archaeology

**Signature:** Sarah Kate  
McKinney

Digitally signed by  
Sarah Kate McKinney  
Date: 2019.08.27  
12:41:32 -05'00'



**STATE OF TENNESSEE  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**ENVIRONMENTAL DIVISION**  
SUITE 900, JAMES K. POLK BUILDING  
505 DEADERICK STREET  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402  
(615) 741-3655

**CLAY BRIGHT**  
COMMISSIONER

**BILL LEE**  
GOVERNOR

July 15, 2019

Ms. Devon Frazier  
Absentee Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma  
2025 South Gordon Cooper Dr.  
Shawnee, OK 74801-9381

**SUBJECT:** Section 106 Initial Consultation for Proposed Bridge Replacement of State Route 436 Bridge over Reedy Creek in Carroll County, Tennessee (TDOT PIN 124139.00).

Dear Ms. Frazier,

The Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), is proposing to replace the State Route 436 bridge over Reedy Creek, log mile 0.68, in Carroll County, Tennessee (maps attached). The project proposes to shift the new bridge approximately 10 feet to the west. Approximately 1.13 acres of additional right-of-way is anticipated, and there will be ground disturbance within the area of potential effects (APE).

The National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) recognizes that federally funded undertakings, like the subject project, can affect historic properties to which your tribe attaches religious, cultural, and historic significance. In accordance with 36 CFR 800 regulations implementing compliance with Section 106 of the NHPA, we are providing general project information so that you can determine if your tribe has an interest in the project area or nature of the work proposed and so you have an opportunity to bring to our attention any interests and concerns about the potential for impacts to properties of religious and cultural significance. In addition, do you wish to be a consulting party on the project? Early awareness of your concerns can serve to protect historic properties valued by your tribe.

If you act as a consulting party you will receive archaeological assessment reports and related documentation, be invited to attend project meetings with FHWA, TDOT, and the Tennessee State Historic Preservation Office (TN-SHPO), if any are held, and be asked to provide input throughout the process. If you choose to not act as a consulting party at this time, you can do so at a later date simply by notifying me.

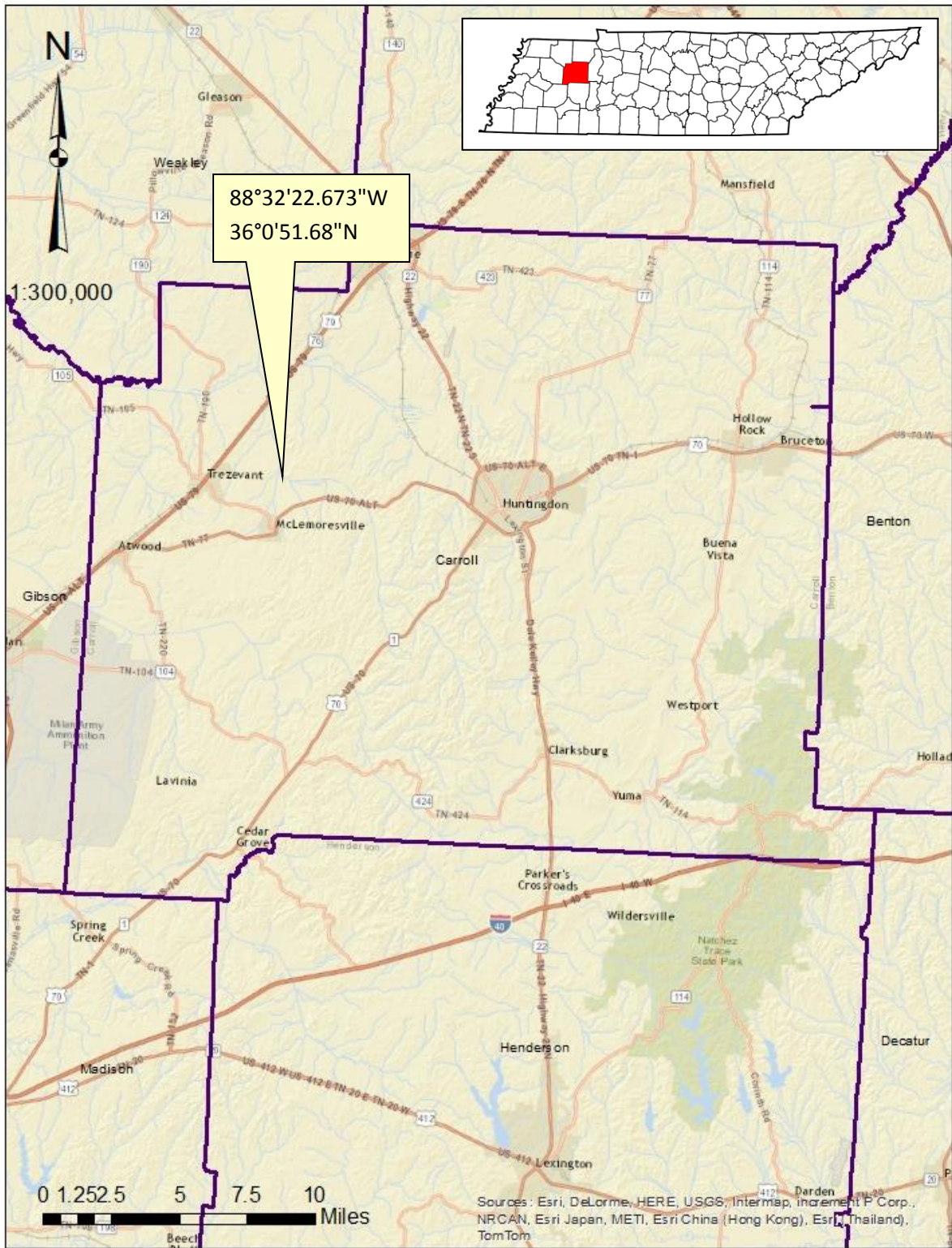
Please respond to me via letter, telephone (615-741-0977), fax (615-741-1098), or E-mail ([Phillip.Hodge@tn.gov](mailto:Phillip.Hodge@tn.gov)). I respectfully request responses (email is preferred) to project reports and other materials within thirty (30) days of receipt if at all possible. Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Phillip R. Hodge  
Cultural Resources Manager

Enclosure

Carroll County, TN. PIN 124139.00



Project Vicinity Map

Carroll County, TN. PIN 124139.00

TDOT PIN 124139.00  
Carroll County  
USGS TOPO Trezevant East 444 SE



USGS Quad

Carroll County, TN. PIN 124139.00

**TDOT PIN 124139.00**  
**Carroll County**  
**USGS TOPO Trezevant East 444 SE**



Project Location: Aerial View

## Phillip Hodge

---

**From:** TDOT TribalCoordination  
**Sent:** Tuesday, July 16, 2019 4:59 PM  
**To:** '106NAGPRA@astribe.com'  
**Subject:** Section 106 Early Coordination; Carroll County, TN, West Tennessee Bridges (Region 4)  
**Attachments:** Carroll SR436 Bridge 124139.00 NAC Frazier.pdf; Fayette SR 193 Bridge 124285.00 NAC Frazier.pdf; Haywood SR 1 Bridges 124505.00 and 124503.00 NAC Frazier.pdf; Lauderdale SR 87 Bridge 124637.00 NAC Frazier.pdf; Madison SR 223 Bridge 124712.00 NAC Frazier.pdf

Dear Ms. Frazier,

On behalf of the Federal Highway Administration, please find attached letters inviting Absentee Shawnee Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma to participate in the subject projects as a consulting party under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. These letters describe each project and include maps illustrating their location.

These projects were originally coordinated with federally recognized Native American nations in 2018. I am providing this information to you since at that time Carroll County was not included on FHWA's list of counties for Absentee Shawnee Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma's area of interest within Tennessee.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please feel free to call or email anytime. I appreciate your review of this information and look forward to your comments.

Sincerely,  
Phil



**Phillip Hodge** | Cultural Resources Manager  
Environmental Division  
James K. Polk Building, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor  
505 Deaderick St.  
Nashville, TN 37243  
p. 615-741-0977  
[Phillip.Hodge@tn.gov](mailto:Phillip.Hodge@tn.gov)



## Phillip Hodge

---

**From:** Phillip Hodge  
**Sent:** Tuesday, July 16, 2019 4:59 PM  
**To:** THPO@tttown.org  
**Subject:** Section 106 Early Coordination; Carroll County, TN, West Tennessee Bridges (Region 4)  
**Attachments:** Madison SR 223 Bridge 124712.00 NAC Cloud.pdf; Lauderdale SR 87 Bridge 124637.00 NAC Cloud.pdf; Haywood SR 1 Bridges 124505.00 and 124503.00 NAC Cloud.pdf; Carroll SR436 Bridge 124139.00 NAC Cloud.pdf

Dear Mr. Cloud,

On behalf of the Federal Highway Administration, please find attached letters inviting Thlopthlocco Tribal Town to participate in the subject projects as a consulting party under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. These letters describe each project and include maps illustrating their location.

These projects were originally coordinated with federally recognized Native American nations and tribes in 2018. I am providing this information to you since at that time Carroll County was not included on FHWA's list of counties for Thlopthlocco Tribal Town's area of interest within Tennessee.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please feel free to call or email anytime. I appreciate your review of this information and look forward to your comments.

Sincerely,  
Phil



**Phillip Hodge** | Cultural Resources Manager  
Environmental Division  
James K. Polk Building, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor  
505 Deaderick St.  
Nashville, TN 37243  
p. 615-741-0977  
[Phillip.Hodge@tn.gov](mailto:Phillip.Hodge@tn.gov)



**TDOT**

Department of  
Transportation

PIN 128113.01

Appendix I

Multimodal

# Environmental Studies

## Multimodal

# Environmental Studies Request

## Project Information

---

**Route:** SR-436  
**Termini:** Reedy Creek Road Bridge over Reedy Creek, LM 0.68  
**County:** Carroll  
**PIN:** 128113.01

## Request

---

**Request Type:** Environmental Study Reevaluation  
**Project Plans:** Preliminary  
**Date of Plans:** 06/03/2019  
**Location:** Email Attachment

## Certification

---

**Requestor:** Crystal M. Alfaro  
**Title:** TESS - NEPA

**Signature:** Crystal M.  
Alfaro

Digitally signed by Crystal M. Alfaro  
DN: cn=Crystal M. Alfaro, o=TN  
Dept. of Transportation,  
ou=Environmental Division - NEPA,  
email=crystal.alfaro@tn.gov, c=US  
Date: 2019.06.14 09:32:15 -05'00'

# Environmental Study

## Technical Section

---

**Section:** Multimodal

## Study Results

---

This project does not accommodate bicyclists or pedestrians but rural nature of project as well as project scope do not justify multi-modal alternatives.

## Commitments

---

Did the study of this project result in any environmental commitments?

No

## Additional Information

---

Is there any additional information or material included with this study?

No

## Certification

---

**Responder:** Jessica Wilson

**Title:** Transportation Program Supervisor

**Signature:** Jessica  
Wilson

Digitally signed by  
Jessica Wilson  
Date: 2019.06.19  
12:52:34 -05'00'



## MULTIMODAL ACCESS POLICY

### **EFFECTIVE DATE:**

July 31, 2015

### **AUTHORITY:**

TCA 4-3-2303

If any portion of this policy conflicts with applicable state or federal laws or regulations, that portion shall be considered void. The remainder of this policy shall not be affected thereby and shall remain in full force and effect.

### **PURPOSE:**

To create and implement a multimodal transportation policy that encourages safe access and mobility for users of all ages and abilities through the planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of new construction, reconstruction and retrofit transportation facilities that are federally or state funded. Users include, but are not limited to, motorists, transit-riders, freight-carriers, bicyclists and pedestrians.

### **APPLICATION:**

The policy applies to Department of Transportation employees, consultants and contractors involved in the planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of state and federally funded projects, and local governments managing and maintaining transportation projects with funding through TDOT's Local Programs Development Office.

### **DEFINITIONS:**

- Highway: A main road or thoroughfare, such as a street, boulevard, or parkway, available to the public for use for travel or transportation.
- Multimodal: For the purposes of this policy, multimodal is defined as the movement of people and goods on state and functionally-classified roadways. Users include, but are not limited to, motorists, transit-riders, freight-carriers, bicyclists and pedestrians, including those with disabilities.
- Reconstruction: Complete removal and replacement of the pavement structure or the addition of new continuous traffic lanes on an existing roadway.

- Retrofit:** Changes to an existing highway within the general right-of-way, such as adding lanes, modifying horizontal and vertical alignments, structure rehabilitation, safety improvements, and maintenance.
- Roadway:** The portion of a highway, including shoulders, that is available for vehicular, bicycle or pedestrian use.

**POLICY:**

The Department of Transportation recognizes the benefits of integrating multimodal facilities into the transportation system as a means to improve the mobility, access and safety of all users. The intent of this policy is to promote the inclusion of multimodal accommodations in all transportation planning and project development activities at the local, regional and statewide levels, and to develop a comprehensive, integrated, and connected multimodal transportation network. TDOT will collaborate with local government agencies and regional planning agencies through established transportation planning processes to ensure that multimodal accommodations are addressed throughout the planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of new construction, reconstruction and retrofit transportation facilities as outlined in TDOT's Multimodal Access Policy Implementation Plan.

TDOT is committed to the development of a transportation system that improves conditions for multimodal transportation users through the following actions:

1. Provisions for multimodal transportation shall be given full consideration in new construction, reconstruction and retrofit roadway projects through design features appropriate for the context and function of the transportation facility.
2. The planning, design and construction of new facilities shall give full consideration to likely future demand for multimodal facilities and not preclude the provision of future improvements. If all feasible roadway alternatives have been explored and suitable multimodal facilities cannot be provided within the existing or proposed right of way due to environmental constraints, an alternate route that provides continuity and enhances the safety and accessibility of multimodal travel should be considered.
3. Existing multimodal provisions on roadways shall not be made more difficult or impossible by roadway improvements or routine maintenance projects.
4. Intersections and interchanges shall be designed (where appropriate based on context) to accommodate the mobility of bicyclists and pedestrians to cross corridors as well as travel along them in a manner that is safe, accessible, and convenient.
5. While it is not the intent of resurfacing projects to expand existing facilities, opportunities to provide or enhance bicycle and pedestrian facilities shall be given full consideration during the program development stage of resurfacing projects.
6. Pedestrian facilities shall be designed and built to accommodate persons with disabilities in accordance with the access standards required by the Americans with Disabilities Act

(ADA). Sidewalks, shared use paths, street crossings (including over- and under-crossings) and other infrastructure shall be constructed so that all pedestrians, including those with disabilities, can travel independently.

7. Provisions for transit-riders, pedestrians, and bicyclists shall be included when closing roads, bridges or sidewalks for construction projects where pedestrian, bicycle, or transit traffic is documented or expected.

### **EXCEPTIONS:**

It is TDOT's expectation that full consideration of multimodal access will be integrated in all appropriate new construction, reconstruction and retrofit infrastructure projects. However, there are conditions where it is generally inappropriate to provide multimodal facilities. Examples of these conditions include, but are not limited to:

1. Controlled access facilities where non-motorized users are prohibited from using the roadway. In this instance, a greater effort may be necessary to accommodate these users elsewhere within the same transportation corridor.
2. The cost of accommodations would be excessively disproportionate to the need and probable use. Excessively disproportionate is defined as exceeding twenty percent (20%) of the total cost of the project. The twenty percent figure should be used in an advisory rather than an absolute sense, especially in instances where the cost may be difficult to quantify. Compliance with ADA requirements may require greater than 20% of project cost to accommodate multimodal access. Costs associated with ADA requirements are NOT an exception.
3. Areas in which the population and employment densities or level of transit service around the facility, both existing and future, does not justify the incorporation of multimodal alternatives.
4. Inability to negotiate and enter into an agreement with a local government to assume the operational and maintenance responsibility of the facility.
5. Other factors where there is a demonstrated absence of need or prudence, or as requested by the Commissioner of the Department of Transportation.


Exceptions for not accommodating multimodal transportation users on State roadway projects in accordance with this policy shall be documented describing the basis and supporting data for the exception, and must be approved by TDOT's Chief Engineer and Chief of Environment and Planning or their designees.




**DESIGN GUIDANCE:**

The Department recognizes that a well-planned and designed transportation network is responsive to its context and meets the needs of its users. Therefore, facilities will be designed and constructed in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, using best practices and guidance, including but not limited to the following: TDOT Standard Drawings and guidelines, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) publications, Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) publications, the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), National Association of City Transportation Officials (NACTO) publications, the Public Rights-of-Ways Accessibility Guidelines (PROWAG), and the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG).

**Signed:**

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
PAUL DEGGES  
Chief Engineer/Deputy Commissioner

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
TOKS OMISHAKIN  
Chief of Planning/Deputy Commissioner

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
JOHN SCHROER  
Commissioner



PIN 128113.01

Appendix J

Environmental Justice



B03002

HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN BY RACE  
Universe: Total population  
2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

**Note:** This is a modified view of the original table.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

	Carroll County, Tennessee		Block Group 2, Census Tract 9621, Carroll County, Tennessee		Block Group 4, Census Tract 9623, Carroll County, Tennessee	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	28,137	*****	958	+/-281	887	+/-214
Not Hispanic or Latino:	27,454	*****	922	+/-271	871	+/-212
White alone	23,876	+/-3	904	+/-274	824	+/-211
Black or African American alone	2,766	+/-289	18	+/-23	18	+/-27
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	96	+/-54	0	+/-12	15	+/-25
Asian alone	88	+/-14	0	+/-12	0	+/-12
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	31	+/-46	0	+/-12	0	+/-12
Some other race alone	21	+/-21	0	+/-12	0	+/-12
Two or more races:	576	+/-249	0	+/-12	14	+/-14
Two races including Some other race	0	+/-23	0	+/-12	0	+/-12
Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	576	+/-249	0	+/-12	14	+/-14
Hispanic or Latino:	683	*****	36	+/-55	16	+/-22
White alone	529	+/-81	36	+/-55	4	+/-8
Black or African American alone	20	+/-24	0	+/-12	0	+/-12
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	8	+/-13	0	+/-12	0	+/-12
Asian alone	4	+/-7	0	+/-12	0	+/-12
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	7	+/-13	0	+/-12	0	+/-12
Some other race alone	50	+/-33	0	+/-12	4	+/-7
Two or more races:	65	+/-60	0	+/-12	8	+/-14
Two races including Some other race	65	+/-60	0	+/-12	8	+/-14

	Carroll County, Tennessee		Block Group 2, Census Tract 9621, Carroll County, Tennessee		Block Group 4, Census Tract 9623, Carroll County, Tennessee	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	0	+/-23	0	+/-12	0	+/-12

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

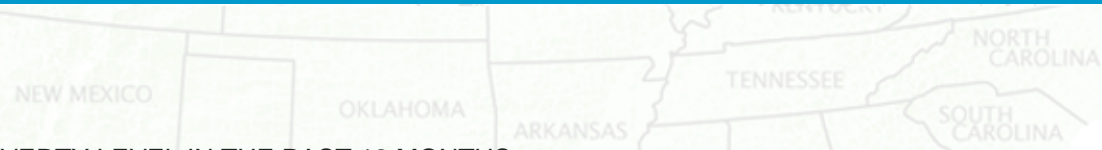
While the 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



C17002

RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS

Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined  
2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

**Note:** This is a modified view of the original table.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

	Carroll County, Tennessee		Block Group 2, Census Tract 9621, Carroll County, Tennessee		Block Group 4, Census Tract 9623, Carroll County, Tennessee	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	27,218	+/-236	958	+/-281	887	+/-214
Under .50	2,291	+/-566	0	+/-12	41	+/-39
.50 to .99	3,109	+/-583	69	+/-64	30	+/-32
1.00 to 1.24	1,280	+/-292	0	+/-12	8	+/-8
1.25 to 1.49	1,785	+/-526	28	+/-45	32	+/-34
1.50 to 1.84	2,573	+/-459	95	+/-77	240	+/-216
1.85 to 1.99	803	+/-237	40	+/-56	0	+/-12
2.00 and over	15,377	+/-819	726	+/-280	536	+/-175

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.